Developing an R package: a tutorial

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Note for the reader

Many $\textbf{hyperlinks}^{\bowtie}$ are directly embedded in the slide contents.

Requirements (1)

- **R**^C (the latest version if possible¹, 4.1.0 since 2021-05-18)
- You can use the R command line combined with any text editor, but we recommend to use an R-oriented IDE² like Rstudio[™] or RKWard[™]
- All content presented here have been tested on a Linux environment but should work on any OS
- Note for Windows users: you can update R from within R with the installr package and you will need to install Rtools to enable all R development functionality

¹Keep your software up-to-date! If you need an older version of R for a specific project, use appropriate tools like containers, it should be an exception not a habit.

²Integrated Development Environment ^{C*}

Requirements (2)

■ See the script install_requirements.R to install the packages that will be used in the tutorial

■ To (re)generate the slides, see the scripts³ . setup. $\mathbb{R}^{\mathfrak{C}}$ to install the requirement, .build. $\mathbb{R}^{\mathfrak{C}}$ to build the pdf slides

 $^{^3}$ or the attached Makefile $^{\mathbb{Z}^n}$ if you are confortable with using make

References

- Official R documentation: Writing R Extensions[™]
- Karl Broman[™] tutorial: R package primer (web version[™] and sources[™])
- Hadley Wickham[™] and Jenny Bryan[™] book: R packages (web version[™] and sources[™])
- Hilary Parker [™] tutorial on writing R packages [™]
- R studio **cheatsheets** on package development and Rstudio IDE

What is an R package?

- a library containing a set of R functions (and possibly more) implementing functionality not available in default R functions⁴
- a standardized way to distribute R codes (for other users)

⁴or reimplementing existing functionality in a different way

Where can I find R packages?

• the CRAN[™] (Comprehensive R Archive Network): official repository for R packages

```
install.packages("devtools")
```

- bioconductor : bioinformatics-oriented package repository
- any git forge: github, gitlab
- on your colleagues' computers⁵

⁵if they develop in R

Why R packages?

- The best way to write and distribute R code with documentation, examples, tests, etc.
- A good practice⁶ when coding in R:
 - your project is structured (code, data, doc), easier to use and re-use
 - documentation is essential (including for your future self)
 - your code is standardized, you can check it and test your functions
 - easy management of dependencies
 - etc.

⁶even for codes you don't plan to publish/distribute

How to write an R package?

A wide variety of tools to help you:

- Rstudio IDE built-in development features
- R base built-in tools: build (R CMD build), check (R CMD check)
- Some packages to develop packages:
 - usethis ^C: to automate package and project setup
 - $devtools^{\mathcal{C}}$: complete collection of development tools
 - roxygen2[™]: to document your code and generate help pages
 - testthat ^C: to implement automatic tests of your functions
 - remotes ^C: to install package from anywhere (integrated in devtools)
 - rmarkdown and knitr : to create detailed documentation materials and notebooks (code showcase)

Outline

WRITE ME