

# Quantum Mechanics 412-1 Discussion

Tuesday, 15 October 2019

## 1. Coupled time evolution.

Consider a system with a pair of observable quantities  $A$  and  $B$ , whose commutation relations with the Hamiltonian take the form  $[H, A] = i\hbar\omega B$  and  $[H, B] = -i\hbar\omega A$ , where  $\omega$  is some real constant. Suppose that the expectation values of  $A$  and  $B$  are known at time  $t = 0$  as  $\langle A \rangle(t = 0) = A_0$  and  $\langle B \rangle(t = 0) = B_0$ . Find formulas for the expectation values of  $A$  and  $B$  as a function of time,  $\langle A \rangle(t)$  and  $\langle B \rangle(t)$ , assuming the operators themselves do not explicitly depend on time.

## 2. Operator methods and time dependence.

The Hamiltonian  $H$  has two normalized eigenstates  $|\psi_1\rangle$  and  $|\psi_2\rangle$  which correspond to distinct eigenvalues  $E_1$  and  $E_2$ .

- (a) Show that  $|\psi_1\rangle$  and  $|\psi_2\rangle$  are orthogonal.
- (b) Suppose there is some observable  $A$  for which  $A|\psi_1\rangle = |\psi_2\rangle$  and  $A|\psi_2\rangle = |\psi_1\rangle$ . Calculate the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $A$ .
- (c) Assuming that at  $t = 0$  a system is in the state  $|\psi(t = 0)\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|\psi_1\rangle - |\psi_2\rangle)$ , show that the probability of the system returning to its initial state is given as a function of time as  $P(t) = \cos^2[(E_1 - E_2)t/2\hbar]$

## 3. Expected momentum.

- (a) Show that, for a real, normalized wavefunction  $\psi(x)$ , the expectation value of momentum vanishes,  $\langle P \rangle = 0$ .
- (b) Show that if  $\psi(x)$  has a mean momentum  $\langle P \rangle$ , the wavefunction  $e^{ip_0x/\hbar}\psi(x)$  has a mean momentum  $\langle P \rangle + p_0$ .

## 4. Operators and eigenbases

Consider an operator  $Q$  characterized in the basis of energy eigenkets  $|1\rangle$  and  $|2\rangle$  as:

$$Q = a(|1\rangle\langle 1| + |1\rangle\langle 2| - |2\rangle\langle 2|) \quad (1)$$

Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $Q$  in terms of  $a$  and  $|1\rangle$  &  $|2\rangle$ . Are the eigenkets orthogonal? Did you expect them to be? If there's disagreement between these two answers, try to reconcile it.