

SQL in two tables

Authors table

| id | last_name | first_name | DoB | Income | Genre |
|----|---------------|------------|------------|--------|---------|
| 1 | Lopez Baranda | Christina | 15/11/2000 | 55000 | Fantasy |
| 2 | Jin-Soon | Sin | 29/03/1983 | 65000 | Crime |
| 3 | Jones | Hannah | 01/02/1973 | 129000 | Fantasy |
| 4 | Novak | Stanislaw | 12/12/1992 | 91000 | Crime |
| 5 | Turay | Tandice | 09/07/1980 | 99000 | Romance |
| 6 | Roy | Shanta | 11/10/1977 | 55000 | Fantasy |
| 7 | Berger | Henry | 15/08/1956 | 63000 | Romance |
| 8 | Khatami | Paree | 11/10/1966 | 86000 | Sci-Fi |

Books table

| id | title | ISBN |
|----|--|---------------|
| 1 | Creating relational databases for fun and profit | 7654321123456 |
| 2 | Relational databases for really smart people | 9876543212345 |
| 3 | My life with relational databases: a memoir | 3212345678909 |
| 4 | Relational databases: an existential journey | 8172635412345 |

BooksAuthors table

| book_id | author_id |
|---------|-----------|
| 3 | 6 |
| 2 | 4 |
| 2 | 5 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 3 |
| 1 | 5 |
| 4 | 8 |

Editions table

| edition_id | book_id | date_of_publication | edition_number |
|------------|---------|---------------------|----------------|
| 1 | 3 | 2001 | 1 |
| 2 | 3 | 2003 | 2 |
| 3 | 4 | 2003 | 1 |
| 5 | 1 | 2000 | 1 |
| 6 | 3 | 2005 | 3 |
| 8 | 2 | 2012 | 1 |
| 9 | 3 | 2009 | 4 |

Foreign key

| edition_id | book_id | date_of_publication | edition_number |
|------------|---------|---------------------|----------------|
| 1 | 3 | 2001 | 1 |
| 2 | 3 | 2003 | 2 |
| 3 | 4 | 2003 | 1 |
| 5 | 1 | 2000 | 1 |
| 6 | 3 | 2005 | 3 |
| 8 | 2 | 2012 | 1 |
| 9 | 3 | 2009 | 4 |

- Each edition is related to a book
- book_id is a **foreign key** that refers to books
- Each *non null* values of book_id must be found in the id column of books

Enforcing a foreign key

What if a book is deleted or its id changed?

We have 3 choices, decided when the constraint is created:

1. delete/change also the edition (CASCADE)
2. abort the operation
3. set the book_id to NULL (SET NULL)

All choices guarantee the integrity of the database

Find the foreign key

Books

| id | title | ISBN |
|----|--|---------------|
| 1 | Creating relational databases for fun and profit | 7654321123456 |
| 2 | Relational databases for really smart people | 9876543212345 |

BooksAuthors

| book_id | author_id |
|---------|-----------|
| 2 | 4 |
| 2 | 5 |
| 1 | 1 |

This query asks for the first and last names of authors of the book with id 1:

The results are:

| first_name | last_name |
|------------|---------------|
| Hannah | Jones |
| Christina | Lopez Baranda |
| Tandice | Turay |

Query (where version)

```
SELECT first_name , last_name  
FROM Authors , BooksAuthors  
WHERE BooksAuthors.author_id = Authors.author_id  
AND book_id = 1;
```

Query (join version)

```
SELECT first_name , last_name  
FROM Authors JOIN BooksAuthors  
      ON BooksAuthors.author_id = Authors.author_id  
WHERE book_id = 1;
```

The JOIN version is better when only 2 tables are involved

Query

To find the book IDs and ISBNs that have editions published after (that is, greater than) 2003.

| id | ISBN | date_of_publication |
|----|---------------|---------------------|
| 2 | 9876543212345 | 2012 |
| 3 | 3212345678909 | 2005 |
| 3 | 3212345678909 | 2009 |

```
SELECT Books.id , ISBN , date_of_publication
FROM Books , Editions
WHERE Books.id = Editions.book_id
AND Editions.date_of_publication > 2003;
```

Query results

| id | title | ISBN |
|----|--|---------------|
| 2 | Relational databases for really smart people | 9876543212345 |
| 3 | My life with relational databases: a memoir | 3212345678909 |
| 3 | My life with relational databases: a memoir | 3212345678909 |

```
SELECT id , title , ISBN
FROM Books , Editions
WHERE Books.id = Editions.book_id
AND Editions.date_of_publication > 2003;
```

1. Duplicate rows

Query results

| id | title | ISBN |
|----|--|---------------|
| 2 | Relational databases for really smart people | 9876543212345 |
| 3 | My life with relational databases: a memoir | 3212345678909 |

```
SELECT DISTINCT id , title , ISBN
FROM Books , Editions
WHERE Books.id = Editions.book_id
AND Editions.date_of_publication > 2003;
```

Query

Find who has written a book whose ISBN ends with 5

| id | ISBN | id | last_name | first_name |
|----|---------------|----|-----------|------------|
| 2 | 9876543212345 | 4 | Novak | Stanislaw |
| 2 | 9876543212345 | 5 | Turay | Tandice |
| 4 | 8172635412345 | 8 | Khatami | Paree |

```
SELECT Books.id , ISBN , Authors.id ,  
        last_name , first_name  
FROM Books , Authors , BooksAuthors  
WHERE Books.id = BooksAuthors.book_id AND  
        BooksAuthors.author_id = Authors.id AND  
        isbn LIKE "%5";
```

```
SELECT Books.id , ISBN , Authors.id ,  
        last_name , first_name  
FROM Books , Authors , BooksAuthors  
WHERE Books.id = BooksAuthors.book_id AND  
        BooksAuthors.author_id = Authors.id AND  
        isbn LIKE "%5";
```

1. There are three tables involved
2. id is a column name of two tables, use the table to disambiguate

Condition on more tables

Find who has a last name with exactly 5 characters and has written a book whose ISBN ends with 5

| id | ISBN | id | last_name | first_name |
|----|---------------|----|-----------|------------|
| 2 | 9876543212345 | 4 | Novak | Stanislaw |
| 2 | 9876543212345 | 5 | Turay | Tandice |

```
SELECT Books.id , ISBN , Authors.id ,  
        last_name , first_name  
FROM Books , Authors , BooksAuthors  
WHERE Books.id = BooksAuthors.book_id AND  
        BooksAuthors.author_id = Authors.id AND  
        last_name LIKE '_____' AND  
        isbn LIKE "%5";
```

Table aliases

```
SELECT Books.id , ISBN , Authors.id ,  
       last_name , first_name  
FROM Books , Authors , BooksAuthors  
WHERE Books.id = BooksAuthors.book_id AND  
       BooksAuthors.author_id = Authors.id AND  
       last_name LIKE '_____' AND  
       isbn LIKE "%5";
```

```
SELECT b.id , ISBN , a.id ,  
       last_name , first_name  
FROM Books b , Authors a , BooksAuthors ba  
WHERE b.id = ba.book_id AND  
       ba.author_id = a.id AND  
       last_name LIKE '_____' AND  
       isbn LIKE "%5";
```

```
SELECT T1.A  
FROM T1, T2  
WHERE T1.B=T2.C;
```

1. Cross product between T1 and T2
2. Select only the rows satisfying the WHERE clause
3. Projection on the A column

NULL affects queries

For each author, list the ISBN of the books they have written

```
SELECT Books.id , ISBN , Authors.id ,  
        last_name , first_name  
FROM Books , Authors , BooksAuthors  
WHERE Books.id = BooksAuthors.book_id AND  
        BooksAuthors.author_id = Authors.id ;
```

But the author with id 2 has written no books

NULL affects queries

| id | ISBN | id | last_name | first_name |
|----|---------------|----|---------------|------------|
| 3 | 3212345678909 | 6 | Roy | Shanta |
| 2 | 9876543212345 | 4 | Novak | Stanislaw |
| 2 | 9876543212345 | 5 | Turay | Tandice |
| 1 | 7654321123456 | 1 | Lopez Baranda | Christina |
| 1 | 7654321123456 | 3 | Jones | Hannah |
| 1 | 7654321123456 | 5 | Turay | Tandice |
| 4 | 8172635412345 | 8 | Khatami | Paree |

```
SELECT Authors.id , last_name , first_name  
        Books.id , ISBN ,  
FROM Books , Authors LEFT JOIN BooksAuthors  
        ON Authors.id=BooksAuthors.author_id  
WHERE Books.id = BooksAuthors.book_id ;
```

Outer Join

| id | last_name | first_name | id | ISBN |
|----|---------------|------------|------|---------------|
| 6 | Roy | Shanta | 3 | 3212345678909 |
| 4 | Novak | Stanislaw | 2 | 9876543212345 |
| 5 | Turay | Tandice | 2 | 9876543212345 |
| 1 | Lopez Baranda | Christina | 1 | 7654321123456 |
| 3 | Jones | Hannah | 1 | 7654321123456 |
| 5 | Turay | Tandice | 1 | 7654321123456 |
| 8 | Khatami | Paree | 4 | 8172635412345 |
| 2 | Jin-Soon | Sin | NULL | NULL |
| 7 | Berger | Henry | NULL | NULL |

For each author, find the number of books they have written

```
SELECT Authors.id , last_name , first_name ,  
        count(*) as number  
FROM Books , Authors , BooksAuthors  
WHERE Books.id = BooksAuthors.book_id AND  
        BooksAuthors.author_id = Authors.id  
GROUP BY Authors.id ;
```


For each author, find the number of books they have written

```
SELECT Authors.id , last_name , first_name ,  
        count(*) as number  
FROM Books , Authors , BooksAuthors  
WHERE Books.id = BooksAuthors.book_id AND  
        BooksAuthors.author_id = Authors.id  
GROUP BY Authors.id ;
```

NO

The variables in the SELECT and in the GROUP BY clauses must be consistent

For each author, find the number of books they have written

```
SELECT Authors.id , last_name , first_name ,  
        count(*) as number  
FROM Books , Authors , BooksAuthors  
WHERE Books.id = BooksAuthors.book_id AND  
        BooksAuthors.author_id = Authors.id  
GROUP BY Authors.id , last_name , first_name ;
```

Result

| id | last_name | first_name | number |
|----|---------------|------------|--------|
| 6 | Roy | Shanta | 1 |
| 4 | Novak | Stanislaw | 1 |
| 5 | Turay | Tandice | 2 |
| 1 | Lopez Baranda | Christina | 1 |
| 3 | Jones | Hannah | 1 |
| 8 | Khatami | Paree | 1 |

Counting

For each author, find the number of books they have written

```
SELECT Authors.id , last_name , first_name ,  
        count(*) as number  
FROM Books , Authors LEFT JOIN BooksAuthors  
        ON Authors.id=BooksAuthors.author_id  
WHERE Books.id = BooksAuthors.book_id  
GROUP BY Authors.id , last_name , first_name ,;
```

count(Books.id) counts the number of tuples where Books.id is not NULL

Result

| id | last_name | first_name | number |
|----|---------------|------------|--------|
| 6 | Roy | Shanta | 1 |
| 4 | Novak | Stanislaw | 1 |
| 5 | Turay | Tandice | 2 |
| 1 | Lopez Baranda | Christina | 1 |
| 3 | Jones | Hannah | 1 |
| 8 | Khatami | Paree | 1 |
| 2 | Jin-Soon | Sin | 0 |
| 7 | Berger | Henry | 0 |

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