Problem 9 - Special Pythagorean Triplets

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10 June 2018

This document originally appeared as a blog post on my website. Find it at gautammanohar.com/euler/9.

1 Problem Statement

A Pythagorean triplet is a set of three natural numbers, a < b < c, for which,

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

For example, $3^2 + 4^2 = 9 + 16 = 25 = 52$.

Given N, find the maximal product abc such that a, b, c form a Pythagorean triplet for which a + b + c = N. If no such triplet exists, output -1.

2 My Algorithm

We know

$$a + b + c = N \tag{1}$$

and

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2. (2)$$

From (1) we get c = N - a - b, which we substitute into (2) to get

$$a^{2} + b^{2} = (N - (a + b))^{2}$$

$$a^{2} + b^{2} = N^{2} - 2N(a + b) + (a + b)^{2}$$

$$a^{2} + b^{2} = a^{2} + b^{2} + 2ab + N^{2} - 2Na - 2Nb$$

$$0 = b(2a - 2N) + N^{2} - 2Na$$

$$b(2a - 2N) = 2Na - N^{2}$$

$$b = \frac{N^{2} - 2Na}{2N - 2a}.$$
(3)

Now we have expressions for b,c in terms of a. Note furthermore that because a < b < c and a+b+c=N, none of the sides can exceed $\frac{N}{3}$. Now we can iterate over $1 \le a \le \frac{N}{3}$ and store the maximal product abc for which $a^2+b^2=c^2$. This solution is O(n).

2.1 Other Solutions

We can also use preprocessing for an $O(N^2+T)$ solution, where T is the number of queries. For all a < b < 3000, we check whether $c = \sqrt{a^2+b^2}$ is an integer. If so, we check whether abc is greater than our existing answer for the perimeter a+b+c, which is by default -1. To answer the queries, we look up the corresponding value in O(1) time.