GIT INTERNALS

PART 1: OBJECTS

OVERVIEW

- Motivation
- Objects
 - 3 Types
- Two new git commands
- DEMO

MOTIVATION

We found that understanding this information is fundamentally important to appreciating how useful and powerful Git is, others argue that it's confusing and unnecessarily complex for beginners. ... We leave it up to you to decide.

— 10.1 Git Internals - Plumbing and Porcelain

MOTIVATING QUESTIONS

How does git *really* work?

How does git reconstruct a project with only a commit hash?

How do git repositories *not* take up a lot of disk space?

OBJECTS

WHAT IS GIT?

Two unconventional definitions:

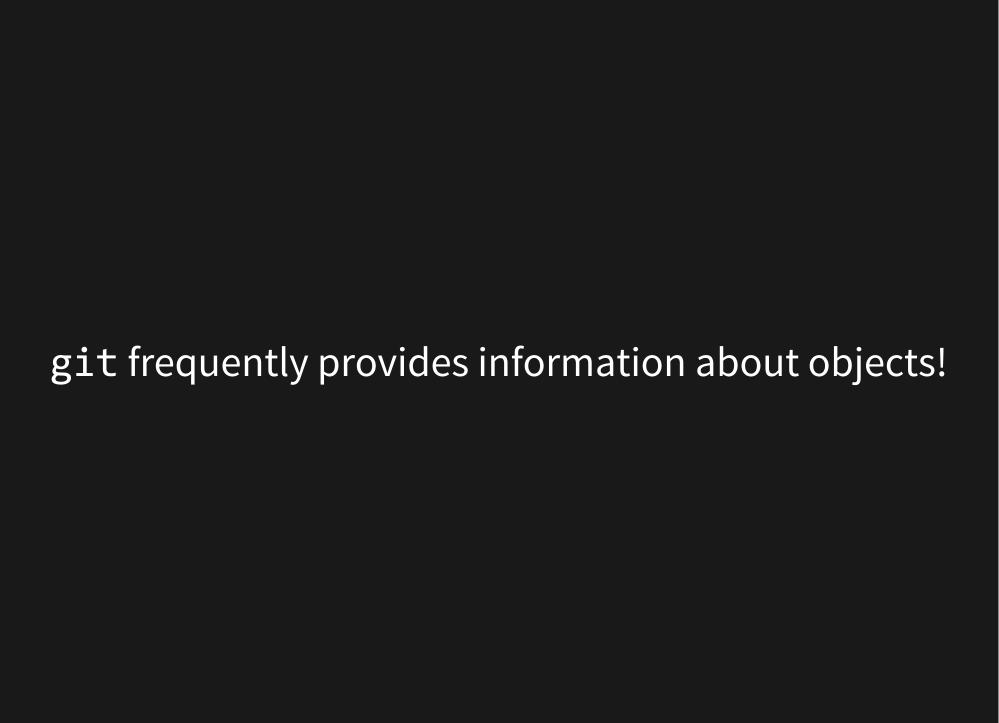
- 1. a content-addressable filesystem
- 2. a simple key-value data store

WHAT ARE THE VALUES AND KEYS?

Values are objects.

Keys are hashes.

Objects are immutable.



CLONING

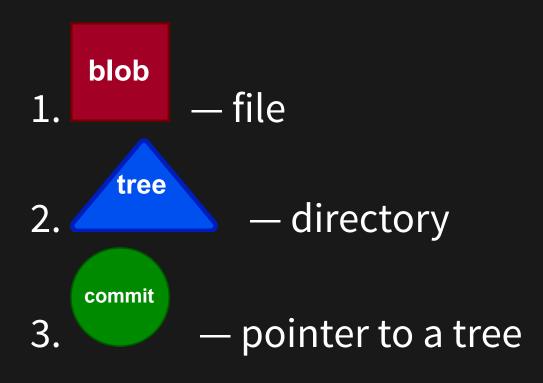
```
$ git clone git@github.com:gbroques/prop-types.git
Cloning into 'prop-types'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 6125, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (6125/6125), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (3578/3578), done.
remote: Total 6125 (delta 2500), reused 5704 (delta 2238)
Receiving objects: 100% (6125/6125), 40.72 MiB | 592.00 KiB/s,
Resolving deltas: 100% (2500/2500), done.
Updating files: 100% (2951/2951), done.
```

PUSHING

PULLING

```
$ git pull
remote: Enumerating objects: 112, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (101/101), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (71/71), done.
remote: Total 71 (delta 52), reused 0 (delta 0)
Unpacking objects: 100% (71/71), 9.84 KiB | 13.00 KiB/s, done.
From git@github.com:gbroques/prop-types.git
       f1c0c2a3..3f4264d6 release/1.0
                                                 -> origin/
       * [new branch] feature/adding-use-claims-map ->
       * [new branch] feature/cleaning-up-app -> origi
       * [new branch] feature/typography-font-size ->
       2f0c2b27..ef61c43d feature/updating-url-in-commands -
       * [new branch] release/1.1
                                                   -> origi
Updating f1c0c2a3 3f4264d6
```

3 OBJECT TYPES

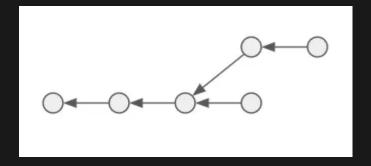


OBJECT HASHING & STORAGE

Stored in the object database (.git/objects/)

Each object has a unique 40-char SHA-1 hash

```
.git/objects
- 0f/
- 6a4e6354e536514412ba38ab50ad6264a4d323 # 38 char file
- 2d/
- 0e74b07052fd2d44788bb3cced2923e56786bb
- 2bd6b04c3e39b0c611ada8b0cbd12e64f46c11
- dd/
- f93dd01ed0c56b50f98ef7c4773a81a5a17a5b
```



Objects form a directed acyclic graph.

TWO NEW GIT COMMANDS

- 1. git hash-object
- 2.git cat-file

git hash-object

generate the hash of an object from its content

Reference

HASH-OBJECT EXAMPLE

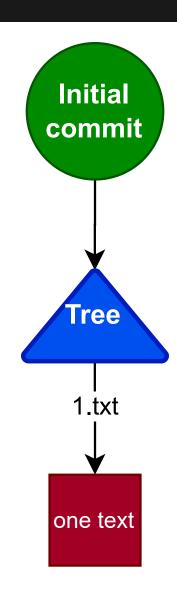
\$ echo "text" | git hash-object --stdin 8e27be7d6154a1f68ea9160ef0e18691d20560 git cat-file -p <hash>
 pretty print an object
 Reference

blob

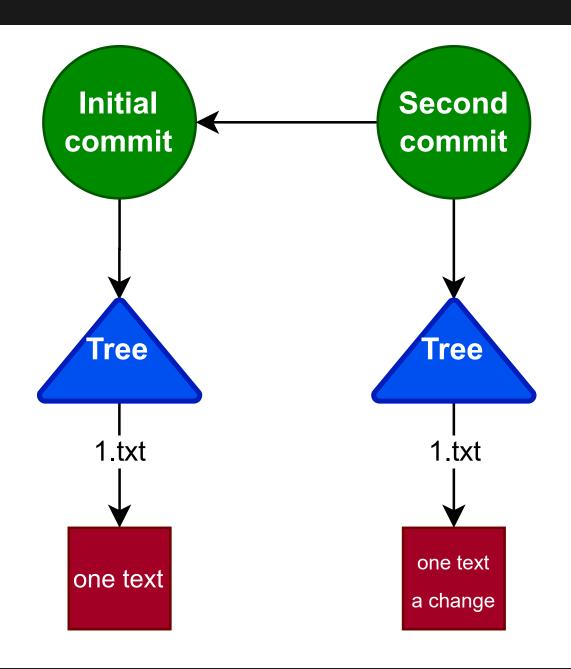
tree commit

DEMO!

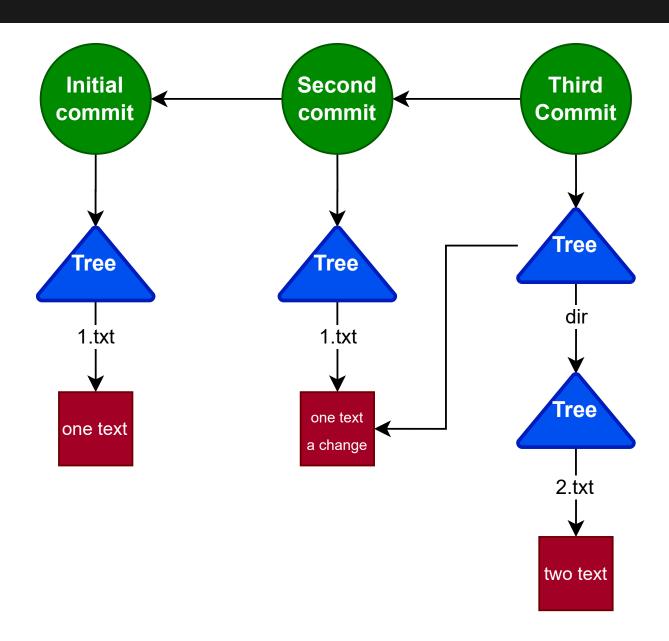
- 1 \$ echo "one text" > 1.txt
- 2 \$ git add .
- 3 \$ git commit -m "Initial commit"



- 1 \$ echo "a change" >> 1.txt
- 2 \$ git add .
- 3 \$ git commit -m "Second commit"



- 1 \$ mkdir dir
- 2 \$ echo "two text" > dir/2.txt
- 3 \$ git add .
- 4 \$ git commit -m "Third commit"



CURRENT STATE

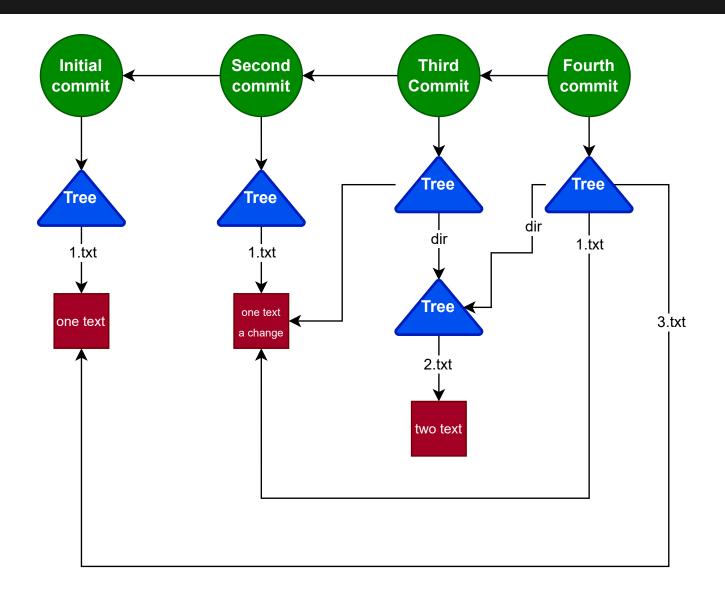
If I made a fourth commit:

- adding a file 3.txt
- with the content "one text"

then how many new objects would be created?



- 1 \$ echo "one text" > 3.txt
- 2 \$ git add .
- 3 \$ git commit -m "Fourth commit"



CONCLUSION

Git is a content-addressable filesystem, and a *simple* key-value store, built on:

- Blobs like files
- 📤 Trees like directories
- Commits pointers to trees (with meta-data)

and git relates these objects together in a graph structure on disk.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

- https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2/Git-Internals-Plumbing-and-Porcelain
- GIT Internals (Part 1: Architecture and Objects)
- YouTube: Git Internals How Git Works Fear Not The SHA!

BONUS TOPICS

FOURTH TYPE OF GIT OBJECT

lightweight versus annotated tags

Reference

EMPTY COMMITS

Reference

Node.js implementation of git cat-file and git hash-object:

https://github.com/gbroques/zlib-git-nodejs

PART 2: HEAD, BRANCHES, AND TAGS

