# Problem 25 - 1000-digit Fibonacci Number

#### Gautam Manohar

#### 12 June 2018

This document originally appeared as a blog post on my website. Find it at gautammanohar.com/euler/25.

### 1 Problem Statement

What is the first term in the Fibonacci sequence to contain N digits?

## 2 My Algorithm

We will use Binet's formula for the n-th fibonacci number

$$F_n = \frac{\varphi^n - (-\varphi)^{-n}}{\sqrt{5}}. (1)$$

The  $(-\varphi)^{-n}$  quickly becomes negligible. So we can make the approximation

$$F_n \approx \frac{\varphi^n}{\sqrt{5}}. (2)$$

A number n has  $\lfloor \log_{10} n \rfloor + 1$  digits. So we must solve the following equation such that n is minimized:

$$\lfloor \log_{10} F_n \rfloor + 1 = N. \tag{3}$$

Recall that  $\lfloor x \rfloor$  is defined as the greatest integer less or equal to than x. That is,

$$x \le \lfloor x \rfloor < x + 1. \tag{4}$$

Applying (2) and (4) to (3) gives

$$N \leq 1 + \log_{10} F_n < N + 1$$

$$N - 1 \leq \log_{10} \frac{\varphi^n}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$N - 1 + \frac{\log_{10} 5}{2} \leq n \log_{10} \varphi$$

$$\frac{N - 1 + \frac{\log_{10} 5}{2}}{\log_{10} \varphi} \leq n.$$

$$(5)$$

We see that n is minimized when it is the smallest integer greater than the left side of (5). This is precisely the definition of the ceiling function. And so we have our desired answer:

$$n = \left\lceil \frac{N - 1 + \frac{\log_{10} 5}{2}}{\log_{10} \varphi} \right\rceil. \tag{6}$$

Because our solution is just a computation, it has time complexity O(1). In our code, we just need to handle the corner case where N=1; here our approximation (2) introduces enough error to return an incorrect answer.