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`\crcr`

This command behaves just like `\cr`, except that T_EX ignores it if it comes immediately after a `\cr` or a `\noalign`. Its main application is as a safety measure to avoid a misleading error message caused by a macro that expects an argument ending in `\cr`. If you put `\crcr` after the '#n' that denotes such an argument in the macro's definition, the macro will work properly whether or not the argument ends with `\cr`.