1

\dots

This command produces an ellipsis, i.e., three dots, in ordinary text. It's intended for use in mathematical writing; for an ellipsis between ordinary words, you should use \$\$\ldots\$ (p. '\ldots') instead. Since \dots includes its own space, you shouldn't follow it by \u.

Example:

The sequence x_1 , x_2 , \dots, $x_{\inf y}$ does not terminate.

produces:

The sequence $x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_{\infty}$ does not terminate.