Nama : La Ode Muhammad Gazali

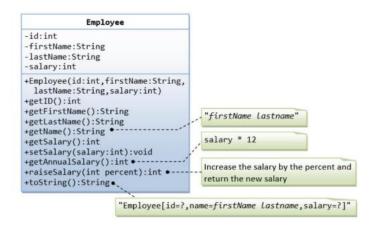
NIM : 222212696 Kelas : 2KS2

TUGAS PRA PERTEMUAN KE-2

PEMROGRAMAN BERBASIK OBJEK

1. Class vs Objek

A. Buatlah Kelas dari Class Diagram Berikut ini dan buatlah kelas untuk testingnya



Employee.java

```
package employee;
 * @author U53R
public class Employee {
    private int id;
    private String firstName;
    private String lastName;
    private int salary;
    public Employee (int id, String fName, String lName, int salary)
        this.id=id;
        this.firstName=fName;
        this.lastName=1Name;
        this.salary=salary;
    }
    public int getID()
        return id;
    public String getFirstName()
```

```
return firstName;
   public String getLastName()
       return lastName;
   public String getName()
       return (firstName + " " + lastName);
   public int getSalary()
       return salary;
   public void setSalary(int salary)
        this.salary = salary;
   public int getAnnualSalary()
       return (this.salary*12);
   public int raiseSalary(int percent) {
        this.salary = (int) (this.salary * (1 + percent / 100.0));
        return this.salary;
   }
   public String toString()
       return ("\nEmployee[id="+this.id+", name="+this.firstName+"
"+this.lastName+", salary="+this.salary+"]");
```

• Main_Employee.java

```
package employee;

/**
    * @author U53R
    */
public class Main_Employee {
      public static void main(String[] args)
      {
            Employee employee1 = new Employee(1, "La Ode Muhammad", "Gazali", 5000);
      }
}
```

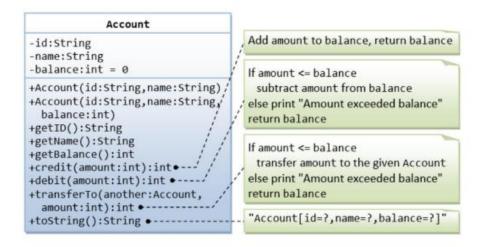
```
System.out.println("id :"+employee1.getID());
System.out.println("Name :"+employee1.getName());
System.out.println("Salary :"+employee1.getSalary());
System.out.println("Annual Salary :"+employee1.getAnnualSalary());
System.out.println("Raise salary by 5% :"+employee1.raiseSalary(5));
System.out.println(employee1.toString());
}
```

Output

```
run:
id :1
Name :La Ode Muhammad Gazali
Salary :5000
Annual Salary :60000
Raise salary by 5% :5250

Employee[id=1,name=La Ode Muhammad Gazali,salary=5250]
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

B. Buatlah Kelas dari Class Diagram Berikut ini dan buatlah kelas untuk testingnya



Ketentuan:

- Jumlah amount yang di debit atau di transfer harus maksimal sama dengan balance
- Buatlah dua object account dari kelas Account dan praktekkan metode transferTo() antar objek account

Account.java

```
package account;

/**
   * @author U53R
```

```
* /
public class Account {
    private String id;
   private String name;
    private int balance;
    public Account(String id, String name) {
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
    public Account(String id, String name, int balance) {
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
        this.balance = balance;
    public String getID() {
       return id;
    public String getName() {
       return name;
    public int getBalance() {
       return balance;
    public int credit(int amount) {
       this.balance+=amount;
        return balance;
    }
    public int debit(int amount) {
        if(amount <= this.balance)</pre>
           this.balance-=amount;
        else
            System.out.println("Amount exceeded balance");
        return balance;
    }
    public int transferTo(Account another, int amount) {
        if(amount <= this.balance) {</pre>
           this.debit(amount);
           another.credit(amount);
        else
            System.out.println("Amount exceeded balance");
        return balance;
    public String toString() {
```

```
return ("Account[id="+id+", name="+name+", balance="+balance+"]");
}
```

Main_Account.java

```
package account;

/**

* @author U53R

*/

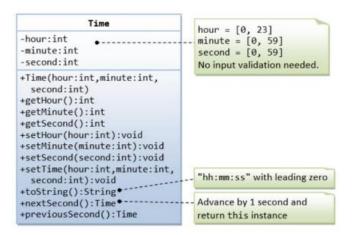
public class Main_Account {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Account Gazali = new Account("001", "Gazali", 5000);
        Account Heri = new Account("002", "Heri", 1000);
        System.out.println("Informasi Akun Sebelum Transfer");
        System.out.println(Gazali.toString());
        System.out.println(Heri.toString());

        Gazali.transferTo(Heri, 2000);
        System.out.println("\nInformasi Akun Setelah Transfer 2000");
        System.out.println(Gazali.toString());
        System.out.println(Heri.toString());
        System.out.println(Heri.toString());
    }
}
```

```
run:
Informasi Akun Sebelum Transfer
Account[id=001,name=Gazali,balance=5000]
Account[id=002,name=Heri,balance=1000]

Informasi Akun Setelah Transfer 2000
Account[id=001,name=Gazali,balance=3000]
Account[id=002,name=Heri,balance=3000]
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

C. Buatlah Kelas dari Class Diagram Berikut ini dan buatlah kelas untuk testingnya



Ketentuan:

- Untuk method nextSecond(), misalnya
 - Jika saat ini waktu menunjukkan pukul 10:00:59 maka next second adalah 10:01:00
 - o Jika saat ini waktu menunjukkan pukul 10:59:59 maka next second adalah 11:00:00
 - o Jika saat ini waktu menunjukkan pukul 23:59:59 maka next second adalah 00:00:00
- Untuk method previousSecond(), misalnya
 - Jika saat ini waktu menunjukkan pukul 10:01:00 maka previous second adalal 10:00:59
 - Jika saat ini menunjukkan pukul 10:00:00 maka previous second adalah 09:59:59
 - Jika saat ini waktu menunjukkan pukul 00:00:00 maka previous second adalal 23:59:59

Time.java

```
package time;

/**

* @author U53R

*/

public class Time {
    private int hour;
    private int minute;
    private int second;

public Time(int hour, int minute, int second) {
        this.hour = hour;
        this.minute = minute;
        this.second = second;
    }

public int getHour() {
        return hour;
    }

public int getMinute() {
```

```
return minute;
}
public int getSecond(){
   return second;
public void setHour(int hour) {
    this.hour = hour;
public void setMinute(int minute) {
   this.minute = minute;
public void setSecond(int second) {
    this.second = second;
public void setTime(int hour, int minut, int second) {
    this.hour = hour;
    this.minute = minute;
    this.second = second;
public Time nextSecond() {
    int nextSecondValue = (second + 1) % 60;
    int nextMinuteValue = minute;
    int nextHourValue = hour;
    if (nextSecondValue == 0) {
        nextMinuteValue = (minute + 1) % 60;
        if (nextMinuteValue == 0) {
            nextHourValue = (hour + 1) % 24;
    }
    return new Time(nextHourValue, nextMinuteValue, nextSecondValue);
public Time previousSecond() {
    int previousSecondValue = second - 1;
    int previousMinuteValue = minute;
    int previousHourValue = hour;
    if (previousSecondValue < 0) {</pre>
        previousSecondValue = 59;
        if (minute == 0) {
            previousMinuteValue = 59;
            if (hour == 0) {
                previousHourValue = 23;
            } else {
                previousHourValue = hour - 1;
```

Main_Time.java

```
package time;
/**
 * @author U53R
public class Main Time {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
       Time currentTime1 = new Time(10, 0, 59);
       System.out.println("Current Time1: " + currentTime1.toString());
       Time nextSecond1 = currentTime1.nextSecond();
       System.out.println("Next Second1: " + nextSecond1.toString());
       Time previousSecond1 = currentTime1.previousSecond();
       System.out.println("Previous Second1: " + previousSecond1.toString());
       Time currentTime2 = new Time(10, 0, 0);
       System.out.println("\nCurrent Time2: " + currentTime2.toString());
       Time nextSecond2 = currentTime2.nextSecond();
       System.out.println("Next Second2: " + nextSecond2.toString());
       Time previousSecond = currentTime2.previousSecond();
       System.out.println("Previous Second2: " + previousSecond.toString());
```

```
Current Time1: 10:0:59

Next Second1: 10:1:0

Previous Second1: 10:0:58

Current Time2: 10:0:0

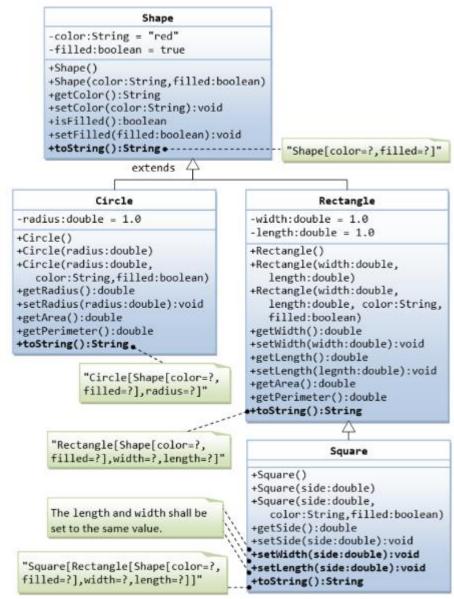
Next Second2: 10:0:1

Previous Second2: 9:59:59

BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

2. Inheritence

Buatlah Kelas dari Class Diagram Berikut ini dan buatlah kelas untuk testingnya



Shape.java

```
package shape;

/**
  * @author U53R
  */
public class Shape {
    private String color;
    private boolean filled;
```

```
public Shape(){
    color = "Red";
    filled = true;
public Shape(String color, boolean filled) {
    this.color = color;
    this.filled = filled;
public String getColor(){
  return color;
public void setColor(String color) {
    this.color = color;
public boolean isFIlled() {
   return filled;
public void setFilled(boolean filled) {
   this.filled = filled;
public String toString(){
   return("Shape [color = "+this.color+", filled = "+ this.filled+"]");
```

• Main_Shape.java

```
package shape;

/**
    * @author U53R
    */
public class Main_Shape {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Shape s1 = new Shape();
        System.out.println(s1);

        Shape s2 = new Shape("Blue", false);
        System.out.println(s2);
    }
}
```

```
run:
Shape [color = Red, filled = true]
Shape [color = Blue, filled = false]
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

Circle.java

```
package shape;
*
 * @author U53R
public class Circle extends Shape {
   private double radius;
    public Circle() {
       super();
       radius = 1.0;
    public Circle(double radius) {
       super();
       this.radius = radius;
    public double getRadius() {
       return radius;
    public void setRadius(double radius) {
       this.radius = radius;
    public double getArea() {
       return Math.PI*radius*radius;
    public double getPerimeter() {
      return Math.PI*radius*2;
    @Override
    public String toString() {
       return "Circle[: subclass of " + super.toString() + " radius = " +
radius+"]";
   }
```

• Main_Circle.java

```
package shape;

/**
    * @author U53R
    */

public class Main_Circle {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
// TODO code application logic here
Circle c1 = new Circle();
System.out.println(c1);
System.out.println("Area = "+c1.getArea());
System.out.println("Perimeter = "+c1.getPerimeter());

Circle c2 = new Circle(7.0);
c2.setColor("Green");
c2.setFilled(false);
System.out.println("\n"+c2);
System.out.println("Area = "+c2.getArea());
System.out.println("Perimeter = "+c2.getPerimeter());
}
```

Output

```
run:
Circle[: subclass of Shape [color = Red, filled = true] radius = 1.0]
Area = 3.141592653589793
Perimeter = 6.283185307179586

Circle[: subclass of Shape [color = Green, filled = false] radius = 7.0]
Area = 153.93804002589985
Perimeter = 43.982297150257104
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

Rectangle.java

```
package shape;
/**
* @author U53R
public class Rectangle extends Shape {
    private double width;
    private double length;
    public Rectangle() {
       super();
        width = 1.0;
        length = 1.0;
    public Rectangle(double width, double length) {
        super();
        this.width = width;
        this.length = length;
    }
    public Rectangle (double width, double length, String color, boolean
filled) {
```

```
super(color, filled);
        this.width = width;
        this.length = length;
    public double getWidth() {
       return width;
    public void setWidth(double width) {
        this.width = width;
    public double getLength() {
       return length;
    public void setLength(double length) {
       this.length = length;
    public double getArea() {
      return length*width;
    public double getPerimeter() {
       return 2*(length+width);
    @Override
    public String toString() {
       return "Rectangle[: subclass of " + super.toString() + " width = " +
width+ ", length = " + length+"]";
```

• Main_Rectangle.java

```
package shape;

/**
    * @author U53R
    */

public class Main_Rectangle {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Rectangle rectangle1 = new Rectangle();
        System.out.println("---Rectangle 1---");
        System.out.println(rectangle1);
        System.out.println("Area: " + rectangle1.getArea());
        System.out.println("Perimeter: " + rectangle1.getPerimeter());

        Rectangle rectangle2 = new Rectangle(5.0, 3.0);
        System.out.println("\n---Rectangle 2---");
        System.out.println(rectangle2);
```

```
System.out.println("Area: " + rectangle2.getArea());
System.out.println("Perimeter: " + rectangle2.getPerimeter());

Rectangle rectangle3 = new Rectangle(4.0, 5.0, "Yellow", false);
System.out.println("\n---Rectangle 3---");
System.out.println(rectangle3);
System.out.println("Area: " + rectangle3.getArea());
System.out.println("Perimeter: " + rectangle3.getPerimeter());
}
```

Output

```
run:
    ---Rectangle 1---
Rectangle[: subclass of Shape [color = Red, filled = true] width = 1.0, length = 1.0]
Area: 1.0
Perimeter: 4.0

---Rectangle 2---
Rectangle[: subclass of Shape [color = Red, filled = true] width = 5.0, length = 3.0]
Area: 15.0
Perimeter: 16.0

---Rectangle 3---
Rectangle[: subclass of Shape [color = Yellow, filled = false] width = 4.0, length = 5.0]
Area: 20.0
Perimeter: 18.0
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

• Square.java

```
package shape;
/**

* @author U53R

*/

public class Square extends Rectangle {
    public Square() {
        super();
    }

    public Square(double side) {
        super(side, side);
    }

    public Square(double side, String color, boolean filled) {
        super(side, side, color, filled);
    }

    public double getSide() {
        return getWidth();
    }

    public void setSide(double side) {
        setWidth(side);
    }
}
```

```
setLength(side);
}

public void setWidth(double side) {
    super.setWidth(side);
    super.setLength(side);
}

public void setLength(double side) {
    super.setWidth(side);
    super.setLength(side);
}

@Override
public String toString() {
    return "Square [subclass of " + super.toString() + ", side=" + getSide() + "]";
}
```

• Main_Square.java

```
package shape;
/**
 * @author U53R
public class Main Square {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Before Modification:");
        Square square = new Square(5.0);
        System.out.println(square);
        System.out.println("Area: " + square.getArea());
        System.out.println("Perimeter: " + square.getPerimeter());
        square.setColor("Blue");
        square.setFilled(false);
        System.out.println("\nAfter Modification:");
        System.out.println(square);
        System.out.println("Area: " + square.getArea());
        System.out.println("Perimeter: " + square.getPerimeter());
```

```
run:
Before Modification:
Square [subclass of Rectangle[: subclass of Shape [color = Red, filled = true] width = 5.0, length = 5.0], side=5.0]
Area: 25.0
Perimeter: 20.0

After Modification:
Square [subclass of Rectangle[: subclass of Shape [color = Blue, filled = false] width = 5.0, length = 5.0], side=5.0]
Area: 25.0
Perimeter: 20.0
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

3. Composition



Ubahlah hubungan Author dan buku sehingga 1 buku ditulis oleh banyak author (one to many) Gunakan array of Author.

Perubahan dari sebelumnya adalah:

- 1) Variable author menjadi bertipe array of Author
- 2) Konstruktor Book yang pertama, salah satu parameternya berisi array of Author
- 3) Konstruktor Book yang kedua, salah satu parameternya berisi array of Author
- 4) Method getAuthors() akan mengembalikan array of Author
- 5) Method toString(), pada kelas Book akan berisi semua authornya. "Book[name=?,authors={Author[name=?,email=?,gender=?],...},price =?,qty=?]"
- 6) Method getAuthorNames() akan mengembalikan nama semua author dalam String. Misal akan mengembalikan "Author1, Author2, ... "

Author.java

```
package bookauthor;

/**

* @author U53R

*/
public class Author{
    private String name;
    private String email;
    private char gender;

public Author(String name, String email, char gender) {
        this.name = name;
        this.email = email;
        this.gender = gender;
    }
```

Book.java

```
package bookauthor;
/**
 * @author U53R
public class Book {
   private String name;
   private Author[] authors;
   private double price;
   private int qty;
    public Book(String name, Author[] authors, double price) {
        this.name = name;
        this.authors = authors;
        this.price = price;
        this.qty = 0;
    public Book(String name, Author[] authors, double price, int qty) {
        this.name = name;
        this.authors = authors;
        this.price = price;
        this.qty = qty;
    public String getName() {
```

```
return name;
}
public Author[] getAuthors() {
   return authors;
public double getPrice() {
   return price;
public void setPrice(double price) {
    this.price = price;
public int getQty() {
   return qty;
public void setQty(int qty) {
   this.qty = qty;
@Override
public String toString() {
    StringBuilder authorString = new StringBuilder();
    for (int i = 0; i < authors.length; i++) {</pre>
        authorString.append(" ").append(authors[i]);
        if (i < authors.length - 1) {</pre>
            authorString.append("\n");
    }
    return "[\n" +
           " name = " + name + "\n" +
           " price = " + price + "\n" +
           " qty = " + qty + "\n" +
           " authors :" + authorString + "n" +
}
public String getAuthorNames() {
    StringBuilder authorNames = new StringBuilder();
    for (int i = 0; i < authors.length; i++) {</pre>
        authorNames.append(authors[i].getName());
        if (i < authors.length - 1) {</pre>
            authorNames.append(", ");
   return authorNames.toString();
```

BookAuthor.java

```
package bookauthor;

/**
    * @author U53R
    */

public class BookAuthor {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Membuat objek Authors
        Author nano = new Author("Nano Yulian P.", "nano@bps.go.id", 'm');
        Author yeni = new Author("Wa Ode Zuhayeni M.", "yeni@bps.go.id", 'f');

        // Membuat array of Authors
        Author[] authors = {nano, yeni};

        // Membuat objek Book dengan menggunakan array of Authors
        Book oopBook = new Book("OOP for dummies", authors, 50000, 100);

        // Mendapatkan informasi buku dan penulis
        System.out.println("Book Info: " + oopBook);
        System.out.println("\nAuthor Names: " + oopBook.getAuthorNames());
    }
}
```

```
run:
Book Info: [
  name = OOP for dummies
  price = 50000.0
  qty = 100
  authors :
      name = Nano Yulian P.,
      email = nano@bps.go.id,
      gender = m

      name = Wa Ode Zuhayeni M.,
      email = yeni@bps.go.id,
      gender = f
]

Author Names: Nano Yulian P., Wa Ode Zuhayeni M.
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```