

1:

INPUT: array size m ; Lower limit of value L ; Lower limit of value R ; whether the values is *unique*;

OUTPUT: array a

$a \leftarrow \text{Emptyarray}()$

$n \leftarrow R - L + 1$

if *unique* is *true* **then**

if $\ln(n + 1) < 1 + \log((n - m) + 1)$ **then**

for $i \leftarrow 1$ to m **do**

while u exists in a **do**

$u \leftarrow \text{rand}(L, R)$

end while

append Integer u to a

end for

else

for $i \leftarrow L$ to R **do**

append i to a

end for

$a \leftarrow \text{shuffle}(a[1, m])$

end if

else

for $i \leftarrow L$ to R **do**

$u \leftarrow \text{rand}(L, R)$

while u exists in a **do**

$u \leftarrow \text{rand}(L, R)$

end while

append Integer u to a

end for

end if

return a

2

INPUT: Number of nodes of the tree n ;

OUTPUT: Pairs Arrays $edge$

for $i \leftarrow 2$ to n **do**

$u \leftarrow rand(1, i - 1)$

$v \leftarrow i$

$edge$ append $\{u, v\}$

end for

return $edge$

3:

INPUT: Number of nodes of the graph n ; Number of edge of the graph m ;

OUTPUT: Pairs Arrays $edge$

for $i \leftarrow 2$ to n **do**

$u \leftarrow rand(1, i - 1)$

$v \leftarrow i$

$edge$ append $\{u, v\}$

end for

$Upper\ limit \leftarrow n * (n - 1) / 2$

if $\ln(Upper\ limit + 1) < 1 + \log((Upper\ limit - m) + 1)$ **then**

for $i \leftarrow n$ to m **do**

while $u = v$ or $edge$ exists $\{u, v\}$ **do**

$u \leftarrow rand(1, n)$

$v \leftarrow rand(1, n)$

if $u > v$ **do**

$swap(u, v)$

end do

end while

$edge$ append $\{u, v\}$

end for

else

while $size(a) < m$ **do**

a append $\{i, j\}$ where $1 \leq i < j \leq n$ and $\{i, j\}$ not exists in a

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end while
end if
return  $a$ 

4:
INPUT: Number of nodes of the graph  $n$ ; Number of edge of the graph  $m$ ;
OUTPUT: Pairs Arrays  $edge$ 

for  $i \leftarrow 2$  to  $n$  do
 $u \leftarrow rand(1, i - 1)$ 
 $v \leftarrow i$ 
 $edge$  append  $\{u, v\}$ 
end for

 $Upper\ limit \leftarrow n * (n - 1)$ 
if  $\ln(Upper\ limit + 1) < 1 + \log((Upper\ limit - m) + 1)$  then
 $no\ ring \leftarrow true$ 
for  $i \leftarrow n$  to  $m$  do
while  $u = v$  or  $edge$  exists  $\{u, v\}$  do
 $u \leftarrow rand(1, n)$ 
 $v \leftarrow rand(1, n)$ 
if  $no\ ring = true$  and  $u < v$  do
 $swap(u, v)$ 
end if
end while
 $edge$  append  $\{u, v\}$ 
 $no\ ring \leftarrow false$ 
end for
else
 $a$  append  $\{j, i\}$  where  $1 \leq i < j \leq n$  and  $\{j, i\}$  not exists in  $a$ 
while  $size(a) < m$  do
 $a$  append  $\{i, j\}$  where  $\{i, j\}$  not exists in  $a$ 
end while
end if

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return  $a$ 

5:
INPUT: Number of nodes of the graph  $n$ ; Number of edge of the graph  $m$ ; struct
Arrays edge with value;
OUTPUT: true or false

 $graph[][] \leftarrow$  empty Two-dimensional arrays
for  $\{u, v, w\}$  in edge with value do
 $graph[u][v] = w$ 
end for

 $stk \leftarrow$  empty stack
 $st[] \leftarrow \{true\}$ 
 $dist[] \leftarrow \{0\}$ 
 $cnt[] \leftarrow \{0\}$ 
 $stk$  push  $i$  where  $1 \leq i \leq n$ 
while  $size(stk) \neq 0$  do
 $t \leftarrow$  the top of  $stk$ 
pop the top of  $stk$ 
 $st[t] = false$ 
for  $target \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$  do
if  $graph[t][target]$  no null and  $dist[target] > dist[t] + graph[t][target]$  do
 $dist[target] \leftarrow dist[t] + graph[t][target]$ 
 $cnt[target] \leftarrow cnt[t] + 1$ 
if  $cnt[target] \geq n$  do
return true
end if
if  $st[target] = false$  do
 $st[target] = true$ 
push  $target$  into  $stk$ 
end if
end if
end for

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end while
return false

6:
INPUT: Number of nodes of the graph  $n$ ; Number of edge of the graph  $m$ ;
OUTPUT: Pairs Arrays edge
 $graph[][] \leftarrow$  empty array
for  $i \leftarrow 2$  to  $n$  do
   $u \leftarrow rand(1, i - 1)$ 
   $v \leftarrow i$ 
  edge append  $\{u, v\}$ 
   $graph[u][v] = true$ 
end for
 $set[2] \leftarrow$  empty array
function dfs( $u, father, color$ )
  append  $u$  to  $set[color]$ 
  for  $j \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$  do
    if  $graph[u][j] = true$  and  $j \neq father$  do
      call dfs( $j, u, color \text{ xor } 1$ )
    end if
  end for
end function
call dfs( $rand(1, n), 0, 0$ )
for  $i \leftarrow n$  to  $m$  do
  while  $u \neq v$  and  $\{i, j\}$  no exits in edge do
     $u = rand(set[0])$ 
     $v = rand(set[1])$ 
  end while
  append  $\{u, v\}$  to edge
end for
return edge

7:

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INPUT: Number of nodes of the graph n ;

OUTPUT: Pairs Arrays $edge$

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top[] = {0}
fa[] = {0}
graph[][] = 0
for  $i \leftarrow 2$  to  $n$  do
   $u \leftarrow rand(1, i - 1)$ 
   $v \leftarrow i$ 
   $edge$  append  $\{u, v\}$ 
   $graph[u][v] = true$ 
end for

function  $dfs(x, father, grand\ father)$ 
   $top[x] = grand\ father$ 
   $fa[x] = father$ 
   $link\ son \leftarrow j$  where  $j$  is any one of  $graph[x][j] = true$ 
  call  $dfs(link\ son, x, grand\ father)$ 
  for  $j \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$  do
    if  $graph[x][j] = true$  and  $j \neq link\ son$  do
      call  $dfs(j, x, j)$ 
    end if
  end for
end function

 $root \leftarrow rand(1, n)$ 
call  $dfs(root, 0, root)$ 
 $vis[] = \{false\}$ 
for  $i \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$  do
  if  $vis[top[i]] = false$  and  $top[i] \neq i$  and  $top[i] \neq fa[i]$  do
     $vis[top[i]] = true$ 
    append  $\{i, top[i]\}$  to  $edge$ 
  end if
end for

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return edge