TASK 1 (Implementation for Python 3) Gustavo D. Q. Alvarez

LU decomposition for a tridiagonal matrix

Let $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ be the tridiagonal matrix given by

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} b_0 & c_0 \\ a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ & a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ & & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots \\ & & & a_{n-2} & b_{n-2} & c_{n-2} \\ & & & & a_{n-1} & b_{n-1} \end{bmatrix}.$$

Let $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}^n$ be vectors that store the diagonals of the matrix A in the following way:

$$a = (0, a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}), \quad b = (b_0, b_1, \dots, b_{n-1}), \quad c = (c_0, \dots, c_{n-2}, 0).$$

Assuming that the LU decomposition of A exists, we have that

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & & & & \\ l_0 & 1 & & & \\ & l_1 & 1 & & \\ & & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & l_{n-3} & 1 & \\ & & & l_{n-2} & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_0 & c_0 & & & \\ & u_1 & c_1 & & \\ & & u_2 & c_2 & & \\ & & & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & & u_{n-2} & c_{n-2} \\ & & & u_{n-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} u_0 & c_0 & & & & \\ l_0 u_0 & l_0 c_0 + u_1 & c_1 & & \\ & & l_1 u_1 & l_1 c_1 + u_2 & c_2 & & & \\ & & & \ddots & & \ddots & \\ & & & & l_{n-3} u_{n-3} & l_{n-3} c_{n-3} + u_{n-2} & c_{n-2} \\ & & & & l_{n-2} u_{n-2} & l_{n-2} c_{n-2} + u_{n-1} \end{bmatrix}.$$

Then, comparing term by term we get

- $b_0 = u_0$.
- $a_i = l_{i-1} u_{i-1} \Rightarrow l_{i-1} = a_i/u_{i-1}$, for all i = 1, ..., n-1.
- $b_i = l_{i-1} c_{i-1} + u_i \Rightarrow u_i = b_i l_{i-1} c_{i-1}$, for all i = 1, ..., n-1.

Solving the linear system Ax = d

Using the LU decomposition of A we can solve the linear system Ax = d in the following way: