```
In [1]: pip install nltk
              Requirement already satisfied: nltk in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.10/site-packages (3.8.1)
              Requirement already satisfied: regex>=2021.8.3 in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.10/site-packages
              (from nltk) (2022.7.9)
              Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from nltk)
              (4.64.1)
              Requirement already satisfied: click in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from nltk)
              (8.0.4)
              Requirement already satisfied: joblib in ./anaconda3/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from nlt
              k) (1.1.1)
              Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
In [2]: import nltk
              nltk.download("punkt")
              nltk.download("stopwords")
              nltk.download('wordnet')
              nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
              [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /home/student/nltk_data...
              [nltk data]
                                      Package punkt is already up-to-date!
              [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to
              [nltk data]
                                         /home/student/nltk data...
                                      Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
              [nltk_data]
              [nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /home/student/nltk_data...
              [nltk_data]
                                     Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
               [nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger to
              [nltk_data]
                                         /home/student/nltk data...
               [nltk_data]
                                      Package averaged_perceptron_tagger is already up-to-
              [nltk_data]
                                             date!
Out[2]: True
In [3]: text= """Tokenization is the first step in text analytics. The
              process of breaking down a text paragraph into smaller chunks
              such as words or sentences is called Tokenization.""
In [4]: from nltk.tokenize import sent tokenize
              tokenized_text=sent_tokenize(text)
              print(tokenized text)
              ['Tokenization is the first step in text analytics.', 'The\nprocess of breaking down a text
              paragraph into smaller chunks\nsuch as words or sentences is called Tokenization.']
In [5]: from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
              tokenized word=word tokenize(text)
              print(tokenized word)
              ['Tokenization', 'is', 'the', 'first', 'step', 'in', 'text', 'analytics', '.', 'The', 'proce ss', 'of', 'breaking', 'down', 'a', 'text', 'paragraph', 'into', 'smaller', 'chunks', 'such ', 'as', 'words', 'or', 'sentences', 'is', 'called', 'Tokenization', '.']
In [6]: from nltk.corpus import stopwords
              stop words=set(stopwords.words("english"))
              print(stop words)
             {"you're", 'their', 'has', 'not', 'it', "should've", 'ours', 'about', 'there', 'where', 'o', 'nor', 'haven', "doesn't", "weren't", "aren't", 'me', 'into', "hasn't", 'mustn', 'until', 'o n', 'now', 'again', 'does', "don't", "you'd", 'him', 'out', 'being', 'can', 'further', 'thei rs', 'which', "wasn't", 'her', 'should', 'himself', 'weren', 'won', 'very', 'your', 'yoursel ves', 'you', 'the', 'when', 'did', 'yourself', 'my', "that'll", 'mightn', 'any', 'between', 'each', "wouldn't", 'both', "mightn't", 'myself', 'wouldn', 'hers', 'below', 'do', 'such', 'no', 'doing', 'isn', 'themselves', 'down', "it's", "shouldn't", 're', 'to', 've', 'our', 'yo urs', 'from', 'other', "hadn't", 'only', 'don', 'needn', 'as', 'off', 'these', 'and', 'shan', 'herself', 'at', 'ma', 'up', 'above', "needn't", 'that', 'they', 'y', "won't", 'because', 'hasn', 'if', 'against', 'own', 'through', 'so', 'is', 'with', 'we', "haven't", 'was', 'have ', 'i', 'aren', 'm', "isn't", 'before', 'why', 'them', 'most', "couldn't", 'be', 'who', 'by ', "you'll", 'of', 'same', 'than', 'ourselves', 'itself', 'shouldn', "she's", 'wasn', 'whom ', 'after', 'he', 'she', 'over', 'under', 't', 'will', 'during', 'then', 'couldn', 'hadn', 'while', 'more', 'been', "didn't", 'having', 'here', 's', "you've", 'a', 'ain', 'few', 'what ', "shan't", 'had', "mustn't", 'some', 'those', 'in', 'an', 'd', 'were', 'too', 'its', 'didn', 'but', 'am', 'once', 'this', 'or', 'all', 'are', 'for', 'his', 'just', 'll', 'doesn', 'how'}
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w'}

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In [7]: import re
         text= "How to remove stop words with NLTK library in Python?"
         text=re.sub('[^a-zA-Z]',' ',text)
         tokens=word_tokenize(text.lower())
         filtered_text=[]
         for w in tokens:
              if w not in stop_words:
                  filtered_text.append(w)
         print("Tokenzied Sentence:",tokens)
         print("Filterd Sentence:",filtered_text)
         Tokenzied Sentence: ['how', 'to', 'remove', 'stop', 'words', 'with', 'nltk', 'library', 'in
          , 'python'l
         Filterd Sentence: ['remove', 'stop', 'words', 'nltk', 'library', 'python']
In [8]: from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
         e_words=["wait", "waiting", "waited", "waits"]
         ps=PorterStemmer()
         for w in e words:
              rootWord=ps.stem(w)
         print(rootWord)
         wait
In [9]: import nltk
         from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
         wordnet_lemmatizer=WordNetLemmatizer()
         text = "studies studying cries cry'
         tokenization=nltk.word_tokenize(text)
         for w in tokenization:
              print("Lemma for {} is {}".format(w,wordnet_lemmatizer.lemmatize(w)))
         Lemma for studies is study
         Lemma for studying is studying
         Lemma for cries is cry
         Lemma for cry is cry
In [13...
         import nltk
         from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
         data="The pink sweater fit her perfectly"
         words=word tokenize(data)
         for w in words:
             print(nltk.pos_tag([w]))
         [('The', 'DT')]
[('pink', 'NN')]
         [('sweater', 'NN')]
         [('fit', 'NN')]
[('her', 'PRP$')]
         [('perfectly', 'RB')]
In [14...
         import pandas as pd
         from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
         documentA = 'Jupiter is the largest Planet'
documentB = 'Mars is the fourth planet from the Sun'
         bagOfwordsA=documentA.split(' ')
In [18...
         bagOfwordsB=documentB.split(' ')
         uniquewords=set(bag0fwordsA).union(set(bag0fwordsB))
         numofwordsA=dict.fromkeys(uniquewords,0)
         for words in bagOfwordsA:
              numofwordsA[words] += 1
         numofwordsB=dict.fromkeys(uniquewords,0)
         for words in bag0fwordsB:
              numofwordsB[words] += 1
In [20...
         def computeTF(wordDict,bagOfWords):
              tfdict={}
              bagsofwordcount=len(bag0fWords)
              for word,count in wordDict.items():
                  tfdict[word]=count/ float(bagsofwordcount)
              return tfdict
         tfA=computeTF(numofwordsA,bagOfwordsA)
         tfB=computeTF(numofwordsB,bag0fwordsB)
```

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In [24...
        def computeIDF(documents):
             import math
             N = len(documents)
             idfDict = dict.fromkeys(documents[0].keys(), 0)
             for document in documents:
                 for word, val in document.items():
                     if val > 0:
                        idfDict[word] += 1
             for word, val in idfDict.items():
                 idfDict[word] = math.log(N / float(val))
             return idfDict
         idfs = computeIDF([numofwordsA, numofwordsB])
         idfs
Out[24]: {'the': 0.0, 'Jupiter': 0.6931471805599453,
          'is': 0.0,
          'Sun': 0.6931471805599453,
          'from': 0.6931471805599453,
          'fourth': 0.6931471805599453,
          'Planet': 0.6931471805599453,
          'largest': 0.6931471805599453,
          'planet': 0.6931471805599453,
          'Mars': 0.6931471805599453}
In [26...
         def computeTFIDF(tfBagOfWords, idfs):
             tfidf = {}
             for word, val in tfBagOfWords.items():
                 tfidf[word] = val * idfs[word]
             return tfidf
         tfidfA = computeTFIDF(tfA, idfs)
         tfidfB = computeTFIDF(tfB, idfs)
         df = pd.DataFrame([tfidfA, tfidfB])
         df
Out[26]: the
                Jupiter is
                             Sun
                                                  Planet
                                                                          Mars
                                    from
                                           fourth
                                                         largest
                                                                 planet
         1 0.0 0.000000 0.0 0.086643 0.086643 0.086643 0.000000 0.000000 0.086643 0.086643
In [ ]:
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