

# Problem Solving Techniques 문제해결

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# Contents

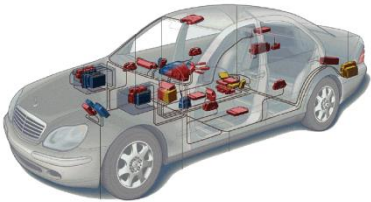
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- Real-time systems
- Real-time scheduling problem

# Real-time Systems

- Systems that operate with time constraints (deadlines)
  - Important to produce accurate results before deadlines

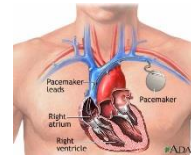
*Automotive*



*Avionics*



*Medical Devices*



*Robots*



*Military*



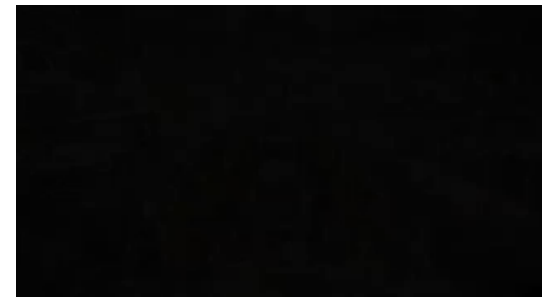
*Smartphones*



*Multimedia*



*Factory Automation*



# Real-Time Systems

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## ■ Definition

- Systems whose correctness depend on their temporal aspects as well as their functional aspects

## ■ Performance measure

- Timeliness on timing constraints (deadlines)
- Speed/average case performance are less significant.

## ■ Key property

- Predictability on timing constraints

# Real-time Systems

- Misconceptions about real-time systems
- Real-time  $\neq$  fast
  - Rather predictable than fast
  - “A man drowned in a river with an average depth of 20 centimeters”



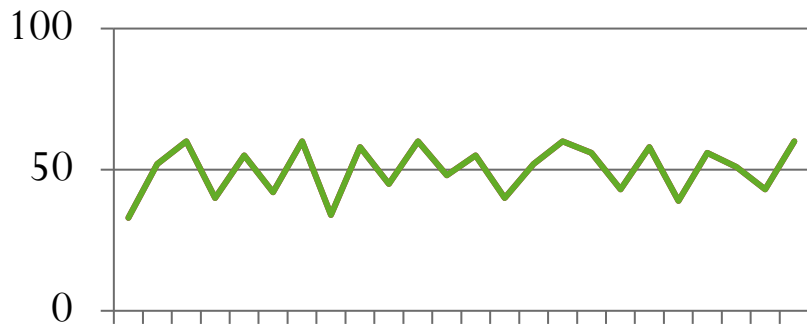
# Real-time Systems

## ■ Example

### Web Server



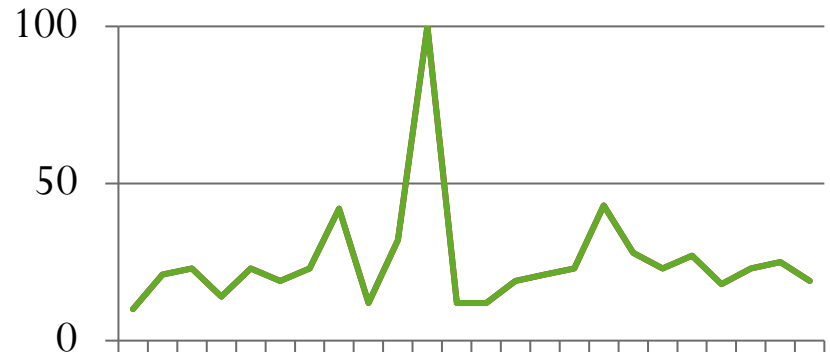
response time (avg=50,max=60)



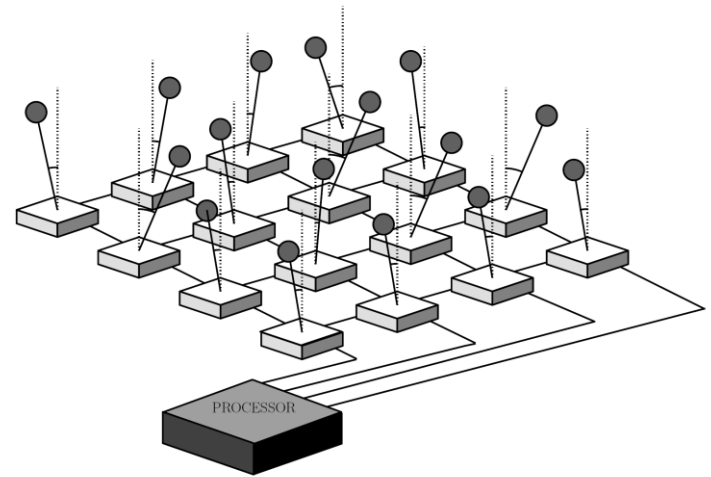
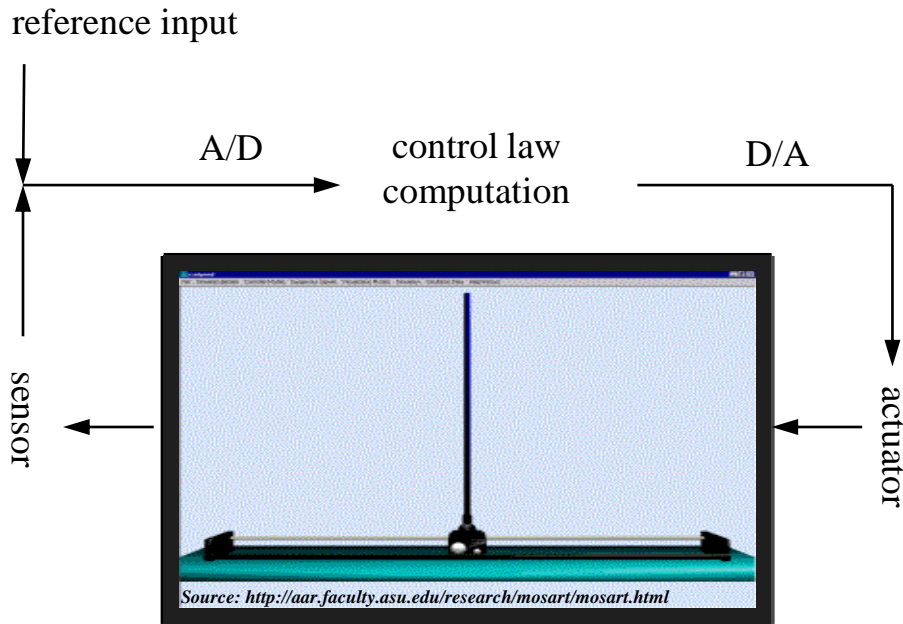
### Autonomous Vehicle Driving



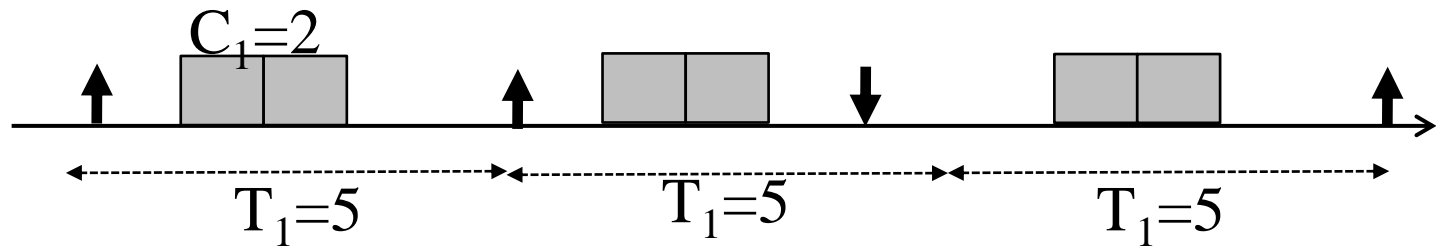
response time (avg=25,max=100)



# Real-Time Task

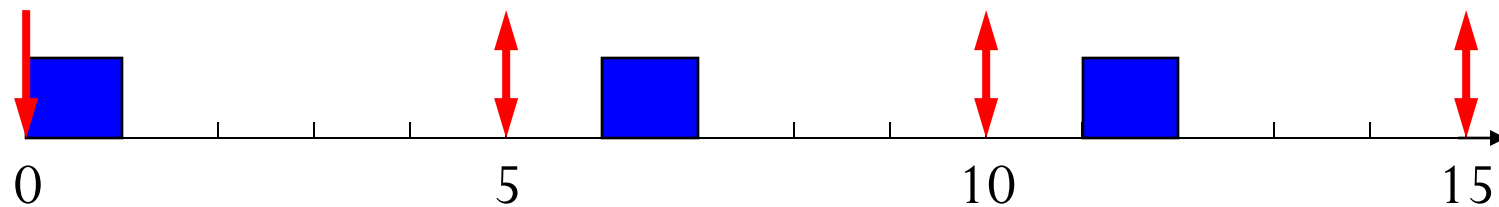


A job of Task 1



# Real-Time Task

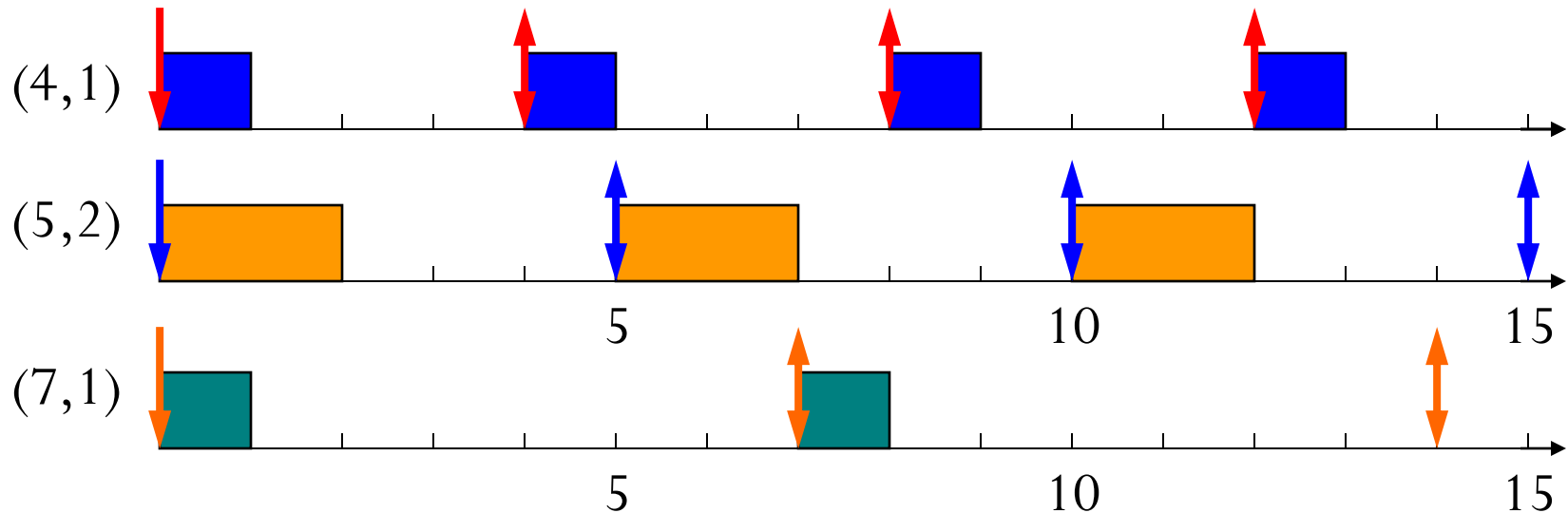
- Task : a sequence of series of jobs
  - Periodic task (T,C)
    - Its jobs repeat regularly
    - Period  $T$  = inter-release time ( $0 < T$ )
    - Execution time  $C$  = maximum execution time ( $0 < C \leq T$ )
    - Utilization  $U = C/T$





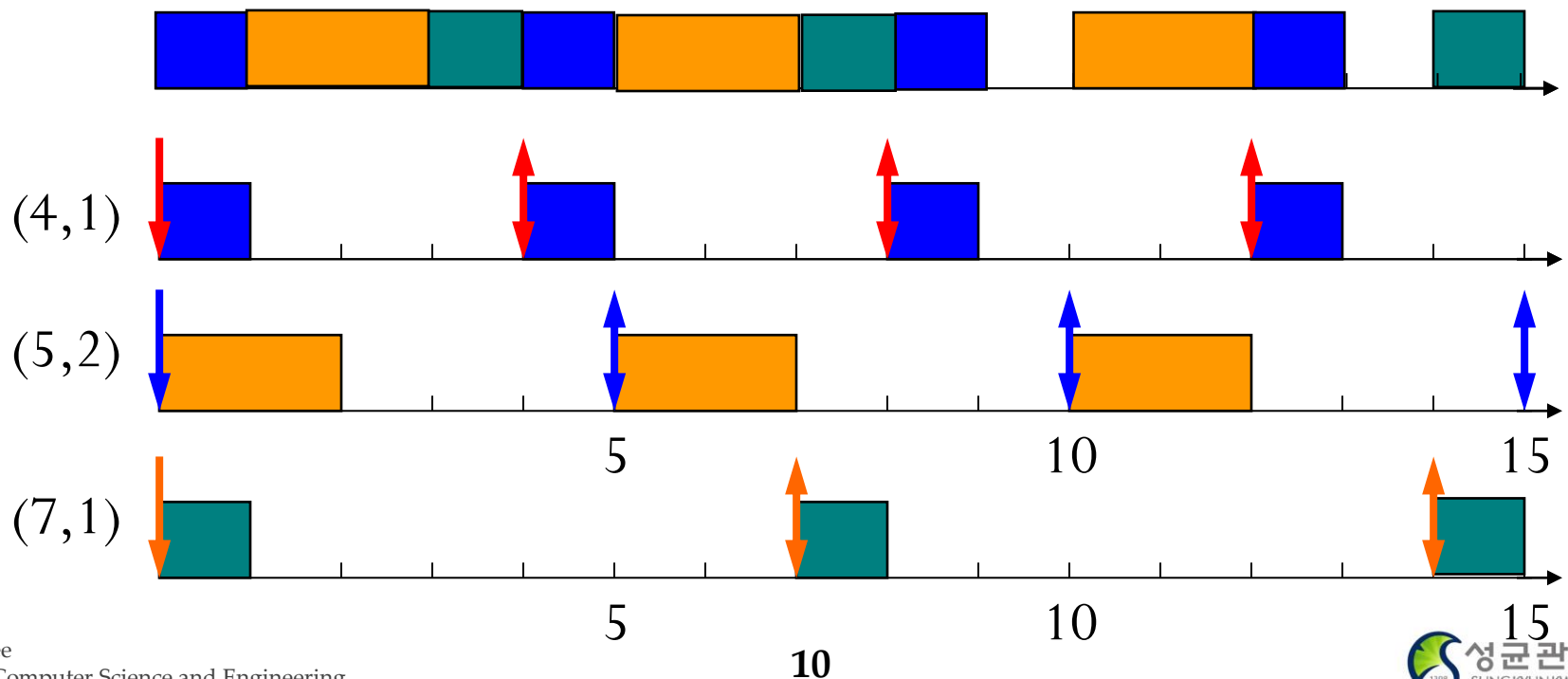
# Real-Time Scheduling Problem

- You have  $n$  real-time tasks with its period and execution time.
  - For example, in the figure, you have three tasks: Task 1 with its period 4 and execution time 1, Task 2 with its period 5 and execution time 2, and Task 3 with its period 7 and execution time 1.
  - Suppose that a task with a short period has a higher priority.



# Real-Time Scheduling Problem

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  - For example, in the figure, you have three tasks: Task 1 with its period 4 and execution time 1, Task 2 with its period 5 and execution time 2, and Task 3 with its period 7 and execution time 1.
  - Suppose that a task with a short period has a higher priority.
  - Here is a sample schedule



# Real-Time Scheduling Problem

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  - For example, in the figure, you have three tasks: Task 1 with its period 4 and execution time 1, Task 2 with its period 5 and execution time 2, and Task 3 with its period 7 and execution time 1.
  - Suppose that a task with a short period has a higher priority.
- Make a condition that checks whether a given task set never miss their job deadlines.

# Solution: Real-Time Scheduling Problem

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- Calculate the worst-case response time, the maximum duration between the release time and the completion time of each task.
- Task 1(4,1), Task 2(5,2), Task 3(7,1)
  - The worst-case response time of Task 1: 1
  - The worst-case response time of Task 2: ?
  - The worst-case response time of Task 3: ?

# Solution: Real-Time Scheduling Problem

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  - The worst-case response time of Task 2: ?
  - The worst-case response time of Task 3: ?

$$a_{n+1} = C_i + \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} \left\lceil \frac{a_n}{T_j} \right\rceil C_j \quad \text{where} \quad a_0 = \sum_{j=1}^i C_j$$

# Solution: Real-Time Scheduling Problem

- Calculate the worst-case response time, the maximum duration between the release time and the completion time of each task.
- Task 1(100,40), Task 2(150,40), Task 3(350,100)
  - The worst-case response time of Task 1: 40
  - The worst-case response time of Task 2: ?
  - The worst-case response time of Task 3: ?

$$a_{n+1} = C_i + \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} \left\lceil \frac{a_n}{T_j} \right\rceil C_j \quad \text{where} \quad a_0 = \sum_{j=1}^i C_j$$

# Solution: Real-Time Scheduling Problem

- Calculate the worst-case response time, the maximum duration between the release time and the completion time of each task.
- Task 1(100,40), Task 2(150,40), Task 3(350,100)
  - The worst-case response time of Task 1: 40
  - The worst-case response time of Task 2: 80
  - The worst-case response time of Task 3: ?

$$a_{n+1} = C_i + \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} \left\lceil \frac{a_n}{T_j} \right\rceil C_j \quad \text{where} \quad a_0 = \sum_{j=1}^i C_j$$