

HW 2.1

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$$\left. \begin{aligned} \nabla^2 \phi + \frac{2(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A})}{2t} &= -\frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0} \\ \nabla^2 \vec{A} - \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 \vec{A}}{\partial t^2} &= -\mu_0 \vec{J} + \vec{\nabla} \left(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} \right) \end{aligned} \right\} \text{E.o.M.}$$

Condition: $\frac{2(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A})}{2t} = 0$

$$\phi' = \phi - \frac{2\chi}{2t} \quad \vec{A}' = \vec{A} + \vec{\nabla} \chi$$

$$\frac{2(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A}')}{2t} = \frac{2(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} + \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \chi)}{2t} = 0$$

$$\frac{2(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A})}{2t} = -\frac{2(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \chi)}{2t} = f(\vec{x}, t)$$

E.o.M.

$$\rightarrow 2\chi = -\frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\nabla^2 \vec{A} - \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 \vec{A}}{\partial t^2} = -\mu_0 \vec{J} + \vec{\nabla} \left(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} \right)$$

Conditions for new gauge:

$$\phi' = \phi - \frac{\partial \chi}{\partial t} \quad \vec{A}' = \vec{A} + \vec{\nabla} \chi$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \chi) = 0$$