page break 1

page break. A page break is a place in your document where TEX ends a page and (except at the end of the document) starts a new one. See "page" (p. 'page') for the process that TEX goes through in choosing a page break.

You can control T_EX's choice of page breaks in several ways:

- You can insert a penalty (p. 'vpenalty') between two items in the main vertical list. A positive penalty discourages TEX from breaking the page there, while a negative penalty—a bonus, in other words—encourages TEX to break the page there. A penalty of 10000 or more prevents a page break, while a penalty of -10000 or less forces a page break. You can get the same effects with the \break and \nobreak commands (p. 'vbreak').
- You can adjust the penalties associated with page breaking by assigning different values to TeX's page-breaking parameters.
- You can enclose a sequence of paragraphs or other items in the main vertical list within a vbox, thus preventing TEX from breaking the page anywhere within the sequence.

Once TeX has chosen a page break, it places the portion of the main vertical list that precedes the break into \box255. It then calls the current output routine to process \box255 and eventually ships its contents to the .dvi file. The output routine must also handle insertions, such as footnotes, that TeX has accumulated while processing the page.

It's useful to know the places where TFX can break a page:

- At glue, provided that the item preceding the glue is a box, a whatsit, a mark, or an insertion. When TEX breaks a page at glue, it makes the break at the top of the glue space and forgets about the rest of the glue.
- At a kern that's immediately followed by glue.
- At a penalty, possibly between the lines of a paragraph.

When TEX breaks a page, it discards any sequence of glue, kerns, and penalty items that follows the break point.