

`\delcode` $\langle charcode \rangle$ [$\langle number \rangle$ table entry]

This table entry specifies the delimiter code for the input character whose ASCII code is $\langle charcode \rangle$. The delimiter code tells T_EX how to find the best output character to use for typesetting the indicated input character as a delimiter.

$\langle number \rangle$ is normally written in hexadecimal notation. Suppose that $\langle number \rangle$ is the hexadecimal number $s_1s_2s_3l_1l_2l_3$. Then when the character is used as a delimiter, T_EX takes the character to have small variant $s_1s_2s_3$ and large variant $l_1l_2l_3$. Here $s_1s_2s_3$ indicates the math character found in position s_2s_3 of family s_1 , and similarly for $l_1l_2l_3$. This is the same convention as the one used for `\mathcode` (p. ‘`\mathcode`’), except that `\mathcode` also specifies a class.

Example:

```
\delcode ‘( = "028300 % As in plain TeX.
```