Week 7 Homework Assignments: Advanced Data Types - Structures, Cell Arrays, and Tables

Global Requirements

- All deliverables shall be added, committed, and pushed to your `Week7` folder in your repository.
- Include your name and the names of anyone who assisted you in the following format:

```
% Student: Firstname Lastname
% Assisted by: Firstname Lastname, etc.
```

- Ensure your **scripts** (**Not functions**) include the following to clear the workspace and command window:

```
clc;
clear;
close all;
```

- Provide comments explaining each part of your code.
- Use appropriate data types (structures, cell arrays, tables) as specified.
- Ensure your programs handle input and output properly, and test them with different scenarios.
- Any data files required are provided. If not, instructions are given to create them.
- Outputs should resemble the examples shown; however, they do not need to be exact, as long as sufficient data is presented.

1: Component Database Management

Task

Create a MATLAB program to manage a database of engineering components using **structures** and **tables**. The database will store information about various components, such as their ID, name, dimensions, material, and weight.

Function 1: `addComponent`

This function will simply add a struct object to an existing struct array and return the new struct array.

Requirements:

- **File Name**: `addComponent.m`
- **Inputs**:
  - `structArray`: Existing array of components (structure array).
  - `componentStruct`: A structure representing a new component.
- **Outputs**:
  - `structArray`: Updated structure array with the new component added.

Function 2: `struct2Table`

This function will be used to convert a structure array into a MATLAB table.

Requirements:

- **File Name**: `struct2Table.m`
- **Inputs**:
  - `structArray`: Structure array of components.

- **Outputs**:
  - `table`: MATLAB table containing the component data.

Instructions:

Write a MATLAB function named `struct2Table` that takes a struct array and converts it to a MATLAB table and returns the table. The table should have columns for `ID`, `Name`, `Length`, `Width`, `Height`, `Material`, and `Weight`.

Script: `componentDatabase.m`

Requirements / Instructions:

1. **Define a Structure for Components**:
   - Each component should be represented as a structure with the following fields:
     - `ID` (integer)
     - `Name` (string)
     - `Dimensions` (structure with fields `Length`, `Width`, `Height` in meters)
     - `Material` (string)
     - `Weight` (double, in kilograms)
2. **Create an Empty Structure Array**:
   - Initialize an empty structure array to hold multiple components.
   - Remember: You can use the `struct` function.
3. **Populate the Database**:
   - Use the `addComponent` function to add at least **three** components to the database.
   - Save the table to `componentsDatabase.csv`.
   - Load the table back from `componentsDatabase.csv`.
   - Display the contents of the database in a **readable** format.
     - Note that you should not just print the table object, use output commands to print a readable format with units.

Example Output

After running your script, the command window should display the components:

```
ID    Name     Length (m)    Width (m)    Height (m)    Material    Weight (kg)
1     Beam     2.5           0.3          0.5           Steel       150.0
2     Column   3.0           0.4          0.4           Concrete    200.0
3     Bolt     0.1           0.02         0.02          Alloy       0.5
```

Testing

You can test your functionality running the following test files:

- `testAddComponent`
- `testStruct2Table`
- `testComponentDatabase`

Deliverables

1. Submit the script `componentDatabase.m`.
2. Include comments explaining each part of your code.
3. Submit the functions `addComponent.m` and `struct2Table.m`.

2: Recipe Manager

Task

Create a MATLAB program to manage recipes and ingredients using **cell arrays** and **tables**. The program will allow you to store recipes with varying numbers of ingredients and manage an inventory of ingredients.

Function 1: `updateInventory`

Write a function to update inventory when a recipe is used. Subtract the quantities of the ingredients in the recipe from the inventory. If an ingredient is not available or insufficient, display a warning message.

Requirements:

- **File Name**: `updateInventory.m`
- **Inputs**:
  - `inventoryTable`: Table containing the current inventory.
  - `recipeCell`: Cell array representing a recipe.
- **Outputs**:
  - `inventoryTable`: Updated inventory table.

Script: `recipeManager.m`

Write a MATLAB script to create, add, and "use" recipes.

2. **Create a Cell Array of Recipes**:
   - Store at least **two** recipes in a cell array.
3. **Create an Ingredient Inventory Table**:
   - Define a table with columns `Name`, `Quantity`, and `Unit` to represent the inventory.
   - Initialize the table with some ingredients and their quantities.
4. **Save and Load Inventory**:
   - Save the inventory table to a CSV file `ingredientInventory.csv` using `writetable`.
   - Provide functionality to load the inventory from the CSV file.

Requirements / Instructions:

- Create a script `recipeManager.m` that:
  - Initializes the recipes and inventory with at least **two** recipes.
    - Each recipe should be represented as a cell array containing:
      - Recipe name (string)
      - Cell array of ingredients (each ingredient is a structure with fields `Name`, `Quantity`, `Unit`)
  - Stores at least **two** recipes in a cell array.
  - Displays the recipes in a readable format.
  - Updates the inventory based on a selected recipe.
  - Saves and loads the inventory from `ingredientInventory.csv`.

Example Output

```
Recipes:
1. Pancakes
   - Flour: 200 grams
   - Eggs: 2 each
   - Milk: 300 ml

2. Omelette
   - Eggs: 3 each
   - Cheese: 50 grams
   - Salt: 1 teaspoon
```

```
Updating inventory for Pancakes...
Inventory updated successfully.

Current Inventory:
    Name      Quantity    Unit
    ------    --------    -----
    Flour     800         grams
    Eggs      5           each
    Milk      700         ml
    Cheese    100         grams
    Salt      50          grams
```

Testing

You can test your functionality running the following test files:

- `testUpdateInventory`
- `testRecipeManager`

Deliverables

1. Submit the script `recipeManager.m`.
2. Include comments explaining your code and any assumptions made.
3. Submit the function `updateInventory.m`.

3: Particle Simulation Data Analysis

Task

Simulate data for particles moving in space and manage the data using **structures**, **cell arrays**, and **tables**. Analyze the data to calculate average velocities and plot particle trajectories.

Function 1: `simulateParticleMotion`

Requirements:

- **File Name**: `simulateParticleMotion.m`
- **Inputs**:
  - `numParticles`: Number of particles to simulate (integer).
  - `numTimeSteps`: Number of time steps in the simulation (integer).
- **Outputs**:
  - `particles`: Structure array containing simulated particle data.

Instructions:

2. **Write the `simulateParticleMotion` Function**:
   - The function should generate random positions over time for a given number of particles.
   - Store the particles in a structure array.

Function 2: `calculateAverageVelocity`

Requirements:

- **File Name**: `calculateAverageVelocity.m`
- **Inputs**:
  - `particle`: Structure containing particle data.

- **Outputs**:
  - `avgVelocity`: Average velocity of the particle over the simulation time (scalar).

Instructions:

1. **Write the `calculateAverageVelocity` Function**:
   - Calculate the average velocity for a particle using the distance formula and time differences.
   - Use the positions and times stored in the particle structure.

Script: `particleSimulation.m`

Create a MATLAB script named `particleSimulation.m` that uses the `simulateParticleMotion`, and `calculateAverageVelocity` functions to product a set of random data to be displayed and plotted.

Requirements / Instructions:

1. **Define a Particle Structure**:
   - Each particle should be represented as a structure with the following fields:
     - `ID` (integer)
     - `Position` (Nx3 matrix for N time steps, columns for X, Y, Z coordinates)
     - `Time` (Nx1 vector of time points)
2. **Populate the data set**
   - Simulate particle data using `simulateParticleMotion`.
   - Save the data to `particleData.mat`.
   - Load the data from `particleData.mat`.
   - Calculates the average velocity for each particle using `calculateAverageVelocity`.
   - Store the results in a table.
   - Plot the 3D trajectories of all particles on the same graph using `plot3`.

Example Output

After running your script, the command window displays:

```
Particle Average Velocities:
ID    AverageVelocity (units/s)
1     7.3204
2     6.368
3     6.2247
```

Example Plot

Testing

You can test your functionality running the following test files:

- `testSimulateParticleMotion`
- `testCalculateAverageVelocity`
- `testParticleSimulation`

Deliverables

1. Submit the script `particleSimulation.m`.
2. Include comments explaining each part of your code.
3. Submit the functions `simulateParticleMotion.m`, and `calculateAverageVelocity.m`.

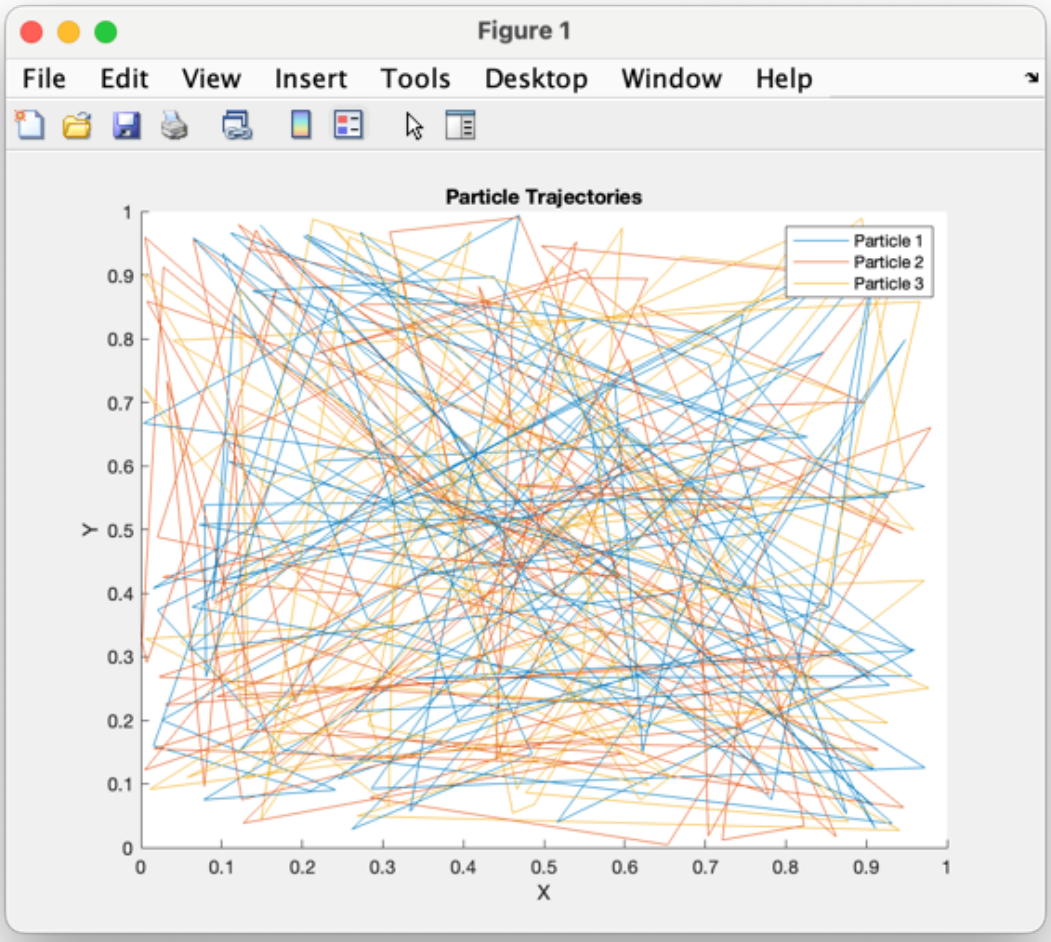

Figure 1: img.png

Definition of Done

Your `Week7` folder shall contain **at minimum** the following files:

- `addComponent.m`
- `componentDatabase.m`
- `struct2Table.m`
- `updateInventory.m`
- `recipeManager.m`
- `simulateParticleMotion.m`
- `calculateAverageVelocity.m`
- `particleSimulation.m`

Ensure that each script and function is well-documented and follows good coding practices.

Additional Instructions

- **Testing**:
  - While explicit test scripts are not provided, you are encouraged to test each function individually.
  - Verify that your functions handle edge cases and invalid inputs gracefully.
  - Use `assert` statements or conditional checks where appropriate.
- **Data Files**:
  - If any data files are required for your scripts (e.g., `particleData.mat`), ensure they are properly generated and saved within your scripts.
- **Plotting**:
  - For assignments involving plots, make sure your plots are properly labeled with titles, axis labels, and legends where appropriate.
  - Use formatting to enhance readability (e.g., grid lines, markers, line styles).