## 5. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

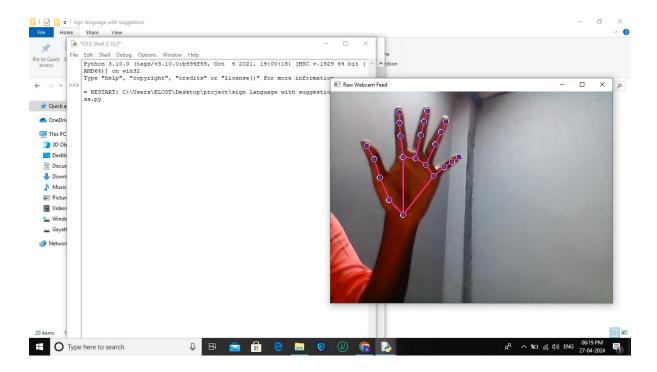
## 5.1 CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the Sign Language Conversion project represents a significant milestone in the development of automated, real-time systems for interpreting and classifying sign language cues. By leveraging the power of computer vision and machine learning, the project achieves remarkable accuracy and efficiency in detecting hand landmarks and interpreting non-verbal communication from live webcam feeds. The integration of a Random Forest Classifier ensures reliable and objective sign language classification, contributing to the system's consistency and effectiveness. Moreover, the user-friendly frontend enhances the interactive experience, providing users with real-time analysis results and immediate feedback. With diverse applications in human-computer interaction and user behavior analysis, the project marks a substantial advancement in the field of non-verbal communication analysis. Its success offers valuable insights and opportunities for further research and development in this burgeoning domain, promising to revolutionize accessibility and inclusivity for individuals with hearing and speech impairments.

## **5.2 FUTURE ENHANCEMENT**

The future of the Sign language Recognition web application is being able to add support for dynamic gestures that are gestures which are performed over a function of time (a few seconds) which is more complex to detect as the system needs to be able to detect the start of a dynamic gesture vs the start of a static gesture. Support for gestures wherein the gestures are performed with a combination of hand movements, pose and facial expressions. The App can be modified in the future to include a feature to enable Text to Speech, increasing the functionality of the App. Beyond these, support for additional multiple languages can be added to the app, perhaps with the help of Google API,

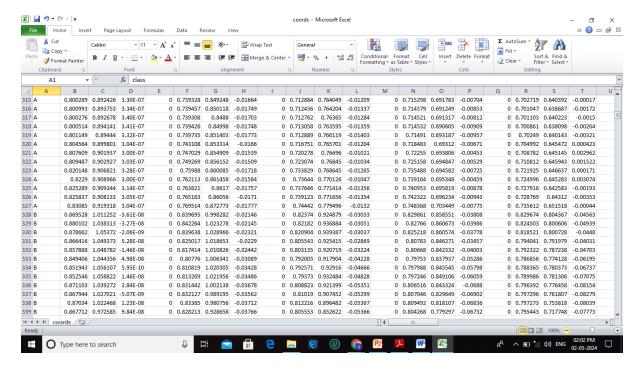
enabling support for more than a hundred different languages. Additionally, Using MediaPipe, the Sign language Recognition web application can be made cross platform, making deployment on iOS a possibility.



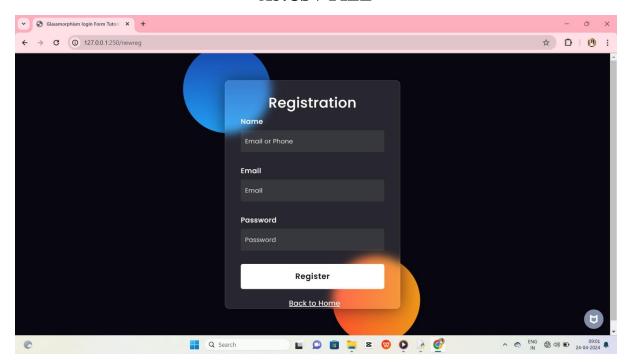
**A1.PRE-PROCESSING** 



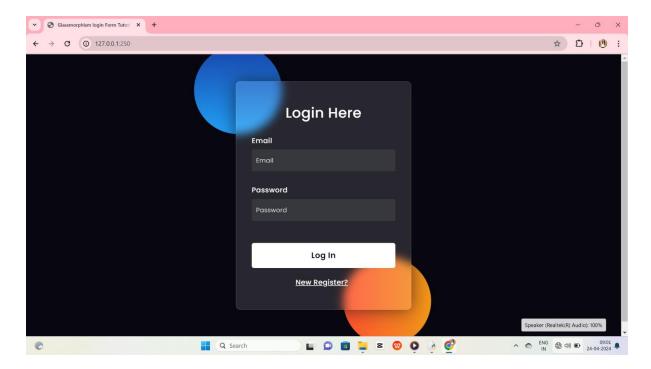
**A2.TRAINED MODULE** 



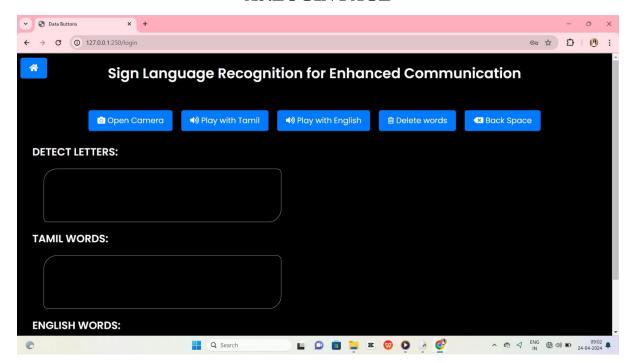
**A3.CSV FILE** 



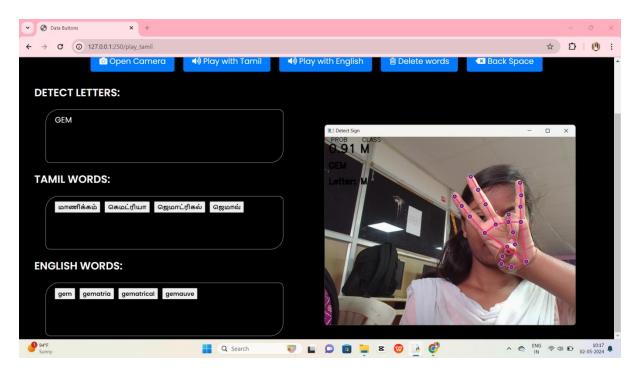
**A4.REGISTRATION PAGE** 



**A5.LOGIN PAGE** 



**A6.SIGN LANGUAGE RECOGNITION** 



A7.OUTPUT