

# DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

## FACULTY OF COMPUTING

MODULE OUTLINE								
Module Name	Probability & Statistics							
Module Code	IT2110		Version No.	201	7 - 0			
Year	2		Semester	2				
Credit Points	3							
Pre-requisites	IT1030							
Co-requisites	None							
Methods of Delivery		Lectures (Face-to-face)		2	Hours/Week			
		Tutorials		1	Hours/Week			
		Labs		2	Hours/Week			
Course Web Site		http://courseweb.sliit.lk/						
Date of Original		January, 2017						
Approval								
Date of Next Review		January, 2022						

MODULE DESCRIPTION							
Introduction	statistic	objective of this unit is to provide an understanding of the theory behind descriptive stics, inferential statistics, data analysis and interpretation of outputs obtained using stical software.					
	The basic theory covers distribution theory and statistical inference so that the outp are easily understood. The practical sessions consists of performing different statistic techniques on different data using R software package.						
Learning Outcomes	At the end of the module student will be able to:						
	LO1:	Describe the importance of statistics and probability in information technology.					
	LO2:	Apply rules and statistical techniques to solve and analyze real world problems.					

	LO3:	LO3: Use techniques of testing various hypotheses to arrive at various decisions.								
	LO4:	.04: Undertake data analysis, explain and describe outputs of R package.								
	LO5:	5: Understand how to use statistical techniques for scientific forecasting.								
Assessment Criteria	During the semester, there will be one mid-term, lab tests, and a final exam. The mid-term test will be based on the practical work, the questions discussed in tutorial sessions, and lecture material covered until the week before it is held. The final examination will be a comprehensive exam based on the practical assignments and lecture materials covered during the semester.									
	Continuous Assessments									
	•	Midterm Examination	30	%	LO1- LO2					
	•	Assignments	20	%	LO2- LO4					
	End Sei	nester Assessment			1					
	•	Final Examination	50	%	LO1-LO5					
	TOTAI		100	%						
Estimated	Contact	Hours			1					
Student Workload	•	24 hours								
	•	12 hours								
	•	12 hours								
	Time A	llocated for Assessments								
	•	11 hours								
	•	Final Examination	03 hours							
	Reading	90 hours								
	TOTAL	<b>.</b>	152 ł	152 hours						
Module Requirement	To pass this module, students need to obtain a pass mark in both "Continuous Assessments" and "End of the Semester Examination" components which would result in an overall mark that would qualify for a "C" grade or above									
Primary References	1. R. E. Walpole, R. H. Myers, S. L. Myera, K. Ye, <i>Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists</i> , 9 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall, 2012									
	2. M. R. Spiegel & L.J. Stephens, <i>Schaum's Outlines of Statistics</i> , 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2017									
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#### CONTENTS OF THE MODULE

#### 1. Introduction to Statistics

- Terminology
- Data and variables
- Areas and use of statistics

## 2. Sampling Methods

- Introduction
- Simple random sampling
- Stratified sampling
- Systematic sampling
- Cluster sampling
- Multistage sampling

## 3. Exploratory Data Analysis / Descriptive Statistics

- Graphical methods of describing variable
  - o Bar charts/Pie charts
  - o Histograms
  - o Stem-and-leaf plots
  - o Boxplots
- Summary measures
  - o Mean/Median/Mode
  - o Range/Variance/Standard Deviation
  - o Percentiles/Quartiles

## 4. Probability

- Introduction to probability,
- Conditional Probability

## 5. Random Variables (R.V.s) and Probability Distributions

- Discrete probability distributions
- Expected value of a r.v.
- Variance of a r.v.
- Binomial distribution
- Poisson distribution

## 6. Continuous Probability Distributions

- Probability density function
- Exponential distribution
- Normal distribution

#### 7. Sampling distributions

- Sampling distribution
- Central limit theorem

#### 8. Statistical Inference

- Point estimation
- Interval estimation
- Hypothesis definition
- One population tests
- Two population tests
- Errors in hypothesis testing

## 9. Chi-squared Test

- Goodness-of-fit Test
- Test for homogeneity

## 10. Regression

- Scatter plot
- Linear correlation
- Regression models

#### 11. Introduction to Time Series

- Additive and multiplicative time series models
- Seasonal variations
- Forecasting using time series

#### **GENERIC INFORMATION**

Any type of plagiarism is not allowed.

Plagiarism: Academic honesty is crucial to a student's credibility and self-esteem, and ultimately reflects the values and morals of the Institute as whole. A student may work together with one or a group of students discussing assignment content, identifying relevant references, and debating issues relevant to the subject. Plagiarism occurs when the work of another person, or persons, is used and presented as one's own.