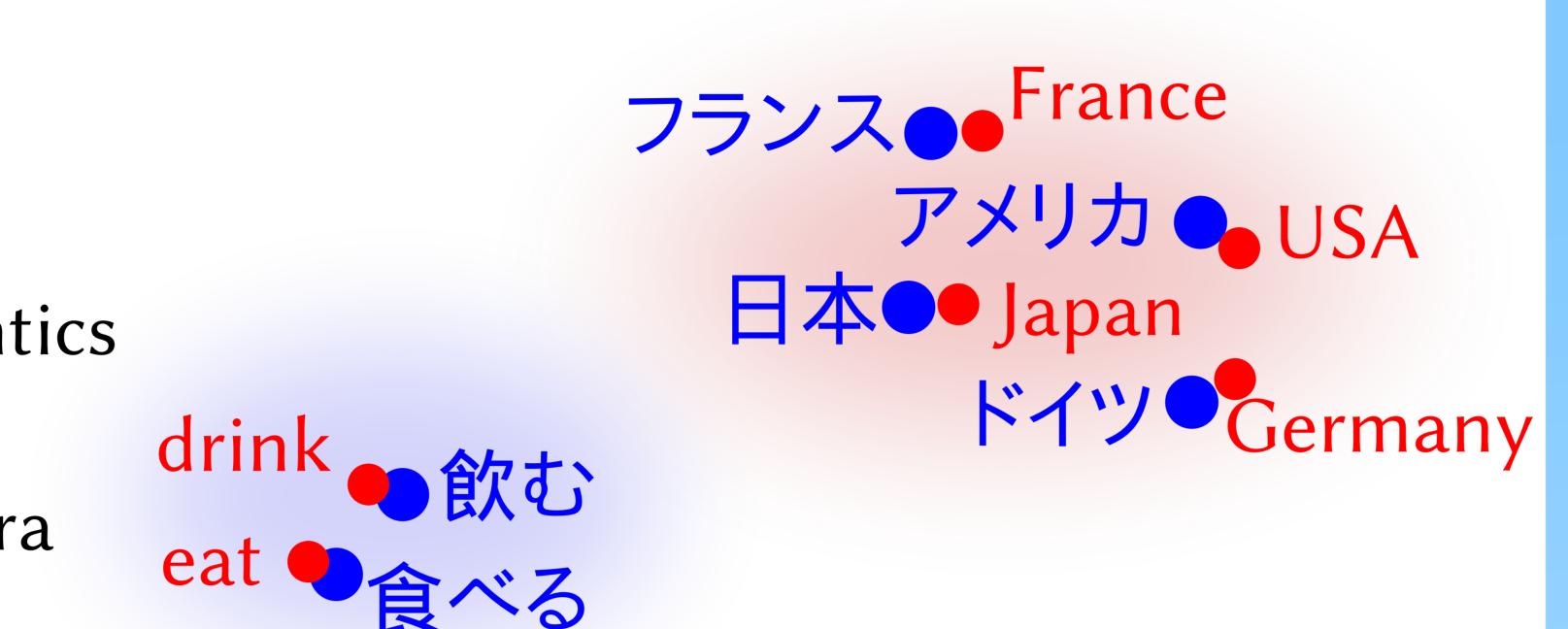
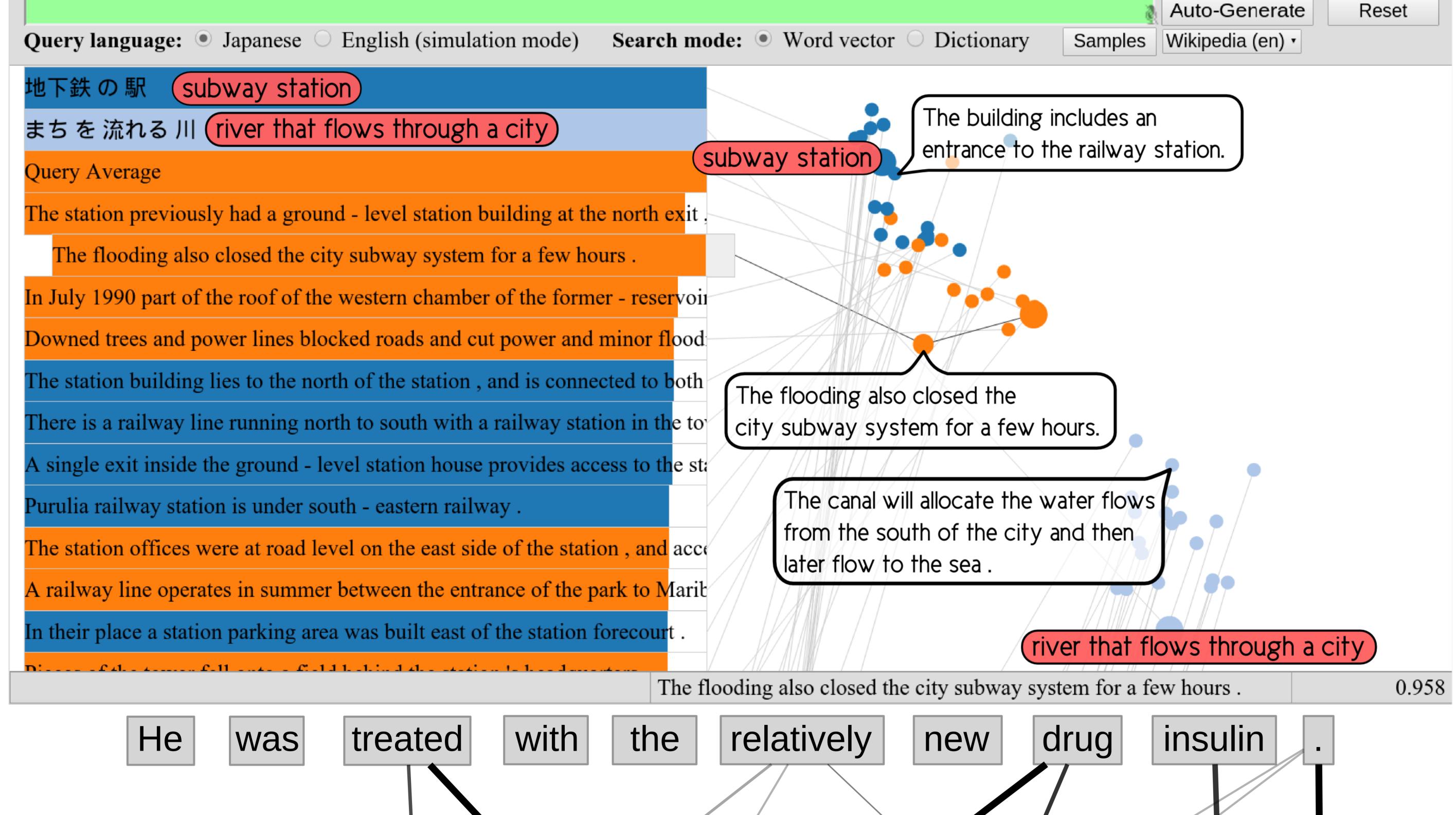
# CroVeWA: Crosslingual Vector-Based Writing Assistance

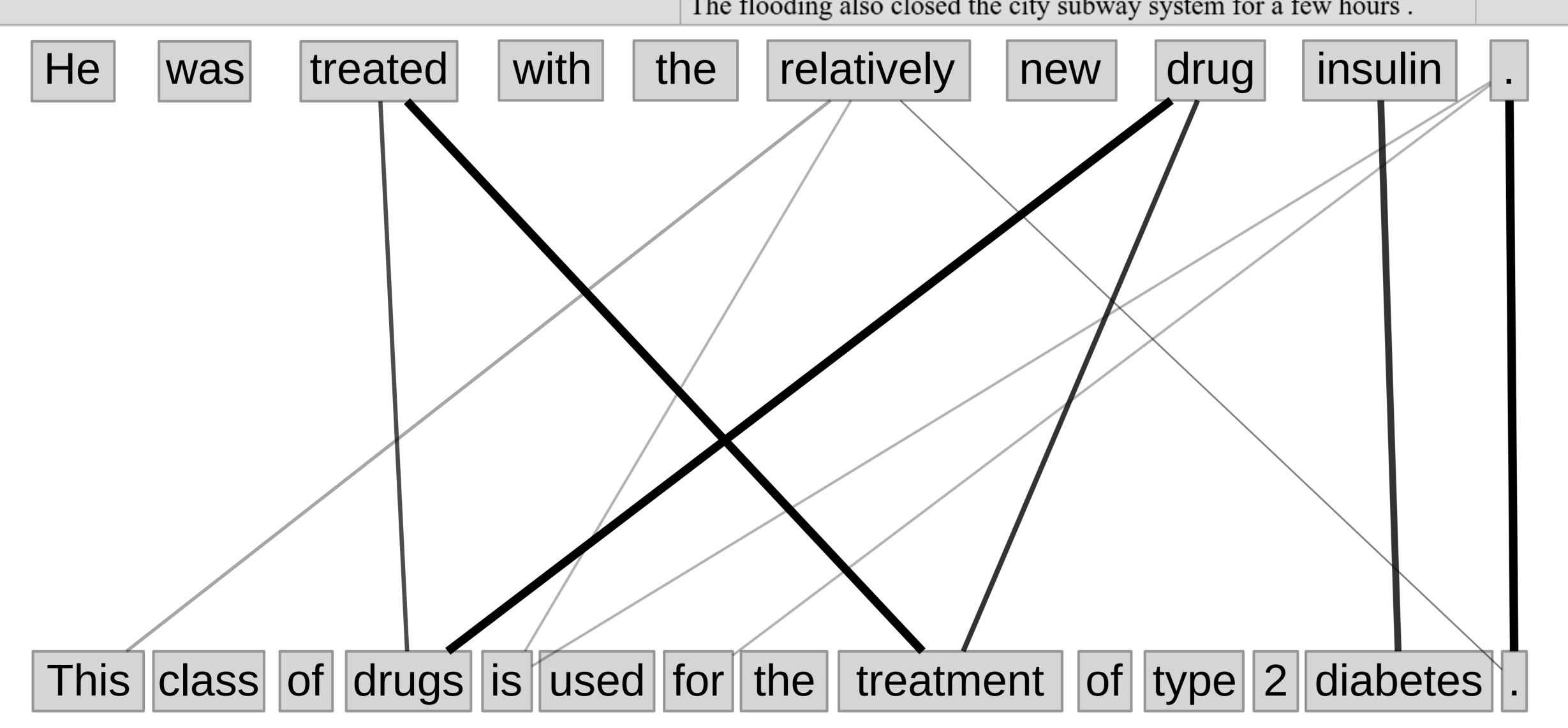
Hubert Soyer \* Goran Topić \* Pontus Stenetorp † Akiko Aizawa \* hubert.soyer@gmail.com goran\_topic@nii.ac.jp pontus@stenetorp.se aizawa@nii.ac.jp \* National Institute of Informatics, Tokyo, Japan † University College London, London, UK † now at Google DeepMind

### CROSSLINGUAL WRITING ASSISTANCE

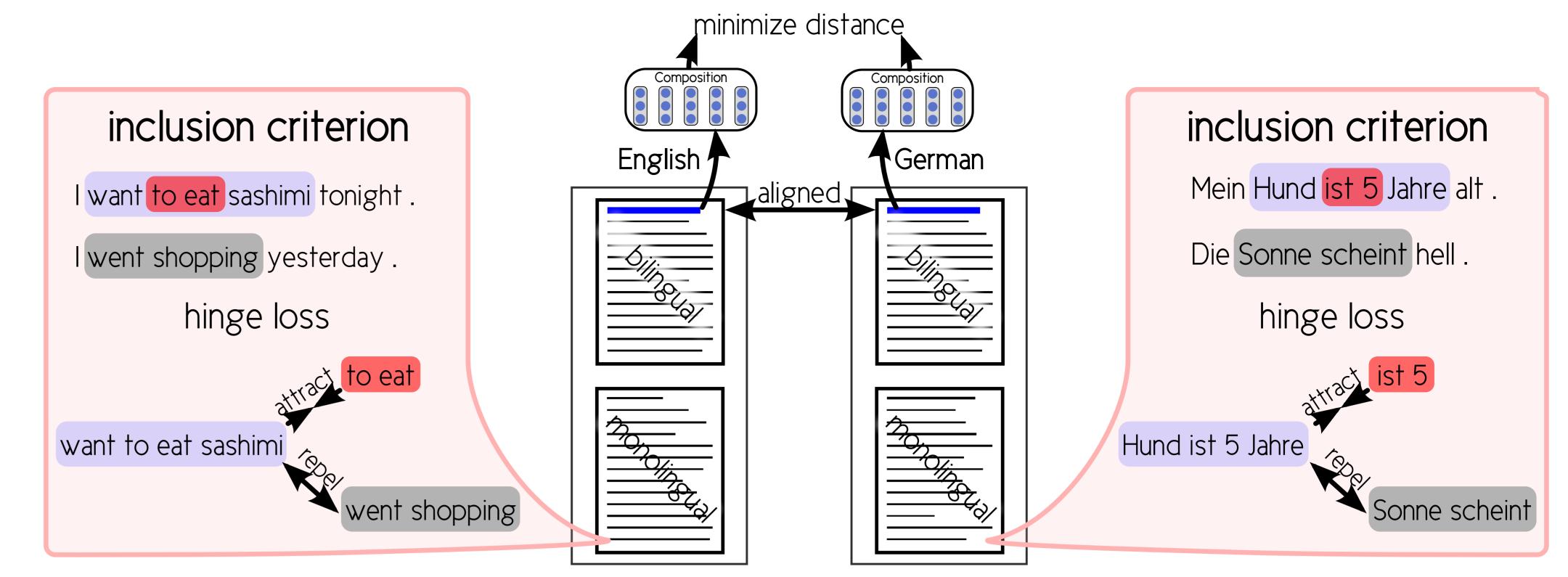
- Input: Japanese/English query
- Retrieve semantically related sentences from high-quality English corpora
- Based on Compositional Distributed Semantics
- Visualize phrase relationships
- Retrieve sentences from English-only corpora
- Word-to-word correspondences







#### WORD REPRESENTATIONS



Leveraging monolingual data for crosslingual compositional word representations

Hubert Soyer, Pontus Stenetorp, and Aizawa Akiko - ICLR 2015

Induce <u>crosslingually constrained</u> vector representations of words leveraging bilingual and monolingual resources

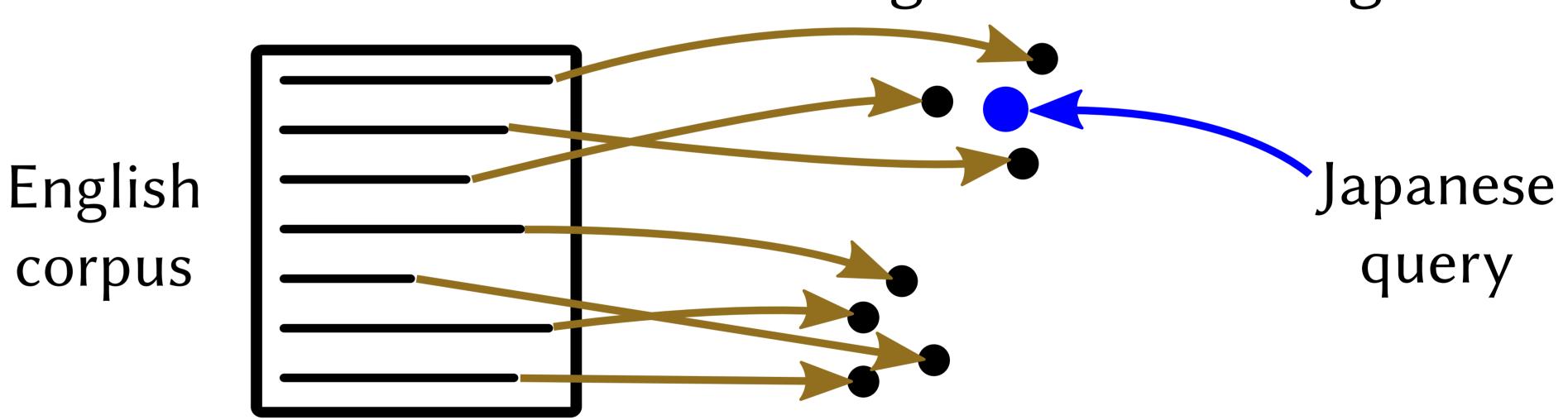
"Keep vectors of translations close" (bilingual corpus)

"Sub-phrases are usually closer to their mother phrase than to random other phrases" (monolingual corpora)

### PRE-PROCESS (ENGLISH) CORPUS

For every phrase in high-quality English corpora

- 1.) Compose vector representation
- 2.) Insert into index of nearest neighbor search engine



## (JAPANESE) QUERY LOOKUP

- 1.) Compose vector representation of query
- 2.) Find nearest neighbors among English corpora vectors

#### VISUALIZATION

Sentence-level visualization

- ◆ High-dimensional sentence and query vectors → 2D
  - Inspired by Multi Dimensional Scaling
  - Queries as points of reference

Word-to-word correspondences

Sentence pair - visualize similarities between word-vectors