1

```
\discretionary { \langle pre\text{-}break \ text \rangle } { \langle post\text{-}break \ text \rangle } { \langle no\text{-}break \ text \rangle }
```

This command specifies a "discretionary break", namely, a place where TEX can break a line. It also tells TEX what text to put on either side of the break.

- If T_{EX} does not break there, it uses the $\langle no\text{-}break \ text \rangle$.
- If TeX does break there, it puts the ⟨pre-break text⟩ just before the break and the ⟨post-break text⟩ just after the break.

Just as with \-, TEX isn't obligated to break a line at a discretionary break. In fact, \- is ordinarily equivalent to \discretionary{-}{}{}.

TEX sometimes inserts discretionary breaks on its own. For example, it inserts \discretionary{}{}} after an explicit hyphen or dash.

Example:

```
% An ordinary discretionary hyphen (equivalent to \-):
\discretionary{-}{}{}
% A place where TeX can break a line, but should not
% insert a space if the line isn't broken there, e.g.,
% after a dash:
\discretionary{}{}{}
% Accounts for German usage: 'flicken', but 'flik-
% ken':
German ''fli\discretionary{k-}{k}{ck}en'
```