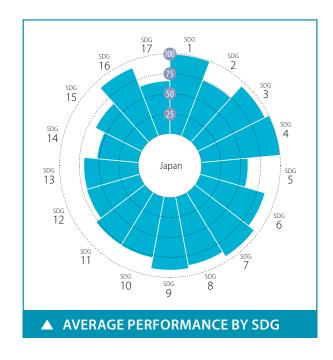
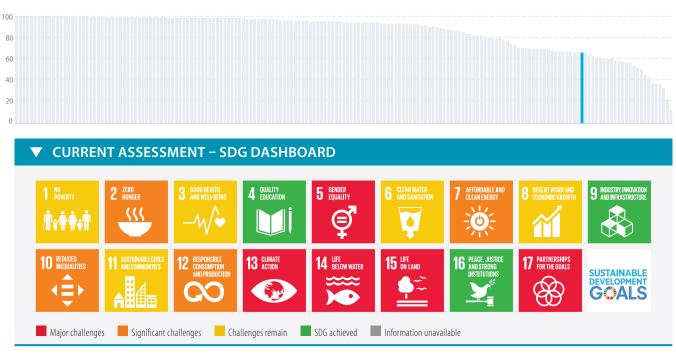
JAPAN

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 79.2 SDG Global rank 17 (OF 166)



▼ SPILLOVER INDEX

100 (best) to 0 (worst)





Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals





(% of population aged 15 to 29)

SDG1 – No Poverty				g Trenc	·	Value Year F		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020			1 3 1,7	91.3 2018		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		_	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	93.3 2018	•	
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) SDG2 – Zero Hunger	15./	2015) •	7	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.2 2018	•	
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2017	7	1	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3	64.0 2020	•	(
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2010		4	universities (worst 0–100 best) Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.8 2018		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.3	2010) •	1	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	3.2 2017		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	4.3	2016	5	1	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	9.8 2018		6
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	7	\rightarrow		42.9 2017		
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017		1	Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	NA NA		(
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		1	Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science	NA NA		
/ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA	N/	4		and engineering)	NA NA	_	_
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		1		35.7 2008		(
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		- 1	Palma ratio	1.3 2015		•
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		- 1		19.6 2015	•	•
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018		T	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.0	2010			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	11.7 2017	•	
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	8.4	2016	5	1	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)			
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	10	201			Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	NA NA		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	12	2016	, 👅	•		58.0 2019		
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		1	Population with rent overburden (%)	8.1 2016	-	_
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016		- 1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017		- 1		16.9 2016		
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2015		- :	- '3' '	42.0 2012		
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018		- 1	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	9.5 2012		
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017				28.3 2010		
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019			Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	9.5 2010		
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		2010			Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.7 2017	•	_
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)		2016		-	SDG13 – Climate Action			
	1/./	2017		-1-	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	8.8 2017		
DG4 – Quality Education					CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.8 2015		
1 /	100.0			T	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0 2019		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	100.0			T	Effective carbon rate (EUR/tCO ₂)	7.8 2016	•	
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		N/			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6) * ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	91.0			•		73.5 2018	•	
SA score (worst 0–600 best)	520.0	2018		1	· · ·	59.4 2019		
ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		- 1	3 1 1 ,	70.8 2014		
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		•		24.2 2014		
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		本	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.0 2018	•	
DG5 – Gender Equality				•	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods						65.8 2018		
(% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	60.1	2017	7	1	7.7	67.0 2018		
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	103.2	2018	3	1	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8 2019		
latio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019			Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 2018	•	
eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020			Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	5.1 2018	•	
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	24.5	2017	7	\rightarrow	(per million population)			-
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	183.5	2016	5 •		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation					Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.2 2017		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.0	2017	7			11.3 2018	•	
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		•	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	73.3 2019	•	
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2010			Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	6.2 2019	•	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•		00.0 2018		
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	20.9	2013	3		7 .	73.0 2019		
opulation using safely managed water services (%)		2017		_		0.0 2016		
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	98.8	2017	7	1	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	0.0 2019		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy					per 100,000 population)			
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	7	1	,	29.4 2019		
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0			- 1		40.6 2017	•	_
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total	1.1	2017	7 👝	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)					Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	12.3 2016	•	
hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	5.9	2018	3 •	→	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.2 2017	•	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth					public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)			
djusted GDP growth (%)	-2.0	2018	3 •	•	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA NA		
lictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	0.3	2018	3	•	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) *	0.0 2019		
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	08.2	2017	7 👝	1		62.9 2020		
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)					Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	11.8 2016	•	_
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010		- 1				
mployment-to-population ratio (%)	77.7	2019	•	1				
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)	0.0	2014	1					
(% of population aged 15 to 29)	9.8	201	_	_				