From rails new to App Store

Building iOS and Android Apps with Rails 5 and Turbolinks

Who We Are

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What we built

- a Rails chat app
- ...with a native iOS app
- ...and a native Android app

github.com/gbuesing/turbochat

What we used

- Rails 5
- ActionCable
- Turbolinks
- Turbolinks-iOS adapter
- Turbolinks-Android adapter

What we didn't use

- PhoneGap
- Cordova
- React Native
- RubyMotion
- etc

Why build native apps with Turbolinks?

- Simply use Rails to build bulk of app functionality
- Progressively enhance with native functionality as needed
- Deliver bug fixes and new features with a simple web app deploy

Overview of Turbolinks

Turbolinks makes your web application faster.

"Get the performance benefits of a **single-page application** without the added complexity of a client-side JavaScript framework."

github.com/turbolinks/turbolinks

Turbolinks history lesson (part one):

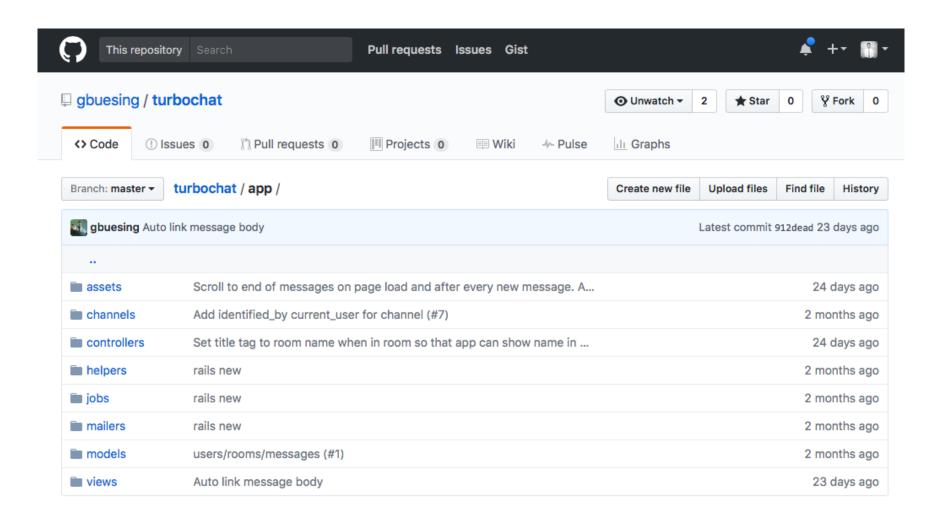
- pjax
- Turbolinks "Classic" (Rails 4.0)
- Turbolinks 5 (Rails 5.0)

pjax

Jquery plugin to make GitHub's inline code browser faster.

- Replace page elements without a full page reload
- Use jQuery and pushState() to maintain URLs

github.com/defunkt/jquery-pjax





```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <script src="pjax.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
  <div id="file-navigation">
    <!-- links to folders, files, etc -->
  </div>
  <script>
   // enable faster browsing within the file-navigation
    $(document).pjax('a', '#file-navigation')
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

Turbolinks history lesson (part two):

- pjax
- Turbolinks "Classic" (Rails 4.0)
- Turbolinks 5 (Rails 5.0)

Turbolinks "Classic"

While pjax only replaces part of the page, Turbolinks operates on the entire page. When you follow a link, Turbolinks automatically fetches the page, swaps in its <body> , and merges its <head> , all without incurring the cost of a full page load."

github.com/turbolinks/turbolinks-classic

Turbolinks history lesson (part three):

- pjax
- Turbolinks "Classic" (Rails 4.0)
- Turbolinks 5 (Rails 5.0)

Turbolinks 5

- Ground-up rewrite with the same core idea as Turbolinks Classic
- Drops jQuery dependency
- Supports mobile apps via native adapters

github.com/turbolinks

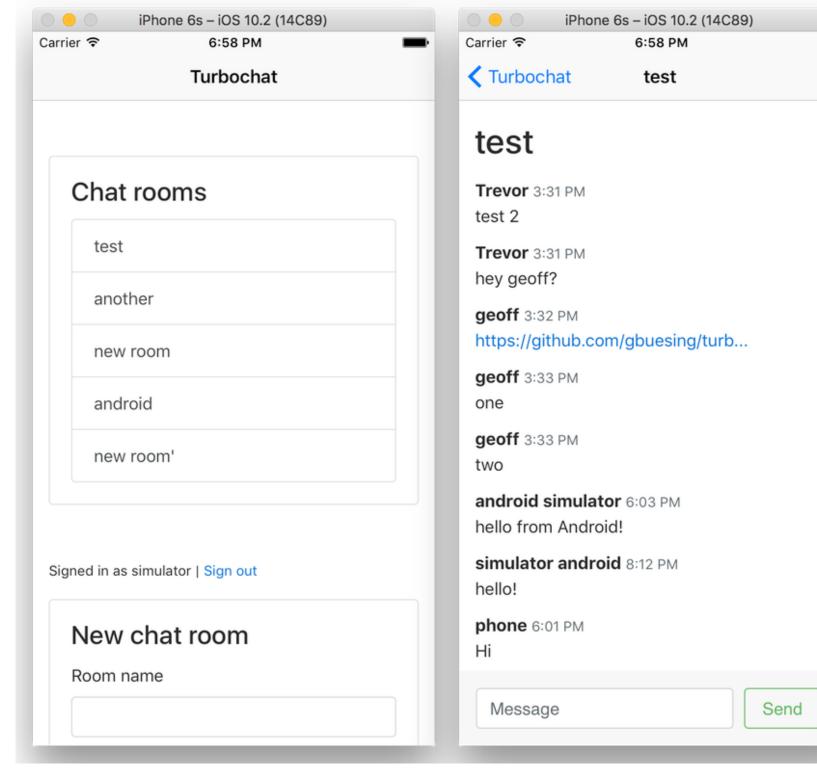
Turbolinks adapters for iOS and Android

- Automatically manages a single web view instance across multiple view controllers
- Enables using native navigation UI and other native features as needed
- Leverages client-side performance benefits of Turbolinks
- Doesn't lock you into a custom app development framework

Turbolinks adapter benefits:

- Do less native app development
- Leverage your existing web views on native platforms
- Use HTML/CSS for layouts, instead of complex storyboards etc
- Use the Safari developer mode and Chrome web tools you love
- Release native app bug fixes with a simple web deploy

The app: Turbochat



Breaking out of the web view box, i.e. hybrid apps

Communicating with your iOS and Android apps

- Web app can send messages to the native app via Javascript
- Native app can call Javascript functions in the web app
- Native app can intercept link clicks and handle as desired

Example use cases

- Update web view cookie when device geolocation changes
- Display a native alert
- Add button to native toolbar

Web app sends message to iOS

```
// js
window.webkit.messageHandlers.log.postMessage("hi");
```

...iOS app exposes "log" handler:

```
// swift
webViewConfiguration.userContentController
    addScriptMessageHandler(self, name: "log")

func userContentController(userContentController:
        WKUserContentController, didReceiveScriptMessage
    message: WKScriptMessage) {
    print("Logging: \((message.body))")
}
```

Web app sends message to Android

```
// js
window.AndroidNative.log("hi")
```

...Android app exposes "log" handler:

```
// java
@JavascriptInterface
public void log(String value) {
        Log.d("Logging:", value)
}
webView.addJavascriptInterface(this, "AndroidNative");
```

iOS calls web app function

```
// swift
let js = "(function() { return new Date() })();";
webView.evaluateJavaScript(js) { (result, error) in print("Date is \((result)\)")
}
```

Android calls web app function

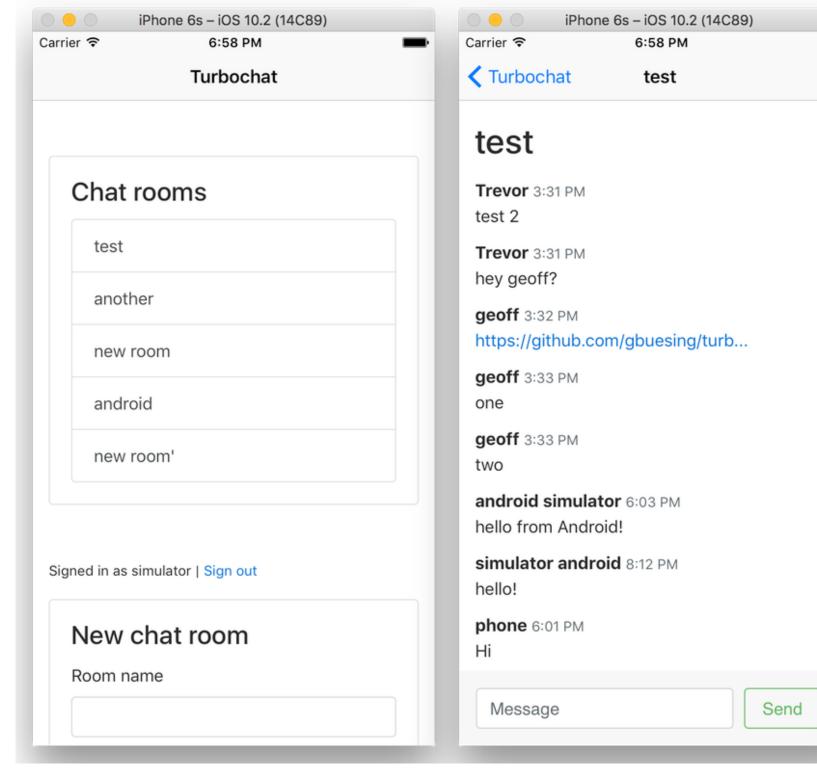
```
String js = "(function() { return new Date() })();";

ValueCallback callback = new ValueCallback<String>() {
    @Override
    public void onReceiveValue(String s) {
        Log.d("Date is:", s);
    }
};

webView.evaluateJavascript(js, callback);
```

Use native code and navigation UI progressively where needed

- Intercept links and render select views as native
- Use completely native views for pages that need native speed



Intercept a link and render native (iOS)

```
<a href="/rooms">Show me rooms</a>
```

Intercept a link and render native (Android)

```
<a href="/rooms">Show me rooms</a>
```

```
// java
@Override
public void visitProposedToLocationWithAction(
        String location, String action) {
    if (location == 'https://myapp.com/rooms') {
        // render native view
    } else {
        Intent intent = new Intent(this,
                MainActivity.class);
        intent.putExtra(INTENT_URL, location);
        this.startActivity(intent);
```

- Customize HTML, JS and CSS that your Rails app serves to native apps
- Optionally render completely different views for mobile and/or native apps

Set custom User-Agent header in native apps:

```
// i0S
let config = WKWebViewConfiguration()
config.applicationNameForUserAgent = "Turbochat i0S"
```

```
// Android
TurbolinksSession.getDefault(this).getWebView()
.getSettings()
.setUserAgentString("Turbochat Android");
```

Helper method:

```
class ApplicationController < ActionController::Base
private
   def native_app?
    request.user_agent =~ /Turbochat/
   end
   helper_method :native_app?
end</pre>
```

In views:

```
<% if native_app? %>
    <% = javascript_include_tag 'native-only-js' %>
    <% end %>

<% unless native_app? %>
    <nav>Navbar</nav>
    <% end %>
```

Conclusion

Pros

- Leverage your existing knowledge and web app code
- Build adaptive views in HTML vs. native constraint layouts
- Release bug fixes and new features with a simple deploy
- Do less native app development

Cons

- There's no magic, you'll need to use Xcode and Android Studio
- ...and Swift and Java

Questions?

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