

# Problem Solving Techniques 문제해결

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# Homework 3a

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- 40 points for coding evaluation
  - Submission format
    - Your file should work on skku.goorm.io with gcc 11.1.0 complier
  - Submission site: <https://skku.goorm.io>
    - [Homework] 3a (code)
- 5 points for report
  - The report is not evaluated in detail but evaluated as Pass/Fail
  - Submission format: [Template] Report for exercise/homework
    - File name: yourid\_HW3a.pdf
      - Example: 2000123456\_HW3a.pdf
  - Submission site: <https://icampus.skku.edu/>
    - Week 8: [Homework] 3a (report)
- Due date: 5/3 23:59 (no late submission accepted)

# Rules for homework

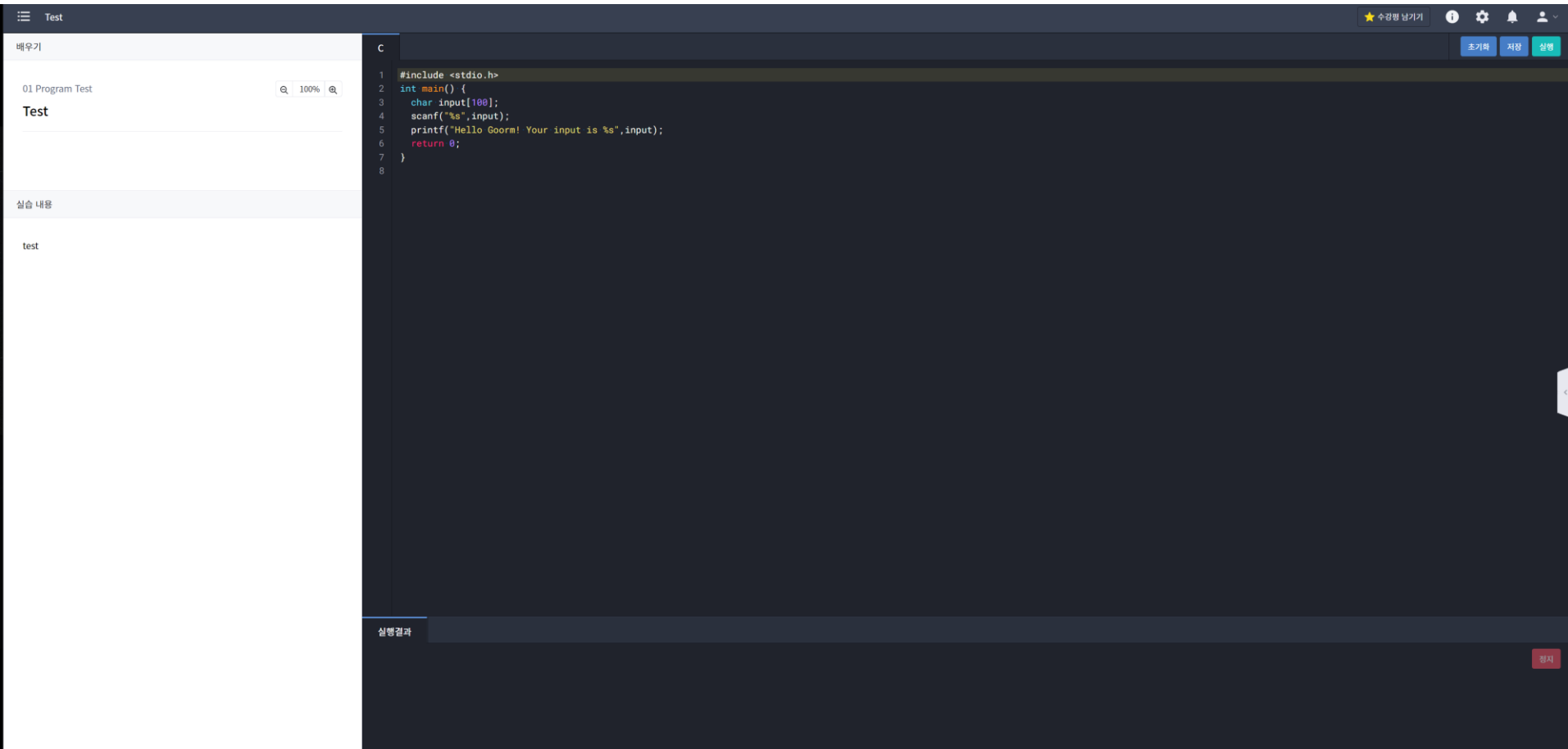
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- You should follow instructions.
  - Compiler
    - You will get **no/less point** if your program cannot be complied with the specified compiler
  - Input/output format
    - You will get **no/less point** if TA's automatic evaluation program cannot parse your input or output.
  - Permitted modification scope
    - You will get **no/less point** if you modify code outside of the permitted modification scope
  - All other rules
    - You will get **severe penalty or no/less point** if you violate the given rules.

# Compiler for homework

- Compiler

- skku.goorm.io -> gcc 11.1.0 C language, not C++ language
- Your program will be correctly evaluated *only if* your program works on skku.goorm.io with gcc 11.1.0 compiler



# Problem

- Finding weight-sum-minimized *shortest* path
  - A square grid is represented by a 10-by-10 matrix, in which each point has a weight.
    - Each weight is an integer number between -100 and 100, or -9999.
    - If the weight is -9999, it means any pass cannot include the point.
  - A path has its starting point and destination point, each of which is represented by its row number and column number; the index starts from 1.
    - Any path cannot visit a single point more than once.
    - Any path contains at most one point whose weight is 0.
    - In any path, two consecutive points have *either* the same row number and one difference between the column numbers, *or* the same column number and one difference between the row numbers.
  - Goal: find the *shortest* path that minimizes the sum of weights of all points that the path passes.
    - Input: starting point indexes (the row and column number), and destination point indexes (the row and column number)
    - Output: the sum of weight, AND a series of point indexes from the starting point to the destination point including themselves.

# Input/Output Format

## ■ Input

Starting point (2,3)

Destination point (5,6)

2 3 5 6  
10 20 -5 -4 30 40 50 ...  
-1 20 55 15 -1 -2 40 ...  
-3 19 -3 89 -8 10 20 ...  
33 -4 20 30 11 -5 -5 ...  
50 10 10 40 20 30 -1 ...  
...

10 by 10 matrix

Starting point

Destination point

One space

## ■ Output

96

Weight sum (55+15-1-8+10-5+30)

2 3

Starting point (2,3)

2 4

2 5

3 5

3 6

4 6

5 6

Path

Destination point (5,6)

If you have multiple paths that yield the same sum of weight, print only one of them.

# Input/Output Format

## ■ Input

Starting point (2,3)

Destination point (5,6)

One space

10 by 10 matrix

```
2 3 5 6
10 20 -5 -4 30 40 50 ...
-1 20 55 -9999 -1 -2 40 ...
-3 19 -3 89 -8 10 20 ...
33 -4 20 30 11 -5 -5 ...
50 10 10 40 20 30 -1 ...
...
```

Starting point

Destination point

## ■ Output

138

Weight sum (55-3+20+30+11-5+30)

2 3

Starting point (2,3)

3 3

4 3

4 4

4 5

4 6

5 6

Path

Destination point (5,6)

# Input/Output Format

## ■ Input

Starting point (2,3)

Destination point (5,6)

```

2 3 5 6
10 20 -5 -4 30 40 50 ...
-1 20 55 15 -1 -2 40 ...
-3 19 -3 89 -8 0 20 ...
33 -4 20 30 11 0 -5 ...
50 10 10 40 20 30 -1 ...
...
    
```

10 by 10 matrix

One space

Starting point

Destination point

## ■ Output

102

Weight sum (55+15-1-8+11+0+30)

2 3

Starting point (2,3)

2 4

2 5

3 5

Path

4 5

4 6

5 6

Destination point (5,6)

Warning: the following is wrong

91

2 3

2 4

2 5

3 5

3 6

4 6

5 6

Because there are two  
points with weight zero



# Input/Output Format

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- TA will not evaluate any test case where output doesn't exist.
- Validity of output
  - It should be the shortest path, meaning that it passes the minimum number of points. This implicitly means that any path cannot visit a single point more than once.
  - Any path cannot include any point whose weight is -9999.
  - Any path cannot include two or more points whose weight is 0.
  - In any path, two consecutive points have *either* the same row number and one difference between the column numbers, *or* the same column number and one difference between the row numbers.

# Template

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- Template
  - No C code template

# Evaluation

## ■ Evaluation

- TA will test several cases.
- For each test case,
  - If your C code results in an answer within 10 seconds on skku.goorm.io with gcc 11.1.0 complier,
    - If your answer is correct (= is valid and minimizes the sum of weight),
      - You get 100%.
    - Else,
      - You get 0%.
  - Else,
    - You get 0%.

**Before submission, test your program on skku.goorm.io with gcc 11.1.0 complier!  
Otherwise, you may get zero point although your program works on your environment.**