

☞ `_`

This command explicitly produces an interword space called a “control space”. A control space is useful when a letter occurs immediately after a control sequence, or in any other circumstance where you don’t want two tokens to be run together in the output. The amount of space produced by `_` is independent of preceding punctuation, i.e., its space factor (p. ‘`\spacefactor`’) is 1000.

Incidentally, if you want to print the ‘`_`’ character that we’ve used here to denote a space, you can get it by typing `{\tt \char ‘_ }`.

Example:

The Dormouse was a `\TeX\` expert, but he never let on.

produces:

The Dormouse was a T_EX expert, but he never let on.