

Sample programs

1) class Hello {

public static void main (string i[]){

System.out.println ("Hello world");

}

Output

Hello world.

2) Sum, difference, product &amp; quotient

class Calc

{

public static void main (string i[]){

int a=2, b=4;

System.out.println ("Sum" + (a+b));

System.out.println ("Difference" + (b-a));

System.out.println ("Product" + (a\*b));

System.out.println ("Quotient" + (b/a));

}

Output

Sum 6

Difference 2

Product 8

Quotient 2

### 37 Fibonacci series

class Fib

{  
public static void main (String i[])

int a=0, b=1, i=0, c;

System.out.println ("a" + "ln" + b);  
while (i < 7)  
{

System.out.println (a+b);

c=a+b;

a=b;

b=c;

i++;

}

}

}

### Output

0

1

1

2

3

5

8

13

21

55

### 9) Prime number

class Number

{

public static void main (string [] )

int a = 9, b = 11, i = 0;

for (int i = 2; i < a; i++)

{ if (a % i == 0)

c++;

}

if (c > 0)

system.out.println ("9 is not prime");

else

system.out.println ("9 is prime");

c = 0;

for (int i = 2; i < b; i++)

if (b % i == 0)

c++;

}

if (c > 0)

system.out.println ("11 is not prime");

else

system.out.println ("11 is prime");

}

### Output

9 is not a prime number.

11 is a prime number.

i) Create a class Book that contains 4 members name, author, price, & numPages. Include a constructor to set the values for the members. Include methods to set & get the details of the objects. Include a toString() method that could display the complete details of the book. Develop a java program to create n book objects.

→ import java.util.\*;

class Books {

String name;

String author;

int price;

int numPages;

Books() {}

Books (String name, String author, int price,  
int numPages)

{

this.name = name;

this.author = author;

this.price = price;

this.numPages = numPages;

}

public String toString()

String name, Author;

int price, numPages;

name = "Book name: " + this.name + "\n";

Author = "Author: " + this.author + "\n";

price = "Price: " + this.price + "\n";

numPages = "No. of pages:" + this.numPages  
+ "In";  
between name + author + price + numPages;

{  
} class Main  
{

public static void main (String args[])

Scanner s = new Scanner (System.in);  
int n;

String name;

String author;

int price, numPages;

System.out.println ("Enter no. of books:");

n = s.nextInt();

Books b[];

b = new Books [n];

{ for (int i=0; i<n; i++)

System.out.println ("Book " + (i+1) + ":");

System.out.println ("Enter name of book:");

name = s.next();

System.out.println ("Enter author:");

author = s.next();

System.out.println ("Enter price: ");

price = s.nextInt();

System.out.println ("Enter no. of pages: ");

numPages = s.nextInt();

b[i] = new Books (name, author, price,  
numPages);

```
for (int i=0 ; i<n ; i++)
{
    System.out.println("Book " + (i+1) + ")n" + b[i]);
}
```

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### Output

Enter the number of books : 1

Book 1 :

Enter name of book : Jungle - book .

Enter author : Ruyard - Kipling

Enter price : 900

Enter number of pages : 500

Book 1 :

Book name : Jungle - book

Author : Ruyard Kipling

Price = 900

Number of pages : 500

2) Write a java program to create a class Student with members USN, name, marks (6 subjects). Include methods to accept student details and marks. Also include a method to calculate the percentage and display appropriate details.

(~~Way of student object to be created~~)

```
import java.util.*;
class Student {
    private String usn;
    private String name;
    private int [] marks;
```

```
public Student (String usn, String name) {  
    this.usn = usn;  
    this.name = name;  
    this.marks = new int [6];  
}
```

```
public void acceptDetails ()
```

```
Scanner scanner = new Scanner (System.in);  
System.out.println ("Enter USN: ");  
this.usn = scanner.nextLine();  
System.out.println ("Enter name: ");  
this.name = scanner.nextLine();
```

```
for (int i=0; i<marks.length; i++) {  
    System.out.print ("Enter marks for  
Subject " + (i+1) + ": ");  
    this.marks [i] = scanner.nextInt();  
}
```

8 9

```
public double calculatePercentage () {  
    int totalMarks = 0;  
    for (int mark : marks) {  
        totalMarks += mark;  
    }  
    return (double) totalMarks / marks.length;
```

✓

```
public void displayDetails () {  
    System.out.println ("USN: " + this.usn);  
    System.out.println ("Name: " + this.name);
```

```
System.out.println ("Marks : ");
for (int i=0 ; i < marks.length ; i++)
{
```

```
    System.out.println ("Subject " + (i+1) +
        ":" + marks[i] + " ");
```

```
}
```

```
System.out.println ();
```

```
System.out.println ("Percentage : " +
    calculatePercentage () + "%");
```

```
}
```

```
{
```

```
public class StudentArrayDemo
```

```
{
```

```
    public static void main (String args[])
    {
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
    }
```

```
    System.out.println ("Enter number of
        students : ");
```

```
    int numStudents = sc.nextInt ();
    }
```

```
    Student [ ] students = new Student
        (numStudents);
    }
```

```
    for (int i=0 ; i < numStudents ; i++)
    {
```

```
        System.out.println ("Enter details
            for student " + (i+1) + ": ");
    }
```

```
    students [i] = new Student ("", "");
    students [i].acceptDetails ();
    }
```

```
    System.out.println ("Details of student");
    for (Student student : students)
    {
```

```
student.displayDetails();  
System.out.println("In . . . . .");  
}  
}
```

### Output

Enter USN : "1234567890"

Name : ABC

Subject 1 : 90

Subject 2 : 90

Subject 3 : 90

Subject 4 : 90

Subject 5 : 90

Subject 6 : 90

### Details of students

USN : 11

Name : ABC

Subject 1 : 90

Subject 2 : 90

Subject 3 : 90

Subject 4 : 90

Subject 5 : 90

Subject 6 : 90

Percentage : 90 %.

### 3) Quadratic equation:

```
-> import java.util.Scanner;  
import java.lang.Math;  
class quadratic  
{  
    public static void main (String xx[])  
    {  
        int a,b,c;  
        System.out.println ("Enter values of a,b,c,  
                           respectively");  
        Scanner sl = new Scanner (System.in);  
        a = sl.nextInt();  
        b = sl.nextInt();  
        c = sl.nextInt();  
        double d = b*b - 4*a*c;  
        Equation eq = new Equation (a,b,c);  
        eq.quad();  
    }  
}
```

### class Equation

```
{  
    int a,b,c;  
    Equation (int x, int y, int z);  
}
```

a = x;  
b = y;  
c = z;  
quad()

if (a == 0)

System.out.println ("Not a quadratic  
equation");

else if ( $d > 0$ )  
{

System.out.println ("The equation has 2  
different and real solutions");

double  $r1 = (-b + \sqrt{d}) / (2 * a);$

double  $r2 = (-b - \sqrt{d}) / (2 * a);$

System.out.println (" $r1 = " + r1);$

System.out.println (" $r2 = " + r2);$

}  
else if ( $d == 0$ )  
{

System.out.println ("Equation has real  
equal solutions");

double  $r1 = -b / (2 * a);$

double  $r2 = -b / (2 * a);$

System.out.println (" $r1);$

System.out.println (" $r2);$

}  
else ( $d < 0$ )  
{

System.out.println ("Noneal solutions");

Output

Enter values of a, b, c respectively

1 5 6

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Q Develop a Java pgm to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers & an empty method named printArea(). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle & Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contain the method printArea() that prints the area of given shape.

```
→ import java.util.Scanner;  
abstract class Shape {  
    protected int dimension1;  
    protected int dimension2;  
  
    public Shape (int dimension1, int dimension2)  
    {  
        this.dimension1 = dimension1;  
        this.dimension2 = dimension2;  
    }  
    public abstract void printArea();  
}  
  
class Rectangle extends Shape {  
    public Rectangle (int length, int width) {  
        super (length, width);  
    }  
    public void printArea () {  
        int area = dimension1 * dimension2;  
        System.out.println ("Area of Rectangle : " + area);  
    }  
}
```

class Triangle extends Shape {

public Triangle (ent base, int height) {  
super (base, height);

```
public void printArea() {
```

double area = 0.5 \* dimension \* dim2;

System. out. painter ("Area of Jiangxi,"

10

class Circle extends Shape {

```
public Circle ( int radius ) {
```

super (radius, 0);

```
public void printArea() {
```

```
double area = MATH.PI * dim1 * dim1;
```

System.out.println ("Area of Circle: " +

are),

3

public class Main {

```
public static void main (String [] args) {
```

Rectangle rectangle = new Rectangle(4, 5);  
rectangle.printArea();

~~triangle triangle = new Triangle(3, 6);  
triangle.printArea();~~

Circle circle = new Circle(7);

```
circle.paintArea();
```

### Output

Area of rectangle : 20

Area of triangle : 9

Area of circle : 153.93804002589985

2) WAP to create a class Bank, that maintains 2 kinds of account for its customers, one sav acc and another cur acc. Sav acc provides compound interest & withdrawal facilities but no cheque book facility. The cur acc provides cheque book but no interest. Cur acc holders should also maintain a min balance & if the balance falls below this level, a service charge is imposed.

Create a class Account that stores customer name, acc no. & type of acc. From this derive the classes Cus-acc & Sav-acc to make them more specific to their requirements. Include necessary methods in order to achieve foll<sup>st</sup> fast.

- i) Accept deposit from customer & update the balance.
- ii) Display balance
- iii) Compute & deposit interest.
- iv) Permit withdrawal & update the balance. Check for min balance, impose penalty if necessary & update the balance.

→ class Bank {

    public static void main (String [] args)

    {  
 SavAcc savacc = new SavAcc ("John", "SA1001");  
 CurrAcc curracc = new CurrAcc ("Jane", "CA2002");  
 savacc.deposit (5000);  
 savacc.displayBalance ();  
 savacc.computeInterest ();  
 savacc.withdraw (2000);  
 savacc.displayBalance ();

        curracc.deposit (8000);  
 curracc.displayBalance ();  
 curracc.withdraw (5000);  
 curracc.displayBalance ();

}

}

class Account {  
 protected String custName;  
 protected String accNo;  
 protected double balance;

    public Account (String custName, String  
                   accNo)

    {  
 this.custName = custName;

        this.accNo = accNo;

        this.balance = 0;

    public void deposit (double amount){

        balance += amount;

        System.out.println ("Deposit of \$" +

```
public void displayBalance()
```

```
    System.out.println ("Acc no" + accNo +  
                        "In Balance: $" + balance);
```

class Savings extends Account {

```
    public Savings (String custName, String  
                   accNo) {  
        super (custName, accNo);
```

```
    public void computeInterest()
```

```
        double interestRate = 0.05;
```

```
        double interest = balance * interestRate;  
        balance += interest;
```

```
        System.out.println ("Interest of $" + interest + " computed  
                            & added to balance.");
```

```
    public void withdraw (double amount)
```

```
        if (balance >= amount) {
```

```
            balance -= amount;
```

```
            System.out.println ("Withdrawal of $" + amount +  
                                " successful.");
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            System.out.println ("Insufficient funds for withdrawal");
```

```
}
```

class CustAcc extends Account

{ private double minBal = 1000;

public CustAcc (String custName, String  
accNo)

{ super (custName, accNo)

{ public void withdraw (double amount)

{ if (balance - amount >= minBal)

balance -= amount;

SOP ("withdrawal of \$" + amount  
+ " successfully");

imposeServiceCharge();

}

}

private void imposeServiceCharge()

{ double serviceCharge = 20;

balance -= serviceCharge;

SOP ("Service charge of \$" + serviceCharge  
+ " imposed");

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3

class CustAcc extends Account

{

```
private double minBal = 1000;  
public CustAcc (String custName, String  
accNo)  
{ super (custName, accNo)
```

public void withdraw (double amount)

{

```
if (balance - amount >= minBal)  
{ balance -= amount;  
SOP ("Withdrawal of $" + amount  
+ " successful");  
imposeServiceCharge();
```

}

private void imposeServiceCharge()

{

double serviceCharge = 20;  
~~balance -= serviceCharge;~~  
~~SOP ("Service charge of \$" + serviceCharge  
+ " imposed");~~

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- 1) Create a package CIE which has two classes - Student & Internals. The class Student has members like usn, name, sem. The class Internals derived from student has an array that stores the internal marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Create another package SEE which has the class External which is a derived class of Student. This class has an array that stores SEE marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Import the two packages in a file that declares the final marks of n students in all five courses.
- 1) Create a folder CIE & save the programs Student.java & Internals.java within it.
- 2) Create a folder SEE & save the program External.java within it.
- 3) Save the Main program outside these 2 folders.
- 4) Complie Compile Main.java & execute Main class.

→ package CIE;

public class Student {

    public String usn;

    public String name;

    protected int sem;

    public Student (String usn, String name, int sem)

    {

        this.usn = usn;

        this.name = name;

        this.sem = sem;

}

package CIE;

public class Internals extends Student {

    public int[] internalMarks = new int[5];

    public Internals (String usn, String name,  
        int sem, int[] internalMarks)

B {

    super (usn, name, sem);

    this. internalMarks = internalMarks;

}

}

package SEE;

import CIE. Student;

public class External extends Student {

    public int[] seeMarks;

    public External (String usn, String name,  
        int sem, int[] seeMarks)

}

    super (usn, name, sem);

    this. seeMarks = seeMarks;

}

}

import CIE. Internals;

import SEE. External;

public class Main {

    public static void main (String [] args)

        int[] internalMarks1 = {80, 75, 90, 85, 88};

        Internals obj1 = new Internals ("IABC123",  
            "John Doe", 3, internalMarks1);

```

int [] seeMarks1 = {70, 85, 78, 92, 88};
External st2 = new External ("2X47456",
                            "Jane Smith", 3, seeMarks1);

```

```

int [] finalMarks1 = new int [5];
for (int i=0; i<5; i++) {
    finalMarks1[i] = std::internalMarks[i]
                    + st2.seeMarks[i];
}

```

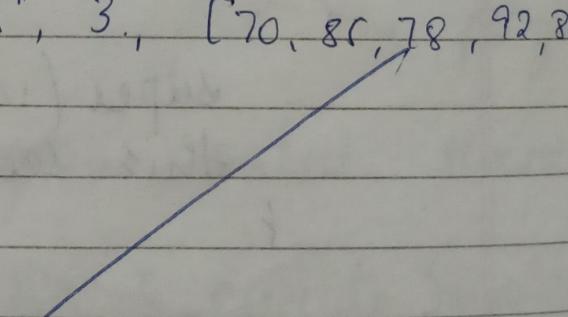
```

System.out.println ("Final marks for " +
                     st1.name + "(USN: " + st1.USN + ")");
for (int i=0; i<5; i++) {
    System.out.println ("Course " + (i+1) +
                        ":" + finalMarks1[i]);
}

```

### Output.

"IBBC123", "John Doe", 3, [80, 75, 90, 85, 88]  
 "2X47456", "Jane Smith", 3, [70, 85, 78, 92, 88].



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7) write a program that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called "Father" & derived class called "Son" which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor, which takes the age & throws exception WrongAge() when the input age < 0. In Son class, implement a constructor that calls both father & son's age & throws an exception if son's age is >= father's age.

→ class WrongAgeException extends Exception {  
 public WrongAgeException (String message) {  
 super (message);  
 }  
}

class Father {

int age;

public Father (int age) throws WrongAgeException

if (age < 0) {

throw new WrongAgeException ("Age cannot be negative");

}

this.age = age;

}

class Son extends Father {

int sonAge;

public Son (int fatherAge, int sonAge) throws WrongAgeException {

super (fatherAge);

}

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i) write a program that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called "Father" & derived class called "Son" which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor, which takes the age & throws exception WrongAge() when the input age < 0. In Son class, implement a constructor that takes both father & son's age & throws an exception if son's age is >= father's age.

→ class WrongAgeException extends Exception {  
 public WrongAgeException (String message) {  
 super (message);  
 }  
}

class Father {  
 int age;  
 public Father (int age) throws WrongAgeException {  
 if (age < 0) {  
 throw new WrongAgeException ("Age cannot be negative");  
 }  
 this.age = age;  
 }  
}

class Son extends Father {  
 int sonAge;  
 public Son (int fatherAge, int sonAge) throws WrongAgeException {  
 super (fatherAge);  
 }  
}

if (sonAge >= fatherAge) {

    throw new WrongAgeException ("Son's  
    age cannot be greater than father's");

}     this.sonAge = sonAge;

}     public class Main {

}     public static void main (String [] args)

}     try {

        int fatherAge = 40;

        int sonAge = 20;

        Son son = new Son (fatherAge, sonAge);

        SOP ("Father's age: " + fatherAge);

        SOP ("Son's age: " + son.sonAge);

}

}     catch (WrongAgeException e) {

        SOP ("Exception caught: " + e.getMessage());

Output

Father's age = 40

Son's age = 20.

27 Write a program which creates two threads, one thread displaying "BMSCE" once every ten seconds & another displaying "CSE" once every two seconds.

→ class DisplayThread extends Thread {  
 private String message;  
 private int interval;

public DisplayThread (String message, int interval)

{

this.message = message;

this.interval = interval;

}

public void run() {

while (true) {

try {

SOP (message);

Thread.sleep (interval);

}

catch (InterruptedException e) {

e.printStackTrace();

}

}

public class Main {

public static void main (String [] args) {

DisplayThread thread1 = new DisplayThread

("BMSCE", 10000);

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DisplayThread = new DisplayThread ("CSE", 2000);

thread1.start();  
thread2.start();

}

Output

BMSRE

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

BMSCE

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

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17 Creating label, button & JTextField in a Frame using AWT.

```
→ import java.awt.*;  
import java.awt.event.*;  
public class AWTExample extends WindowAd-  
apter {  
    frame f;  
    AWTExample() {  
        f = new Frame();  
        f.addWindowListener(this);  
        Label l = new Label ("Employee id:");  
        Button b = new Button ("Submit");  
        JTextField t = new JTextField (),  
        l.setBounds (20, 80, 80, 30);  
        t.setBounds (20, 100, 80, 30);  
        b.setBounds (100, 100, 80, 30);  
        f.add (b);  
        f.add (l);  
        f.add (t);  
        f.setSize (400, 300);  
        f.setTitle ("Employee info");  
        f.setLayout (null);  
        f.setVisible (true);  
    }  
}
```

public void windowClosing (WindowEvent e) {  
 System.exit (0);  
}

public static void main (String [] args) {  
 AWTExample awt\_obj = new AWTExample();  
}

2) Creating a button & add a action listener  
for Mouse click

```
→ import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class EventHandling extends WindowAdapter
implements ActionListener {
    Frame f;
    JTextField tf;
    EventHandling () {
```

```
f = new Frame();
```

```
f.addWindowListener (this);
```

```
tf = new JTextField ();
```

```
tf.setBounds (60, 50, 120, 20);
```

```
Button b = new Button ("Click me");
```

```
b.setBounds (100, 120, 80, 30);
```

```
b.addActionListener (this);
```

```
f.add (b); f.add (tf);
```

```
f.setSize (300, 300);
```

```
f.setLayout (null);
```

```
f.setVisible (true);
```

```
}
```

```
public void actionPerformed (ActionEvent e)
```

```
tf.setText ("Welcome");
```

```
}
```

```
public void windowClosing (WindowEvent e)
```

```
System.exit (0);
```

```
public static void main (String args [])
```

```
{ new EventHandling ();
```

```
}
```

## \* Programs On IO

```

1) import java.io.*;
public class ByteArrayInput {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws
        IOException {
        byte[] buf = {35, 36, 37, 38};
        ByteArrayInputStream byt = new ByteArrayInputStream(
            buf);
        int k = 0;
        while ((k = byt.read()) != -1) {
            char ch = (char) k;
            System.out.println("ASCII value of
                character is: " + k + ", Special character
                is: " + ch);
        }
    }
}
  
```

2) public class FileEx {

```

    public static void main(String a[]) throws
        IOException {
        FileInputStream fin = new FileInputStream(
            "example.txt");
        int content;
        System.out.println("Remaining bytes
            that can be read: " + fin.available());
        content = fin.read();
        System.out.println((char(content)) + " ");
        System.out.println(content + " ");
        System.out.println("Remaining bytes can be read: " +
            fin.available());
        System.out.println("Remaining bytes can be read: " +
            fin.available());
    }
}
  
```