

☞ `\proclaim <argument>.\sq <general text>\par`

This command “proclaims” a theorem, lemma, hypothesis, etc. It sets *<argument>* in boldface type and the following paragraph in italics. *<argument>* must be followed by a period and a space token, which serve to set off *<argument>* from *<general text>*. *<general text>* consists of the text up to the next paragraph boundary. You can include multiple paragraphs by using `\endgraf` instead of a blank line or `\par`.

*Example:*

```
\proclaim Theorem 1.
What I say is not to be believed.
```

```
\proclaim Corollary 1. Theorem 1 is false.\par
produces:
```

**Theorem 1.** *What I say is not to be believed.*

**Corollary 1.** *Theorem 1 is false.*