

Time and Space Complexity

```

for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
{
    print();
}

```

$i \dots n$

$\rightarrow O(n)$

$i \dots n-1$

```

for(i=1; i<n; i++)
{
    print();
}

```

$\rightarrow O(n-1)$

$n = 10^6 \Rightarrow O(n)$

$n = 10^5 \rightarrow$

$$O(n+1) \rightarrow \underline{O(n)}$$

```

if(x%2==0)
    print("even");

```

$\rightarrow O(1)$

constant

```

for(i=1; i<=n; i=i+2)
{
}

```

$1, 3, 5, 7, \dots, n$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & \xrightarrow{\quad} O(n_{1/2}) & \\
 \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right. & \xrightarrow{\quad} O(n) & \\
 n = \underline{10^6} & & \\
 & &
 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{n_2} = 5 \times 10^3$$

for ($i = 2; i \leq n; i += 2$) 2, 4, 6...

$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right. \xrightarrow{\quad} O(n_{1/2}) \rightarrow O(n)$

$$i \leq \sqrt{A \ln n}$$

for ($i = 1; \underline{i \times i \leq n}; i++$) $\rightarrow O(\sqrt{n})$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right. \xrightarrow{\quad} i^2 \leq n$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right. \xrightarrow{\quad} i \leq \sqrt{n}$

$$O(\sqrt{n})$$

$$n = 100 \Leftarrow$$

$i = 1$ $1 \times 1 \leq 100$
 $i = 2$ $2 \times 2 \leq 100$
 \vdots \vdots
 $i = 9$ $9 \times 9 \leq 100$
 $i = 10$ $10 \times 10 \leq 100$
 $i = 11$ $11 \times 11 \leq 100$

} 10 times
 $O(\sqrt{n})$

$$n = 10^6$$

10 Lakh

$$\sqrt{n} \rightarrow 10^3$$

$1000 = 1 \text{ thousand}$

$\text{for } (i=1; i \times i \times i \leq n; i++)$

{
 }
 print();

$O(\sqrt[3]{n})$

(cube root of n)

$\text{for } (i=1; i \leq n; i++)$

{
 }
 break;

$\rightarrow O(1)$

```

for ( i=1 ; i<=n ; i = i * 2 )
{
    point();
}

```

$\rightarrow O(n)$

$n = \underline{\underline{70}}$

$i = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, \underline{64}, 128$
 ↓ ↓ ↓ ↑
 $2^0, 2^1, 2^2, \dots$

$i = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, \dots$
 ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
 $\underline{2^0}, 2^1, 2^2, \dots$

n
 ↓
 2^k

$\Rightarrow O(k+1)$

\Rightarrow

$$n = 2^k$$

$$2^k = n$$

take \log_2 on both sides

$$\log_a b = c \log_b b$$

$\log_2 2^k = \log_2 n$

... - 1 n

$$\log_a b = \frac{1}{\log_b a}$$

$$K \times \underline{\log_2 2} = \log_2 n$$

$$\log_a a = 1$$

$$K \times 1 = \log_2 n$$

$$K = \log_2 n$$

$$= O(K+1)$$

$$= O(K)$$

$$\Rightarrow O(\log_2 n)$$

for (i=1; i<=n ; i=i*3)

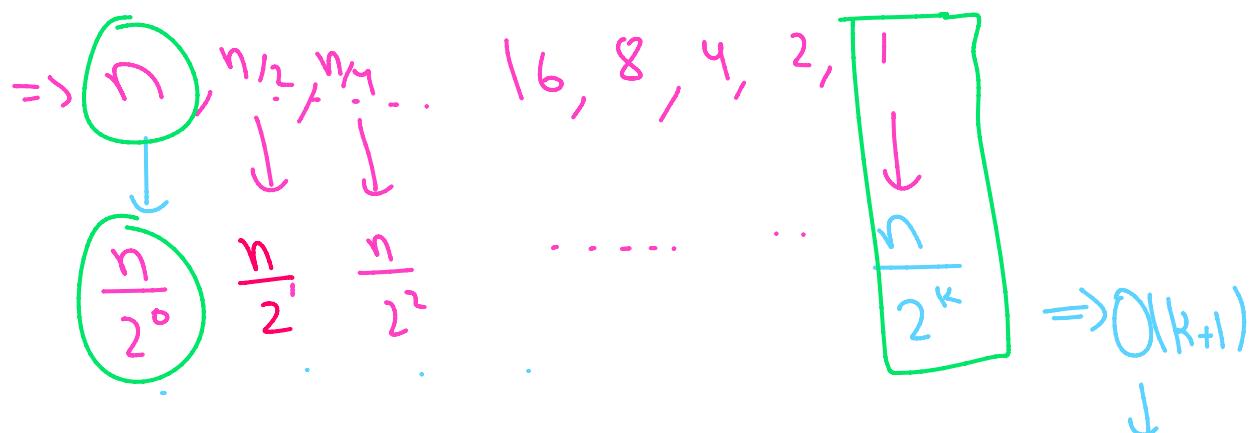
{
 print();

$$\Rightarrow O(\log_3 n)$$

for (i=n; i>=1 ; i=i/2)

{
 print();

$$\Rightarrow 64, 32, 16, 8, 4, 2, 1$$



$$\frac{n}{2^k} = 1$$

$$n = 2^k$$

take \log_2

$$\overbrace{\log_2 2^k} = \log_2 n$$

$$k \times \log_2 2 = \log_2 n$$

$$k = \log_2 n$$

$$\rightarrow O(k)$$

$$\rightarrow O(\log_2 n)$$

for (i = n; i >= 1; i = i / x)

{
} print();

$O(\log_x n)$

for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)

{
 for (j = 1; j <= n; j++)
 {
 print();
 }
}

i = 1 i = 2 i = 3 ... i = n
n times n times n times ... n times

$$3 + 3 + 3 = 9 = 3^2$$

$$\underbrace{n + n + \dots + n}_{n \text{ times}} = n^2$$

$$4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 16 = 4^2$$

for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)

{
 for (j = 1; j <= i; j++)
 {
 ...
 }
}

```

    {
        ~ i ~ i ~ / \n
        print();
    }

```

$i = 1$ $i = 2$ $i = 3$ $i = 4$... $i = n$
 1 time 2 times 3 times 4 times ... n times

$$\Rightarrow 1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n$$

\Rightarrow Sum of n natural nos

$$= \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$O(n)$

$O(5n)$

$O(n_1)$

$O(n^2)$

$$x^6 + 8x^5 + 10x^4 + 3x^2 + 4x + 7 = 0$$

\hookrightarrow degree = 6

$$= \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = \frac{n^2 + n}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow O\left(\frac{n^2}{2} + \frac{n}{2}\right) \quad n = 10^3$$

$$\Rightarrow O(n^2 + n)$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$10^6 + 10^3$$

$$= O(n^2) + O(n)$$

$\Rightarrow O(n^2)$

```
for( i=1; i<=n; i++)
{
    for( j=1; j<i; j++)
    {
        print();
    }
}
```

$i = 1 \quad i = 2 \quad i = 3 \quad \dots \quad i = n$

0 times 1 time 2 times $n-1$

$\Rightarrow 0 + 1 + 2 + \dots + \boxed{n-1} \quad O(n^2)$

$$1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + P \Rightarrow \frac{P(P+1)}{2}$$

$$\frac{(n-1)(n-1+1)}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{(n-1)n}{2}$$

```
for( i=1; i<=n; i++)
{
    for( j=1; j<=n; j=j*2)
}
```

```

    for ( j = 1 ; j <= n ; j++)
    {
        print();
    }

```

$$i=1 \quad i=2 \quad i=3 \quad \dots \quad i=n$$

$$\lg_2^n \quad \lg_2^n \quad \lg_2^n \quad \dots \quad \lg_2^n$$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{\lg_2^n + \lg_2^n + \dots + \lg_2^n}_{n \text{ times}}$$

$$2+2+2 = 6 \\ = 3 \times 2$$

$$4+4+4 = 12 \\ = 3 \times 4$$

$$\Rightarrow n \lg_2^n$$

```
for ( i=1 ; i<=n ; i++ )
```

```
    for ( j=n ; j>=1 ; j=j/2 )
```

```
        print();
```

```
}
```

$$i=1 \quad i=2 \quad \dots \quad i=n$$

$$\lg_2^n \quad \lg_2^n \quad \dots \quad \lg_2^n$$

$$\Rightarrow n \lg n$$

```

for ( i=1 ; i<=n ; i++ )
{
    for ( j=1 ; j<=n ; j++ )
    {
        if ( j%2 == 1 )
        {
            break;      i=1   i=2   i=3   ...   i=n
                        1 time  1 time  1 time
        }
    }
}

```

$$\begin{aligned}
& = 1 + 1 + \dots + 1 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}}_{n \text{ times}} \Rightarrow n \text{ times}
\end{aligned}$$

$O(n)$.

```

for ( i=1 ; i <=n ; i++ )
{
    for ( j=1 ; j<=n ; j++ )
    {
        if ( j%2 == 0 )
        {
            break;
        }
    }
}

```

↑ break;

$i=1 \quad i=2 \quad \dots \quad i=n$

2 times 2 times 2 times

$\Rightarrow 2 + 2 \dots$

$\underbrace{\hspace{1cm}}$
n times

$$= 2n$$

$$O(2n)$$

$$\Rightarrow O(n)$$

$$\text{Sum} = 0$$

for ($i=1$; $\text{Sum} \leq n$; $i++$)

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$i=1 \quad i=2 \quad i=3 \quad i=4$

$\text{Sum} = 0 \quad \text{Sum} = 1 \quad \text{Sum} = 1+2 \quad \text{Sum} = 1+2+3$

$\text{Sum} = 1+2+3+4$

\vdots

Sum $\leq n$

$1+2+\dots+p \leq n$

$$1+2+\dots+p \leq n$$

$$\frac{p(p+1)}{2} = n$$

$$p^2 + p = 2n$$

$$p^2 + p - 2n = 0$$

$$ap^2 + ap - 2n = 0$$

Q. for ($i=0; i \leq N; i++$) $\rightarrow O(N)$

{

$$a = a + \text{rand}();$$

}

for ($j=0; j \leq m; j++$) $\rightarrow O(m)$

{

$$b = b + \text{rand}();$$

}

$$T \Rightarrow O(N+m)$$

$$S \in O(1)$$

```

for (i=0; i<N; i++)
{
    for (j=N; j>i; j--) j=N; j>N-1
    {
        a = a + i*j; a = a + i*j;
    } i=0 i=1 i=2 ... i=N-1
} N times N-1 times N-2 ... 1

```

$$N + (N-1) + \dots + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + 2 + \dots + (N-1) + N$$

$$= \frac{N(N+1)}{2} \rightarrow O(N^2)$$

```

for (i=n/2; i<=n; i++)
{
    for (j=2; j<=n; j=j*2)
    {
        k = k + n/2;
    } i=n/2 i=n/2+1 ... i=n
} l=n

```

$i = n/2$ $i = \lceil \log_2 n \rceil$ \dots
 $\log_2 n$ $\log_2 n$ \dots $\log_2 n$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \log_2 n$$

$$\Rightarrow n \log_2 n$$

for ($i=0; i < n; i++$)

{ $q = i \times k;$ $\Rightarrow O(\log n)$
 }

value = 0;

for ($i=0; i < n; i++$)

{ $j=0; j \leq 2$
 for ($j=0; j \leq i; j++$)

{ value += j;
 } $i=0 \quad i=1 \quad i=2 \quad \dots \quad i=n-1$
 } 0 times 1 time 2 times ... $n-1$ times

$$\Rightarrow 0 + 1 + 2 + \dots + n-1$$
$$\Rightarrow 1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + P$$

$$= P \frac{(P+1)}{2}$$
$$\frac{(n-1)(n-1+1)}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(n-1)n}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow O((n)(n-1))$$