

Web Scraping

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Overview

- Web scraping is the process of retrieving web pages and extracting relevant data from them
- Why?
 - Search engines collect data to index web pages
 - Collecting weather and climate data for research
 - <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0168169909002348>
 - For businesses and consumers to keep track of products
 - For research in economics
 - <https://www.aeaweb.org/articles?id=10.1257/jep.30.2.151>

Legal / ethical considerations and guidelines

- Respect each websites terms of service
- Respect each site's *robots.txt* file
 - A web site's robots.txt file lets robots (crawlers and web scrapers) know what behavior is permissible and what is not
 - <https://www.promptcloud.com/blog/how-to-read-and-respect-robots-file>
 - From eastern: <http://www.easternct.edu/robots.txt>
 - From Travelocity: <https://www.travelocity.com/robots.txt>
- Use a web site's Application Programming Interface (API) if available.
- Do not overload the host's server by pausing/sleeping if making multiple requests
- Identify yourself in the HTTP request header

Steps for web scraping

- Identify a page you want to scrape
- Understand the structure of the page (e.g., by using the Web Inspector)
- Write a script that
 - Retrieves the web page
 - From a URL using the Python requests library
 - From a file using *open*
 - Extracts information from the web page
 - Using Python's BeautifulSoup library