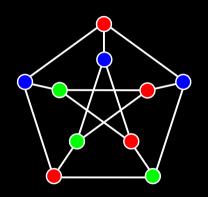
Coloring



Instance

Undirected unweighted graph $G = \langle V, E \rangle$

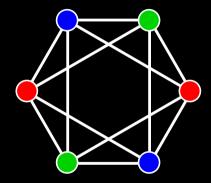
Feasible solution

Vertex labeling $\lambda: V \mapsto C$ such that $(v, w) \in E \Rightarrow \lambda(v) \neq \lambda(w)$

Objective function

 $\min |C|$

Clique and Coloring



Integer Linear Programming

$$\min \sum u_a \quad \text{subject to}$$

$$c_{v,a} + c_{w,a} \le u_a \quad \forall (v, w) \in E, \forall a \in C$$

$$\sum_{a \in C} c_{v,a} \ge 1 \quad \forall v \in V$$

$$u_a \in \{0, 1\} \quad \forall \text{color } a \in C$$

$$u_a = 1 \quad \text{if color } a \text{ is used}$$

$$c_{v,a} \in \{0, 1\} \quad \forall (v, w) \in E$$

$$c_{v,a} = 1 \quad \text{if } v \text{ has color } a$$

(1)

(2)

(3)

Simplification

Adjacent to all vertices

Let v be a vertex such that $N(v) = V \setminus \{v\}$. Color G - v and assign a new color to v.

Included neighborhood

Let v, w be two nonadjacent vertices such that $N(v) \subseteq N(w)$. Color G - v and assign to v the same color as w.

Separation

Articulation point

Let v be an articulation point, whose removal results in the connected components C_1, \ldots, C_k . Color each $G|(C_i \cup \{v\})$, fixing the color of v at the beginning.

Separating clique

Let Q be a clique, whose removal results in the connected components C_1, \ldots, C_k . Color each $G|(C_i \cup Q)$, fixing the colors of Q at the beginning.

Greedy

Data: graph $G = \langle V, E \rangle$ **foreach** $vertex \ v \in V$ **do** $| color[v] \leftarrow$ the smallest color not used by a neighbor of v

Welsh-Powell

```
Data: graph G = \langle V, E \rangle

foreach vertex \ v \in V in decreasing order of degree do

| color[v] \leftarrow the smallest color not used by a neighbor of v
```

Iterated Greedy

- Reorder color classes:
 - Largest class first
 - Reverse the classes of the current solution
 - Random rearrangement of the color classes
- Apply Greedy

- Always a feasible solution
- There exists a vertex ordering on which greedy is optimal

DSatur

```
Data: graph G = \langle V, E \rangle while there exists an uncolored vertex do

| foreach vertex v do
| saturation[v] \leftarrow the number of colors of neighbors of v
| v \leftarrow an uncolored vertex with maximum saturation, ties are broken by taking the vertex with most uncolored neighbors; color[v] \leftarrow the smallest color not used by a neighbor of v
```

Recursive Largest FIrst

```
Data: graph G = \langle V, E \rangle
while there exists an uncolored vertex do
   v \leftarrow a uncolored vertex with maximum degree;
   I \leftarrow \{v\}:
   while I is not a maximal independent set do
       Add to I a vertex v that (1) is not adjacent to any vertex of I, (2) is
        adjacent to the maximum number of neighbors of I, and (3) has
        minimum degree
   Give a new color to all vertices in I:
   Remove from G all vertices in I
```

Simulated Annealing

Moves

Change color of a vertex

Objective function

 $\min |(v, w) \in E : \lambda(v) = \lambda(w)|$

- \blacksquare Maintains a complete, unfeasible solution with k colors
- \blacksquare Increase or decrease k according to the results

Simulated Annealing 2

Moves

Choose the color c of an uncolored vertex v, then uncolor all neighbors of v that are color c

Objective function

min the number of uncolored vertices

- \blacksquare Maintains an incomplete, partially feasible solution with k colors
- \mathbf{z} Increase or decrease k according to the results
- 3 An incomplete solution can be completed

TabuCol

Moves

Pick a vertex v that has a neighbor with the same color, then change color of v from b to c

Tabu list

After the change of color, it is forbidden to move the color of v back to b for some iterations.

- \blacksquare Maintains an incomplete, partially feasible solution with k colors
- \mathbf{z} Increase or decrease k according to the results
- 3 An incomplete solution can be completed.

Ant Colony

```
Data: graph G = \langle V, E \rangle
t_{u,v} \leftarrow 1 \ \forall u \neq v \in V, k \leftarrow n, B \leftarrow \text{single vertices } /^* t_{u,v}: trail matrix
while not stopping condition do
     \delta_{u,v} \leftarrow 0 \ \forall u \neq v \in V /^* \delta_{u,v} is the update matrix
     foreach ant a do
           S \leftarrow \text{BuildSolution}(k)/* \text{ only } k \text{ colors allowed}
           if S is a partial solution then
               f_{7i} \leftarrow \sum_{i} f_{1i} f_{2i} / |S_i|;
                complete the solution S with probability Pr[v,i] = f_{v,i}^{\alpha} / \sum_{u} f_{u,i}^{\alpha} / * \alpha:
                     parameter
                \delta_{u,v} \leftarrow \delta_{u,v} + F(S) \ \forall u \neq v, c(u) = c(v) \in V;
                if S is feasible and better than B then
                 B \leftarrow S, k \leftarrow |B| - 1
           t_{u,v} \leftarrow rt_{u,v} + \delta_{u,v} \ \forall u \neq v \in V \ /^* r  is the evaporating factor
```