Android Concurrency: Overview of the Android Handler & HaMeR Framework



Douglas C. Schmidt <u>d.schmidt@vanderbilt.edu</u> www.dre.vanderbilt.edu/~schmidt

> Institute for Software Integrated Systems Vanderbilt University Nashville, Tennessee, USA



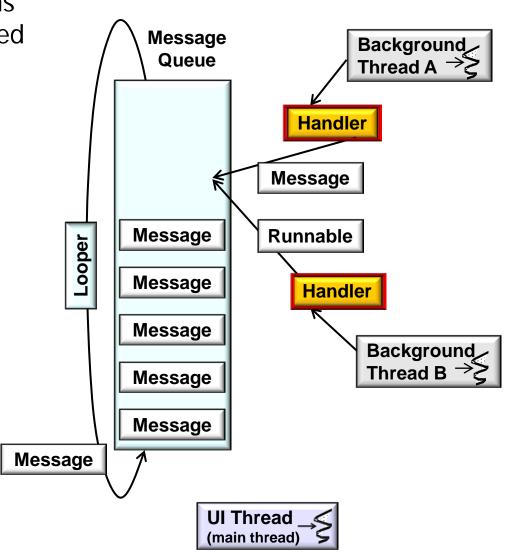
Learning Objectives in this Part of the Module

 Understand the concurrency idioms & programming mechanisms related Message Background_ Queue Thread A → Ş to the Android HaMeR framework Handler Message Message Runnable Looper Message Handler Message Background Thread B → Message Message Message UI Thread (main thread)

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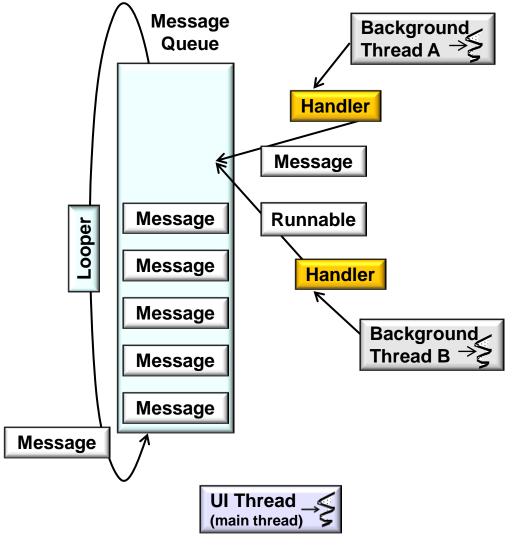
- Understand the concurrency idioms
 & programming mechanisms related
 to the Android HaMeR framework
 - Focusing largely on the Handler class



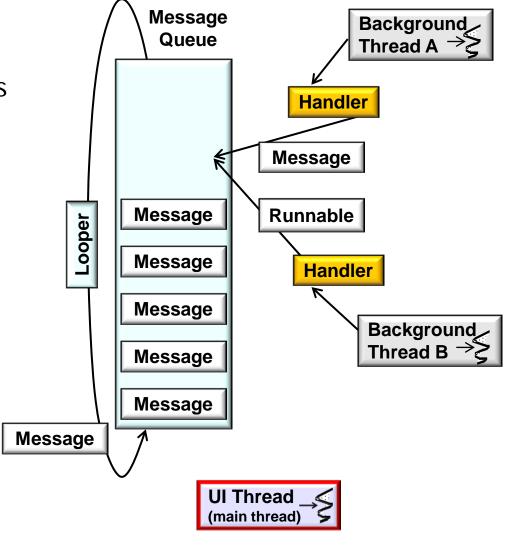


Other classes in the HaMeR framework will be covered in more detail later

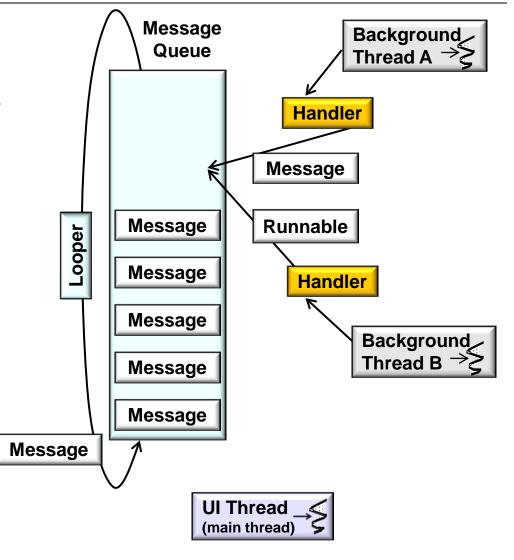
 UI & background threads need to interact for various reasons



- UI & background threads need to interact for various reasons
 - To initiate concurrent operations



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 - To initiate concurrent operations
 - e.g., UI thread can trigger the download of a large image in a background thread

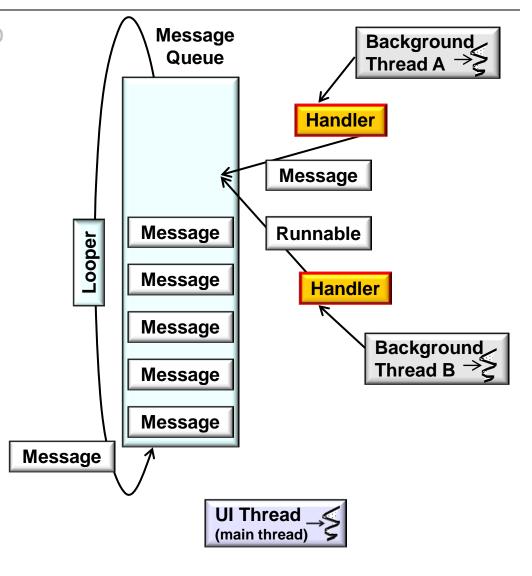


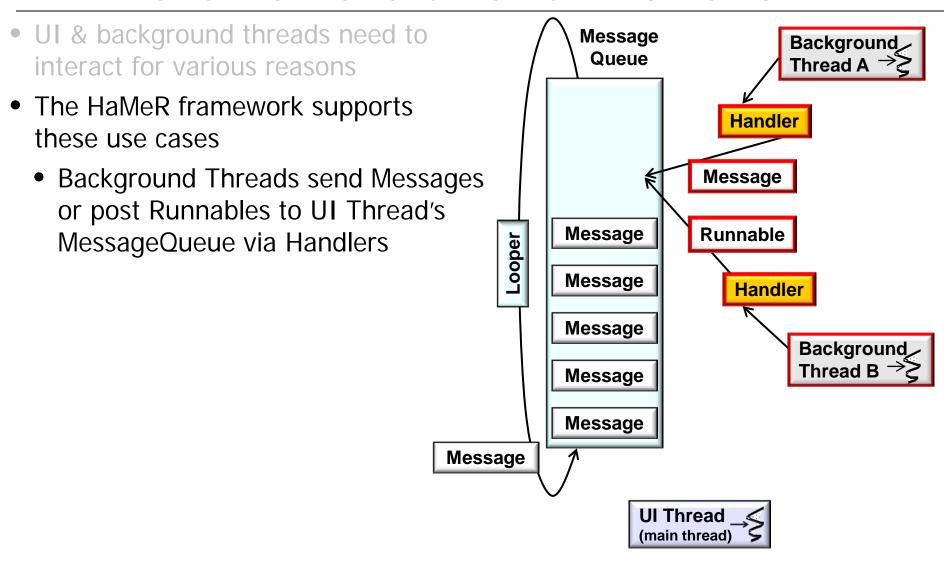
 UI & background threads need to Message Background_ Queue interact for various reasons Thread A \rightarrow To initiate concurrent operations Handler To coordinate their behavior Message Message Runnable Looper Message Handler Message Background_ Thread B → Message Message Message UI Thread __ (main thread)

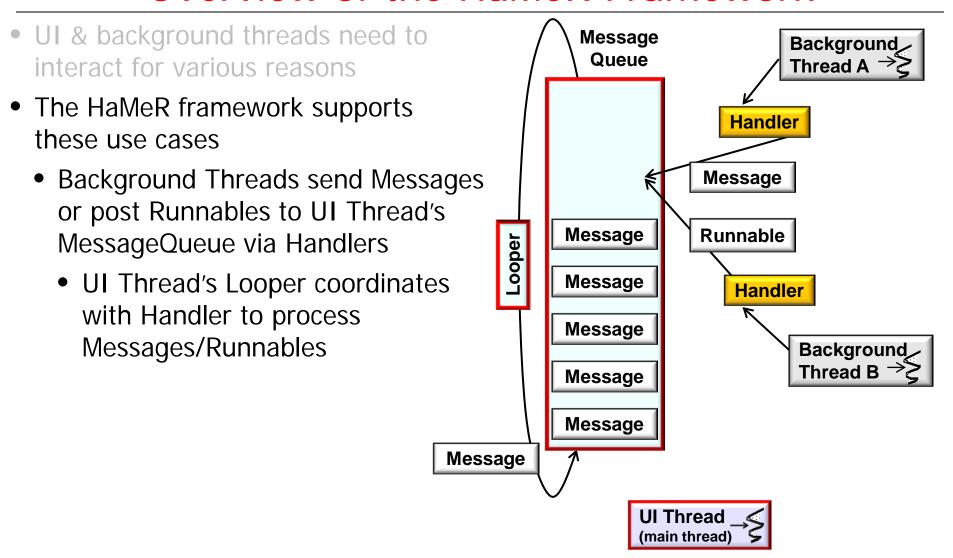
 UI & background threads need to Message Background_ Queue interact for various reasons Thread A - To initiate concurrent operations Handler To coordinate their behavior Message e.g., background thread can inform UI thread when image Message Runnable Looper download is complete Message Handler Message Background Thread B → Message Message Message UI Thread __ (main thread)

- UI & background threads need to interact for various reasons
- The HaMeR framework supports these use cases



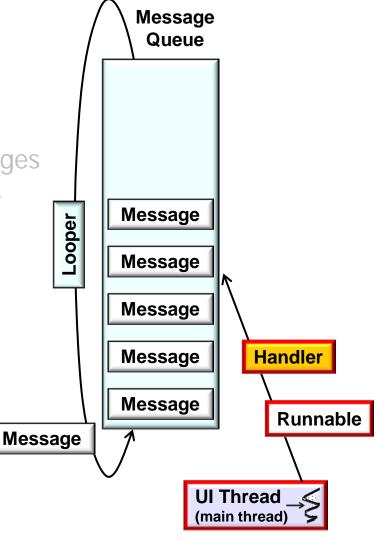




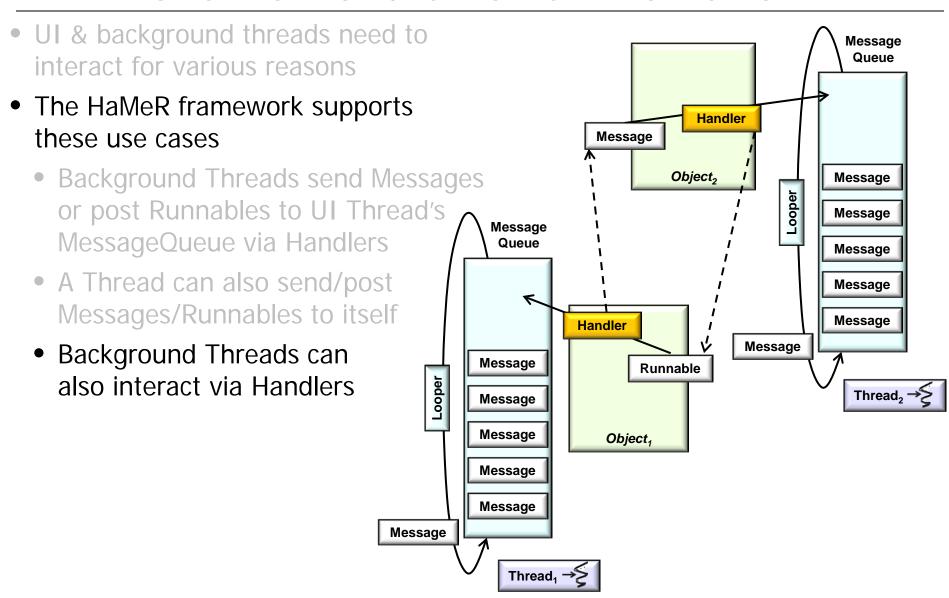


Applications using HaMeR framework may not need to use Java synchronization mechanisms directly

- UI & background threads need to interact for various reasons
- The HaMeR framework supports these use cases
 - Background Threads send Messages or post Runnables to UI Thread's MessageQueue via Handlers
 - A Thread can also send/post Messages/Runnables to itself



Used for deferred processing of Runnables/Messages



 A Handler can be used to send & process Messages & Runnables in one or more threads

Handler

extends Object

java.lang.Object Landroid.os.Handler

Known Direct Subclasses AsyncQueryHandler, AsyncQueryHandler.WorkerHandler, HttpAuthHandler, SslErrorHandler

Class Overview

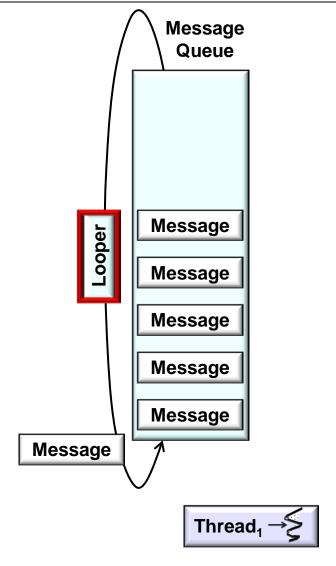
A Handler allows you to send and process Message and Runnable objects associated with a thread's MessageQueue. Each Handler instance is associated with a single thread and that thread's message queue. When you create a new Handler, it is bound to the thread / message queue of the thread that is creating it -- from that point on, it will deliver messages and runnables to that message queue and execute them as they come out of the message queue.

There are two main uses for a Handler: (1) to schedule messages and runnables to be executed as some point in the future; and (2) to enqueue an action to be performed on a different thread than your own.

Scheduling messages is accomplished with the post(Runnable), postAtTime(Runnable, long), postDelayed(Runnable, long), sendEmptyMessage(int), sendMessage(Message), sendMessageAtTime(Message, long), and sendMessageDelayed(Message, long) methods. The post versions allow you to enqueue Runnable objects to be called by the message queue when they are received; the sendMessage versions allow you to enqueue a Message object containing a bundle of data that will be processed by the Handler's

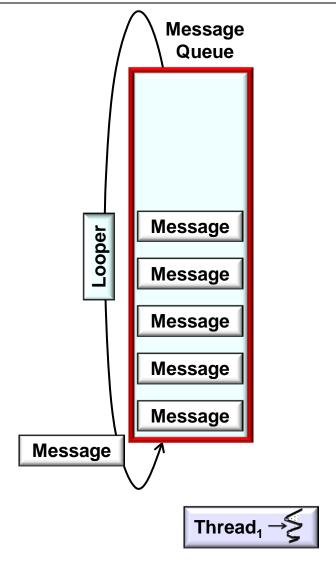
See <u>developer.android.com/</u> reference/android/os/Handler.html

- A Handler can be used to send & process Messages & Runnables in one or more threads
 - A Looper has a MessageQueue

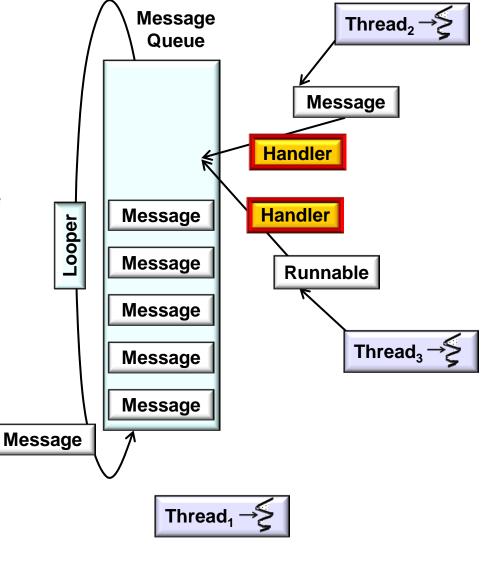


See upcoming part on "The Android Looper"

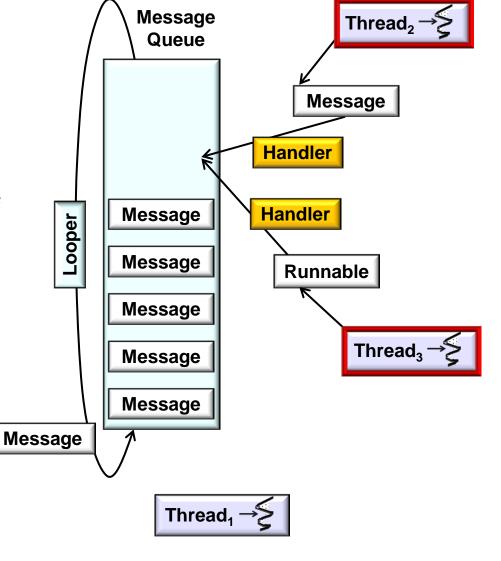
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 - A Looper has a MessageQueue
 - Used to process Messages & Runnables placed on the queue by one or more Threads

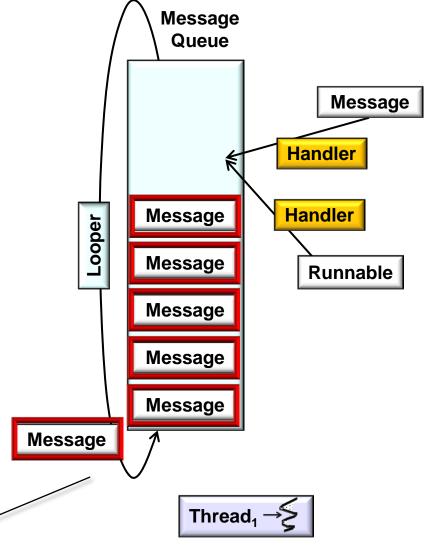


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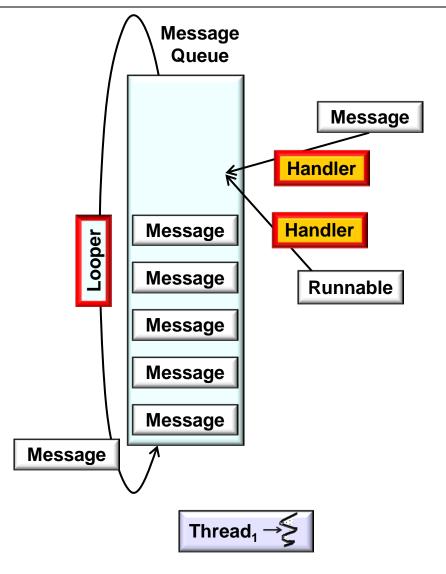
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 - MessageQueue management is done by an instance of Handler (in conjunction with a Looper)

A Handler adds & removes Messages in a MessageQueue & dispatches Messages to their intended targets

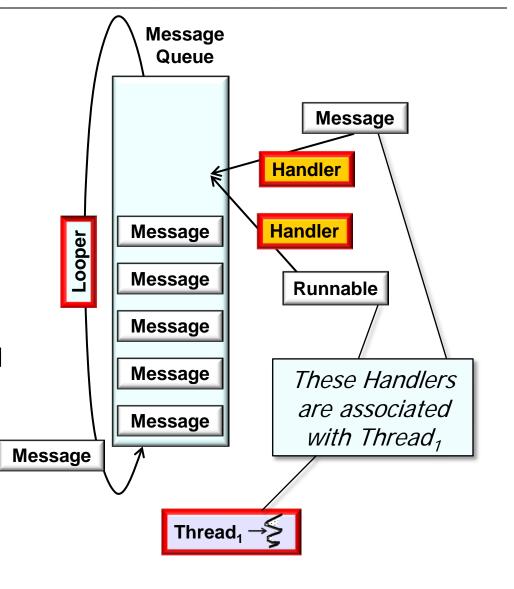


See <u>developer.android.com/</u> reference/android/os/Handler.html

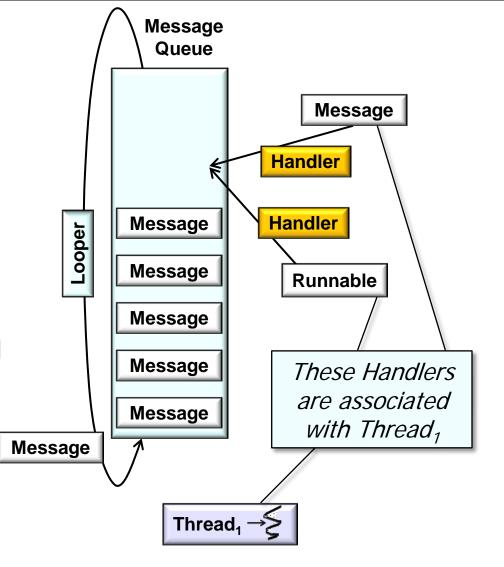
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 - Defaults to Looper in Thread where Handler was created



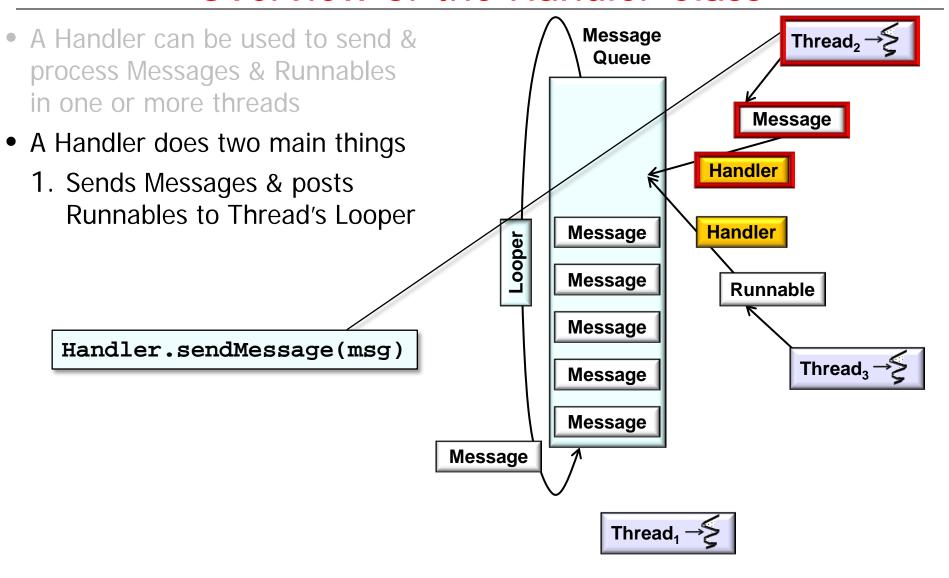
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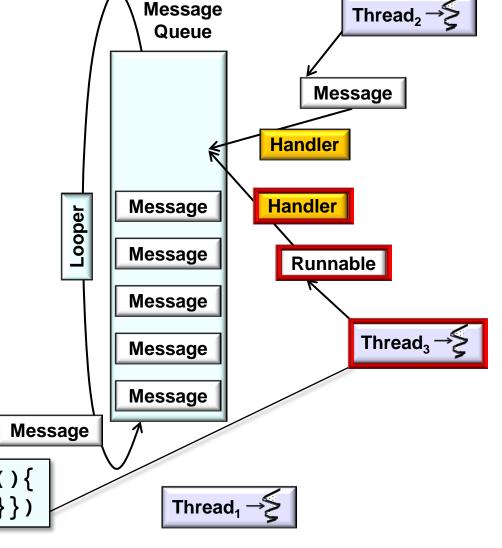
A Handler can be associated with a different Looper & a different Thread by passing the Looper as a parameter to its constructor

- A Handler can be used to send & process Messages & Runnables in one or more threads
- A Handler does two main things

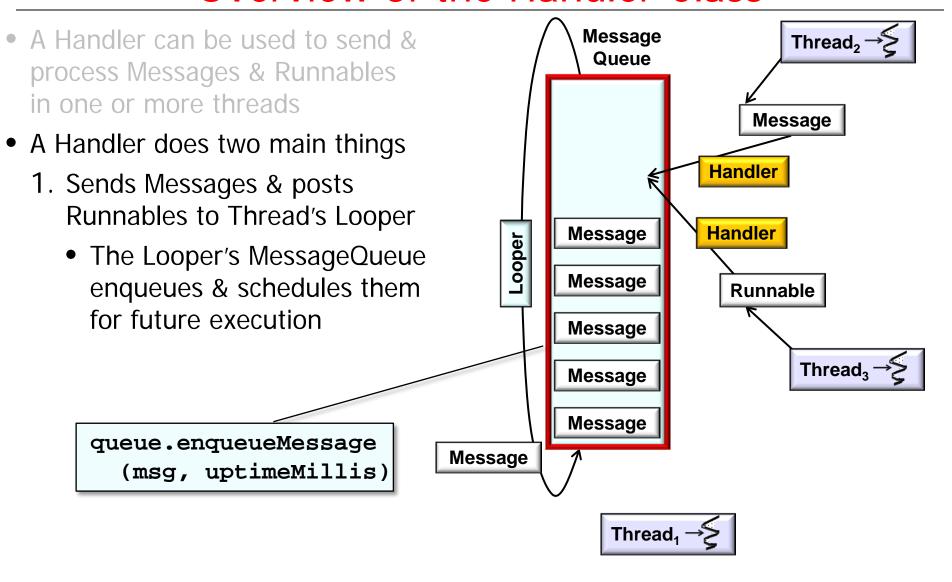


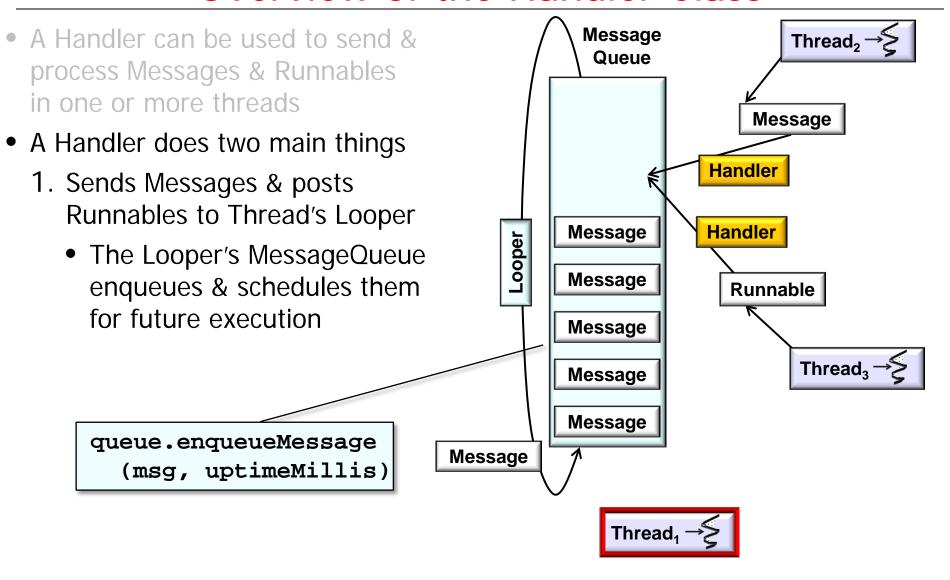


- A Handler can be used to send & process Messages & Runnables in one or more threads
- A Handler does two main things
 - Sends Messages & posts Runnables to Thread's Looper



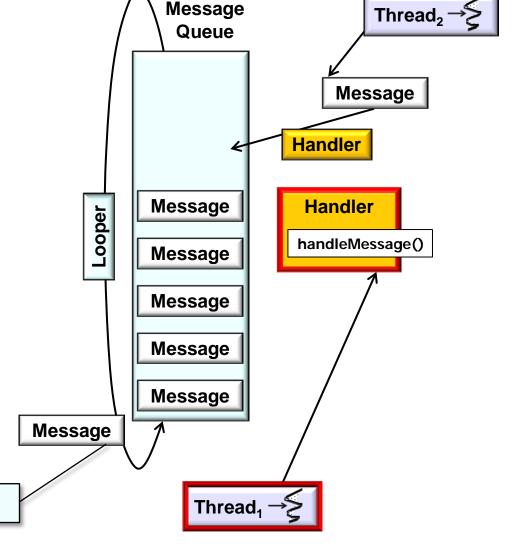
Handler.post(new Runnable(){
 public void run(){ ... }})

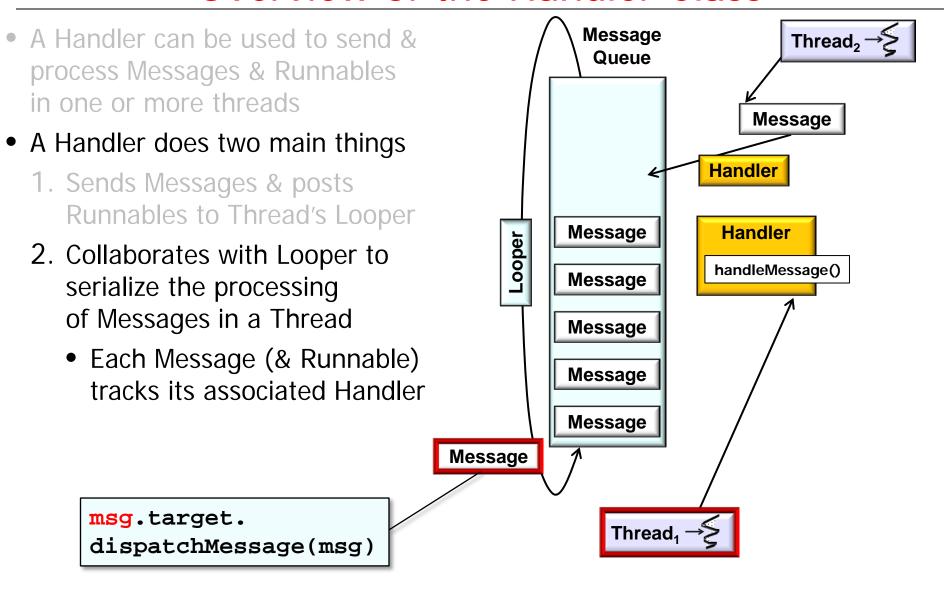




- A Handler can be used to send & process Messages & Runnables in one or more threads
- A Handler does two main things
 - 1. Sends Messages & posts Runnables to Thread's Looper
 - 2. Collaborates with Looper to serialize the processing of Messages in a Thread

Handler.dispatchMessage()

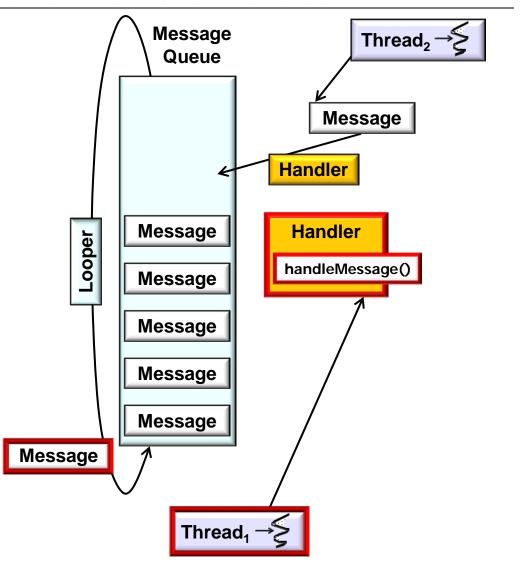




Message A Handler can be used to send & Thread₂→\$ Queue process Messages & Runnables in one or more threads Message A Handler does two main things **Handler** 1. Sends Messages & posts Runnables to Thread's Looper Message Handler Looper 2. Collaborates with Looper to handleMessage() Message serialize the processing of Messages in a Thread Message Each Message (& Runnable) Message tracks its associated Handler Message Message msg.target. Thread₁ dispatchMessage(msg)

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- A Handler can be used to send & process Messages & Runnables in one or more threads
- A Handler does two main things
 - 1. Sends Messages & posts Runnables to Thread's Looper
 - 2. Collaborates with Looper to serialize the processing of Messages in a Thread
 - Each Message (& Runnable)
 tracks its associated Handler
 - Can simplify concurrency control if design rules
 & idioms are followed

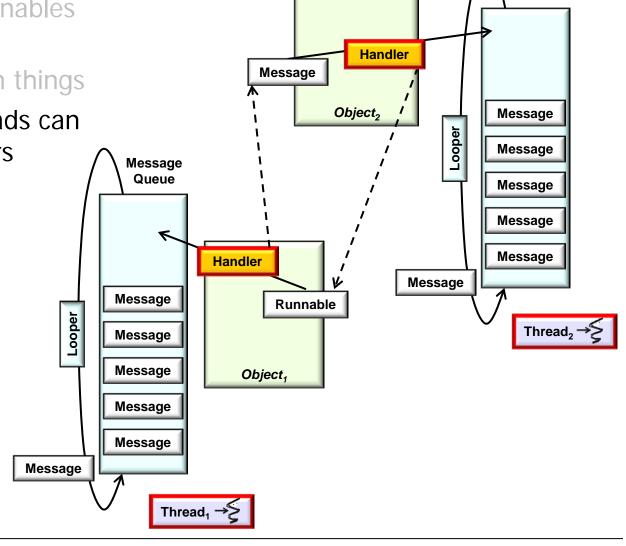


See <u>developer.android.com/training/</u> multiple-threads/communicate-ui.html

 A Handler can be used to send & process Messages & Runnables in one or more threads

A Handler does two main things

 Objects in different threads can interact via their Handlers

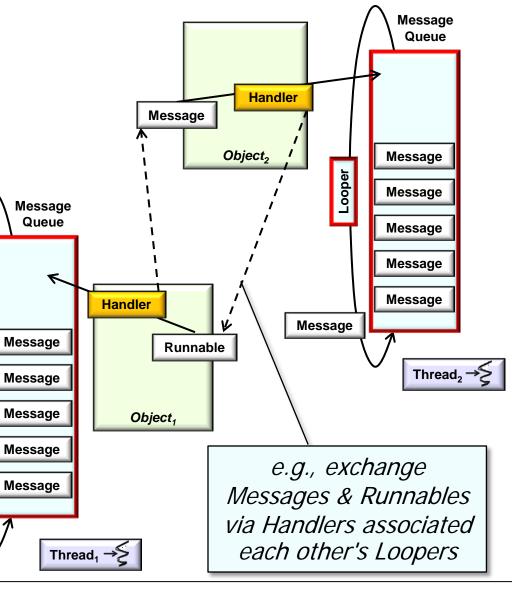


Message Queue

 A Handler can be used to send & process Messages & Runnables in one or more threads

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Looper

Message

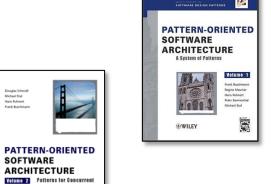
Overview of the Handler Class

 A Handler can be used to send & process Messages & Runnables in one or more threads

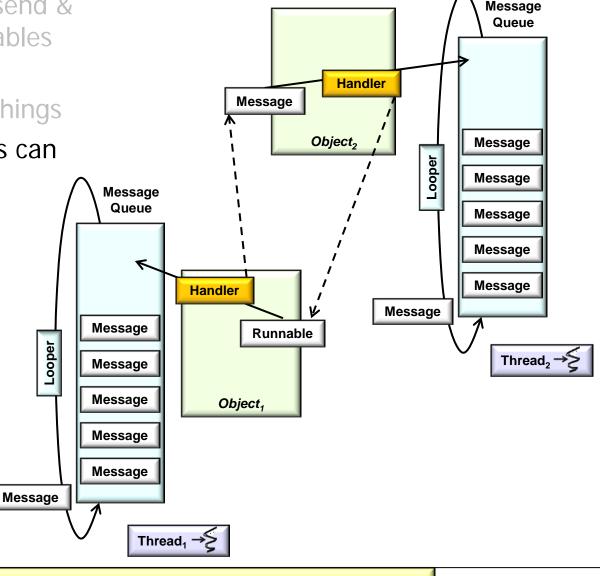
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 Android's concurrency frameworks implement key patterns



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See upcoming discussions on "The *Command Processor* Pattern" & "The *Active Object* Pattern"

Handler has many methods

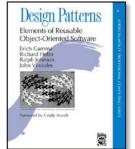
```
public class Handler {
  public Handler()
  public Handler(Callback callback)
  public Handler(Looper looper)
  public void handleMessage
                   (Message msg)
  public void dispatchMessage
                   (Message msg)
  public Message obtainMessage()
  public boolean post(Runnable r)
  public boolean postDelayed
      (Runnable r, long delayMillis)
  public boolean sendMessage
                   (Message msg)
  public boolean sendMessageDelayed
    (Message msg, long delayMillis)
```

- Handler has many methods
- These methods can be grouped into four main categories

```
public class Handler {
  public Handler()
  public Handler(Callback callback)
  public Handler(Looper looper)
  public void handleMessage
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See upcoming discussions on "The *Command Processor* Pattern" & "The *Active Object* Pattern"

- Handler has many methods
- These methods can be grouped into four main categories
 - Posting/removing Runnables

boolean post(Runnable r)

 Add Runnable to end of MessageQueue & run when it's ready

 Add Runnable to end of MessageQueue, to be run after specified amount of time elapses

 Posts a Runnable to the front of MessageQueue & run when it's ready

```
void removeCallbacks(Runnable r)
```

 Remove any pending posts of Runnable r that are in the MessageQueue

. . .

- Handler has many methods
- These methods can be grouped into four main categories
 - Posting/removing Runnables
 - Insert/delete a Runnable into/from MessageQueue associated with the Handler

boolean post(Runnable r)

 Add Runnable to end of MessageQueue & run when it's ready

 Add Runnable to end of MessageQueue, to be run after specified amount of time elapses

boolean postAtFrontOfQueue (Runnable r)

 Posts a Runnable to the front of MessageQueue & run when it's ready

void removeCallbacks(Runnable r)

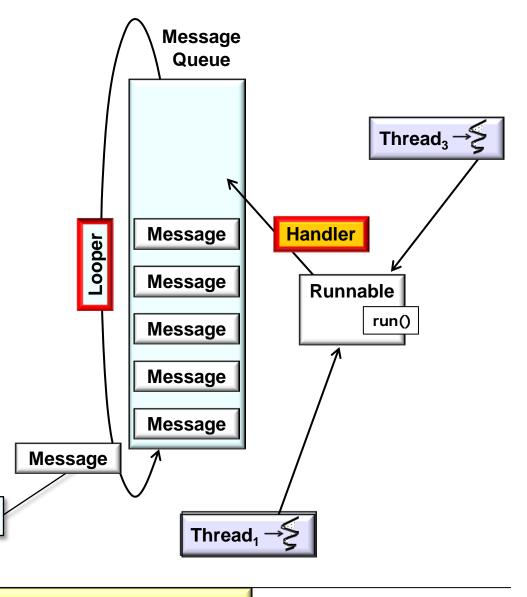
 Remove any pending posts of Runnable r that are in the MessageQueue

. . .

Supports timed Runnables

- Handler has many methods
- These methods can be grouped into four main categories
 - Posting/removing Runnables
 - Insert/delete a Runnable into/from MessageQueue associated with the Handler
 - The Thread-local Looper & Handler dequeue each Runnable & dispatch it's run() hook method, respectively

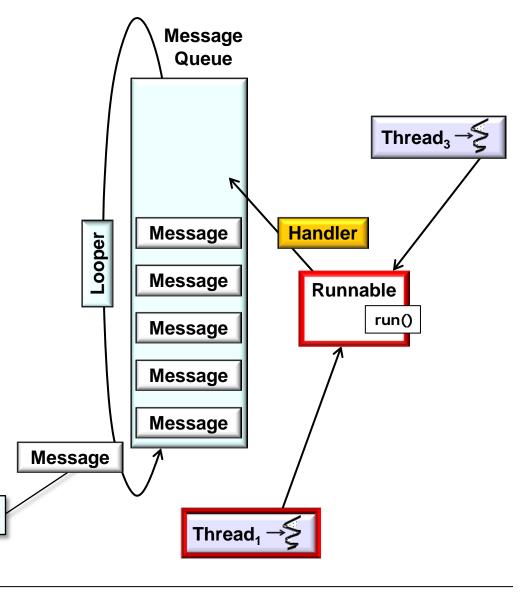
Handler.dispatchMessage()



See upcoming discussions on the "Command Processor pattern"

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Handler.dispatchMessage()



- Handler has many methods
- These methods can be grouped into four main categories
 - Posting/removing Runnables
 - Sending/removing Messages

boolean sendMessage(Message msg)

 Puts msg at end of MessageQueue immediately

boolean sendMessageDelayed

(Message msg)

 Put msg into the MessageQueue after all pending Messages before (current time + delayMillis)

boolean sendMessageAtFrontOfQueue (Message msg)

 Put msg at the front of the MessageQueue

void removeMessages(int what)

 Remove any pending posts of Messages with code 'what' that are in the MessageQueue

. . .

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Supports timed Messages

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- These methods can be grouped into four main categories
 - Posting/removing Runnables
 - Sending/removing Messages
 - Insert/delete a Message into/from MessageQueue associated with the Handler
 - A Message contains a bundle of data processed by the Handler's handleMessage()

hook method Handler.dispatchMessage()

Message Thread₂ Queue Message **Handler** Message **Handler** Looper handleMessage() Message Message Message Message Message Thread₁ → 🧲

See upcoming discussions on the "Active Object pattern"

- Handler has many methods
- These methods can be grouped into four main categories
 - Posting/removing Runnables
 - Sending/removing Messages
 - Obtaining Messages

Message obtainMessage()

Returns a new Message from the global message pool

 Same as obtainMessage(), except that it also sets the what member of the returned Message

```
Message obtainMessage
(int what, int arg1,
int arg2, Object obj)
```

 Same as obtainMessage(), except that it also sets the what, obj, arg1, & arg2 values on the returned Message

. . .

- Handler has many methods
- These methods can be grouped into four main categories
 - Posting/removing Runnables
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 - Obtaining Messages
 - Factories that create Messages passed via sendMessage()

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- Handler has many methods
- These methods can be grouped into four main categories
 - Posting/removing Runnables
 - Sending/removing Messages
 - Obtaining Messages
 - Dispatching Messages/Runnables

void handleMessage(Message msg)

 Subclasses can implement this method to receive messages

void dispatchMessage(Message msg)

 Invoke the appropriate callback (e.g., run() or handleMessage()) based on the type of the Message

- Handler has many methods
- These methods can be grouped into four main categories
 - Posting/removing Runnables
 - Sending/removing Messages
 - Obtaining Messages
 - Dispatching Messages/Runnables
 - dispatchMessage() is used for both Messages & Runnables

void handleMessage(Message msg)

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void dispatchMessage(Message msg)

 Invoke the appropriate callback (e.g., run() or handleMessage()) based on the type of the Message

```
if (msg.callback != null)
   handleCallback(msg);
else {
   if (mCallback != null) {
     if (mCallback.
        handleMessage(msg))
        return;
   }
   handleMessage(msg);
}
```

See discussions in upcoming parts on HaMeR framework internals

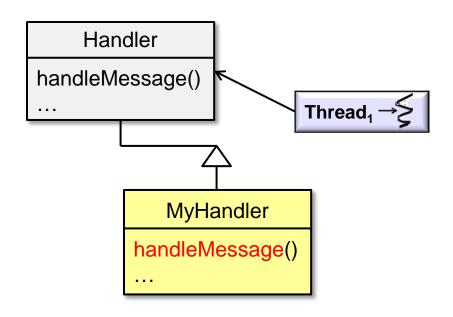
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 - Messages & Runnables are processed in context of Thread associated with Handler

void handleMessage(Message msg)

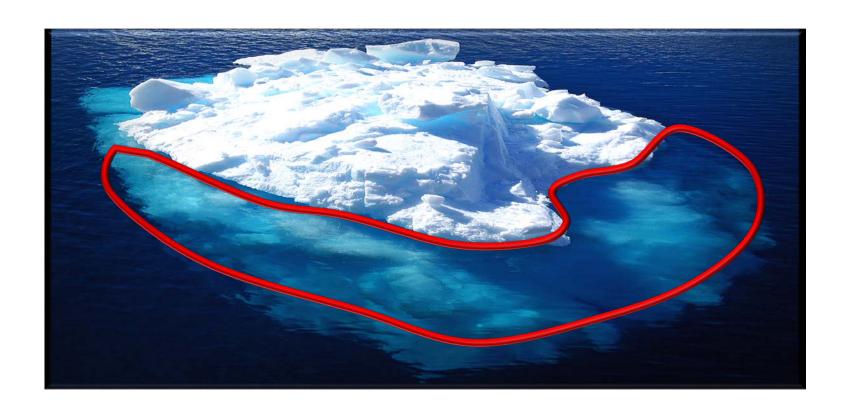
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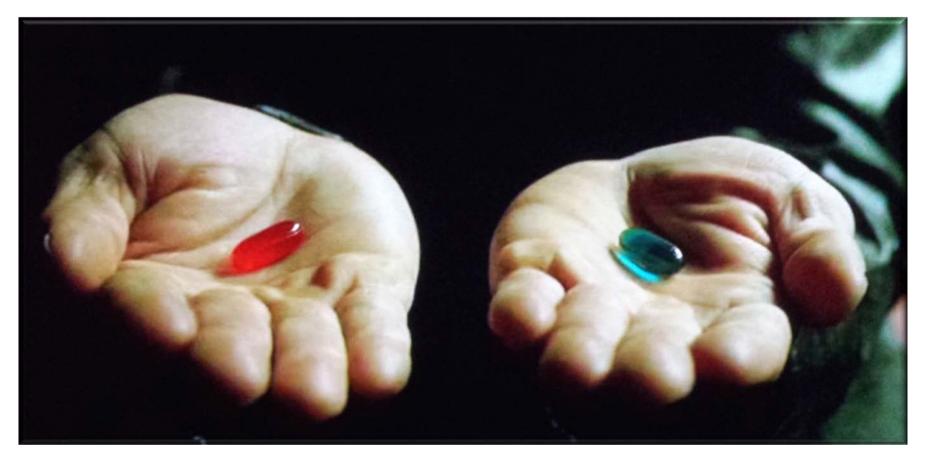


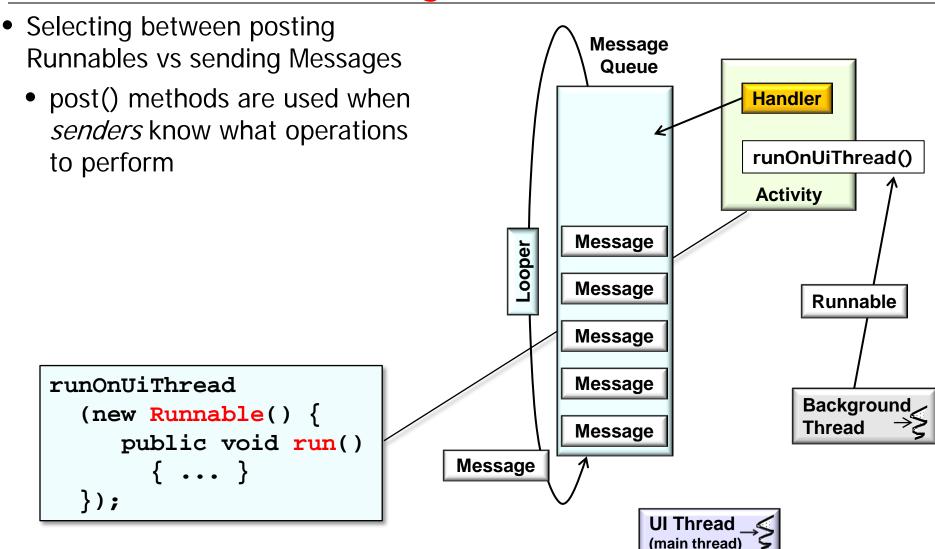
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These Handler methods are covered in more detail later

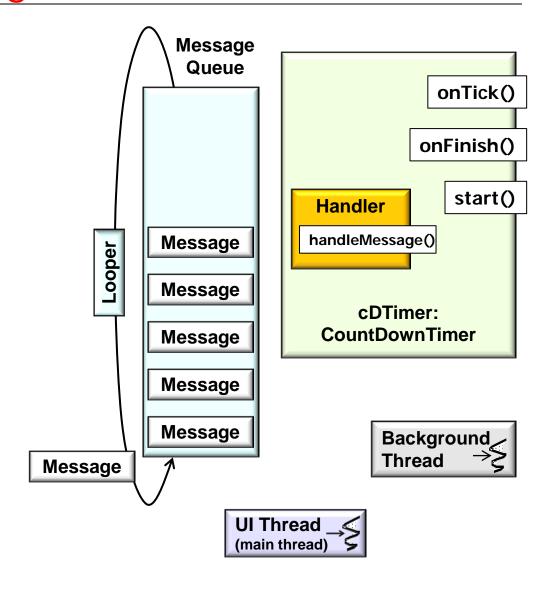
 Selecting between posting Runnables vs sending Messages





See upcoming parts on "Posting & Processing Runnables with the Android Handler & HaMeR Framework"

- Selecting between posting Runnables vs sending Messages
 - post() methods are used when senders know what operations to perform
 - sendMessage() methods are used when receivers know what operations to perform



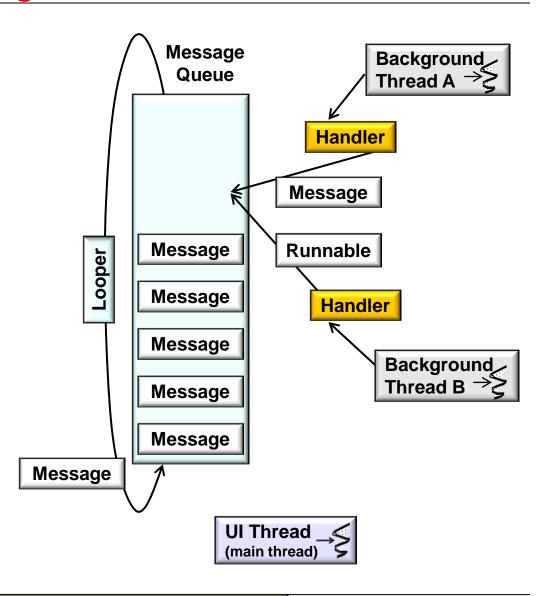
See upcoming parts on "Sending & Handling Messages with the Android Handler & HaMeR Framework"

- Selecting between posting Runnables vs sending Messages
- Handlers used in many Android applications & frameworks



- Selecting between posting Runnables vs sending Messages
- Handlers used in many Android applications & frameworks, e.g.
 - HaMeR framework

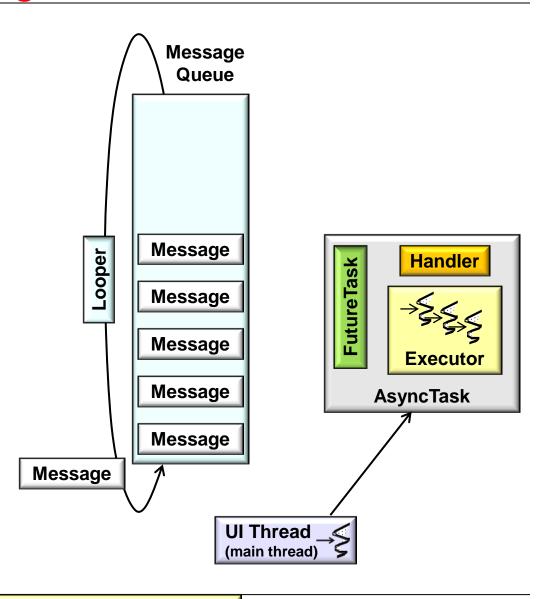




Next two parts focus on the HaMeR framework's use of Handlers et al

- Selecting between posting Runnables vs sending Messages
- Handlers used in many Android applications & frameworks, e.g.
 - HaMeR framework
 - AsyncTask framework





See upcoming part on "the AsyncTask Framework"

- Selecting between posting Runnables vs sending Messages
- Handlers used in many Android applications & frameworks
- Other resources explain more about how to use Handlers in Android's concurrency frameworks, services, & applications



See www.vogella.com/tutorials/
AndroidBackgroundProcessing/article.html