Problem Statement: Design and implement Parallel Breadth First Search and Depth First Search based on existing algorithms using OpenMP. Use a Tree or an undirected graph for BFS and DFS.

## Output

```
#include<iostream>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<queue>
using namespace std;
class node
 public:
  node *left, *right;
  int data;
class Breadthfs
public:
node *insert(node *, int);
void bfs(node *);
};
node *insert(node *root, int data)
// inserts a node in tree
  if(!root)
       root=new node;
       root->left=NULL;
       root->right=NULL;
       root->data=data;
       return root;
  }
  queue<node *> q;
  q.push(root);
```

```
while(!q.empty())
      node *temp=q.front();
      q.pop();
      if(temp->left==NULL)
             temp->left=new node;
             temp->left->left=NULL;
             temp->left->right=NULL;
             temp->left->data=data;
            return root;
      else
      q.push(temp->left);
      if(temp->right==NULL)
             temp->right=new node;
             temp->right->left=NULL;
             temp->right->right=NULL;
             temp->right->data=data;
            return root;
       }
      else
      q.push(temp->right);
       }
  }
void bfs(node *head)
{
```

```
queue<node*>q;
       q.push(head);
       int qSize;
       while (!q.empty())
             qSize = q.size();
             #pragma omp parallel for
             //creates parallel threads
             for (int i = 0; i < qSize; i++)
                    node* currNode;
                    #pragma omp critical
                     currNode = q.front();
                     q.pop();
                     cout << "\t" << currNode->data;
                    }// prints parent node
                    #pragma omp critical
                    if(currNode->left)// push parent's left node in queue
                          q.push(currNode->left);
                    if(currNode->right)
                          q.push(currNode->right);
                    }// push parent's right node in queue
       }
}
int main(){
  node *root=NULL;
  int data;
  char ans;
  do
  {
       cout<<"\n enter data=>";
       cin>>data;
       root=insert(root,data);
```

```
cout<<"do you want insert one more node?";
cin>>ans;
}while(ans=='y'||ans=='Y');
bfs(root);
return 0;
}
```

```
Enter data => 5
Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 3
Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

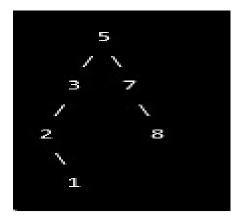
Enter data => 2
Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 1
Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 7
Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 8
Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) n
```

Starting with the root node containing value 5:



The traversal would be:

```
5, 3, 7, 2, 8, 1
```