vertical mode 1

vertical mode. When TEX is assembling either a vbox or the main vertical list from which pages are derived, it is in one of two vertical modes: ordinary vertical mode for assembling the main vertical list, and internal vertical mode for assembling vboxes. Whenever TEX is in a vertical mode its stomach (see "anatomy of TEX", p. '\anatomy') is constructing a vertical list of items (boxes, glue, penalties, etc.). TEX typesets the items in the list one below another, top to bottom.

A vertical list can't contain any items produced by inherently horizontal commands, e.g., $\$ or an ordinary (nonspace) character. 1

- If T_EX is assembling a vertical list in ordinary vertical mode and encounters an inherently horizontal command, it switches to ordinary horizontal mode.
- If TeX is assembling a vertical list in internal vertical mode and encounters an inherently horizontal command, it complains.

Two commands that you might at first think are inherently vertical are in fact inherently horizontal: \valign (p. '\valign') and \vrule (p. '\vrule'). See page 283 of *The TeXbook* for a list of the inherently horizontal commands.

It's particularly important to be aware that TEX considers an ordinary character other than a space character to be inherently horizontal. If TEX suddenly starts a new paragraph when you weren't expecting it, a likely cause is a character that TEX encountered while in vertical mode. You can convince TEX not to treat that character as inherently horizontal by enclosing it in an hbox since the hbox command, despite its name, is neither inherently horizontal nor inherently vertical.

¹ TFX *ignores* any space characters that it encounters while it's in a vertical mode.