

`\ddots`

This command produces three dots on a diagonal. Its most common use is to indicate repetition along the diagonal of a matrix.

Example:

```


$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \ldots & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \ldots & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$


```

produces:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \ldots & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \ldots & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$