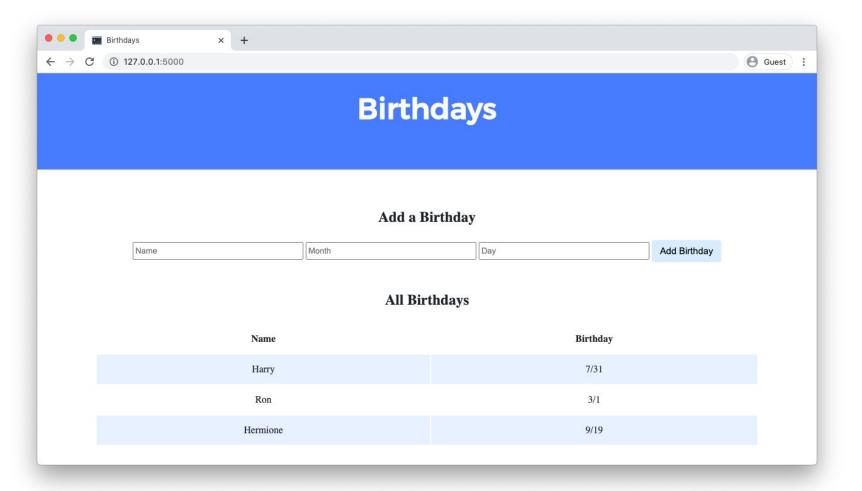


# Section.

Week 9: Flask

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Attendance Form: cs50.ly/section9



```
birthdays/
    static/
       styles.css
    templates/
       index.html
    app.py
    birthdays.db
```

# Routes

# https://birthdays.net/

https://birthdays.net/add

# Return index page ("homepage")

@app.route("/")

def index():

return render\_template("index.html")

@app.route("/")

def index():

# flask run

# Forms

### Form element

```
Route to request Request method
<form action="/" method="post">
</form>
```

### **GET vs POST requests**

 GET: user visits page through a direct link, you haven't submitted any sensitive data

 POST: no sensitive data appears in URL, use after submitting a form or logging in

### **Elements of forms**

```
<input name="friend" type="text">
<input name="month" type="number">
<button type="submit">Submit</button>
```

### **Elements of forms**

```
<input name="friend" type="text">
<input name="month" type="number">
<button type="submit">Submit</button>
        Submits form when clicked!
```

#### Add a form

In **index.html**, add a form to submit new birthdays. The form should have the following attributes:

- The form should submit to the default "/" route, using the POST method.
- The form should include an input for a name, as well as the month and day of a birthday.
- The form should include a button to submit the form.

# Updating a model

request.form.get("friend")

<input name="friend" type="text">

request.args.get("friend")

<input name="friend" type="text">

# VALUES (value1, value2);

INSERT INTO table (column1, column2)

db.execute()

∨	S		
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> 🗎 templa	tes		
🗋 арр.ру			
🗋 birth	0	C. I. F.	
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> 🖹 cash	Cash Open With		
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> 🗎 credit			
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> 🖹 Emojic	Open in phpLiteAdmin		
> 🖹 exerci:	open in pripare Admin		

### Update a database

In app.py, insert a new entry to the birthdays table of birthdays.db when the user submits data via POST:

- Use request.form.get to get the values from each named input element.
- Use db.execute with ? placeholders to insert those values into the birthdays table.
- Be sure to validate user input. For example, check if a value is
   None before inserting the value into the database.

# Template Rendering

```
The message is: {{ message }}
```

```
{% for bday in bdays %}
     {{ bday }}
{% endfor %}
```

```
This birthday is in {{ bday.month }}
```

{% ... %} Jinja expressions (e.g., for)

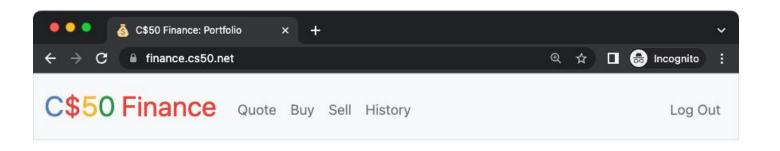
{{ ... }} Jinja variables (e.g., bday, message)

### Render birthdays

In **app.py** and **index.html**, query for birthdays and display them in a table.

- Use db.execute to query for a list of birthdays in the birthdays table.
- Use Jinja syntax to print out birthdays one by one in a table.

### Problem Set 9



Symbol	Name	Shares	Price	TOTAL
NFLX	Netflix Inc.	1	\$260.79	\$260.79
			Cash	\$9,739.21
			TOTAL	\$10,000.00

Data provided by <u>IEX</u>

### **Problem Set 9 Tips**

- Start early
- Recall that db.execute("SELECT ...") will return a Python list of dictionaries, where each dictionary is a row with keys corresponding to column names.
- When designing your database, try to minimize redundancy. If you already have a user's history of transactions, how could you derive their portfolio?
- Remember to validate user input before using it! Are values numbers where they should be? In the right range?
- A demo application is available <a href="https://finance.cs50.net/">https://finance.cs50.net/</a>
- Use Inspect to view the demo's HTML (you can use it!)