



eSignature
Infrastructure
ICT
Architecture
Strategy



ICT Architecture Strategy



- To enable pan European digital signature validation interoperability the back-end approach is chosen:
 - Receiver of signed documents shall be able to validate and accept signatures and certificates from all relevant counterparts, regardless of the certificate issuer of the counterpart.
- Enable <u>Validation</u> and <u>acceptance</u> for digital signatures (rich validation interface)
 - Cryptographic validation
 - Trust models for validation "proofs" (PPRS)
 - Standardized interfaces (XKMS)
 - Standardized scheme for quality classification (PEPPOL specification)



ICT Architecture Principles



- Realisation of a Federated Infrastructure for Digital Signature Validation.
- Implementation of European procurement directive:
 - Directives oblige any public purchaser in the EU to effectively recognize, receive and process tenders submitted, if required, with a qualified signature and their accompanying certificates, regardless of their origin within the EU or their technical characteristics
- A receiver cannot enter agreements with all certificate issuers over Europe.
- A receiver cannot by itself judge quality and liability of digital signatures.





