

`\i`
`\j`

These commands produce dotless versions of the letters ‘i’ and ‘j’. You should use them instead of the ordinary ‘i’ and ‘j’ when you are putting an accent above those letters in ordinary text. Use the `\imath` and `\jmath` commands (p. ‘`\imath`’) for dotless ‘i’s and ‘j’s in math formulas.

Example:

long ‘i’ as in l i fe i j

produces:

long ‘i’ as in līfe ĭ