

ODIR: Seeing The Big Picture For Eye Health

A PROJRCT

Submitted by

Jayasuriya.M

813920121010

Gayathri.P

813920121008

Visali.A

813920121022

Alagarsamy.R

813920121001

GROUP-5 STUDENTS

Team ID:NM2023TMID13772

Project Report Format

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Overview

1.2 Purpose

2. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

2.1 Problem Statement Definition

2.2 Empathy Map Canvas

2.3 Ideation & Brainstorming

2.4 Proposed Solution

3. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

3.1 Functional requirement

3.2 Non-Functional requirements

4. PROJECT DESIGN

4.1 Data Flow Diagrams

4.2 Solution & Technical Architecture

4.3 User Stories

5. CODING & SOLUTIONING (Explain the features added in the project along with code)

5.1 Feature 1

5.2 Feature 2

5.3 Database Schema (if Applicable)

6. RESULTS

6.1 Performance Metrics

7. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

8. CONCLUSION

9. FUTURE SCOPE

10. APPENDIX

Source Code

GitHub & Project Video Demo Link

LEARNING ADVANCED BREAST CANCER PREDICTION WITH DEEP

INTRODUCTION

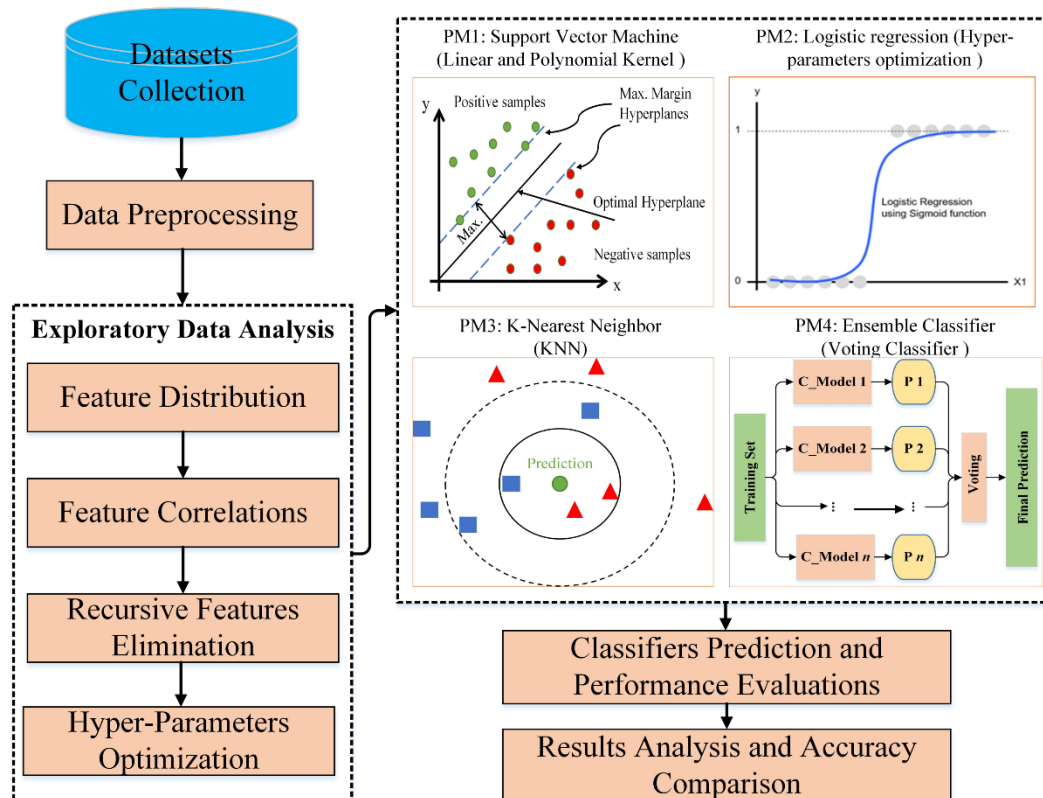
Deep and machine learning models aid in the detection of breast cancer. The aim of the research work is to encourage medical research and the development of technology by employing deep learning models to recognize cancer cells that are small in size

2. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

2.1 Problem Statement Definition

Customer Problem Statement Template:

Breast cancer is one of the main causes of cancer death worldwide. Early diagnostics significantly increases the chances of correct treatment and survival, but this process is tedious and often leads to a disagreement between pathologists



Problem Statement (PS)	I am (Customer)	I'm trying to	But	Because	Which makes me feel
PS-1	Person-1	Live like normal human	Surrounding	Inferiority complex	Disable person
PS-2	Person-2	Great racer	Vision problem	Basic need in racing	To forget my ambition
PS-3	Person-3	Police	Vision disability	Physical requirement	I cannot be a save people
PS-4	Person-4	driver	Improper vision	Can't drive a vehicle	I not a proper driver

PS-5	Person-5	Student	Blind by birth	Gene problem	I am not feel like normal
------	----------	---------	----------------	--------------	---------------------------

Empathy Map Canvas:

An empathy map is a simple, easy-to-digest visual that captures knowledge about a user's behaviours and attitudes.

It is a useful tool to helps teams better understand their users.

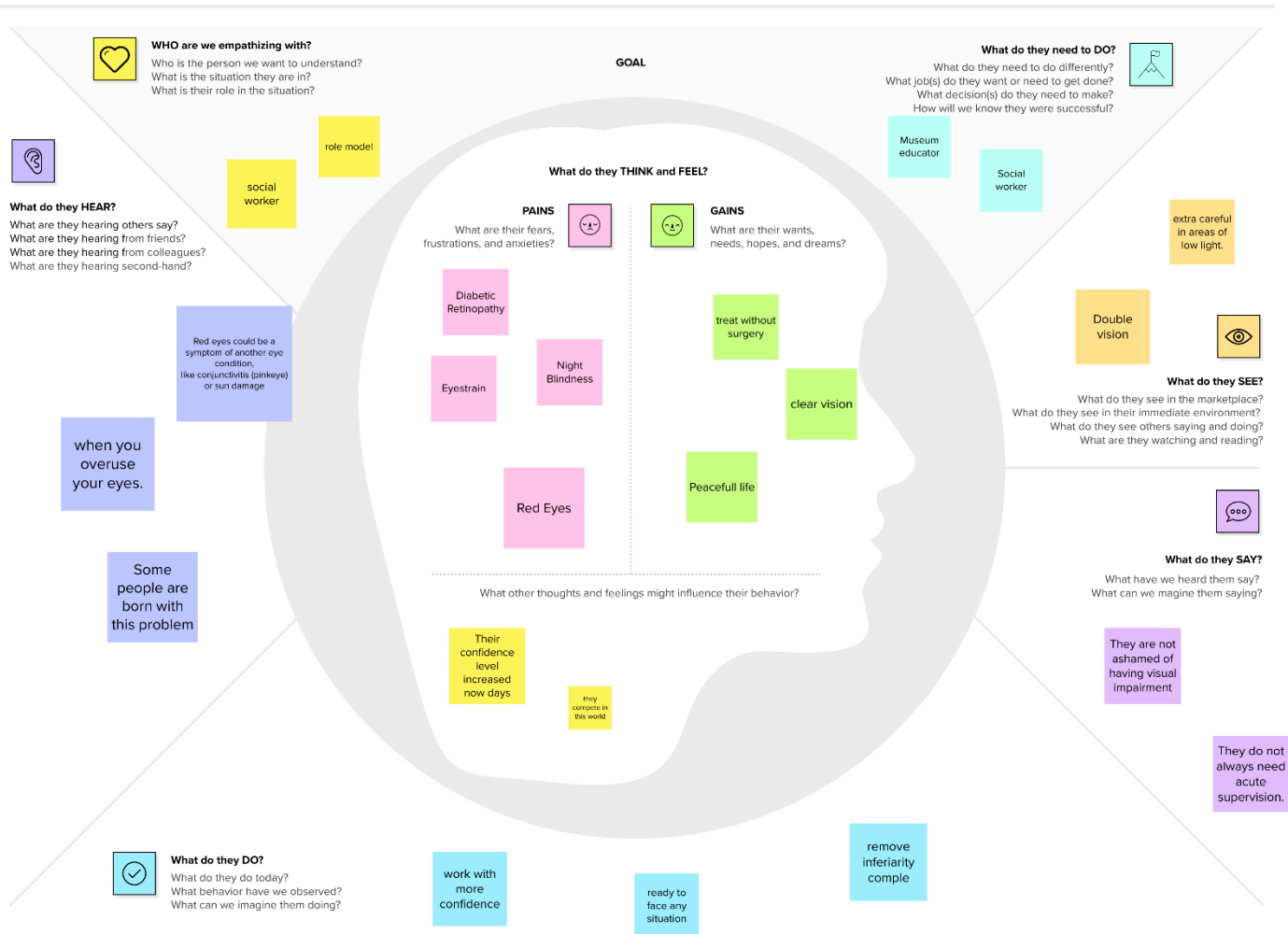
Creating an effective solution requires understanding the true problem and the person who is experiencing it. The exercise of creating the map helps participants consider things from the user's perspective along with his or her goals and challenges.

Empathy Map Canvas:

An empathy map is a simple, easy-to-digest visual that captures knowledge about a user's behaviours and attitudes.

It is a useful tool to helps teams better understand their users.

Creating an effective solution requires understanding the true problem and the person who is experiencing it. The exercise of creating the map helps participants consider things from the user's perspective along with his or her goals and challenges.




Brainstorm & Idea Prioritization Template:

Brainstorming provides a free and open environment that encourages everyone within a team to participate in the creative thinking process that leads to problem solving. Prioritizing volume over value, out-of-the-box ideas are welcome and built upon, and all participants are encouraged to collaborate, helping each other develop a rich amount of creative solutions.

Use this template in your own brainstorming sessions so your team can unleash their imagination and start shaping concepts even if you're not sitting in the same room.

Step-1: Team Gathering, Collaboration and Select the Problem Statement

Template



Brainstorm & idea prioritization

Use this template in your own brainstorming sessions so your team can unleash their imagination and start shaping concepts even if you're not sitting in the same room.

🕒 10 minutes to prepare
🕒 1 hour to collaborate
👥 2-8 people recommended

➔

Before you collaborate

search and collect information about the seeing the big picture using the eye. collect the required information

🕒 10 minutes

A

Team gathering

Define who should participate in the session and send an invite. Share relevant information or pre-work ahead.

B

Set the goal

Think about the problem you'll be focusing on solving in the brainstorming session.

C

Learn how to use the facilitation tools

Use the Facilitation Superpowers to run a happy and productive session.

[Open article](#) ➔

1


Define your problem statement

What problem are you trying to solve? Frame your problem as a How Might We statement. This will be the focus of your brainstorm.

🕒 5 minutes

PROBLEM

The project that leads to cross over all problem related to seeing the big pictures using eye pictures

**Key rules of brainstorming**

To run an smooth and productive session

👤 Stay in topic.

💡 Encourage wild ideas.

⏸️ Defer judgment.

👂 Listen to others.

🗣️ Go for volume.

👁️ If possible, be visual.

Step-2: Brainstorm, Idea Listing and Grouping

2

Brainstorm

Write down any ideas that come to mind that address your problem statement.

🕒 10 minutes

TP

You can select a sticky note and hit the pencil (switch to sketch) (on to start drawing)

Person 1

Tear glands are not able to make enough tears

Difficulty to see in low light

It is an inflammation of the conjunctiva

Person 2

Uncorrected refractive error is a preventable

tiredness in the eyes

Floaters

Person 3

Blurred vision

Change in vision or sudden loss of vision

Watery and red eyes

Person 4

Artificial tears

Eyeglasses

Refractive surgery

3

Group ideas

Take turns sharing your ideas while clustering similar or related notes as you go. Once all sticky notes have been grouped, give each cluster a sentence-like label. If a cluster is bigger than six sticky notes, try and see if you and break it up into smaller sub-groups.

🕒 20 minutes

TP

Add customizable tags to sticky notes to make it easier to find, connect, organize and categorize important ideas as themes within your mural.

Step-3: Idea Prioritization

4

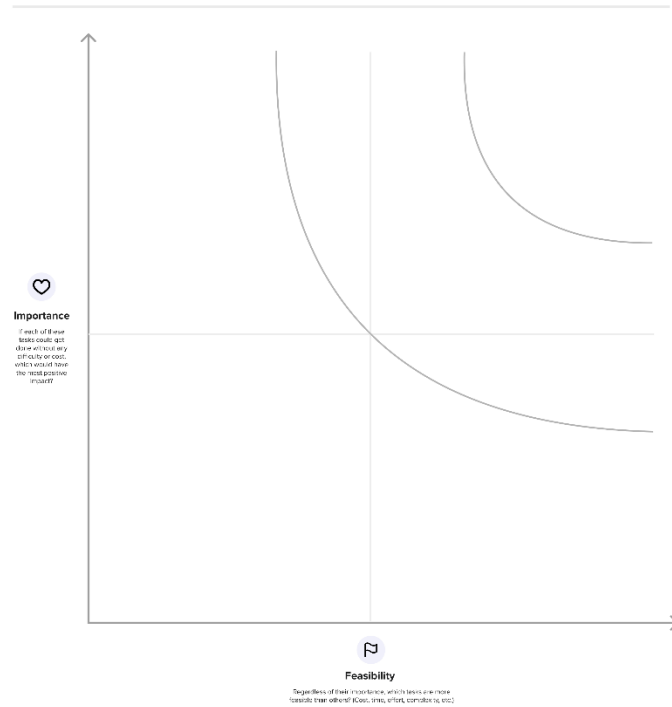
Prioritize

Your team should all be on the same page about what's important moving forward. Place your ideas on this grid to determine which ideas are important and which are feasible.

🕒 20 minutes

TIP

Participants can use their cursor to point at where sticky notes should go on the grid. The facilitator can confirm the spot by using the laser pointer holding the **H** key on the keyboard.

**Proposed Solution Template:**

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	Breast cancer is one of the main causes of cancer death worldwide

2.	Idea / Solution description	Surgery is usually the first type of treatment for breast cancer
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	The most unique quality of cancers is their tenderness of compassion
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	A sense of isolation is common after cancer .you might find emotional support in counselling ,a support group or faith community
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	The McGrath model of care naturally existing or artificially
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Surgery an operation where doctors cut out cancer tissue.

REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

Functional Requirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form Registration through Gmail Registration through LinkedIn Registration through Facebook
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email Confirmation via OTP Confirmation via Call
FR-3	Completion the profile	Fill the Name Fill the Age Fill the Gender Fill the Eye problem
FR-4	Continue with	10 Image Detection free trial Continue with membership
FR-5	Upload the Images of Affected Eye	Upload the affected eye images in our app
FR-6	Image Processing	AI is detect and identify the eye problem wait for few minutes
FR-7	Report generation	Free version of report- Disease name Details about disease

Non-functional Requirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Available in all languages around in India
NFR-2	Security	User data bases are encrypted in our own data centre
NFR-3	Reliability	Frequently gives update to resolve the bug in our App
NFR-4	Performance	Users can access the App whenever internet speed is low
NFR-5	Availability	We can fulfil the requirements of user experience
NFR-6	Scalability	Our App traffic limit must be 500000 users at a time

PROJECT DESIGN**Data Flow Diagrams:**

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the information flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and where data is stored.

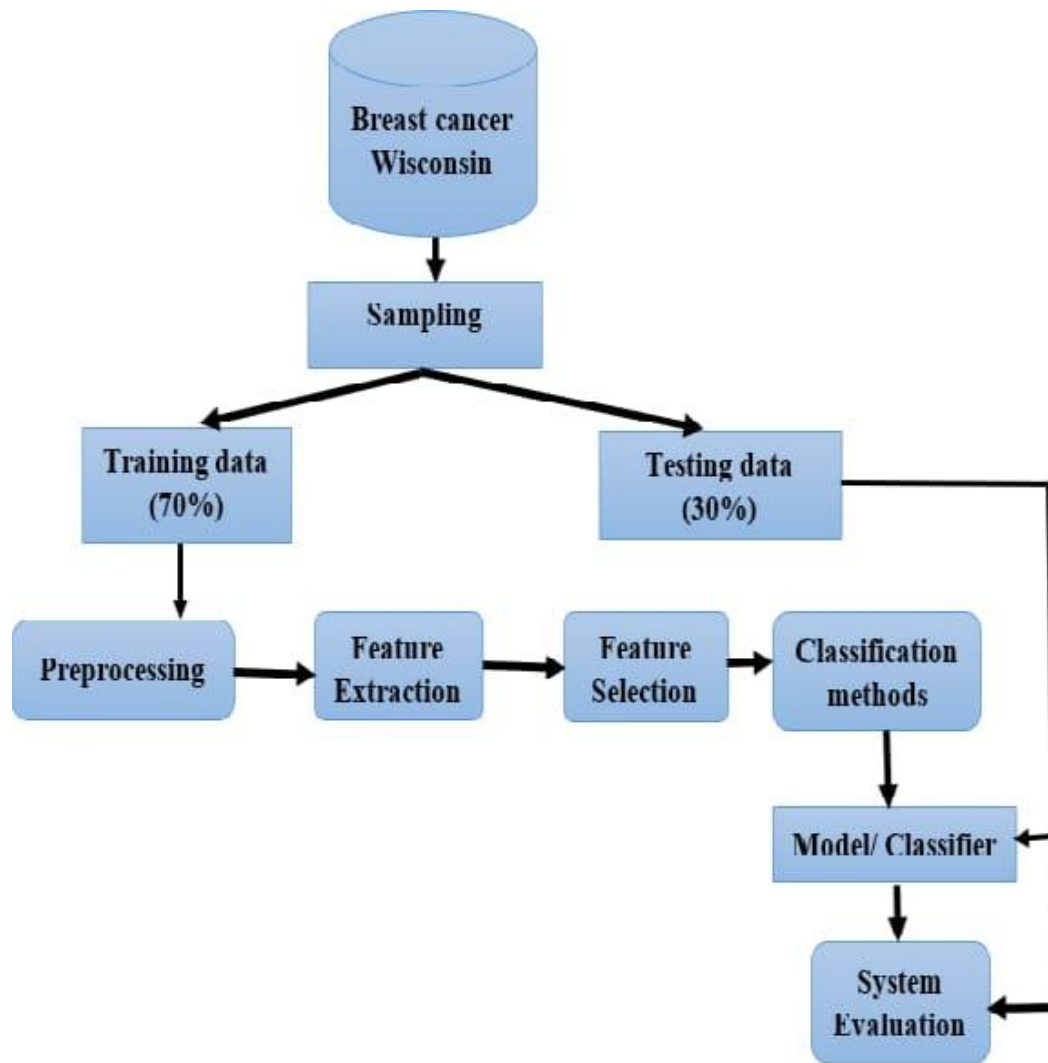


Fig. 2 Block Diagram for BCD model

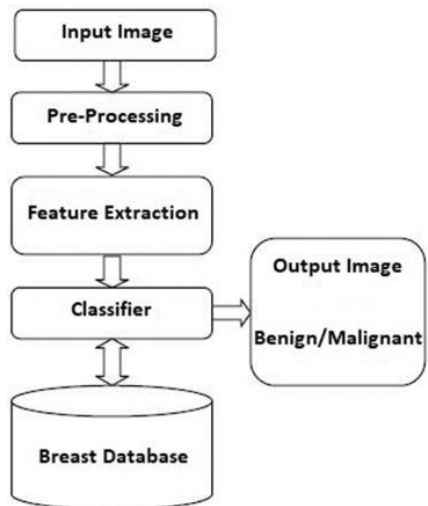
Solution Architecture:

Solution architecture is a complex process – with many sub-processes – that bridges the gap between business problems and technology solutions. Its goals are to:

- Find the best tech solution to solve existing business problems.
- Describe the structure, characteristics, behavior, and other aspects of the software to project stakeholders.

- Define features, development phases, and solution requirements.
- Provide specifications according to which the solution is defined, managed, and delivered.

Solution Architecture Diagram:



User Stories

Use the below template to list all the user stories for the product.

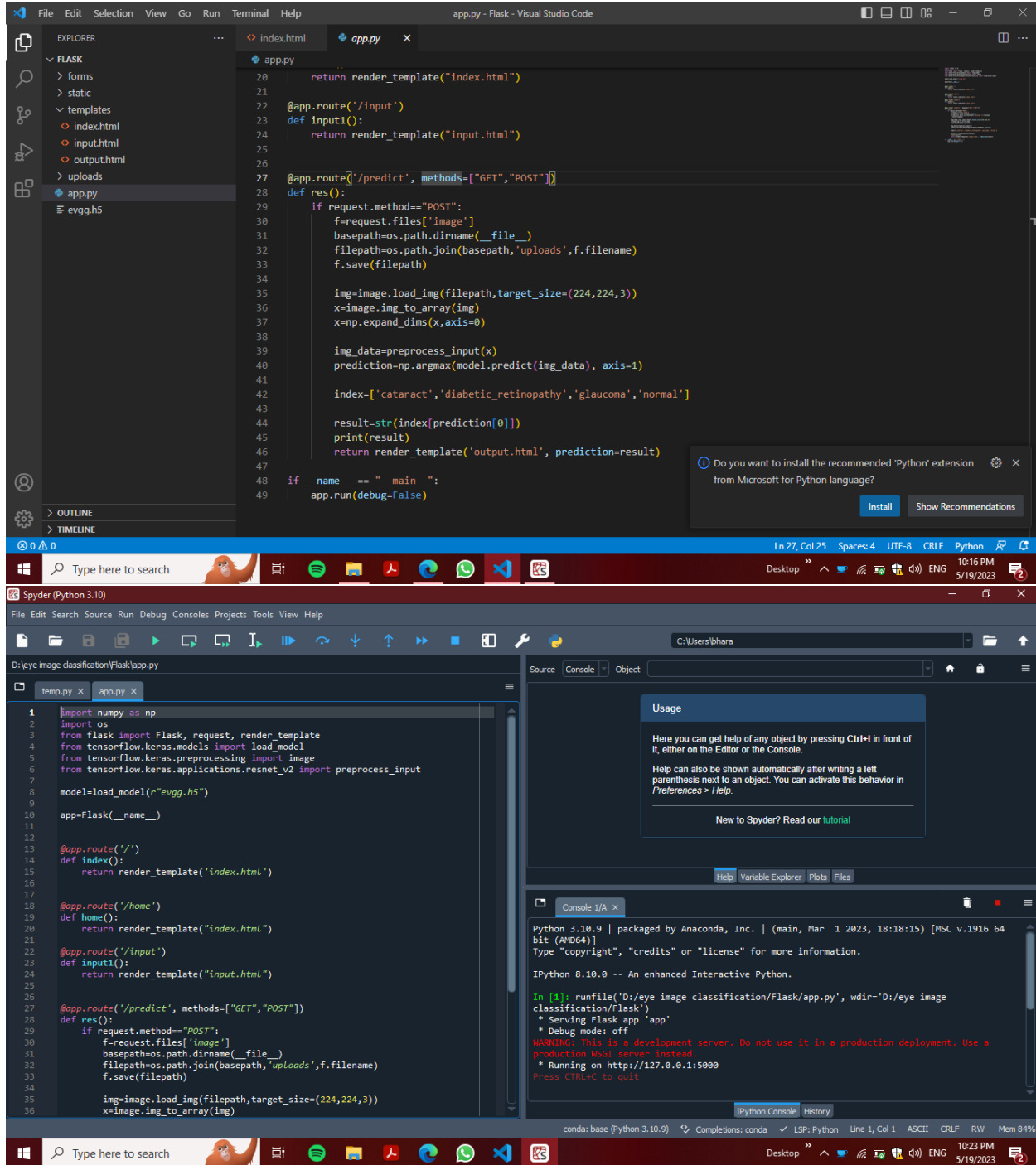
User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria
Customer (Mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	I can access my dashboard
		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm
		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the application through Facebook	I can register & access dashboard with Facebook Login
		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the application through Gmail	I can register through gmail
	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	Give login using email & password
	Dashboard	USN-6	I cannot download result after image processed.	I need history of my dashboard
Customer (Web user)	login	USN-7	As a user I login every time in browser	Give the keep me logged in option.

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria
	Multiple login	USN-8	Need multiple device login option	I need this option download my res
	Doctor recommendation	USN-9	Give doctor recommendation	Give perfect doct
Customer Care Executive	Need importance	USN-10	Give importance for both customer	Improve in custom
Administrator	advertisement	USN-11	Make advertisement	Spend in advertis

4. CODING & SOLUTIONING (Explain the features added in the project along with code)

6 RESULTS

6.1 PERFORMANCE METRICS





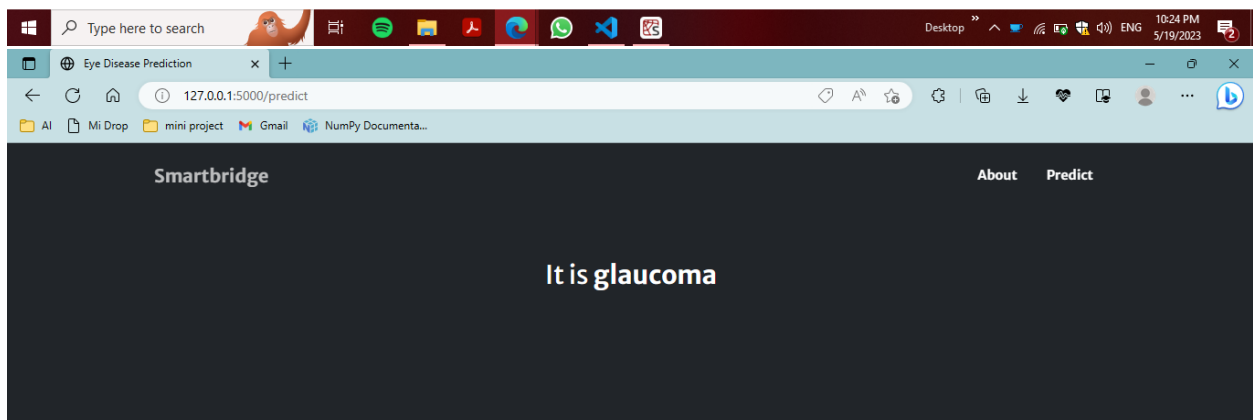
Smartbridge.

- [Home](#)
- [Predict](#)

Eye Disease Prediction

Through this project we will be able to classify the type of Eye Disease. This project is build by using Transfer Learning Transfer learning is a research problem in machine learning (ML) that focuses on storing knowledge gained while solving one problem and applying it to a different but related problem.

[Predict](#)
hero



7 ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

7.1 ADVANTAGES

1. Reduction in Human Error

One of the biggest advantages of Artificial Intelligence is that it can significantly reduce errors and increase accuracy and precision. The decisions taken by AI in every step is decided by information previously gathered and a certain [set of algorithms](#). When programmed properly, these errors can be reduced to null.

Example:

An example of the reduction in human error through AI is the use of robotic surgery systems, which can perform complex procedures with precision and accuracy, reducing the risk of human error and improving patient safety in healthcare.

2. Zero Risks

Another big advantage of AI is that humans can overcome many risks by [letting AI robots](#) do them for us. Whether it be defusing a bomb, going to space, exploring the deepest parts of oceans, machines with metal bodies are resistant in nature and can survive unfriendly atmospheres. Moreover, they can provide accurate work with greater responsibility and not wear out easily.

Example:

One example of zero risks is a fully automated production line in a manufacturing facility. Robots perform all tasks, eliminating the risk of human error and injury in hazardous environments.

3. 24x7 Availability

There are [many studies](#) that show humans are productive only about 3 to 4 hours in a day. Humans also need breaks and time offs to balance their work life and personal life. But AI can work endlessly without breaks. They think much faster than humans and perform multiple tasks at a time with accurate results. They can even handle tedious repetitive jobs easily with the help of AI algorithms.

Example:

An example of this is online customer support chatbots, which can provide instant assistance to customers anytime, anywhere. Using AI and natural language processing, chatbots can answer common questions, resolve issues, and escalate complex problems to human agents, ensuring seamless customer service around the clock.

4. Digital Assistance

Some of the most technologically advanced companies engage with users using digital assistants, which eliminates the need for human personnel. Many websites utilize digital assistants to deliver user-requested content. We can discuss our search with them in conversation. Some chatbots are built in a way that makes it difficult to tell whether we are conversing with a human or a chatbot.

Example:

We all know that businesses have a customer service crew that must address the doubts and concerns of the patrons. Businesses can create a chatbot or voice bot that can answer all of their clients' questions using AI.

5. New Inventions

In practically every field, AI is the driving force behind numerous innovations that will aid humans in resolving the majority of challenging issues.

For instance, recent advances in [AI-based technologies](#) have allowed doctors to detect breast cancer in a woman at an earlier stage.

Example:

Another example of new inventions is self-driving cars, which use a combination of cameras, sensors, and AI algorithms to navigate roads and traffic without human intervention. Self-driving cars have the potential to improve road safety, reduce traffic congestion, and increase accessibility for people with disabilities or limited mobility. They are being developed by various companies, including Tesla, Google, and Uber, and are expected to revolutionize transportation.

7.2 DISADVANTAGES

1. High Costs

The ability to create a machine that can simulate human intelligence is no small feat. It requires plenty of time and resources and can cost a huge deal of money. AI also needs to operate on the latest hardware and software to stay updated and meet the latest requirements, thus making it quite costly.

2. No Creativity

A big disadvantage of AI is that it cannot learn to think outside the box. AI is capable of learning over time with pre-fed data and past experiences, but cannot be creative in its approach. A classic example is the bot Quill who can write [Forbes earning reports](#). These reports only contain data and facts already provided to the bot. Although it is impressive that a bot can write an article on its own, it lacks the human touch present in other Forbes articles.

3. Unemployment

One application of artificial intelligence is a robot, which is displacing occupations and increasing unemployment (in a few cases). Therefore, some claim that there is always a chance of unemployment as a result of chatbots and robots replacing humans.

For instance, robots are frequently utilized to replace human resources in manufacturing businesses in some more technologically advanced nations like Japan. This is not always the case, though, as it creates additional opportunities for humans to work while also replacing humans in order to increase efficiency.

4. Make Humans Lazy

[AI applications](#) automate the majority of tedious and repetitive tasks. Since we do not have to memorize things or solve puzzles to get the job done, we tend to use our brains less and less. This addiction to AI can cause problems to future generations.

5. No Ethics

Ethics and morality are important human features that can be difficult to incorporate into an AI. The rapid progress of AI has raised a number of concerns that one day, AI will grow uncontrollably, and eventually wipe out humanity. This moment is referred to as the AI singularity.

8 CONCLUSION

Artificial intelligence has the potential to transform all organizations. The process by which this transformation happens can vary, but the steps will tend to follow the roadmap we have listed in this book. Following all the steps outlined in the previous chapters will enable your organization to implement and excel in the use of AI technology. AI holds the key to unlocking a magnificent future where, driven by data and computers that understand our world, we will all make more informed decisions. These computers of the future will understand not just *how* to turn on the switches but *why* the switches need to be turned on. Even further, they may one day ask us if we need *switches* at all.

Although AI cannot solve all your organization's problems, it has the potential to completely change how business is done. It affects every sector, from manufacturing to finance, bringing about never before seen increases in efficiency. As more industries adopt and start experimenting with this technology, newer

applications will be invented. AI will bring a change even more widespread and sweeping than the introduction of computing devices. It will change the way we transact, get diagnosed, perform surgeries, and drive our cars. It is already changing industrial processes, medical imaging, financial modeling, and computer vision. We are well on our way to tapping into this enormous potential, and as a result, the future holds better decision-making potential and faster, ...

9 FUTURE SCOPE

The future of Artificial Intelligence is bright in India, with many organizations opting for AI automation. It is essential to understand the recent developments in AI to find suitable job roles based on your competencies.

The scope of Artificial Intelligence is limited to domestic and commercial purposes as the medical and aviation sectors are also using AI to improve their services. If AI is outperforming human efforts, then opting for AI automation will reduce costs in the long run for a business.

Automation in operational vehicles has created a buzz in the logistics industry as it is expected that automated **trucks/vehicles** may soon be used.

Due to the bright scope of Artificial Intelligence in the future, the number of AI start-ups is expected to increase in the coming years. Indicating the opportunities, the number of AI start-ups in India has increased significantly.

Moreover, India's talent gap for specialist AI developers is huge, and AI experts are needed by businesses more than ever. Businesses don't want to miss out on any technology that can revolutionize their business processes.

10 APPENDIX

10.1 SOURCE CODE

```
import numpy as np  
import os  
from flask import Flask, request, render_template  
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model  
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image  
from tensorflow.keras.applications.resnet_v2 import preprocess_input  
  
model=load_model(r"evgg.h5")  
  
app=Flask(__name__)
```



```
@app.route('/')
```

```
def index():
```

```
    return render_template('index.html')
```

```
@app.route('/home')
```

```
def home():
```

```
    return render_template("index.html")
```

```
@app.route('/input')
```

```
def input1():
```

```
    return render_template("input.html")
```

```
@app.route('/predict', methods=["GET", "POST"])
```

```
def res():
```

```
    if request.method=="POST":
```

```
        f=request.files['image']
```

```
        basepath=os.path.dirname(_file_)
```

```
        filepath=os.path.join(basepath,'uploads',f.filename)
```

```
        f.save(filepath)
```

```
        img=image.load_img(filepath,target_size=(224,224,3))
```

```
x=image.img_to_array(img)
```

```
x=np.expand_dims(x,axis=0)
```

```
img_data=preprocess_input(x)
```

```
prediction=np.argmax(model.predict(img_data), axis=1)
```

```
index=['cataract','diabetic_retinopathy','glaucoma','normal']
```

```
result=str(index[prediction[0]])
```

```
print(result)
```

```
return render_template('output.html', prediction=result)
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    app.run(debug=False)
```

GitHub Link

<https://github.com/bharathi20BM002/ODIR-Seeing-the-Big-Picture-for-Eye-Health>