

set operations with SQL

Authors table

| id | last_name | first_name | DoB | Income | Genre |
|----|---------------|------------|------------|--------|---------|
| 1 | Lopez Baranda | Christina | 15/11/2000 | 55000 | Fantasy |
| 2 | Jin-Soon | Sin | 29/03/1983 | 65000 | Crime |
| 3 | Jones | Hannah | 01/02/1973 | 129000 | Fantasy |
| 4 | Novak | Stanislaw | 12/12/1992 | 91000 | Crime |
| 5 | Turay | Tandice | 09/07/1980 | 99000 | Romance |
| 6 | Roy | Shanta | 11/10/1977 | 55000 | Fantasy |
| 7 | Berger | Henry | 15/08/1956 | 63000 | Romance |
| 8 | Khatami | Paree | 11/10/1966 | 86000 | Sci-Fi |

Intersect

- Intersection between two sets
- Never used in practice
- Can be replaced with a more complex WHERE condition

```
SELECT last_name , first_name
FROM Authors
WHERE Income > 90000
INTERSECT
SELECT last_name , first_name
FROM Authors
WHERE last_name LIKE '%o%'
```

Result

| id | last_name | first_name | DoB | Income | Genre |
|----|-----------|------------|------------|--------|---------|
| 3 | Jones | Hannah | 01/02/1973 | 129000 | Fantasy |
| 4 | Novak | Stanislaw | 12/12/1992 | 91000 | Crime |

Remove Intersect

```
SELECT last_name, first_name  
FROM Authors  
WHERE Income > 90000 AND last_name LIKE '%o%'
```

Union

- Union between two sets
- Rarely used in practice
- Can be replaced with a more complex WHERE condition, *if no duplicates*

```
SELECT last_name , first_name
FROM Authors
WHERE Income > 90000
UNION
SELECT last_name , first_name
FROM Authors
WHERE last_name LIKE '%o%'
```

Result

| id | last_name | first_name | DoB | Income | Genre |
|----|---------------|------------|------------|--------|---------|
| 1 | Lopez Baranda | Christina | 15/11/2000 | 55000 | Fantasy |
| 2 | Jin-Soon | Sin | 29/03/1983 | 65000 | Crime |
| 3 | Jones | Hannah | 01/02/1973 | 129000 | Fantasy |
| 4 | Novak | Stanislaw | 12/12/1992 | 91000 | Crime |
| 5 | Turay | Tandice | 09/07/1980 | 99000 | Romance |
| 6 | Roy | Shanta | 11/10/1977 | 55000 | Fantasy |

```
SELECT last_name, first_name  
FROM Authors  
WHERE Income > 90000 OR last_name LIKE '%o%'
```


Union with duplicates

```
SELECT last_name, first_name  
FROM Authors  
WHERE Income > 90000  
UNION ALL  
SELECT last_name, first_name  
FROM Authors  
WHERE last_name LIKE '%o%'
```

Except

- Difference between two sets
- Useful in practice
- Can be replaced with a much more complex nested query

```
SELECT last_name , first_name
FROM Authors
WHERE Income > 90000
EXCEPT
SELECT last_name , first_name
FROM Authors
WHERE last_name LIKE '%o%'
```

Result

| id | last_name | first_name | DoB | Income | Genre |
|----|-----------|------------|------------|--------|---------|
| 5 | Turay | Tandice | 09/07/1980 | 99000 | Romance |

BooksAuthors table

| book_id | author_id |
|---------|-----------|
| 3 | 6 |
| 2 | 4 |
| 2 | 5 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 3 |
| 1 | 5 |
| 4 | 8 |

Table alias

- Giving an alias to a table is like creating a copy
- Example: find the coauthors of the author with id 5

```
SELECT T1.author_id  
FROM BooksAuthors T1, BooksAuthors T2  
WHERE T1.book_id = T2.book_id AND  
        T2.author_id = 5
```

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