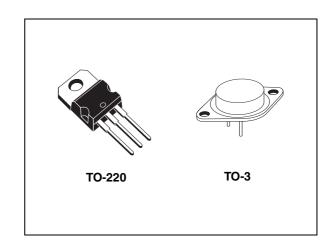


### Three-terminal adjustable negative voltage regulators

#### **Features**

- Output voltage adjustable down to V<sub>REF</sub>
- 1.5 A guaranteed output current
- 0.3%/V typical load regulation
- 0.01%/V typical line regulation
- Current limit constant with temperature
- Ripple rejection: 77 dB
- Standard 3-lead transistor packages
- Excellent thermal regulation: 0.002%/V
- 50 ppm/°C temperature coefficient



#### **Description**

The LM137 series are adjustable 3-terminal negative voltage regulators capable of supplying in excess -1.5 A over a -1.2 to -37 V output voltage range. They are exceptionally easy to use and require only two external resistors to set the output voltage. Further, both line and load regulation are better than standard fixed regulators. Also, LM137 regulators are supplied in standard transistor packages which are easily mounted and handled. In addition to higher performance than fixed regulators, the LM137 series offer full overload protection available only in integrated circuits. Included on the chip are current limit, thermal overload protection and safe area protection. All overload protection circuitry remains fully functional even if the adjustment terminal is disconnected.

Table 1. Device summary

Part numbers	Order codes	Packages	Temperature range
LM137	LM137K	TO-3	- 55 °C to 150 °C
LM337	LM337K	TO-3	0 °C to 125 °C
LM337	LM337SP	TO-220	0 °C to 125 °C

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Contents LM137, LM337

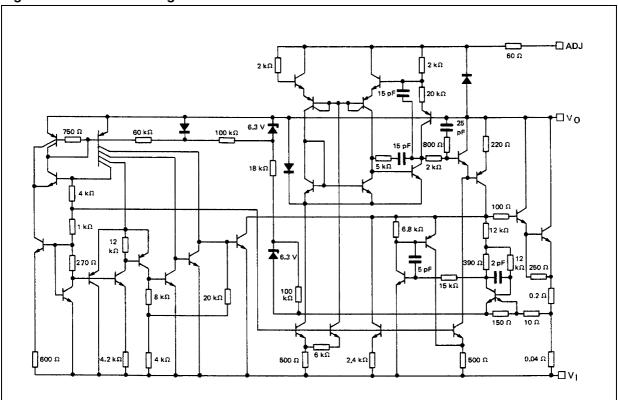
### **Contents**

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LM137, LM337 Diagram

# 1 Diagram

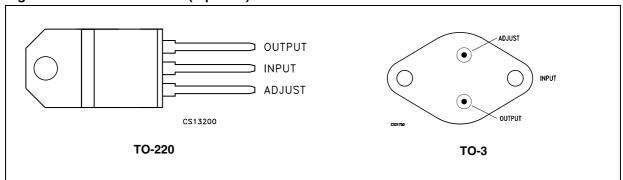
Figure 1. Schematic diagram



Pin configuration LM137, LM337

# 2 Pin configuration

Figure 2. Pin connections (top view)



LM137, LM337 Maximum ratings

# 3 Maximum ratings

Table 2. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	
V <sub>I</sub> - V <sub>O</sub>	Input output voltage differential	40	V	
Io	Output current	1.5	Α	
P <sub>D</sub>	Power dissipation	Internally limited		
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature range		- 65 to 150	°C
т.	Operating junction temperature range	LM137	- 55 to 150	°C
T <sub>OP</sub>	Operating junction temperature range	LM337	0 to 125	

Note:

Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these condition is not implied.

Table 3. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	TO-220	TO-3	Unit
R <sub>thJC</sub>	Thermal resistance junction-case max.	3	4	°C/W
R <sub>thJA</sub>	Thermal resistance junction-ambient max.	70	35	°C/W

Electrical characteristics LM137, LM337

## 4 Electrical characteristics

 $\rm T_J$  = -55 to 150 °C,  $\rm V_I$  -  $\rm V_O$  = 5 V,  $\rm I_O$  = 0.5 A unless otherwise specified.

Table 4. Electrical characteristics of LM137

Symbol	Parameter	Test condi	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
		$T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ $IV_I - V_OI = 3 \text{ to } 40 \text{ V}, T_J = T_{min} \text{ to } T_{max}$ $II_OI = 10\text{mA to } II_{O(max)}I \text{ P} \leq P_{max}$		-1.225	-1.25	-1.275		
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference voltage			-1.2	-1.25	-1.3	V	
K <sub>VI</sub>	Line regulation <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sub>a</sub> = 25°C	I <sub>O</sub> = 0.1 A		0.01	0.02	%/V	
KVI	Line regulation .	$ V_1 - V_0  = 3 \text{ to } 40 \text{ V}$	I <sub>O</sub> = 20 mA		0.01	0.02	/0/ <b>V</b>	
K <sub>VO</sub>	Load regulation <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sub>a</sub> = 25°C	$ V_O  \le 5 V$		15	25	mV	
KVO	Load regulation V	$ I_O  = 10$ mA to $ I_{O(max)} $	$ V_O  \ge 5 V$		0.3	0.5	%	
	Thermal regulation	$T_a = 25$ °C, pulse 10 ms			0.002	0.02	%/W	
I <sub>ADJ</sub>	Adjustment pin current				65	100	μΑ	
Δl <sub>ADJ</sub>	Adjustment pin current change	$T_a = 25$ °C, $II_OI = 10$ mA to $II_{O(max)}I$ $IV_I - V_OI = 3$ to 40 V			2	5	μΑ	
K <sub>VI</sub>	Line regulation (1)	$ V_1 - V_0  = 3 \text{ to } 40 \text{ V}$			0.02	0.05	%/V	
V	Load regulation (1)	- 10m	$ V_O  \le 5 V$		20	50	mV	
K <sub>VO</sub>	Load regulation V	$ I_O  = 10 \text{mA to }  I_{O(\text{max})} $ $ V_O  \ge 5 \text{ V}$			0.3	1	%	
	Minimum load ourrent	V <sub>I</sub> - V <sub>O</sub>   ≤ 40 V			2.5	5	mΛ	
II <sub>O(min)</sub>	Minimum load current				1.2	3	mA	
	Chart aircuit autaut aurrent	$ V_I - V_O  \le 15 \text{ V}$		1.5	2.2		۸	
los	Short circuit output current	IV <sub>I</sub> - V <sub>O</sub> I = 40 V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C		IV <sub>I</sub> - V <sub>O</sub> I = 40 V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	0.24	0.4		Α
V <sub>NO</sub>	RMS output noise (% of V <sub>O</sub> )	$T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ , $f = 10 \text{ Hz to } 10 \text{ kHz}$			0.003		%	
Б	Disarts asis ation water	V <sub>O</sub> = -10 V, f = 120 Hz			60		j.	
R <sub>VF</sub>	Ripple rejection ratio	C <sub>ADJ</sub> = 10 μF		66	77		dB	
K <sub>VT</sub>	Temperature stability			0.6		%		
K <sub>VH</sub>	Long term stability	T <sub>a</sub> = 125°C, 1000 H			0.3	1	%	

Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature, using pulse testing with a low duty cycle. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered under the specification for thermal regulation.

 $T_J = 0$  to 150 °C unless otherwise specified.

Table 5. Electrical characteristics of LM337

Symbol	Parameter	Test condi	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
		$T_a = 25^{\circ}C$		-1.213	-1.25	-1.287	
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference voltage	$ V_I - V_O  = 3 \text{ to } 40 \text{ V}, T_J = 10 \text{ mA to }  I_{O(max)} ,$	$ V_I - V_O  = 3 \text{ to } 40 \text{ V}, T_J = T_{min} \text{ to } T_{max}$ $ I_O  = 10 \text{mA to }  I_{O(max)} , P \le P_{max}$		-1.25	-1.3	V
K	Line regulation <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sub>a</sub> = 25°C	I <sub>O</sub> = 0.1 A		0.01	0.04	%/V
K <sub>VI</sub>	Line regulation .	$ V_1 - V_0  = 3 \text{ to } 40 \text{ V}$	I <sub>O</sub> = 20 mA		0.01	0.04	/0/ <b>V</b>
K	Load regulation (1)	T <sub>a</sub> = 25°C	$ V_O  \le 5 V$		15	50	mV
K <sub>VO</sub>	Load regulation V	$ I_O  = 10$ mA to $ I_{O(max)} $	$ V_O  \ge 5 V$		0.3	1	%
	Thermal regulation	T <sub>a</sub> = 25°C, pulse 10 ms			0.003	0.04	%/W
I <sub>ADJ</sub>	Adjustment pin current				65	100	μΑ
$\Delta I_{ADJ}$	Adjustment pin current change	$T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ , $II_OI = 10 \text{ mA}$ $IV_I - V_OI = 3 \text{ to } 40 \text{ V}$		2	5	μΑ	
K <sub>VI</sub>	Line regulation (1)	$ V_1 - V_0  = 3 \text{ to } 40 \text{ V}$			0.02	0.07	%/V
V	Load regulation <sup>(1)</sup>	II I 10m A to II I	$ V_O  \le 5 V$		20	70	mV
K <sub>VO</sub>	Load regulation (*)	$ I_O  = 10 \text{mA to }  I_{O(\text{max})} $ $ V_O  \ge 5 \text{ V}$			0.3	1.5	%
	Minimum load aurrent	$ V_I - V_O  \le 40 \text{ V}$			2.5	10	m 1
II <sub>O(min)</sub> I	Minimum load current				1.5	6	mA
	Chart singuit autout august	$ V_I - V_O  \le 15 \text{ V}$		1.5	2.2		۸
los	Short circuit output current	IV <sub>I</sub> - V <sub>O</sub> I = 40 V, T <sub>J</sub> =2 5°C		0.15	0.4		A
V <sub>NO</sub>	RMS output noise (% of V <sub>O</sub> )	$T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ , $f = 10 \text{ Hz to } 10 \text{ kHz}$			0.003		%
5 5 1 1 1 1		V <sub>O</sub> = -10 V, f = 120 Hz			60		5
R <sub>VF</sub>	Ripple rejection ratio	C <sub>ADJ</sub> = 10 μF		66	77		dB
K <sub>VT</sub>	Temperature stability				0.6		%
K <sub>VH</sub>	Long term stability	T <sub>a</sub> = 125°C, 1000 H			0.3	1	%

Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature, using pulse testing with a low duty cycle. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered under the specification for thermal regulation.

## 5 Typical characteristics

Figure 3. Load regulation

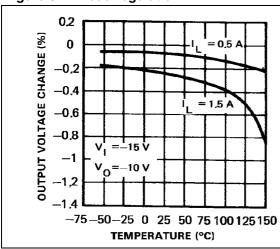


Figure 4. Current limit

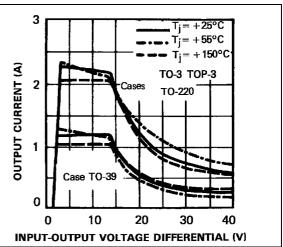


Figure 5. Adjustment current

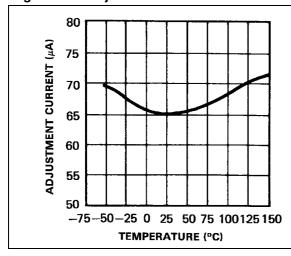


Figure 6. Dropout voltage

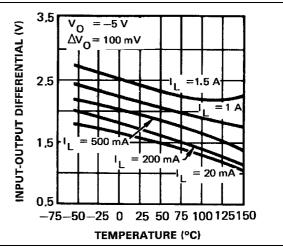


Figure 7. Temperature stability

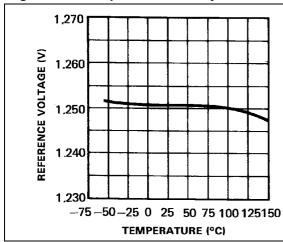


Figure 8. Minimum operating current

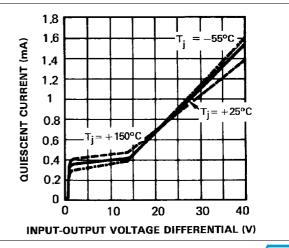
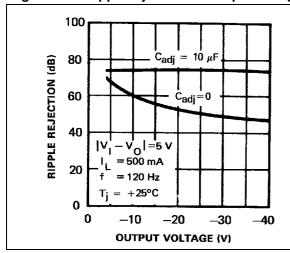


Figure 9. Ripple rejection vs. output voltage Figure 10. Ripple rejection vs. frequency



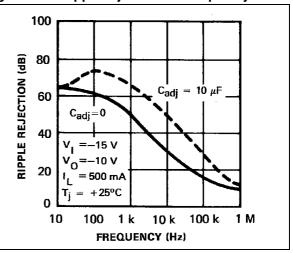
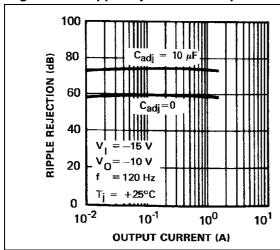


Figure 11. Ripple rejection vs. output current Figure 12. Output impedance



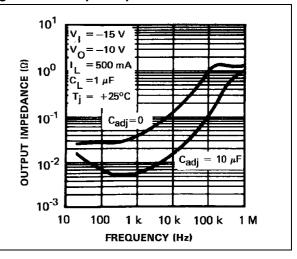


Figure 13. Line transient response

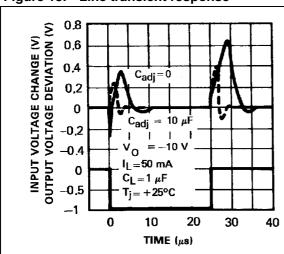
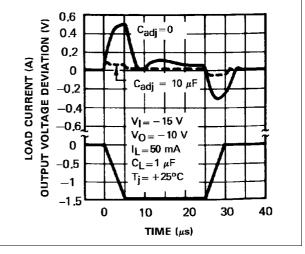


Figure 14. Load transient response



Thermal regulation LM137, LM337

### 6 Thermal regulation

When power is dissipated in an IC, a temperature gradient occurs across the IC chip affecting the individual IC circuit components. With an IC regulator, this gradient can be especially severe since power dissipation is large.

Thermal regulation is the effect of these temperature gradients on output voltage (in percentage output change) per watt of power change in a specified time. Thermal regulation error is independent of electrical regulation or temperature coefficient, and occurs within 5 ms to 50 ms after a change in power dissipation. Thermal regulation depends on IC layout as well as electrical design. The thermal regulation of a voltage regulator is defined as the percentage change of  $V_{\rm O}$ , per watt, within the first 10ms after a step of power, is applied.

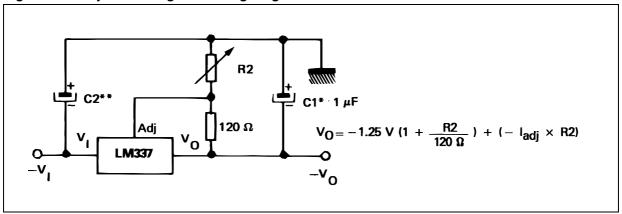
The LM137 specification is 0.02%/W max. In *Figure 1*, a typical LM337's output drifts only 3 mV for 0.03% of  $V_O = -10$  V) when a 10 W pulse is applied for 10 ms. This performance is thus well inside the specification limit of 0.02%/W x 10 W = 0.2% max. When the 10 W pulse is ended the thermal regulation again shows a 3 mV step as the LM137 chip cools off. Note that the load regulation error of about 8 mV (0.08%) is additional to the thermal regulation error.

In *Figure 2*, when the 10 W pulse is applied for 100 ms, the output drifts only slightly beyond the drift in the first 10 ms and the thermal error stays well within 0.1% (10 mV).

LM137, LM337 Typical application

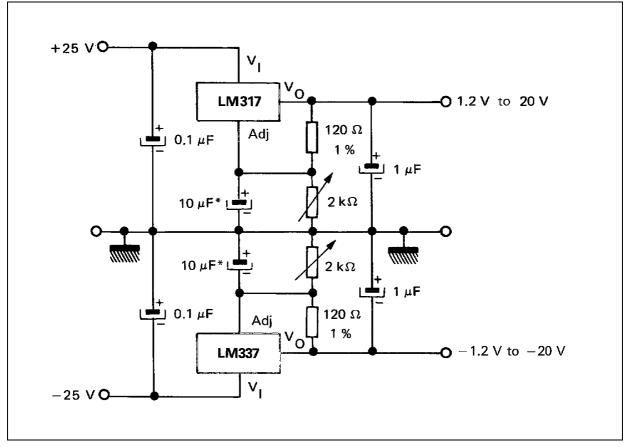
## 7 Typical application

Figure 15. Adjustable negative voltage regulator



<sup>\*</sup> C1 = 1  $\mu$ F solid tantalum or 10  $\mu$ F aluminium electrolytic required for stability.

Figure 16. Adjustable lab voltage regulator



 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  The 10  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitors are optimal to improve ripple rejection.

 $<sup>^{**}</sup>$  C2 = 1  $\mu$ F solid tantalum is required only if regulator is more than 10 cm from power supply filter capacitors

Typical application LM137, LM337

Figure 17. Current regulator

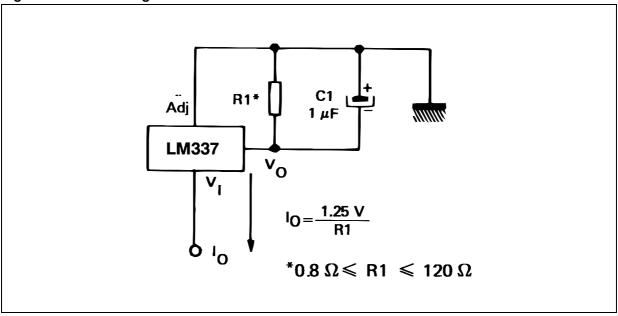
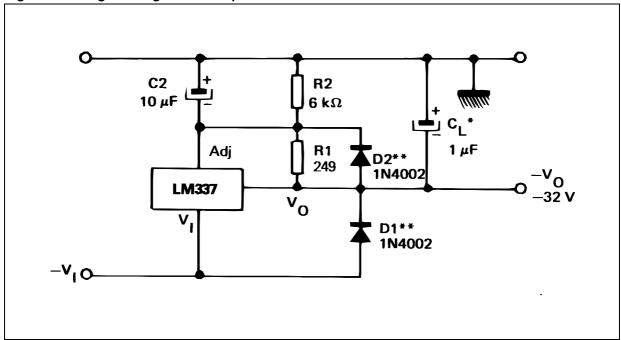


Figure 18. Negative regulator with protection diodes

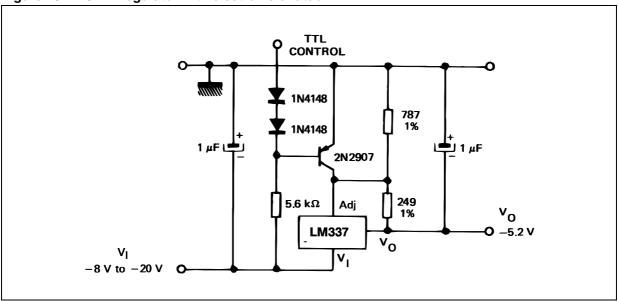


 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  When CL is larger than 20  $\mu F,\, D1$  protects the LM137 in case the input supply is shorted.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  When C2 is larger than 10  $\mu\text{F}$  and V  $_{O}$  is larger than - 25 V, D2 protects the LM137 in case the output is shorted.

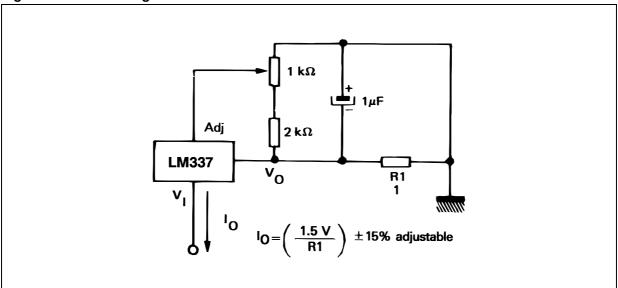
LM137, LM337 Typical application

Figure 19. - 5.2 V regulator with electronic shutdown (1)



1. Minimum output = - 1.3 V when control input is low.

Figure 20. Current regulator



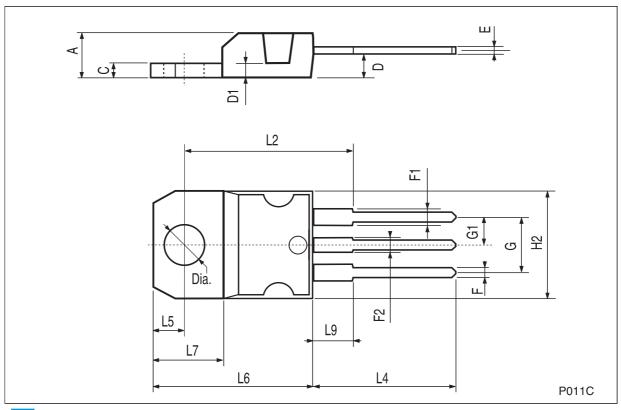
# 8 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: <a href="https://www.st.com">www.st.com</a>. ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> is an ST trademark.

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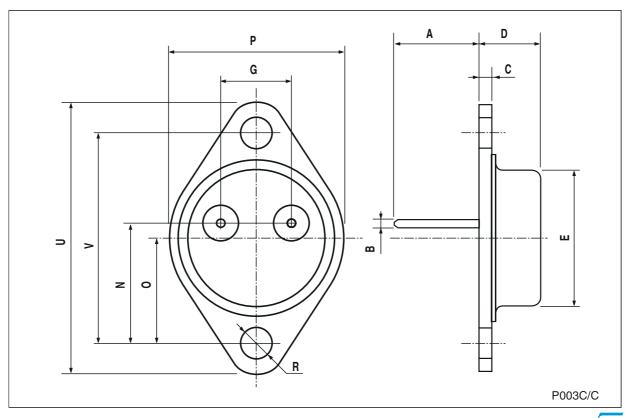
<b>TO-220</b>	mechan	nical	data
10-220	IIICCIIai	IIGai	uala

Dim		mm.			inch.		
Dim.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
А	4.40		4.60	0.173		0.181	
С	1.23		1.32	0.048		0.051	
D	2.40		2.72	0.094		0.107	
D1		1.27			0.050		
Е	0.49		0.70	0.019		0.027	
F	0.61		0.88	0.024		0.034	
F1	1.14		1.70	0.044		0.067	
F2	1.14		1.70	0.044		0.067	
G	4.95		5.15	0.194		0.203	
G1	2.4		2.7	0.094		0.106	
H2	10.0		10.40	0.393		0.409	
L2		16.4			0.645		
L4	13.0		14.0	0.511		0.551	
L5	2.65		2.95	0.104		0.116	
L6	15.25		15.75	0.600		0.620	
L7	6.2		6.6	0.244		0.260	
L9	3.5		3.93	0.137		0.154	
DIA.	3.75		3.85	0.147		0.151	



#### TO-3 mechanical data

Dim.		mm.			inch.	
Dilli.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Α		11.85			0.466	
В	0.96	1.05	1.10	0.037	0.041	0.043
С			1.70			0.066
D			8.7			0.342
E			20.0			0.787
G		10.9			0.429	
N		16.9			0.665	
Р			26.2			1.031
R	3.88		4.09	0.152		0.161
U			39.5			1.555
V		30.10			1.185	



LM137, LM337 Revision history

# 9 Revision history

Table 6. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
19-Jul-2004	1	First issue.
10-Jan-2005	2	Modified pin connection for TO-3.
17-Jul-2008	3	Added: Table 1 on page 1.
03-Oct-2011	4	Modified: Table 1 on page 1.

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