```
In [1]:
        ▶ import numpy as np
           import pandas as pd
           import scipy as sp
In [2]:
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           plt.style.use('ggplot')
In [3]:
        № %file hw_data.csv
           id,sex,weight,height
          1,M,190,77
          2,F,120,70
          3,F,110,68
          4,M,150,72
          5,0,120,66
          6,M,120,60
          7,F,140,70
```

Overwriting hw_data.csv

Python

1. Finish creating the following function that takes a list and returns the average value.

```
In [4]: ▶ def average(my list):
                total = 0
                for item in my list:
                    #do something with item!
                    total += item
                    avg = total/len(my list)
                return avg
            average([1,2,1,4,3,2,5,9])
```

Out[4]: 3.375

2. Using a Dictionary keep track of the count of numbers (or items) from a list

```
▶ def counts(my_list):
In [5]:
                counts = dict()
                for item in my list:
                    #do something with item!
                    if item not in counts.keys():
                        counts[item] = 1
                    else:
                        counts[item] += 1
                return counts
            counts([1,2,1,4,3,2,5,9])
   Out[5]: {1: 2, 2: 2, 4: 1, 3: 1, 5: 1, 9: 1}
```

3. Using the counts() function and the .split() function, return a dictionary of most occurring words from the following paragraph. Bonus, remove punctuation from words.

In [6]:

▶ paragraph_text = '''

For a minute or two she stood looking at the house, and wondering what to do next, when suddenly a footman i The Fish-Footman began by producing from under his arm a great letter, nearly as large as himself, and this Then they both bowed low, and their curls got entangled together.

Alice laughed so much at this, that she had to run back into the wood for fear of their hearing her; and whe Alice went timidly up to the door, and knocked.

'There's no sort of use in knocking,' said the Footman, 'and that for two reasons. First, because I'm on the 'Please, then,' said Alice, 'how am I to get in?'

'There might be some sense in your knocking,' the Footman went on without attending to her, 'if we had the d'I shall sit here,' the Footman remarked, 'till tomorrow—'

At this moment the door of the house opened, and a large plate came skimming out, straight at the Footman's

#counts()

```
new_text = paragraph_text.replace(',', ' ')
In [7]:
            new text = new text.replace('.', '')
            new_text = new_text.replace("'", '')
            new_text = new_text.replace('"', ' ')
           new_text = new_text.replace('\n', ' ')
            new_text = new_text.replace(''', '')
            new_text = new_text.replace(''', '')
           new_text = new_text.replace(':', ' ')
           new_text = new_text.replace('(', ' ')
            new_text = new_text.replace(')', '')
            new_text = new_text.replace(';', ' ')
           new_text = new_text.replace('?', ' ')
           new_text = new_text.replace('-', ' ')
            new_text = new_text.replace('-', ' ')
            new_text = new_text.replace(' ', ' ')
            counts(new_text.split())
   Out[7]: {'For': 3,
             'a': 16,
             'minute': 1,
             'or': 2,
             'two': 2,
             'she': 7,
             'stood': 1,
             'looking': 2,
             'at': 6,
             'the': 32,
             'house': 2,
             'and': 18,
```

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'wondering': 1,
'what': 2,
'to': 15,
'do': 1,
'next': 2,
'when': 2,
'suddenly': 1,

```
In [8]:
         | import re
            def strip punc(str):
                new_string = str
                punc_list = set(re.sub(r'[\w]',' ', str).split())
                for i in punc list:
                    if i = \frac{1}{2} or i = \frac{1}{2}:
                             new_string = new_string.replace(i, '')
                     else:
                         new_string = new_string.replace(i, ' ')
                new_string = re.sub(r'\s+', ' ', new_string)
                return new_string
            new_text = strip_punc(paragraph_text)
In [9]:

▶ counts(new_text.split())

   Out[9]: {'For': 3,
             'a': 16,
             'minute': 1,
              'or': 2,
              'two': 2,
              'she': 7,
             'stood': 1,
             'looking': 2,
              'at': 6,
             'the': 32,
             'house': 2,
             'and': 18,
              'wondering': 1,
             'what': 2,
             'to': 15,
             'do': 1,
              'next': 2,
              'when': 2,
              'suddenly': 1,
              10------
```

4. Read in a file and write each line from the file to a new file Title-ized

This is the first line -> This Is The First Line

Hint: There's a function to do this

```
In [10]:  with open("new_file.txt", 'w') as fout:
    with open("file") as fin:
        for line in fin:
        line = line.title()
        fout.write(line)
```

Numpy

1. Given a list, find the average using a numpy function.

```
In [11]:  simple_list = [1,2,1,4,3,2,5,9]
    print(f"Average: {np.mean(simple_list)}")

Average: 3.375
```

2. Given two lists of Heights and Weights of individual, calculate the BMI of those individuals, without writing a for-loop

```
In [12]:
          heights = [174, 173, 173, 175, 171]
            weights = [88, 83, 92, 74, 77]
            heights a = np.array(heights)
            weights a = np.array(weights)
            bmi a = heights a/(weights a **2)
            bmi_a
   Out[12]: array([0.02246901, 0.0251125, 0.02043951, 0.03195763, 0.02884129])
```

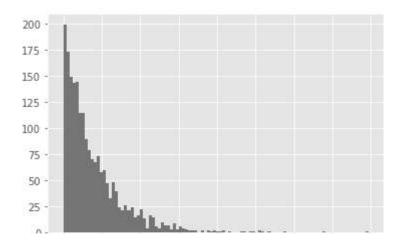
3. Create an array of length 20 filled with random values (between 0 to 1)

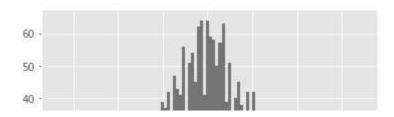
```
In [13]:
          \mid rand a = np.random.rand(1,20)
             rand a
   Out[13]: array([[0.09536168, 0.46402777, 0.26153976, 0.23801651, 0.95317263,
                     0.51525179, 0.99925935, 0.00426226, 0.22304267, 0.41038872,
                     0.72231656, 0.28161868, 0.89824679, 0.14384828, 0.35115314,
                     0.63818668, 0.83986683, 0.00685469, 0.14554388, 0.02847928]])
```

Bonus. 1. Create an array with a large (>1000) length filled with random numbers from different distributions (normal, uniform, etc.). 2. Then, plot a histogram of these values.

```
In [14]: N chi_arr = np.random.chisquare(2,size = 2000)
plt.hist(chi_arr, bins = 100)
```

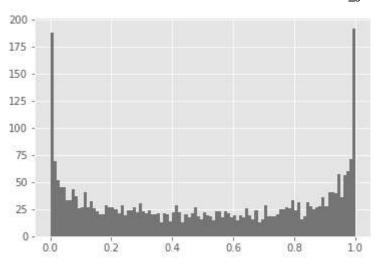
```
1.82548928e+01, 1.84533130e+01, 1.86517331e+01, 1.88501533e+01, 1.90485734e+01, 1.92469936e+01, 1.94454138e+01, 1.96438339e+01, 1.98422541e+01]), <BarContainer object of 100 artists>)
```





```
In [16]:
          beta arr = np.random.beta(0.5,0.5,\text{size} = 3000)
            plt.hist(beta arr, bins = 100)
   Out[16]: (array([188., 69., 52., 45., 45., 33., 33., 43., 37., 26.,
                     41., 27., 32., 26., 23., 20., 20., 29., 27., 27., 25.,
                     21., 29., 19., 24., 24., 27., 22., 30., 23., 21., 24.,
                     20., 20., 21., 13., 21., 20., 14., 22., 29., 22., 13.,
                     20., 17., 21., 27., 18., 16., 22., 19., 18., 15., 23.,
                     23., 17., 23., 21., 17., 19., 15., 19., 17., 26.,
                     16., 24., 13., 16., 29., 18., 18., 18., 20.,
                                                                          25.,
                     27., 26., 33., 24., 31., 16., 18., 31., 28.,
                                                                         25.,
                     28., 36., 28., 41., 41., 40., 57., 36., 56.,
                                                                          60., 71.,
                    192.1).
             array([8.36146551e-11, 9.99999786e-03, 1.99999956e-02, 2.99999934e-02,
                    3.99999912e-02, 4.99999890e-02, 5.99999867e-02, 6.99999845e-02,
                    7.99999823e-02, 8.99999801e-02, 9.99999778e-02, 1.09999976e-01,
                    1.19999973e-01, 1.29999971e-01, 1.39999969e-01, 1.49999967e-01,
                    1.59999964e-01, 1.69999962e-01, 1.79999960e-01, 1.89999958e-01,
                    1.99999956e-01, 2.09999953e-01, 2.19999951e-01, 2.29999949e-01,
                    2.39999947e-01, 2.49999944e-01, 2.59999942e-01, 2.69999940e-01,
                    2.79999938e-01, 2.89999936e-01, 2.99999933e-01, 3.09999931e-01,
                    3.19999929e-01, 3.29999927e-01, 3.39999924e-01, 3.49999922e-01,
                    3.59999920e-01, 3.69999918e-01, 3.79999916e-01, 3.89999913e-01,
                    3.99999911e-01, 4.09999909e-01, 4.19999907e-01, 4.29999904e-01,
                    4.39999902e-01, 4.49999900e-01, 4.59999898e-01, 4.69999896e-01,
                    4.79999893e-01, 4.89999891e-01, 4.99999889e-01, 5.09999887e-01,
                    5.19999884e-01, 5.29999882e-01, 5.39999880e-01, 5.49999878e-01,
                    5.59999876e-01, 5.69999873e-01, 5.79999871e-01, 5.89999869e-01,
                    5.99999867e-01, 6.09999864e-01, 6.19999862e-01, 6.29999860e-01,
                    6.39999858e-01, 6.49999856e-01, 6.59999853e-01, 6.69999851e-01,
                    6.79999849e-01, 6.89999847e-01, 6.99999844e-01, 7.09999842e-01,
                    7.19999840e-01, 7.29999838e-01, 7.39999835e-01, 7.49999833e-01,
                    7.59999831e-01, 7.69999829e-01, 7.79999827e-01, 7.89999824e-01,
                    7.99999822e-01, 8.09999820e-01, 8.19999818e-01, 8.29999815e-01,
                    8.39999813e-01, 8.49999811e-01, 8.59999809e-01, 8.69999807e-01,
                    8.79999804e-01, 8.89999802e-01, 8.99999800e-01, 9.09999798e-01,
                    9.19999795e-01, 9.29999793e-01, 9.39999791e-01, 9.49999789e-01,
                    9.59999787e-01, 9.69999784e-01, 9.79999782e-01, 9.89999780e-01,
                    9.99999778e-01]),
             <BarContainer object of 100 artists>)
```

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Pandas

1. Read in a CSV () and display all the columns and their respective data types

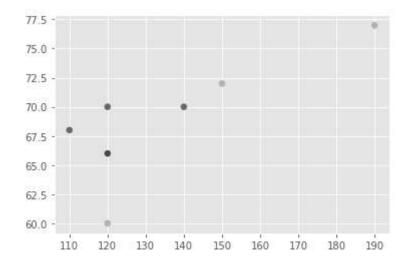
2. Find the average weight

Out[18]: 135.71428571428572

3. Find the Value Counts on column sex

4. Plot Height vs. Weight

Out[20]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x15ac3bda970>



5. Calculate BMI and save as a new column

```
In [21]: ► df['BMI'] = 703 * (df['weight'] / (df['height'] ** 2))
```

6. Save sheet as a new CSV file hw_dataB.csv

```
In [22]:  df.to_csv("hw_dataB.csv")
```

Run the following

```
In [23]: ▶ !type hw_dataB.csv
```

```
,id,sex,weight,height,BMI
0,1,M,190,77,22.52825096980941
1,2,F,120,70,17.216326530612243
2,3,F,110,68,16.72361591695502
3,4,M,150,72,20.341435185185187
4,5,0,120,66,19.366391184573004
5,6,M,120,60,23.43333333333334
6,7,F,140,70,20.085714285714285
```