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\centerline  $\langle argument \rangle$  \leftline  $\langle argument \rangle$  \rightline  $\langle argument \rangle$ 

The \centerline command produces an hbox exactly as wide as the current line and places \( \argument \rangle \) at the center of the box. The \leftline and \rightline commands are analogous; they place \( \argument \rangle \) at the left end or at the right end of the box. If you want to apply one of these commands to several consecutive lines, you must apply it to each one individually. See page 'eplaincenter' for an alternate approach.

Don't use these commands within a paragraph—if you do, TEX probably won't be able to break the paragraph into lines and will complain about an overfull hbox.

Example:

\centerline{Grand Central Station}
\leftline{left of Karl Marx}
\rightline{right of Genghis Khan}
produces:

Grand Central Station

left of Karl Marx

right of Genghis Khan