

Challenge 10

Challenge 10 - Linux Administration 201: 101 + Network Integration - 5/21 | Mike Morris

Linux Administration 201: 101 + Network Integration [NG]

Author: Jeff Echlin

Framework Category: Operate and Maintain

Specialty Area: Network Services

Work Role: Network Operations Specialist

Task Description: Integrate new systems into existing network architecture. (T0129)

Scenario

Dedeker Randolph, a new temporary security consultant, requires a workstation. Ms. Randolph started today and does not have access to her Kali Linux workstation, nor is that workstation setup to access the network properly. Company network policy dictates that all devices on the network must have the IP address, gateway, and DNS server statically assigned in it by our IT staff (i.e. you). Company policy also dictates that all systems have a up to date DNS entry in the DNS server. This system will be integrated into the overall network but will not be managed by Active Directory. This is due to the nature of Dedeker's work which is highly sensitive. Thus, her system will be on the network and she will need a local account on her workstation, not our single sign-on solution

Additional Information

More details and objectives about this challenge will be introduced during the challenge meeting, which will start once you begin deploying the challenge.

You will be able to check your progress during this challenge using the check panel within the workspace once the challenge is deployed. The checks within the check panel report on the state of some or all of the required tasks within the challenge.

Once you have completed the requested tasks, you will need to document the methodology you used with as much detail and professionalism as necessary. This should be done on the documentation tab within the workspace once the challenge is deployed. Below the main documentation section be sure to include a tagged list of applications you used to complete the challenge.

NICE Framework KSAA0055.

Ability to operate common network tools (e.g., ping, traceroute, nslookup).A0058.

Ability to execute OS command line (e.g., ipconfig, netstat, dir, nbtstat).A0059.

Ability to operate the organization's LAN/WAN pathways.K0011.

Knowledge of capabilities and applications of network equipment including routers, switches, bridges, servers, transmission media, and related hardware.K0029.

Knowledge of organization's Local and Wide Area Network connections.K0050.

Knowledge of local area and wide area networking principles and concepts including bandwidth management.K0061.

Knowledge of how traffic flows across the network (e.g., Transmission Control Protocol [TCP] and Internet Protocol [IP], Open System Interconnection Model [OSI], Information Technology Infrastructure Library, current version [ITIL]).K0076.

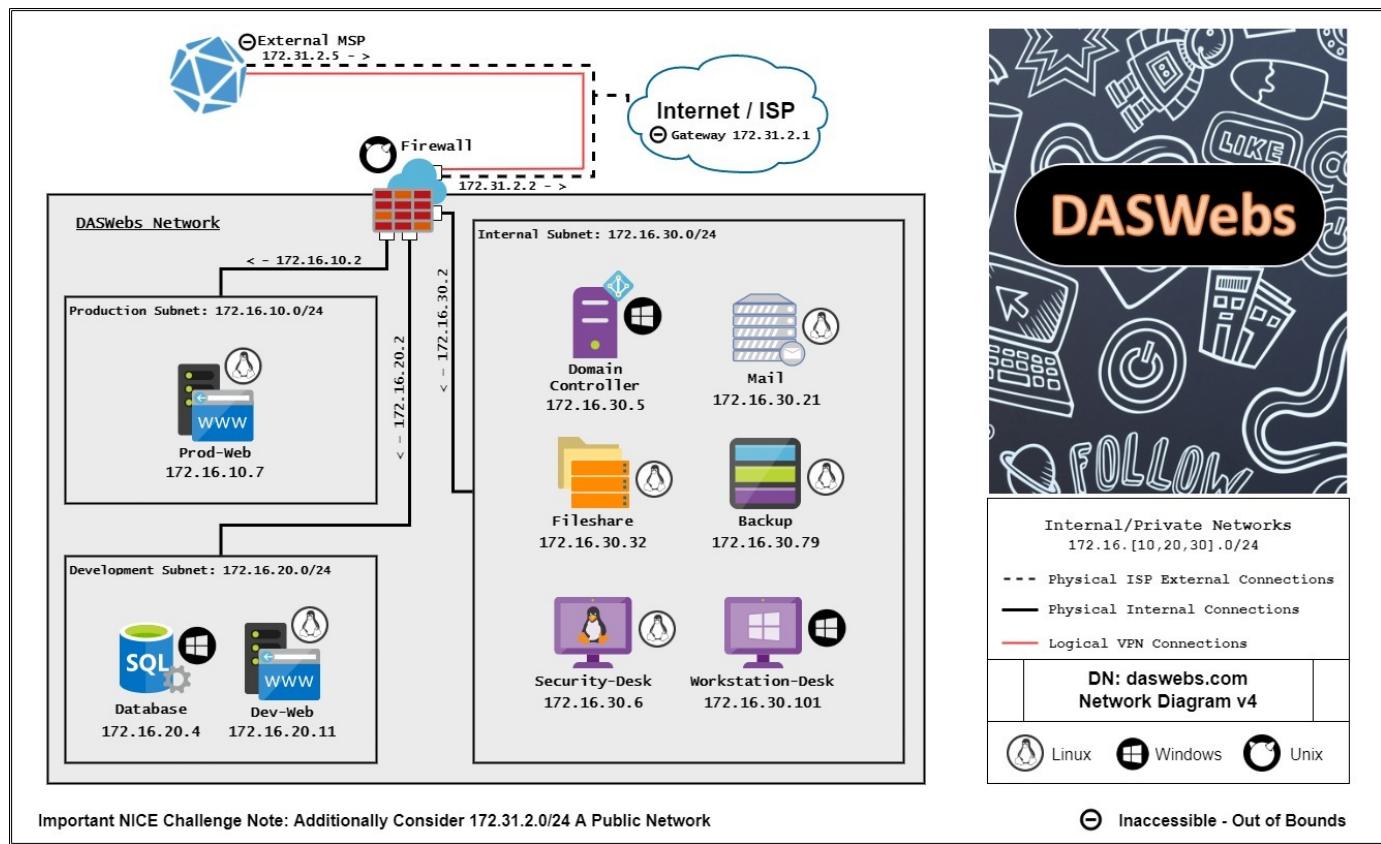
Knowledge of server administration and systems engineering theories, concepts, and methods.K0111.

Knowledge of network tools (e.g., ping, traceroute, nslookup)K0332.

Knowledge of network protocols such as TCP/IP, Dynamic Host Configuration, Domain Name System (DNS), and directory services.S0162.

Skill in applying various subnet techniques (e.g., CIDR)CAE Knowledge UnitsBasic NetworkingNetwork Technology and ProtocolsOperating Systems Administration

Network Map



Meeting Notes

(@Playerone = myself)

[Dedeker Randolph](#)

Hello, I was scheduled to begin work today but I seem to have no access to my workstation. The workstation at my desk does not really seem to be setup at all! Please help!

Richard LeGrand

[Richard LeGrand](#)

I JUST GOT THIS EMAIL FROM THE NEW TEMPORARY SECURITY CONSULTANT. MS. RANDOLPH DOES NOT YET HAVE AN ACCOUNT OR CONNECTED SYSTEM THIS SHOULD HAVE BEEN DONE LONG AGO AND I DON'T HAVE TIME FOR THIS, FIX IT.

Gary Thatcher

[Gary Thatcher](#)

Hello @playerone as you can see things are a bit stressful lately and I have not had time to work on some of these more trivial matters, many other things have taken my attention so I leave the task in your capable hands. @gbates will tell you more.

Gilly Bates

[Gilly Bates](#)

Hi @playerone, I have been assigned to help you along with adding Ms. Randolph, our new temporary security consultant, to our network. There are certain considerations that must be taken into account. Her workstation should be assigned 172.16.30.6 for the IP address; make sure to set the right subnet mask as well. We are a /24 network if you didn't know. Based on the IP address that would mean her workstation is in the Internal subnet and the gateway you set should reflect as such.

The DNS server address also needs to be manually set on her workstation so it can resolve internal and external names. Since our DNS server also happens to be our Domain-Controller, you can find its IP address on the network map.

Oh! Almost forgot, you will need to add a DNS entry for her workstation in the DNS server on the Domain-Controller. Her workstation FQDN should be SecConsultantKali.daswebs.com and to make it all match up the workstation hostname needs to be set to SecConsultantKali.

Gilly Bates

[Gilly Bates](#)

So.. that takes care of all the network stuff I think. Once you are done with that you need to make sure she has sufficient local machine access so she can get her sensitive work done. Our naming guidelines are always first initial plus last name (all lowercase) for usernames so we will just do that here for Ms. Randolph. Not sure how you usually create users but just make sure her user account also gets a home directory in the usual /home/herusername/ way. Also, since I'm not sure what she is doing, or if we should ask, just give her full sudo access on her workstation. Anything else @drandolph?



Dedeker Randolph

All that sounds fine to me. As one other thing I'd like @playerone, make sure my default shell is bash. Other than that we are good! Thanks!

(personal notes)

adding Ms. Randolph, our new temporary security consultant, to our network.

- Her workstation should be assigned 172.16.30.6 for the IP address;
- make sure to set the right subnet mask as well. We are a /24 network if you didn't know. (*Based on the IP address that would mean her workstation is in the Internal subnet and the gateway you set should reflect as such.*)
- The DNS server address also needs to be manually set on her workstation so it can resolve internal and external names. (*Since our DNS server also happens to be our Domain-Controller, you can find its IP address on the network map.*)

DNS ip= 172.16.30.5

- add a DNS entry for her workstation in the DNS server on the Domain-Controller. Her workstation FQDN should be SecConsultantKali.daswebs.com and to make it all match up the workstation hostname needs to be set to SecConsultantKali.
- make sure she has sufficient local machine access so she can get her sensitive work done.
- *Our naming guidelines are always first initial plus last name (all lowercase) for usernames so we will just do that here for Ms. Randolph. Not sure how you usually create users but just make sure her user account also gets a home directory in the usual /home/herusername/ way.*
- just give her full sudo access on her workstation. Anything else @drandolph?

- [Dedeker Randolph](#)

make sure my default shell is bash. Other than that we are good! Thanks!

Virtual Machines				Checks				
Machine Name	Status	Actions	Open Console ?	Status	Check Description	Check Type	Check State	Last Changed
Backup	Powered On	Action ▾	HTML5 VMRC		IP Address Check	Challenge Check?	Undesireable State	06:24 AM PDT
Database	Powered On	Action ▾	HTML5 VMRC		Gateway Address Check	Challenge Check?	Undesireable State	06:23 AM PDT
Dev-Web	Powered On	Action ▾	HTML5 VMRC		Subnet Mask Check	Challenge Check?	Undesireable State	06:24 AM PDT
Domain-Controller	Powered On	Action ▾	HTML5 VMRC		Kali DNS Check	Challenge Check?	Undesireable State	06:24 AM PDT
Fileshare	Powered On	Action ▾	HTML5 VMRC		AD DNS Check	Challenge Check?	Undesireable State	06:23 AM PDT
Firewall	Powered On	Action ▾	HTML5 VMRC		Hostname Check	Challenge Check?	Undesireable State	06:24 AM PDT
Mail	Powered On	Action ▾	HTML5 VMRC		New Account Created	Challenge Check?	Undesireable State	06:24 AM PDT
Prod-Web	Powered On	Action ▾	HTML5 VMRC		Home Directory Created	Challenge Check?	Undesireable State	06:24 AM PDT
Security-Desk	Powered On	Action ▾	HTML5 VMRC		Sudoers Privilege Granted	Challenge Check?	Undesireable State	06:24 AM PDT
Workstation-Desk	Powered On	Action ▾	HTML5 VMRC		Shell Changed to Bash	Challenge Check?	Undesireable State	06:24 AM PDT

[Documentation](#) [Challenge Info](#) [Meeting Notes](#) [Network Map](#)

Documentation

Stated that she" NEW TEMPORARY SECURITY CONSULTANT. MS. RANDOLPH DOES NOT YET HAVE AN ACCOUNT OR CONNECTED SYSTEM THIS SHOULD HAVE BEEN DONE LONG AGO AND I DON'T HAVE TIME FOR THIS, FIX IT"

To obtain these checks !:

- ## IP Address Check
- ## Gateway Check
- ## Subnet Mask Check

used command `sudo vim /etc/network/interfaces`

A screenshot of a terminal window titled "playerone@security-desk: ~". The window shows the contents of the "/etc/network/interfaces" file in a text editor. The file contains configuration for network interfaces, including a loopback interface and a primary interface eth0 with static IP settings. The terminal window has a dark theme with light-colored text. The status bar at the bottom right shows the file path, line count (15L), byte count (367B), and current line number (1,1). A tooltip "Activate Window" is visible over the status bar.

```
# This file describes the network interfaces available on your system
# and how to activate them. For more information, see interfaces(5).

# The loopback network interface
auto lo
iface lo inet loopback

# The primary network interface
auto eth0
#allow-hotplug eth0
iface eth0 inet static
    address 172.16.30.6
    netmask 255.255.255.0
    # dns-* options are implemented by the resolvconf package, if installed
    gateway 172.16.30.1

~
~
```

I used the Network Map to manual add IP address, netmask, gateway, and DNS servers

use `i` to enter edit mode

Press esc and command `:wq!` save and quit

```
playerone@security-desk: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
GNU nano 6.2          /etc/network/interfaces *
# This file describes the network interfaces available on your system
# and how to activate them. For more information, see interfaces(5).

# The loopback network interface
auto lo
iface lo inet loopback

# The primary network interface
auto eth0
#allow-hotplug eth0
iface eth0 inet static
    address 172.16.30.6
    netmask 255.255.255.0
    gateway 172.16.30.2
    dns-nameservers 172.16.30.5 8.8.8.8

# dns-* options are implemented by the resolvconf package, if instal>
```

To verify I used

vim /etc/network/interfaces everything is correct. Then ip a to further verify that it is up.

```
(playerone@security-desk)-[~]
$ ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 00:50:56:a3:d9:81 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 172.16.30.6/24 brd 172.16.30.255 scope global eth0
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fe80::250:56ff:fea3:d981/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

(playerone@security-desk)-[~]
$
```

To restart ip

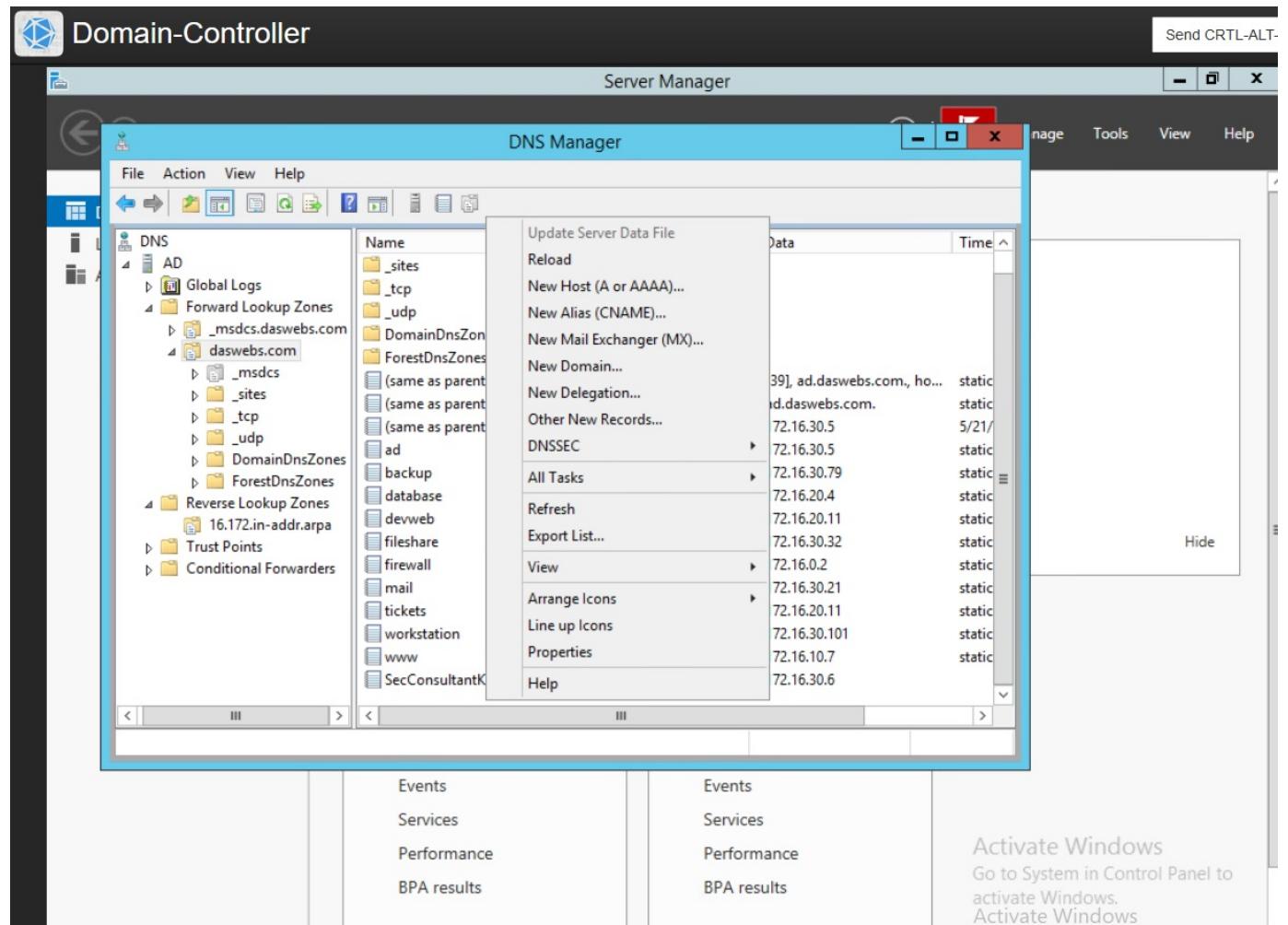
used sudo ip addr flush dev eth0

sudo ifup eth0

✓ ## AD DNS Check

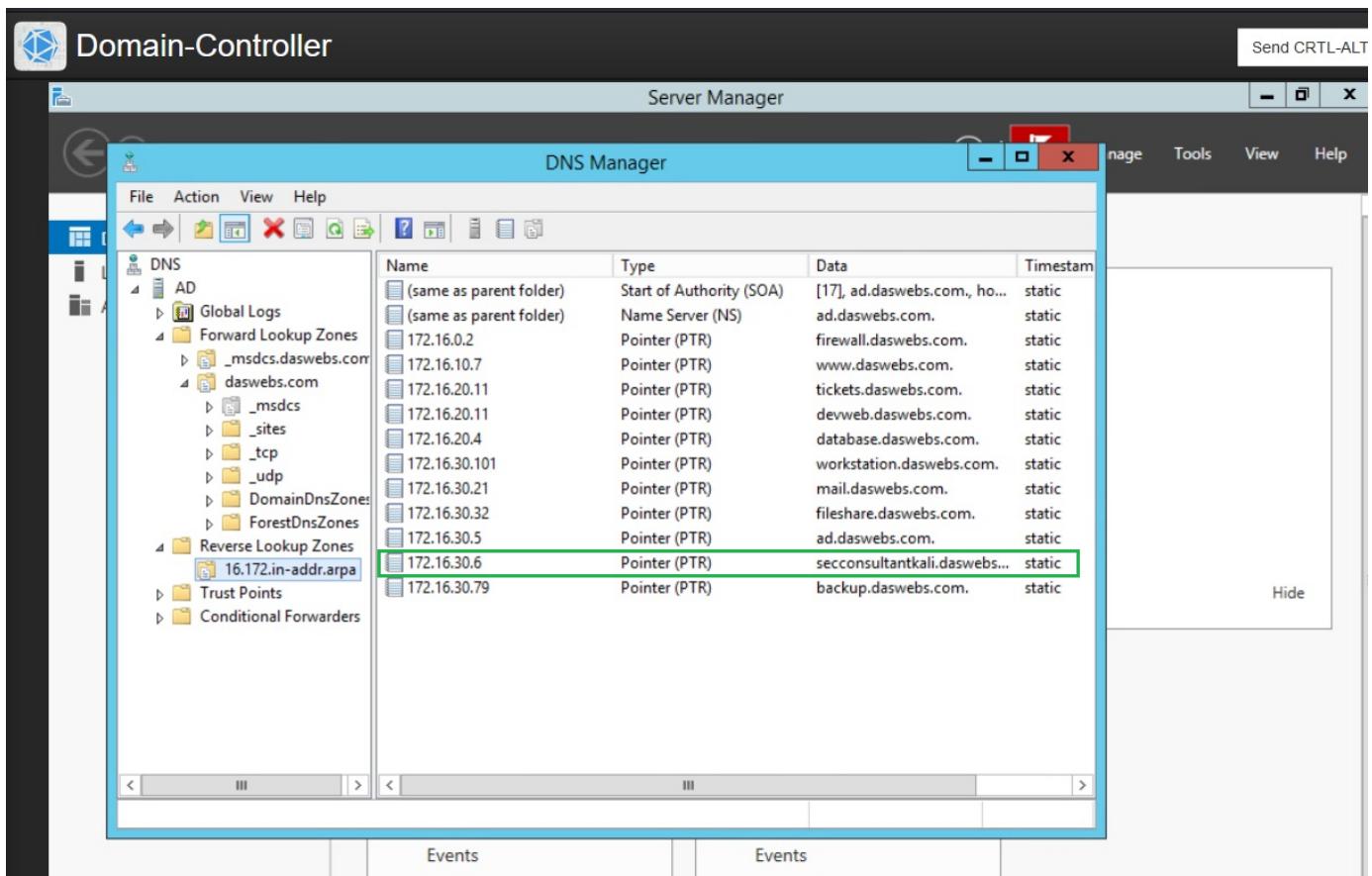
Logged into Domain-Controller and went into Server Manager>Tools>DNS>DNS Manager> Forward LookupZones>daswebs.com

Right clicked on the side in the directory>New Host and filled in the needed information.



After that I went into Reverse LookupZone>

and added the IP and secconsultantkali.daswebs.com



Hostname Check

Using Security-Desk VM, went into the terminal and used `sudo vim edit /etc/hostname` and `/etc/hosts` on security-desk and change the name to SecConsultantKali

i in vim to edit

and changed the name, pressed esc then :wq! save, quit exit.

Below is /etc/hosts on security-desk and change the name to SecConsultantKali and security-desk.daswebs.com to SecConsultantKali.daswebs.com

```
( sudo vim /etc/hosts )
```

then **CTRL+X** exit and save vim

The screenshot shows a terminal window with two panes. The left pane displays the contents of the file "/etc/hosts". It contains the following entries:

```
127.0.0.1      localhost
127.0.1.1      security-desk.daswebs.com  security-desk
```

The right pane displays the contents of the file "/etc/network/interfaces". It contains the following configuration:

```
# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts
::1      localhost ip6-localhost ip6-loopback
ff02::1  ip6-allnodes          iface to inet loopback
ff02::2  ip6-allrouters        iface eth0 inet static
auto eth0
iface eth0 inet static
    address 192.168.1.10
    netmask 255.255.255.0
    broadcast 192.168.1.255
    gateway 192.168.1.1
    dns-nameservers 8.8.8.8 8.8.4.4
```

To verify: `ip ifup` - if ethernet is up

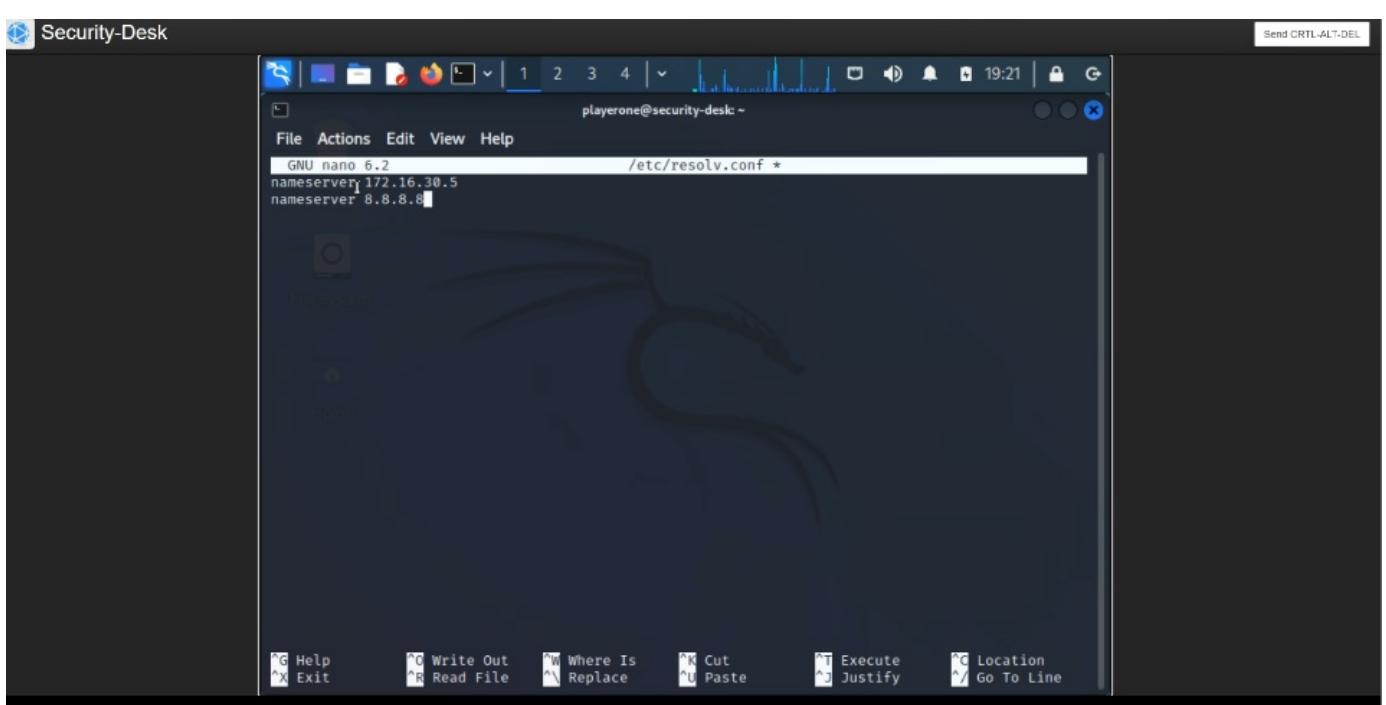
Reference: how to setup DHCP static syntax

Kali DNS Check

Changed this from

To this and use `chattr -i vim /etc/resolv.conf` then edit your changes and then `chattr +i /etc/resolv.conf` to make it so it can not be edited again

press esc then :wq! to save and quit.



- ## New Account Created
- ## Home Directory Created
- ## Sudoers Privilege's Granted
- ## Shell Changed to Bash

Logged into Security Desk

Googled/Watched video on how to manually add new user in Linux.

Added user by using `sudo useradd -m drandolph` (-m= default directory.)

then `sudo usermod -aG sudo dradolph` (-aG = Add to group) sudoers

Lastly `sudo chsh -s /bin/bash drandolph` chsh= change shell,

```
(playerone@security-desk)-[~] security-desk
$ sudo useradd -m drandolph
```

The screenshot shows a terminal window with the title bar 'Security-Desk'. The terminal is running on a Kali Linux desktop environment. The command history at the bottom of the terminal shows:

```
statd:x:118:65534 ::/var/lib/nfs:/usr/sbin/nologin
avahi:x:119:124:Avahi mDNS daemon,,,:/run/avahi-daemon:/usr/sbin/nologin
stunnel4:x:120:125 ::/var/run/stunnel4:/usr/sbin/nologin
rtkit:x:121:126:RealtimeKit,,,:/proc:/usr/sbin/nologin
Debian-snmp:x:122:127 ::/var/lib/snmp:/bin/false
speech-dispatcher:x:123:29:Speech Dispatcher,,,:/run/speech-dispatcher:/bin/false
sslh:x:124:128 ::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
postgres:x:125:130:PostgreSQL administrator,,,:/var/lib/postgresql:/bin/bash
nm-openvpn:x:126:131:NetworkManager OpenVPN,,,:/var/lib/openvpn/chroot:/usr/sbin/nologin
nm-openconnect:x:127:132:NetworkManager OpenConnect plugin,,,:/var/lib/NetworkManager:/usr/sbin/nologin
pulse:x:128:133:PulseAudio daemon,,,:/run/pulse:/usr/sbin/nologin
saned:x:129:136 ::/var/lib/saned:/usr/sbin/nologin
inetsim:x:130:138 ::/var/lib/inetsim:/usr/sbin/nologin
lightdm:x:131:139:Light Display Manager:/var/lib/lightdm:/bin/false
colord:x:132:140:colord colour management daemon,,,:/var/lib/colord:/usr/sbin/nologin
geoclue:x:133:141 ::/var/lib/geoclue:/usr/sbin/nologin
king-phisher:x:134:142 ::/var/lib/king-phisher:/usr/sbin/nologin
playerone:x:1000:1000:playerone,,,:/home/playerone:/usr/bin/zsh
nagios:x:999:999 ::/var/spool/nagios:/bin/bash
drandolph:x:1001:1001 ::/home/drandolph:/bin/bash
drandolph:x:1002:1002 ::/home/drandolph:/bin/sh

(playerone@SecConsultantKali)-[~]
$ sudo usermod -aG sudo drandolph

(playerone@SecConsultantKali)-[~]
$ sudo chsh -s /bin/bash drandolph

(playerone@SecConsultantKali)-[~]
$ cat /etc/passwd
```

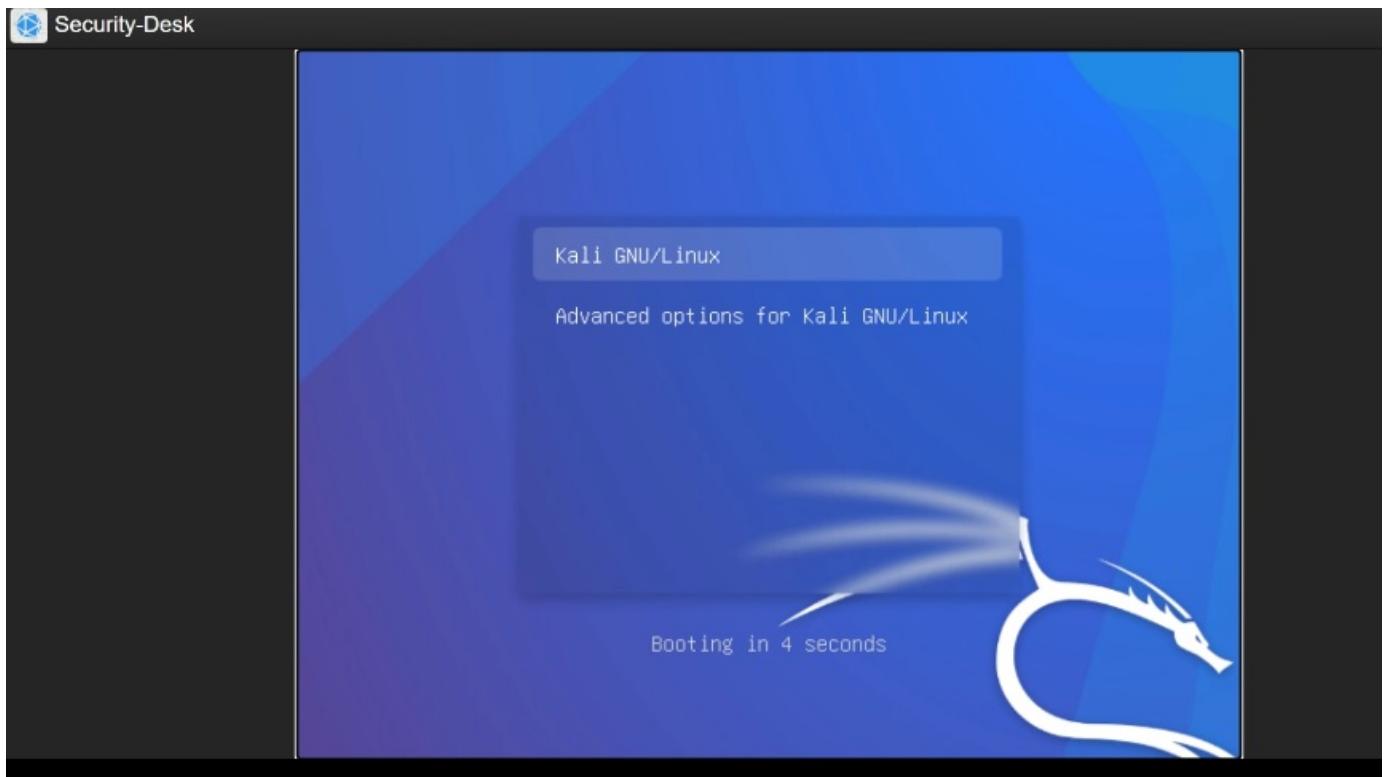
To verify :

```
cat /etc/passwd
```

-To show usernames including directories as stated with the picture above ^.

Finally,

Restart Kali



Finished!

Virtual Machines				Checks				
Having issues with mouse/keyboard input or connecting to VM consoles?				Status	Check Description	Check Type	Check State	Last Changed
Machine Name	Status	Actions	Open Console ?	Powered On	Action ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> HTML5	<input type="checkbox"/> VMRC	
Backup	Powered On	Action ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> HTML5	<input type="checkbox"/> VMRC				
Database	Powered On	Action ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> HTML5	<input type="checkbox"/> VMRC				
Dev-Web	Powered On	Action ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> HTML5	<input type="checkbox"/> VMRC				
Domain-Controller	Powered On	Action ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> HTML5	<input type="checkbox"/> VMRC				
Fileshare	Powered On	Action ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> HTML5	<input type="checkbox"/> VMRC				
Firewall	Powered On	Action ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> HTML5	<input type="checkbox"/> VMRC				
Mail	Powered On	Action ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> HTML5	<input type="checkbox"/> VMRC				
Prod-Web	Powered On	Action ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> HTML5	<input type="checkbox"/> VMRC				
Security-Desk	Powered On	Action ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> HTML5	<input type="checkbox"/> VMRC				
Workstation-Desk	Powered On	Action ▾	<input type="checkbox"/> HTML5	<input type="checkbox"/> VMRC				