

EX NO:6	E-TICKETING
DATE:	

AIM:

To draw the diagrams[use case, activity, sequence, collaboration, class, state chart, component, deployment, package] for the E-ticketing system.

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFICATION

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	Hardware Requirements
	Software Requirements
	Problem Analysis and Project Plan

	Project description
	Reference

1.0 HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS:

Intel Pentium Processor I3/I5

1.1 SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS:

Rational rose / Argo UML

1.2 PROBLEM ANALYSIS AND PROJECT PLANNING

In the E-Ticketing system the main process is a applicant have to login the database then the database verifies that particular username and password then the user must fill the details about their personal details then selecting the flight and the database books the ticket then send it to the applicant then searching the flight or else cancelling the process

1.3 PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

This software is designed for supporting the computerized e-ticketing. This is widely used by the passenger for reserving the tickets for their travel. This E-ticketing is organized by the central system. The information is provided from the railway reservation system.

1.4 REFERENCES:

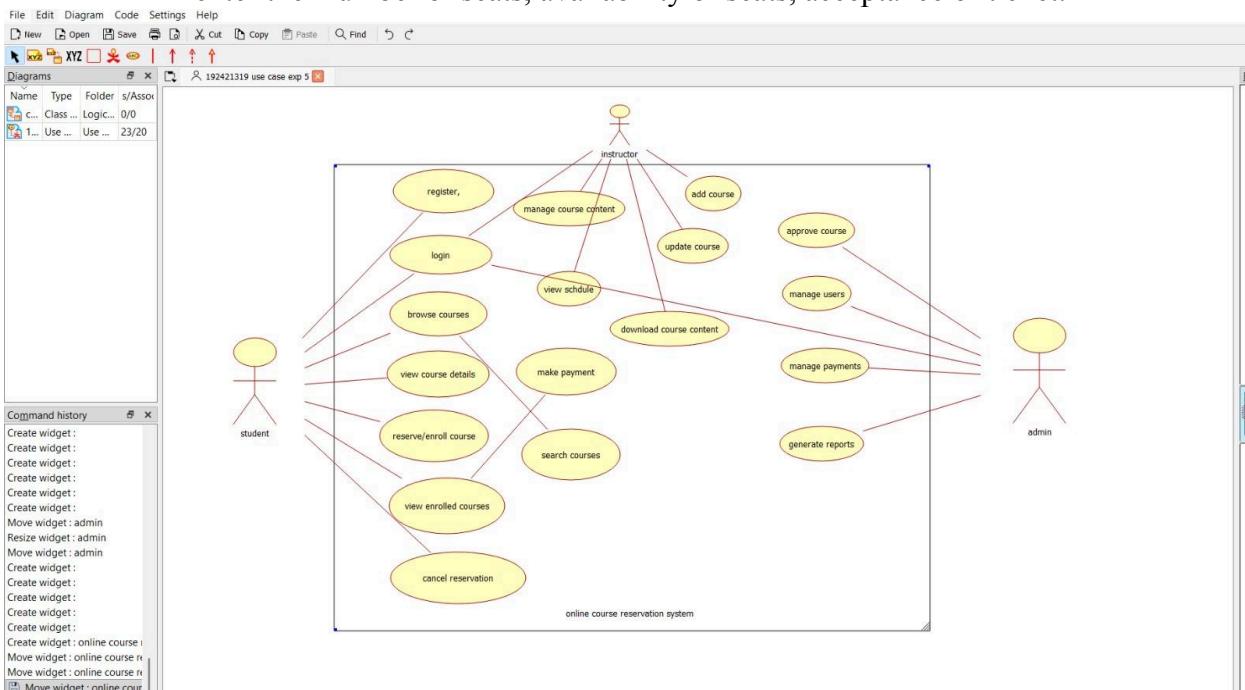
IEEE Software Requirement Specification format.

USE CASE DIAGRAM:

This diagram will contain the actors, use cases which are given below

Actors: Passenger, Railway reservation system..

Use case: Status, reservation, cancellation, enter the train number, enter the number of seats, availability of seats, acceptance of ticket.

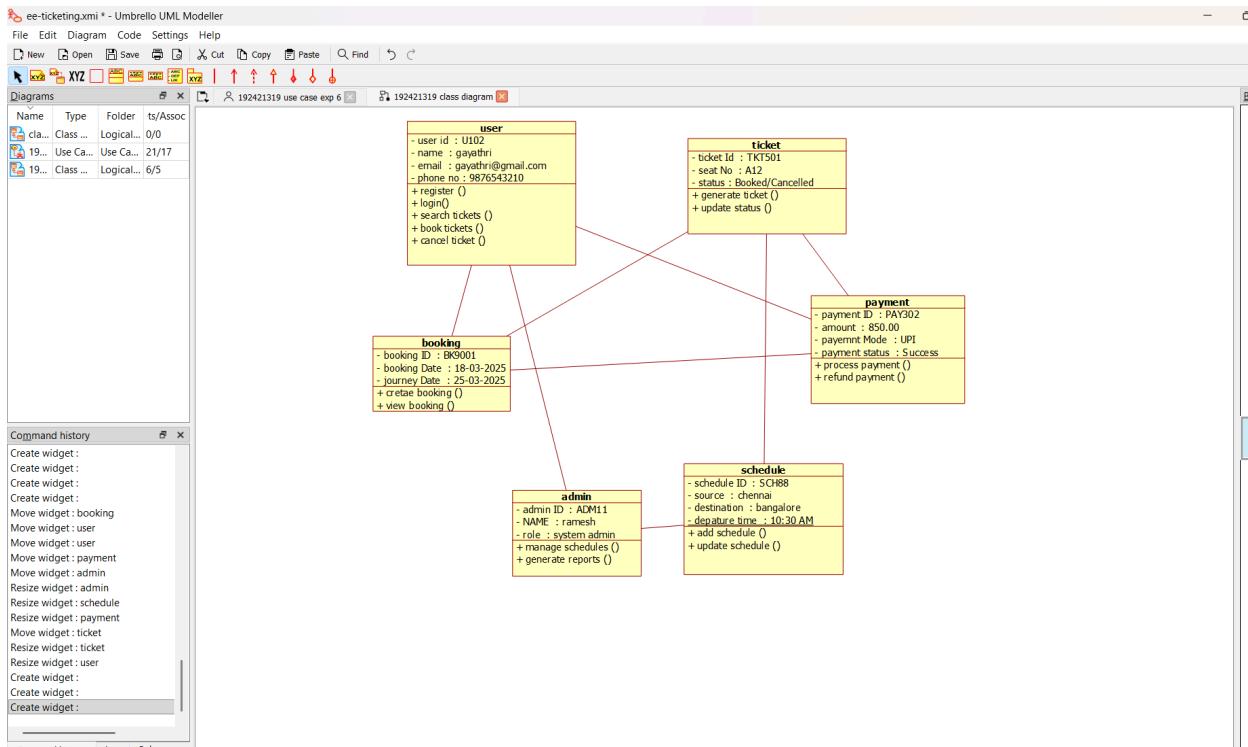


CLASS DIAGRAM:

This diagram consists of the following classes, attributes and their operations.

CLASSES	ATTRIBUTES	OPERATIONS
Central computer	Train name, Passenger name	Reservation(), login()

Passenger	Passenger age	Login()
Railway reservation system	Train number	Cancellation()

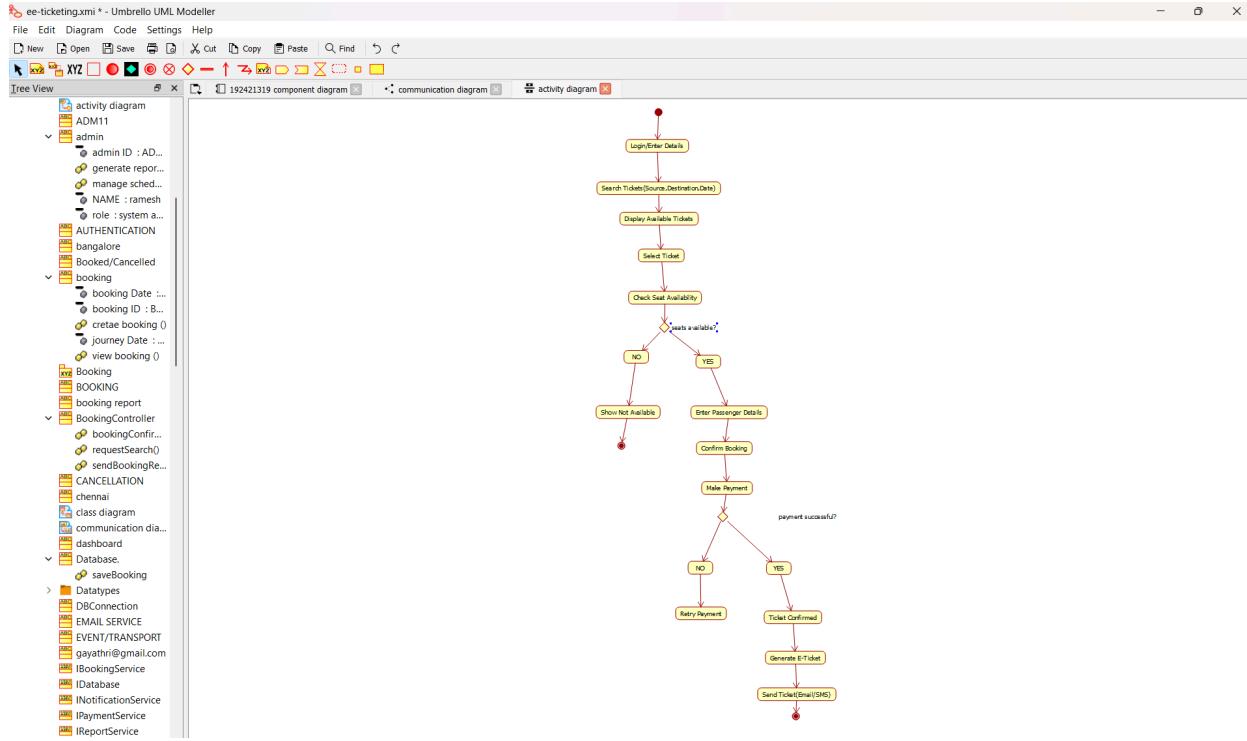


ACTIVITY DIAGRAM:

This diagram will have the activities as Start point, End point, Decision boxes as given below:

Activities: enter the train number, enter the number of seats, acceptance of ticket, accept seat.

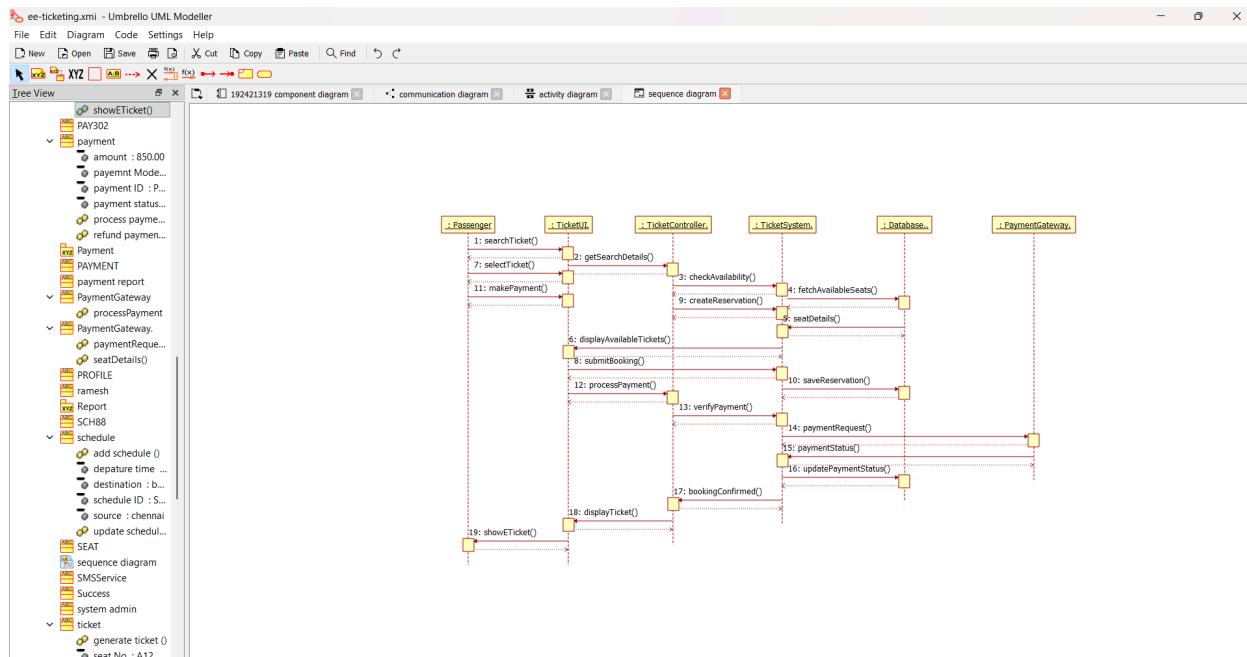
Decision box: Check availability of seats whether it is present or not.



SEQUENCE DIAGRAM:

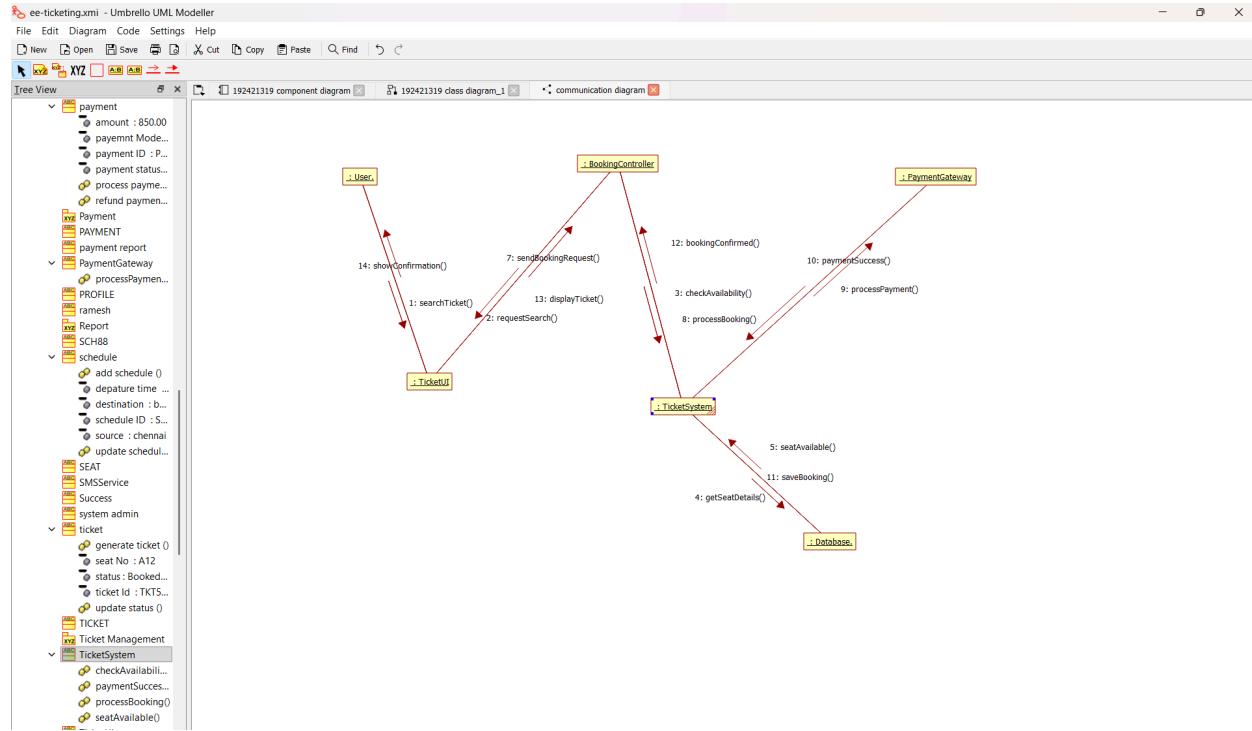
This diagram consists of the objects, messages and return messages.

Object: Passenger, Railway reservation system, Central computer.



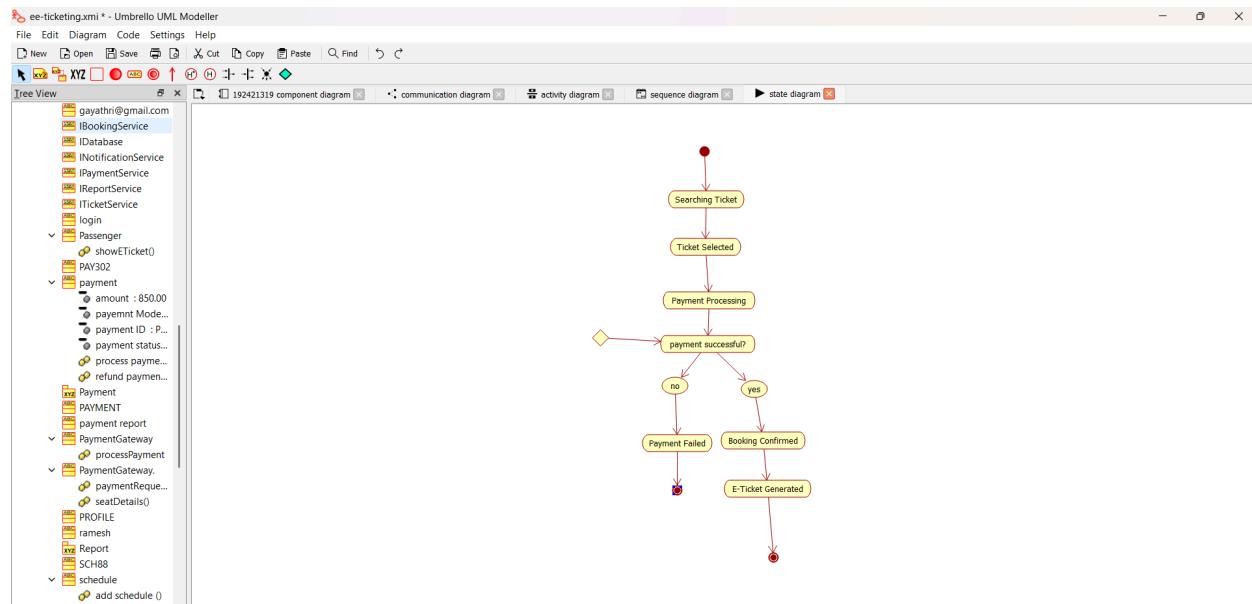
COLLABORATION DIAGRAM:

This diagram contains the objects and actors. This will be obtained by the completion of the sequence diagram and pressing the F5 key.



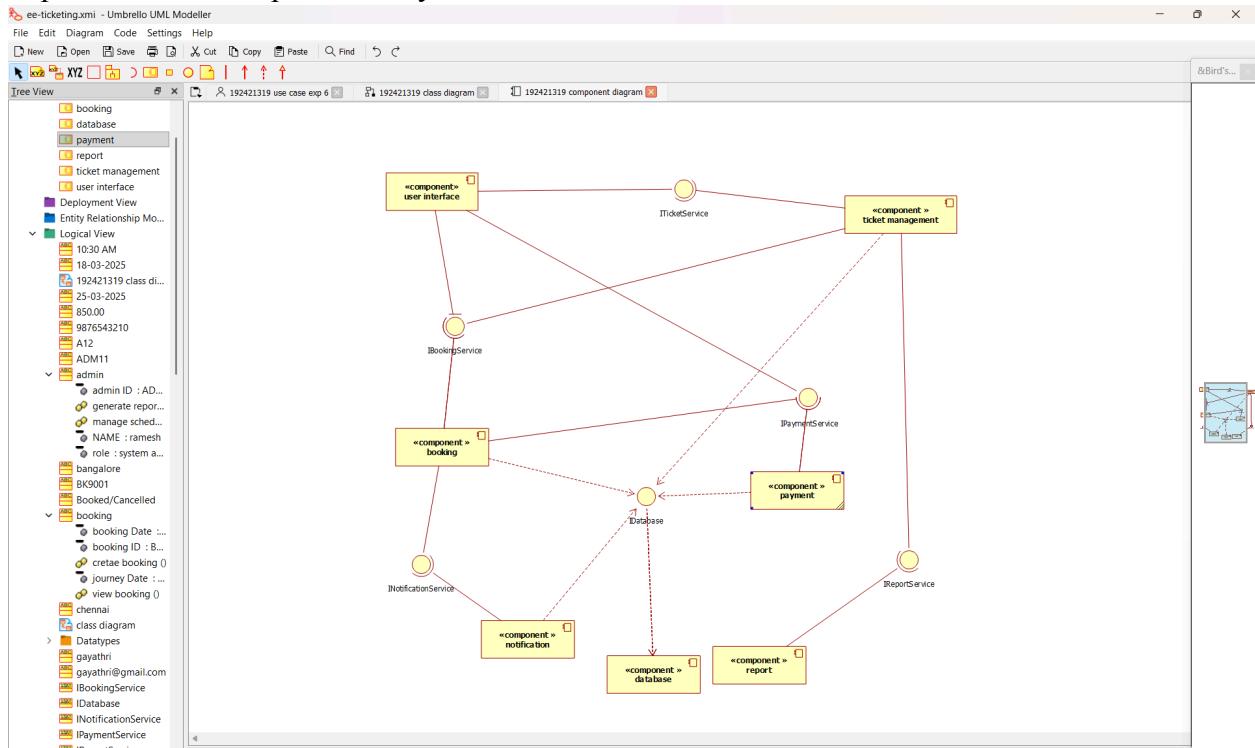
STATE CHART DIAGRAM:

It is a technique to describe the behavior of the system. It describes all the possible states that a particular object gets into the object oriented technique. State diagram are drawn for a single class to show the lifetime behaviour of a single objects



COMPONENT DIAGRAM:

The component diagram is represented by figure dependency and it is a graph of design of figure dependency. The component diagram's main purpose is to show the structural relationships between the components of a systems. It is represented by boxed figure. Dependencies are represented by communication association



DEPLOYMENT DIAGRAM:

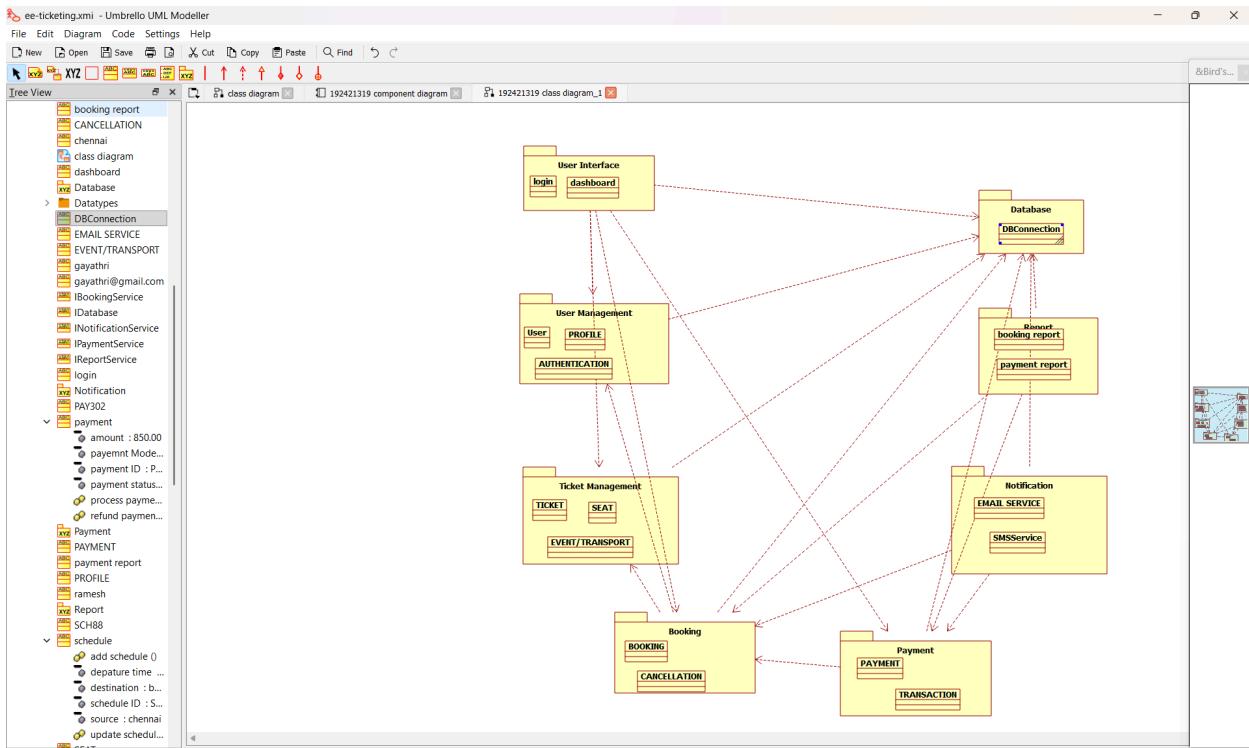
A deployment diagram in the unified modeling language serves to model the physical deployment of artifacts on deployment targets. Deployment diagrams show "the allocation of artifacts to nodes according to the Deployments defined between them. It is represented by 3- dimentional box. Dependencies are represented by communication association.

PACKAGE DIAGRAM:

A package diagram in unified modeling language that depicts the dependencies between the packages that make up a model. A Package Diagram (PD) shows a grouping of elements in the OO model, and is a Cradle extension to UML. PDs can be used to show groups of classes in Class Diagrams (CDs), groups of components or processes in Component Diagrams (CPDs), or groups of processors in Deployment Diagrams (DPDs).

There are three types of layer. They are

- o User interface layer
- o Domain layer
- o Technical services layer



PROGRAM CODING:

PASSENGER:

Public class passenger

{

 Public integer passenger passenger name;

 Public integer passenger passenger age;

 Public integer train no;

 Public void passenger()

{

}

Public void new operation()

OOAD LAB

REGISTER NO:192421319

```
{  
}  
}
```

CENTRAL MANAGEMENT

SYSTEM: Public class central

management {

 Public integer train name;

 Public integer passenger name;

 Public void reservation()

```
{  
}  
}
```

 Public void cancellation()

```
{  
}  
}
```

 Public void status()

```
{  
}  
}
```

 Public void login()

```
{  
}  
}
```

Private void management()

```
{  
}  
}
```

RAILWAY RESERVATION SYSTEM:

Public class railway reservation system {

 OOD LAB

 REGISTER NO:192421319

 Public integer trainno;

 Public integer train name;

 Public integer passenger name;

 Public void status()

```
{  
}  
}
```

 Public void reservation()

```
{  
}  
}
```

 Public void cancellation()

```
{  
}  
}
```

 Public void railway reservation system()

```
{  
}  
}
```

```
}
```

RESULT:

Thus the diagrams[use case, activity, sequence, collaboration, class, statechart, component, deployment, package] for the E-ticketing system has been designed, executed and output is verified.