

[illegible]

```

    }
    cout << "\n";
}
cout << "Your Point C: " << C;
cout<< "\n";
cout << "Midpoint (B/C): " << (B / C);
cout<< "\n";
cout << "B+C: " << (B + C);
cout<< "\n";
cout << "B-C: " << (B - C);
cout<< "\n";
cout << "C-B: " << (C - B);
cout<< "\n";
cout << "B=C?: " << (B == C ? "True" : "False") << "\n";
cout << "B!=C? " << (B != C ? "True" : "False") << "\n";

    return 0;
}
#ifdef POINT_H
#define POINT_H
#include <cmath>
#include <iostream>

// A 2D point class

class Point
{
    double x, // x coordinate of point
    y; // y coordinate of point

public:
    Point(void)
        :x(0.0), y(0.0){}

    Point(double new_x, double new_y)
        :x(new_x), y(new_y){}

    std::ostream & Output(std::ostream & out) const // output this point
    {
        out << "( " << x << ", " << y << " )"; // (x,y)
        return out;
    }

    std::istream & Input(std::istream & in) // input this point
    {
        in.ignore();
        in>>x;
        in.ignore();
        in >> y;
        in.ignore();
        return in;
    }

    Point distance(const Point & b) // distance between this point and other
    {
        Point temp;
        temp.x = (x + b.x) / 2;
        temp.y = (y + b.y) / 2;
        return temp;
    }

    double get_x(void) { return x; }
    double get_y(void) { return y; }

    void set_x(double new_x) { x = new_x; }
    void set_y(double new_y) { y = new_y; }
};

```

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Point flip_x(void)
{
    return Point(x, -y);
}

Point flip_y(void)
{
    return Point(-x, y);
}

Point shift_x(double move_by)
{
    return Point(x + move_by, y);
}

Point shift_y(double move_by)
{
    return Point(x, y + move_by);
}

Point operator-(const Point & b)
{
    Point temp;
    temp.x = x - b.x;
    temp.y = y - b.y;
    return temp;
}

Point operator+(const Point & b)
{
    Point temp;
    temp.x = (x + b.x);
    temp.y = (y + b.y);
    return temp;
}

Point & operator=(const Point & b)
{
    x = b.x;
    y = b.y;
    return *this;
}

bool operator==(const Point & b)
{
    if ((x == b.x) && (y == b.y))
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}

bool operator!=(const Point & b)
{
    if ((x != b.x) || (y != b.y))
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}

Point operator/(const Point & b)
{
    return distance(b);
}

```

```

}

friend std::istream& operator>>(std::istream & in, Point & b);
friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream & out, const Point & b);
};

inline std::istream& operator>>(std::istream & in, Point & b) //input
{
    b.Input(in);
    return (in);
}

inline std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream & out, const Point & b) //output
{
    b.Output(out);
    return out;
}

#ifdef
\033]0;g_butler4@mars:~/csc122/ops\007[g_butler4@mars ops]$ ./point.out
Point A: ( 5, 10 )
Point B: ( 25, 25 )
Midpoint (A/B): ( 15, 17.5 )
A+B: ( 30, 35 )
A-B: ( -20, -15 )
B-A: ( 20, 15 )
B=A?: False
B!=C? True
B is now equal to A:( 5, 10 )
Input Point C in (x,y) format
(1,1)^H

Your Point C: ( 1, 1 )
Midpoint (B/C): ( 3, 5.5 )
B+C: ( 6, 11 )
B-C: ( 4, 9 )
C-B: ( -4, -9 )
B=C?: False
B!=C? True
\033]0;g_butler4@mars:~/csc122/ops\007[g_butler4@mars ops]$ ./point.out
Point A: ( 5, 10 )
Point B: ( 25, 25 )
Midpoint (A/B): ( 15, 17.5 )
A+B: ( 30, 35 )
A-B: ( -20, -15 )
B-A: ( 20, 15 )
B=A?: False
B!=C? True
B is now equal to A:( 5, 10 )
Input Point C in (x,y) format
(5,5)

Your Point C: ( 5, 5 )
Midpoint (B/C): ( 5, 7.5 )
B+C: ( 10, 15 )
B-C: ( 0, 5 )
C-B: ( 0, -5 )
B=C?: False
B!=C? True
\033]0;g_butler4@mars:~/csc122/ops\007[g_butler4@mars ops]$ ./point.out
Point A: ( 5, 10 )
Point B: ( 25, 25 )
Midpoint (A/B): ( 15, 17.5 )
A+B: ( 30, 35 )

```

```
A-B: ( -20, -15 )
B-A: ( 20, 15 )
B=A?: False
B!=C? True
B is now equal to A:( 5, 10 )
Input Point C in (x,y) format
(5,10)
```

```
Your Point C: ( 5, 10 )
Midpoint (B/C): ( 5, 7.5 )
B+C: ( 10, 20 )
B-C: ( 0, 0 )
C-B: ( 0, 0 )
B=C?: True
B!=C? False
```

```
\033]0;g_butler4@mars:~/csc122/ops\007[g_butler4@mars ops]$ cat point_tpq.txt
```

Q's and A's:

- 1.All but the input and output operators are members.
- 2.Anyhting that doesnt change the original values should be const, or anything that is void.
- 3.Equality returns a bool, input and output return their respective streams, and assignment returns a new object.
- 4.No, it would be better off as a funtion to find midpoint because the / operator can be used for its intened purpose.
- 5.Less than or greater than is hard to determine when it comes to points. If it were to be used, it would only be arithmetic and wouldnt serve a greater purpose in the program.
- 6.Operators are finite, its better to call flip and shift by functions rather than operators.
- 7.No, the original methods are still useful when called directly.\033]0;g\_butler4@mars:~/csc122/ops\007[g\_butler4@mars ops]\$ exit  
exit

Script done on Thu 19 May 2016 03:45:31 PM CDT