

#### The Role of Automation in Undergraduate Computer Science Education

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Author: Chris Wilcox Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO, USA

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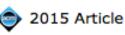
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# Article: The Role of Automation in Undergraduate Computer Science

- Background:
  - Grading is a very time-consuming element of teaching
  - Automated grading has advantages
    - Students can submit programs online where they are automatically graded
    - Students receive relatively fast feedback
    - Students can submit multiple times, can make corrections and better learn the material
- Objective: Look at effect of automatic grading (+peer instruction) on learning and other outcomes

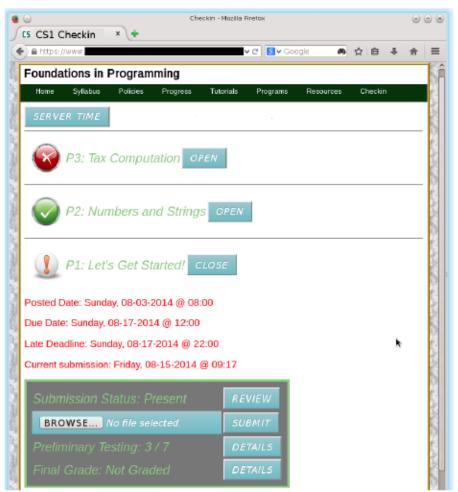
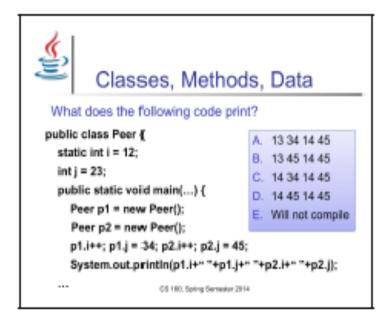


Figure 3: Automated Program Grading Interface.



	Semester	Zeros Included	Mean	Median	Sample Size	Stddev	Variance	Increase	Statistical Significance
	Spring 2013	Yes	66.1	71.0	234	20.3	410.4	+0.0%	base semester
ı	Spring 2013	No	68.5	71.0	234	16.2	264.0	+0.0%	base semester
	Fall 2013	Yes	70.3	76.3	252	24.1	582.7	+6.4%	t = 2.07 p = 0.0388
	Fall 2013	No	75.7	79.0	252	14.7	216.3	+10.6%	t = 5.04 p < 0.0001
	Spring 2014	Yes	73.9	78.0	232	20.5	422.3	+11.8%	t = 4.11 p < 0.0001
	Spring 2014	No	77.6	78.0	232	12.5	156.8	+13.3%	t = 6.63 p < 0.0001

Figure 5: Analysis of Exam Scores.

## Conclusions

- The combined adoption of new pedagogic techniques (automated grading + peer instruction)
  - improves the average final exam scores and overall grade.
  - decreases the student withdrawal rate.
  - improves student attendance.

### Limitations

- Automated grading and peer instruction are confounded
- Are students just better over time (uncontrolled extraneous variable)?

## Additional observations

- Automated grading has an unforgiving nature
- Some students throw submissions at automated grading

Project idea: development of an automated tool for learning *R* programming

# R programming and swirl

- R (<u>http://www.r-project.org</u>) is a free environment for statistical computing and graphics
- R is an interpreted language
- Many packages are available for specialized analyses (<u>http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/</u>)
- Swirl (<u>http://swirlstats.com</u>) is a package where you can "learn R, in R."
  - Questions are hard-coded
  - This makes swirl appropriate for learning but not for practice and/or assessment

## Proposed project

- Develop a swirl-based package that generates templatebased problems to help students practice R programming and data analysis concepts
- Question templates that use random variable names and/or values:
  - Question: Create a vector named 'x' that stores the values 3 and 11.
  - Solution: x <- c(3,11)</li>
- Improvement: values in red above are randomly generated each time.

## Questions:

- 1. What is the best way to learn a new programming language?
- 2. What programming exercises will best help you learn the concepts?
- 3. What is the best way to assess someone's programming ability?
- 4. Does anyone have experience creating R packages (how do you do this)?
- 5. Does anyone know how to generate random numbers in R?