

SOaC Framework - Phase 2A Analysis Summary

React UI Development for Device Integration and Configuration

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Purpose: Comprehensive analysis to guide Phase 2A React UI development

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1. Executive Summary

Current State

The SOaC Framework Phase 1 has successfully implemented a **CLI-based security operations framework** with the following core components:

- **Correlation Engine:** Multi-source event correlation
- **Use Case Manager:** 10 security use cases with MAGMA framework
- **SOAR Playbook Manager:** 6 automated response playbooks
- **Threat Intelligence Module:** Pre-loaded threat actor profiles
- **Configuration Processor:** Excel-based rule loading for EntralID and PaloAlto

Phase 2A Objectives

Build a **React-based web UI** that enables:

1. **Device Integration Management:** Configure and manage PaloAlto NGFW, EntralID, and SIEM integrations
2. **Rule Configuration:** Visual interface for creating and managing detection rules
3. **Dashboard & Monitoring:** Real-time visibility of threats, incidents, and playbook executions

4. Use Case Management: UI for managing the lifecycle of security use cases

Key Findings

- 🔴 **Critical Gap:** No REST API layer exists - all components are Python modules called directly
- 🟡 **Authentication Gap:** No user authentication or authorization system implemented
- 🟢 **Strong Foundation:** Excellent data structures and operational models ready for UI integration

2. Current Backend Analysis

2.1 Project Structure

```
soac-framework/
├── app.py                                # Main CLI entry point
└── src/
    ├── correlation_engine.py               # Event correlation logic
    ├── config_processor.py                # Excel/JSON config processing
    ├── use_case_manager.py               # Use case lifecycle management
    ├── soar_playbooks.py                 # Automated response playbooks
    └── threat_intelligence.py           # Threat actor profiles & IOCs
    config/
        ├── config_template.json          # Main configuration
        ├── entraid_rules.json           # Generated from Excel
        └── paloalto_rules.json          # Generated from Excel
    data/
        ├── EntraID_Authentication_Rules.xlsx
        └── PaloAlto_NGFW_Rules.xlsx
    docs/
        ├── FRAMEWORK_OVERVIEW.md
        ├── USE_CASES.md
        └── THREAT_LANDSCAPE.md
    tests/
        ├── test_correlation_engine.py
        └── test_use_case_manager.py
```

2.2 Core Components Analysis

app.py - Main Application

- **Purpose:** CLI orchestrator for all framework components
- **Functionality:**
 - Loads configuration from `config_template.json`
 - Initializes all modules (correlation, use cases, SOAR, threat intel)
 - Processes configuration files (EntraID, PaloAlto)
 - Runs demo scenarios
 - No web server or API endpoints

Key Methods:

```
- __init__(config_file)      # Initialize framework
- process_configurations()  # Load device rules
- generate_reports()        # Create coverage reports
- run_demo()                # Demonstrate capabilities
```

src/correlation_engine.py - Event Correlation

- **Purpose:** Multi-source event correlation based on tactical patterns
- **Patterns Supported:** R1 (Ransomware), D1 (Data Exfil), C1 (Credential), IN1 (Intrusion)
- **Core Logic:**
 - Groups events by entity (UserName, ComputerName, IP)
 - Matches events against pattern phases (MITRE ATT&CK tactics)
 - Creates incidents when ≥ 3 phases match
 - Calculates confidence levels (Low/Medium/High/Critical)

Key Methods:

```
- correlate_events(events, pattern_id, time_window) → incidents
- _group_by_entity(events) → entity_groups
- _match_pattern_phases(events, pattern_id) → phases
- _create_incident(...) → incident_dict
```

Data Flow:

```
Events → Group by Entity → Match Phases → Calculate Confidence → Create Incident
```

src/config_processor.py - Configuration Management

- **Purpose:** Load and convert security rules from Excel to operational formats
- **Supported Sources:** EntraID, PaloAlto NGFW
- **Export Formats:** JSON, YAML (SIGMA-compatible)

Key Methods:

```
- load_entraid_rules(file_path) → rules_list
- load_paloalto_rules(file_path) → rules_list
- export_to_json(output_dir)
- export_to_yaml(output_dir)
- generate_detection_summary() → summary_dict
```

Rule Schema (Common Structure):

```
{
  'id': 'ENTRAID-001',
  'use_case': 'Intrusion',
  'detection_rule': 'Description...',
  'incident_rule': 'Correlation logic...',
  'severity': 'High',
  'mitre_tactic': 'Credential Access',
  'mitre_technique': 'T1110',
  'category': 'Account Abuse',
  'query': 'CQL query template...',
  'source': 'EntraID' | 'PaloAlto'
}
```

src/use_case_manager.py - Use Case Lifecycle

- **Purpose:** Manage 10 security use cases through their lifecycle
- **Framework:** MAGMA (Mission → Activity → Goals → Mitigation → Actions)

- **Statuses:** DRAFT → TESTING → ACTIVE → TUNING → RETIRED

10 Pre-loaded Use Cases:

1. UC-001-RANSOMWARE
2. UC-002-DATA-THEFT
3. UC-003-DOS
4. UC-004-SUPPLY-CHAIN
5. UC-005-INTRUSION
6. UC-006-MALWARE
7. UC-007-MISCONFIGURATION
8. UC-008-SOCIAL-ENGINEERING
9. UC-009-INFO-MANIPULATION
10. UC-010-FINANCIAL-FRAUD

Key Methods:

- ```

- get_use_case(use_case_id) ↗ use_case_dict
- list_use_cases(status=None) ↗ use_cases_list
- update_use_case_status(use_case_id, new_status)
- get_coverage_report() ↗ coverage_dict
- export_use_cases(file_path)

```

## src/soar\_playbooks.py - Automated Response

- **Purpose:** Execute automated response workflows for threats

### • 6 Pre-built Playbooks:

- PB-R1-RANSOMWARE (MTTI: 3 min)
- PB-D1-EXFILTRATION (MTTI: 5 min)
- PB-IN1-INTRUSION (MTTI: 10 min)
- PB-FF1-FRAUD (MTTI: 5 min)
- PB-M2-MALWARE (MTTI: 3 min)
- PB-DOS1-DOS (MTTI: 5 min)

## Playbook Structure:

```
{
 'id': 'PB-R1-RANSOMWARE',
 'name': 'Ransomware Containment and Recovery',
 'pattern_id': 'R1',
 'steps': [
 {
 'step': 1,
 'action': 'isolate_endpoint',
 'integration': 'Falcon API',
 'description': 'Quarantine infected host'
 },
 # ... more steps
],
 'mtti_target': '3 minutes',
 'automation_level': 'full' | 'semi-automated'
}
```

## Key Methods:

```
- execute_playbook(playbook_id, incident) → execution_result
- get_playbook(playbook_id) → playbook_dict
- list_playbooks() → playbooks_list
- get_execution_history(limit) → executions_list
```

## src/threat\_intelligence.py - Threat Actors

- **Purpose:** Manage threat actor profiles and IOCs
- **9 Pre-loaded Threat Actors:**
  - Cybercriminals: LockBit, Clop, FIN12
  - Nation-States: APT29, APT41, Lazarus Group
  - Hacktivists: KillNet/Anonymous
  - Insiders: Malicious Insider
  - Supply Chain: UNC Groups

### Threat Actor Schema:

```
{
 'name': 'LockBit',
 'type': 'Cybercriminal',
 'geography': 'Global',
 'motivation': 'Financial - RaaS operator',
 'techniques': ['Double extortion', 'Lateral movement'],
 'impact': 'Encryption of critical systems',
 'mitre_tactics': ['Initial Access', 'Execution'],
 'mitre_techniques': ['T1486', 'T1021.001'],
 'severity': 'Critical',
 'likelihood': '*****'
}
```

### Key Methods:

```
- get_threat_actor(actor_name) → actor_dict
- list_threat_actors(actor_type) → actors_list
- add_ioc(ioc_dict)
- search_iocs(ioc_type, threat_actor) → iocs_list
- get_threat_landscape_summary() → summary_dict
```

## 2.3 Configuration Schema

### config/config\_template.json Structure:

```
{
 "framework": {
 "name": "S0aC Framework",
 "version": "1.0.0",
 "organization": "S0aC Framework Team",
 "environment": "production"
 },
 "correlation": {
 "confidence_threshold": 3,
 "time_windows": {
 "real_time": 15,
 "short_term": 90,
 "long_term": 1440
 },
 "entity_pivots": ["UserName", "ComputerName", "aip", "SHA256HashData"]
 },
 "integrations": {
 "falcon": { "api_url": "", "client_id": "", "enabled": true },
 "entraID": { "tenant_id": "", "client_id": "", "enabled": true },
 "paloalto": { "api_url": "", "api_key": "", "enabled": true },
 "servicenow": { "instance_url": "", "username": "", "enabled": true }
 },
 "soar": {
 "auto_execute_playbooks": false,
 "require_approval_for": ["PB-FF1-FRAUD"],
 "notification_channels": {
 "email": { "enabled": true },
 "teams": { "enabled": true }
 }
 }
}
```

## 3. Data Structures and Schemas

### 3.1 EntralD Authentication Rules

**Excel Schema (16 rules loaded):**

| Column                       | Type    | Description                | Example                          |
|------------------------------|---------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| #                            | Integer | Rule number                | 1                                |
| Use Case                     | String  | Use case category          | "Intrusion"                      |
| Detection Rule               | String  | Plain language description | "Many auth failures per account" |
| Incident Rule                | String  | Correlation logic          | "Burst from same IP + success"   |
| Severity                     | String  | High/Medium/Low            | "High"                           |
| MITRE Tactic                 | String  | ATT&CK tactic              | "Credential Access"              |
| MITRE Technique              | String  | ATT&CK technique           | "T1110 (Brute Force)"            |
| Category                     | String  | Rule category              | "Account Abuse"                  |
| CQL Detection Query Template | String  | Query logic                | "#event.module=ent raid..."      |

#### Sample Rule:

```
{
 "#": 1,
 "Use Case": "Intrusion",
 "Detection Rule": "Many authentication failures per account (brute-force)",
 "Incident Rule": "Burst from same IP and subsequent success",
 "Severity": "High",
 "MITRE Tactic": "Credential Access",
 "MITRE Technique": "T1110 (Brute Force)",
 "Category": "Account Abuse",
 "CQL Detection Query Template": "#event.module=entraid | event.dataset = entraid.signin..."
}
```

## 3.2 PaloAlto NGFW Rules

#### Excel Schema (12 rules loaded):

Same column structure as Entraid, with PaloAlto-specific queries.

#### Sample Rule:

```
{
 "#": 1,
 "Use Case": "Intrusion",
 "Detection Rule": "Hosts repeatedly connecting to same external IP (beaconing/C2)",
 "Incident Rule": "Pattern sustained across multiple hosts",
 "Severity": "High",
 "MITRE Tactic": "Command and Control",
 "MITRE Technique": "T1071.001 (Web Protocols)",
 "Category": "Beaconing",
 "CQL Detection Query Template": "#repo = paloalto | event.panw.panos.action = al-
low..."
}
```

### 3.3 Device Integration Schema (Proposed)

For UI configuration, we need to define:

```
interface DeviceIntegration {
 id: string; // UUID
 name: string; // User-friendly name
 type: 'paloalto' | 'entraid' | 'siem' | 'falcon' | 'servicenow';
 enabled: boolean;
 config: {
 // Type-specific configuration
 api_url?: string;
 api_key?: string;
 client_id?: string;
 client_secret?: string;
 tenant_id?: string;
 // ... other fields
 };
 connection_status: 'connected' | 'disconnected' | 'error';
 last_tested: Date;
 rules_count: number;
 created_at: Date;
 updated_at: Date;
}
```

## 3.4 Detection Rule Schema (Unified)

```
interface DetectionRule {
 id: string; // e.g., "ENTRAID-001"
 device_id: string; // Reference to device integration
 use_case_id: string; // Reference to use case
 name: string; // Detection rule name
 description: string; // Plain language description
 incident_rule: string; // Correlation logic
 severity: 'Critical' | 'High' | 'Medium' | 'Low';
 mitre_tactic: string; // e.g., "Credential Access"
 mitre_technique: string; // e.g., "T1110"
 category: string; // e.g., "Account Abuse"
 query: string; // CQL or query template
 enabled: boolean;
 status: 'draft' | 'testing' | 'active' | 'disabled';
 false_positive_rate?: number;
 detection_count?: number;
 created_at: Date;
 updated_at: Date;
}
```

## 3.5 Incident Schema

```
interface Incident {
 incident_id: string; // e.g., "INC-R1-20251113093000"
 pattern_id: string; // e.g., "R1" (Ransomware)
 entity_key: string; // e.g., "user:jdoe|computer:DESKTOP-001"
 phases_matched: string[]; // MITRE tactics
 confidence_level: 'Critical' | 'High' | 'Medium' | 'Low';
 event_count: number;
 events: Event[];
 severity: 'Critical' | 'High' | 'Medium' | 'Low';
 status: 'open' | 'investigating' | 'contained' | 'resolved' | 'false_positive';
 assigned_to?: string;
 playbook_executions: PlaybookExecution[];
 timestamp: Date;
}
```

## 4. Operational Models Analysis

The uploaded operational model documents provide detailed workflows for:

### 4.1 Data Theft / Exfiltration (Pattern D1)

**Correlation Pattern:**

Staging → Transfer → Cloud Write

**Phases:**

1. **Local Collection** (Falcon Endpoint): Data staged in ZIP/RAR files
2. **Network Transfer** (Falcon Cloud/PAN-OS): Outbound connections
3. **SaaS/DNS Activity** (Cisco Umbrella): Cloud storage domains
4. **Cloud Upload** (CloudTrail/Azure): S3 PutObject, Blob uploads

**Time Window:** 0-60 minutes

**Pivot Entities:** UserName, ComputerName, TargetFileName, aip

#### **6 SOAR Playbooks:**

1. Endpoint Isolation
2. Identity Containment
3. Network Containment
4. Cloud Containment
5. Proofpoint & Email Correlation
6. Notification, Forensics, Case Management

### **4.2 Financial Fraud / Theft (Pattern FF1)**

#### **Correlation Pattern:**

Access Compromise → Fraudulent Transaction → Anomalous Behavior → Mitigation

#### **Phases:**

1. **Account Compromise** (EntraID): MFA bypass, new geography login
2. **Transaction Manipulation** (ERP/Finance): Payment creation, vendor updates
3. **Cloud/API Misuse** (CloudTrail): Unusual financial dataset access
4. **Data Exfiltration** (Falcon/Umbrella): Invoice/payment file transfers
5. **Anomalous Behavior** (Falcon/AD): Off-hours access, PowerShell usage

**Time Window:** 6 hours

**MTTF Target:** < 5 minutes (Mean Time to Freeze Transaction)

#### **6 SOAR Playbooks:**

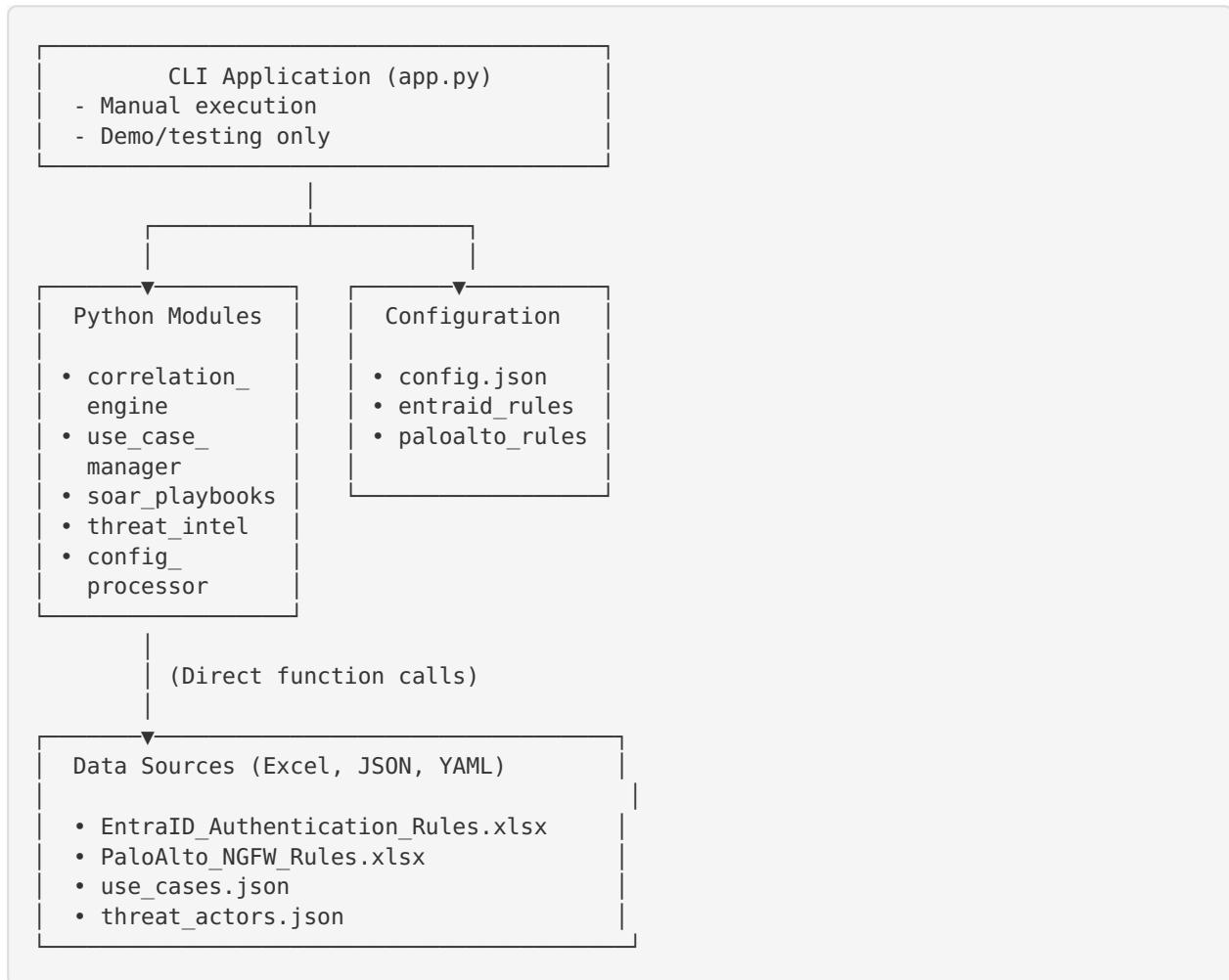
1. Transaction Hold and Reversal
2. Identity and Account Lockdown
3. Network and SaaS Data Block
4. Cloud & API Lockdown
5. Forensic Investigation and Audit
6. Executive and Legal Communication

### **4.3 Key Insights for UI Design**

1. **Multi-Phase Detection:** UI must show correlation across 3-5 phases
  2. **Entity Pivots:** Need to display relationships (user → device → network → cloud)
  3. **Time Windows:** Real-time (5-15 min), Short-term (30-90 min), Long-term (6-24 hrs)
  4. **SOAR Integration:** UI should show playbook execution status and step completion
  5. **KPI Metrics:** MTI, MTTDA, Containment Success Rate, False Positive Rate
-

## 5. Architecture Overview

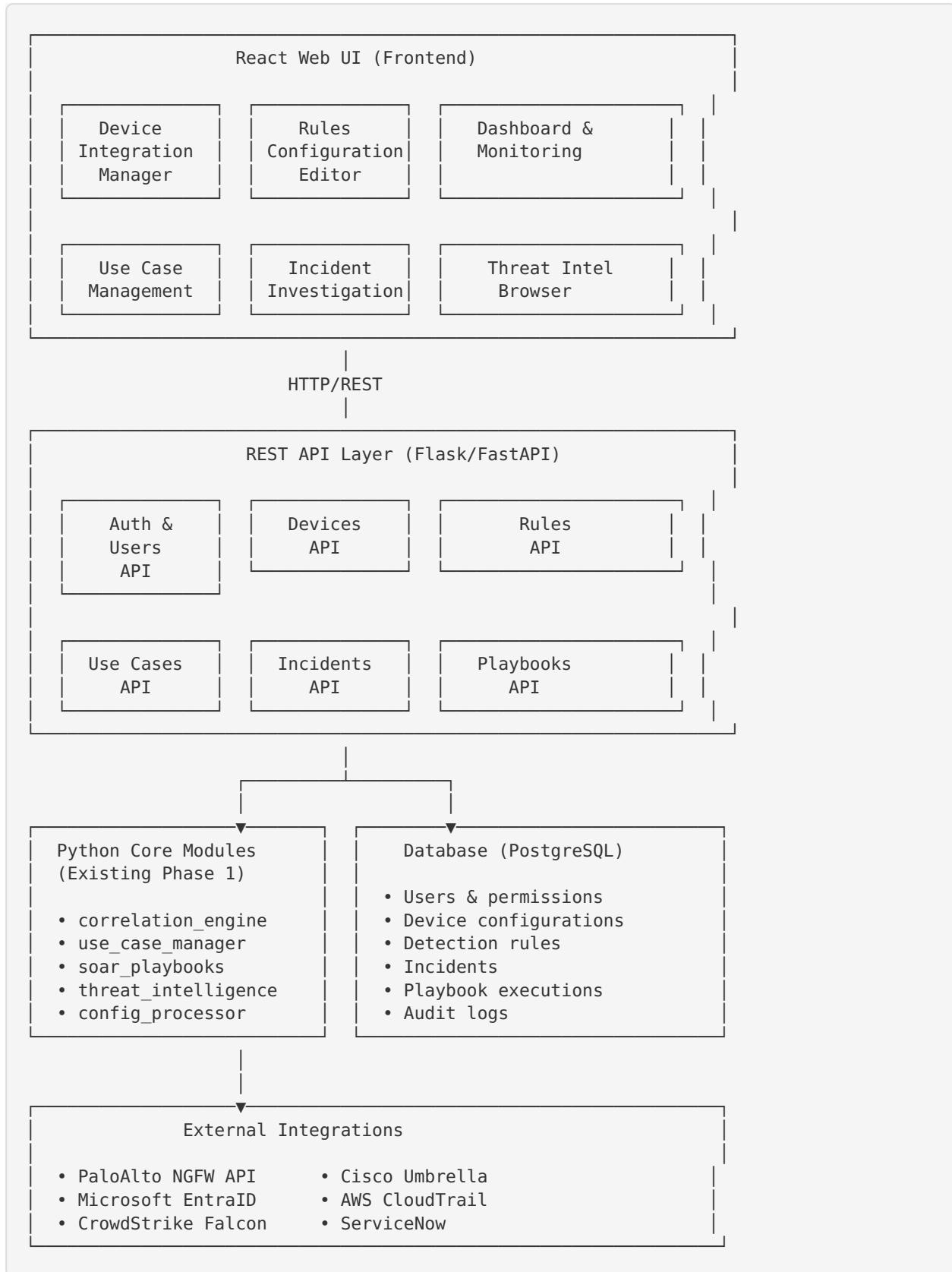
### 5.1 Current Architecture (Phase 1)



#### Limitations:

- ✗ No REST API layer
- ✗ No web interface
- ✗ No authentication/authorization
- ✗ No database (file-based storage only)
- ✗ No real-time monitoring
- ✗ No user management

## 5.2 Proposed Architecture (Phase 2A)



## 6. React UI Integration Requirements

### 6.1 Technical Stack Recommendations

#### Frontend:

- **Framework:** React 18+ with TypeScript
- **State Management:** Redux Toolkit or Zustand
- **UI Library:** Material-UI (MUI) or Ant Design (recommended for enterprise dashboards)
- **Data Visualization:** Recharts or Apache ECharts
- **Forms:** React Hook Form + Zod validation
- **API Client:** Axios with React Query for caching
- **Routing:** React Router v6
- **Authentication:** JWT tokens with refresh mechanism

#### Backend API:

- **Framework:** FastAPI (recommended) or Flask-RESTful
- **Authentication:** JWT (PyJWT) + bcrypt for passwords
- **Database ORM:** SQLAlchemy
- **Database:** PostgreSQL 14+
- **API Documentation:** OpenAPI/Swagger (auto-generated by FastAPI)
- **CORS:** Configured for React dev server and production

#### DevOps:

- **Docker:** Containerize both React and Python services
- **nginx:** Reverse proxy for production
- **Docker Compose:** Local development environment

### 6.2 Integration Points

#### 1. Device Management

##### UI Components Needed:

- Device list view with status indicators
- Add/Edit device form with type-specific fields
- Connection test button with real-time feedback
- Device metrics dashboard (rules count, last sync, health status)

##### API Endpoints Required:

```

GET /api/v1/devices # List all devices
POST /api/v1/devices # Add new device
GET /api/v1/devices/{id} # Get device details
PUT /api/v1/devices/{id} # Update device config
DELETE /api/v1/devices/{id} # Remove device
POST /api/v1/devices/{id}/test # Test connection
GET /api/v1/devices/{id}/rules # Get device rules
POST /api/v1/devices/{id}/sync # Sync rules from device

```

##### Data Flow:

```

React Form → POST /api/v1/devices → Validate → Save to DB →
Test Connection → Update Status → Return Response

```

## 2. Rule Configuration

### UI Components Needed:

- Rule list with filtering (device, severity, status, use case)
- Rule editor with:
  - Metadata fields (name, description, severity)
  - MITRE ATT&CK selector (tactics/techniques)
  - Query editor with syntax highlighting
- Test/validation panel
- Rule import from Excel
- Bulk enable/disable actions

### API Endpoints Required:

```

GET /api/v1/rules # List all rules
POST /api/v1/rules # Create rule
GET /api/v1/rules/{id} # Get rule details
PUT /api/v1/rules/{id} # Update rule
DELETE /api/v1/rules/{id} # Delete rule
POST /api/v1/rules/import # Import from Excel
POST /api/v1/rules/{id}/test # Validate rule query
PATCH /api/v1/rules/{id}/status # Enable/disable rule
GET /api/v1/rules/mitre-techniques # Get MITRE taxonomy

```

## 3. Dashboard & Monitoring

### UI Components Needed:

- Real-time metrics cards:
- Active Incidents
- Open Investigations
- Playbook Executions (24h)
- Average MTI/MTTDA
- Incident timeline chart
- Top 10 threat actors detected
- Use case coverage heatmap (MITRE ATT&CK matrix)
- Device health status panel
- Recent alerts feed

### API Endpoints Required:

```

GET /api/v1/dashboard/metrics # Real-time KPIs
GET /api/v1/dashboard/incidents # Recent incidents
GET /api/v1/dashboard/timeline # Incident timeline data
GET /api/v1/dashboard/coverage # MITRE coverage map
GET /api/v1/dashboard/device-health # Device status summary

```

### WebSocket for Real-Time Updates:

|    |                         |                        |
|----|-------------------------|------------------------|
| WS | /ws/incidents           | # Live incident feed   |
| WS | /ws/playbook-executions | # Live playbook status |

## 4. Use Case Management

### UI Components Needed:

- Use case list with status badges
- Use case details view (MAGMA framework structure)
- Status transition workflow (Draft → Testing → Active → Tuning → Retired)
- Coverage report visualization
- Rule assignment to use cases

### API Endpoints Required:

```

GET /api/v1/use-cases # List all use cases
POST /api/v1/use-cases # Create use case
GET /api/v1/use-cases/{id} # Get use case details
PUT /api/v1/use-cases/{id} # Update use case
PATCH /api/v1/use-cases/{id}/status # Change status
GET /api/v1/use-cases/{id}/rules # Get assigned rules
GET /api/v1/use-cases/coverage # Coverage report

```

## 5. Incident Investigation

### UI Components Needed:

- Incident list with advanced filtering
- Incident detail view with:
  - Entity relationship graph (user → device → network → cloud)
  - Event timeline
  - Matched phases visualization
  - Confidence score breakdown
  - Related threat actor profiles
  - Playbook execution viewer
- Status management (open → investigating → contained → resolved)
- Comments/notes section

### API Endpoints Required:

```

GET /api/v1/incidents # List incidents
GET /api/v1/incidents/{id} # Get incident details
PATCH /api/v1/incidents/{id}/status # Update status
POST /api/v1/incidents/{id}/comments # Add comment
GET /api/v1/incidents/{id}/playbooks # Get executed playbooks
POST /api/v1/incidents/{id}/execute-playbook # Trigger playbook

```

## 6. Threat Intelligence Browser

### UI Components Needed:

- Threat actor directory with search/filter
- Threat actor profile page (motivation, techniques, impact)
- IOC search interface
- MITRE ATT&CK technique mapping
- Threat landscape summary

### API Endpoints Required:

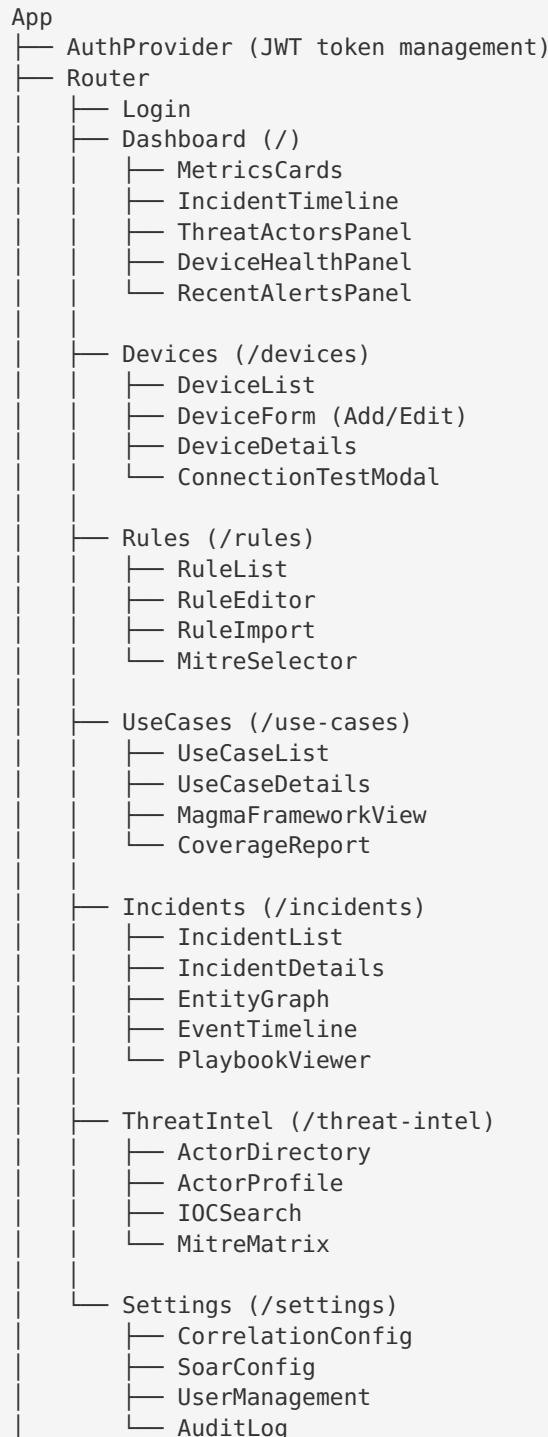
```

GET /api/v1/threat-intel/actors # List threat actors
GET /api/v1/threat-intel/actors/{id} # Get actor profile
GET /api/v1/threat-intel/iocs # Search IOCs
POST /api/v1/threat-intel/iocs # Add IOC
GET /api/v1/threat-intel/summary # Threat landscape summary

```

## 7. Recommended UI Architecture

### 7.1 Component Hierarchy



## 7.2 State Management Strategy

### Global State (Redux/Zustand):

- Authentication state (user, token, permissions)
- Active devices list
- Use cases list
- Threat actors list
- Dashboard metrics cache

### Server State (React Query):

- Incidents (with pagination, filtering, real-time updates)
- Rules (with search, filtering)
- Device details
- Playbook executions

### Local State (useState/useReducer):

- Form inputs
- UI toggles (modals, drawers)
- Filter selections

## 7.3 Key Features to Implement

### Phase 2A - Core Features (MVP)

#### 1. Device Management

- Add/Edit/Delete PaloAlto, EntralID, SIEM devices
- Connection testing
- Status monitoring

#### 2. Rule Configuration

- CRUD operations for detection rules
- Import from Excel (EntralID, PaloAlto)
- Rule validation and testing

#### 3. Dashboard

- Real-time metrics
- Incident feed
- Device health overview

#### 4. Authentication & Authorization

- Login/logout
- JWT token management
- Role-based access (Admin, Analyst, Viewer)

### Phase 2B - Enhanced Features

#### 1. Use Case Management

- Lifecycle management
- Coverage reporting
- Rule assignment

#### 2. Incident Investigation

- Advanced filtering and search
- Entity relationship visualization
- Playbook execution triggering

### 3. Threat Intelligence Browser

- Actor profiles
- IOC management
- MITRE ATT&CK integration

## 7.4 Design System Guidelines

### Color Scheme (Security Operations Theme):

- Primary: Blue (#1976D2) - Trust, professionalism
- Secondary: Orange (#FF6B35) - Alerts, attention
- Success: Green (#4CAF50) - Connected, healthy
- Warning: Yellow (#FFC107) - Medium severity
- Error: Red (#F44336) - Critical, high severity
- Neutral: Gray (#757575) - Disabled, neutral info

### Severity Color Mapping:

```
.severity-critical { background: #D32F2F; }
.severity-high { background: #FF6B35; }
.severity-medium { background: #FFC107; }
.severity-low { background: #4CAF50; }
```

### Typography:

- Headings: Inter or Roboto (sans-serif)
- Body: System fonts for performance
- Code/Queries: Fira Code or Monaco (monospace)

## 8. API Specifications Needed

### 8.1 REST API Structure

**Base URL:** `http://localhost:5000/api/v1` (development)

**Authentication:** JWT Bearer Token

```
Authorization: Bearer <token>
```

### Common Response Format:

```
{
 "success": true,
 "data": { ... },
 "message": "Operation successful",
 "timestamp": "2025-11-13T09:30:00Z"
}
```

### Error Response Format:

```
{
 "success": false,
 "error": {
 "code": "VALIDATION_ERROR",
 "message": "Invalid device configuration",
 "details": {
 "api_url": ["This field is required"]
 }
 },
 "timestamp": "2025-11-13T09:30:00Z"
}
```

## 8.2 Core API Endpoints

### Authentication API

```
POST /api/v1/auth/login
POST /api/v1/auth/logout
POST /api/v1/auth/refresh
GET /api/v1/auth/me
```

#### Example Login Request:

```
POST /api/v1/auth/login
{
 "username": "admin",
 "password": "SecurePass123!"
}
```

#### Response:

```
{
 "success": true,
 "data": {
 "token": "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9...",
 "refresh_token": "dGhpcyBpcyBhIHJlZnJlc2ggdG9rZW4...",
 "expires_in": 3600,
 "user": {
 "id": "user-001",
 "username": "admin",
 "email": "admin@soac.local",
 "role": "admin"
 }
 }
}
```

## Devices API

```
Device Model
{
 "id": "dev-001",
 "name": "PaloAlto-Main-NGFW",
 "type": "paloalto",
 "enabled": true,
 "config": {
 "api_url": "https://firewall.company.com/api",
 "api_key": "*****",
 "verify_ssl": true
 },
 "connection_status": "connected",
 "last_tested": "2025-11-13T09:00:00Z",
 "rules_count": 12,
 "created_at": "2025-11-01T10:00:00Z",
 "updated_at": "2025-11-13T08:00:00Z"
}
```

### Endpoints:

|        |                                             |
|--------|---------------------------------------------|
| GET    | /api/v1/devices                             |
| POST   | /api/v1/devices                             |
| GET    | /api/v1/devices/{id}                        |
| PUT    | /api/v1/devices/{id}                        |
| DELETE | /api/v1/devices/{id}                        |
| POST   | /api/v1/devices/{id}/test # Test connection |
| POST   | /api/v1/devices/{id}/sync # Sync rules      |

## Rules API

```
Rule Model
{
 "id": "rule-entraid-001",
 "device_id": "dev-001",
 "use_case_id": "UC-005-INTRUSION",
 "name": "Brute Force Detection",
 "description": "Many authentication failures per account",
 "incident_rule": "Burst from same IP and subsequent success",
 "severity": "High",
 "mitre_tactic": "Credential Access",
 "mitre_technique": "T1110",
 "category": "Account Abuse",
 "query": "#event.module=entraid | event.outcome = failure...",
 "enabled": true,
 "status": "active",
 "false_positive_rate": 0.05,
 "detection_count": 127,
 "created_at": "2025-11-01T10:00:00Z",
 "updated_at": "2025-11-13T08:00:00Z"
}
```

### Endpoints:

```

GET /api/v1/rules?device_id=&severity=&status=
POST /api/v1/rules
GET /api/v1/rules/{id}
PUT /api/v1/rules/{id}
DELETE /api/v1/rules/{id}
POST /api/v1/rules/import # Import from Excel
POST /api/v1/rules/{id}/test # Validate query
PATCH /api/v1/rules/{id}/status # Enable/disable

```

## Dashboard API

```
GET /api/v1/dashboard/metrics
```

### Response:

```
{
 "success": true,
 "data": {
 "active_incidents": 3,
 "open_investigations": 7,
 "playbook_executions_24h": 15,
 "mtti_average_minutes": 4.2,
 "mttda_average_minutes": 6.8,
 "device_health": {
 "connected": 5,
 "disconnected": 1,
 "error": 0
 },
 "incidents_by_severity": {
 "critical": 1,
 "high": 2,
 "medium": 4,
 "low": 0
 }
 }
}
```

## Use Cases API

```

Use Case Model
{
 "id": "UC-001-RANSOMWARE",
 "title": "Ransomware Detection and Response",
 "mission": "Ensure continuity of services and data access",
 "activity": "Encryption of files, backup deletion, extortion",
 "goals": ["Detect ransomware encryption tools", "Detect backup modification"],
 "mitigation": ["EDR", "Immutable backups", "Network segmentation"],
 "mitre_techniques": ["T1486", "T1059.001", "T1027"],
 "status": "active",
 "severity": "Critical",
 "owner": "S0aC Framework Team",
 "rules_count": 8,
 "incidents_count": 2,
 "created_date": "2025-11-01T10:00:00Z",
 "last_updated": "2025-11-13T08:00:00Z"
}

```

## Incidents API

```
Incident Model
{
 "incident_id": "INC-R1-20251113093000",
 "pattern_id": "R1",
 "pattern_name": "Ransomware Chain",
 "entity_key": "user:jdoe|computer:DESKTOP-001",
 "phases_matched": ["Initial Access", "Execution", "Impact"],
 "confidence_level": "High",
 "event_count": 5,
 "severity": "Critical",
 "status": "investigating",
 "assigned_to": "analyst@soac.local",
 "entities": {
 "user": "jdoe",
 "computer": "DESKTOP-001",
 "ip": "192.168.1.100"
 },
 "playbook_executions": [
 {
 "execution_id": "EXEC-PB-R1-001",
 "playbook_id": "PB-R1-RANSOMWARE",
 "status": "completed",
 "steps_completed": 5,
 "steps_total": 5
 }
],
 "created_at": "2025-11-13T09:30:00Z",
 "updated_at": "2025-11-13T09:45:00Z"
}
```

## 8.3 Database Schema

### Key Tables:

```

-- Users and authentication
CREATE TABLE users (
 id UUID PRIMARY KEY,
 username VARCHAR(50) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
 email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
 password_hash VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 role VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL, -- 'admin', 'analyst', 'viewer'
 created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW(),
 updated_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
);

-- Device integrations
CREATE TABLE devices (
 id UUID PRIMARY KEY,
 name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
 type VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL, -- 'paloalto', 'entraid', 'siem'
 enabled BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE,
 config JSONB NOT NULL,
 connection_status VARCHAR(20), -- 'connected', 'disconnected', 'error'
 last_tested TIMESTAMP,
 created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW(),
 updated_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
);

-- Detection rules
CREATE TABLE rules (
 id VARCHAR(50) PRIMARY KEY,
 device_id UUID REFERENCES devices(id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
 use_case_id VARCHAR(50),
 name VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL,
 description TEXT,
 incident_rule TEXT,
 severity VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
 mitre_tactic VARCHAR(100),
 mitre_technique VARCHAR(50),
 category VARCHAR(100),
 query TEXT NOT NULL,
 enabled BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE,
 status VARCHAR(20) DEFAULT 'draft',
 false_positive_rate FLOAT,
 detection_count INTEGER DEFAULT 0,
 created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW(),
 updated_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
);

-- Incidents
CREATE TABLE incidents (
 incident_id VARCHAR(50) PRIMARY KEY,
 pattern_id VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
 pattern_name VARCHAR(100),
 entity_key VARCHAR(500),
 phases_matched JSONB,
 confidence_level VARCHAR(20),
 event_count INTEGER,
 events JSONB,
 severity VARCHAR(20),
 status VARCHAR(50) DEFAULT 'open',
 assigned_to VARCHAR(100),
 created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW(),
 updated_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
);

```

```
-- Playbook executions
CREATE TABLE playbook_executions (
 execution_id VARCHAR(50) PRIMARY KEY,
 incident_id VARCHAR(50) REFERENCES incidents(incident_id),
 playbook_id VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
 playbook_name VARCHAR(200),
 status VARCHAR(50), -- 'pending', 'running', 'completed', 'failed'
 steps_completed INTEGER,
 steps_total INTEGER,
 start_time TIMESTAMP,
 end_time TIMESTAMP,
 created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
);

-- Audit logs
CREATE TABLE audit_logs (
 id UUID PRIMARY KEY,
 user_id UUID REFERENCES users(id),
 action VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
 resource_type VARCHAR(50),
 resource_id VARCHAR(50),
 details JSONB,
 ip_address VARCHAR(45),
 created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
);
```

## 9. Gaps and Recommendations

### 9.1 Critical Gaps (Must Address for Phase 2A)

#### 1. No REST API Layer

**Current State:** All functionality is accessed via direct Python function calls

**Impact:** Cannot integrate with React UI

**Recommendation:**

- Build REST API using **FastAPI** (preferred) or Flask-RESTful
- Wrap existing Python modules with API endpoints
- Implement proper error handling and validation

**Effort:** 40 hours

#### 2. No Authentication System

**Current State:** No user management, login, or permissions

**Impact:** Security risk, no multi-user support

**Recommendation:**

- Implement JWT-based authentication
- Add user model with roles (Admin, Analyst, Viewer)
- Integrate with EntralID for SSO (future enhancement)

**Effort:** 20 hours

#### 3. No Database

**Current State:** File-based storage (JSON, Excel)

**Impact:** No transactional integrity, poor scalability, no audit trail

**Recommendation:**

- Implement PostgreSQL database
- Use SQLAlchemy ORM
- Migrate configuration data from JSON to DB
- Keep Excel import/export as a feature

**Effort:** 30 hours

#### 4. No Real-Time Updates

**Current State:** CLI-based, one-time execution

**Impact:** Dashboard won't reflect live changes

**Recommendation:**

- Implement WebSocket server (Socket.IO or native WebSockets)
- Push incident updates and playbook executions to UI
- Add polling fallback for compatibility

**Effort:** 15 hours

### 9.2 Important Gaps (Should Address)

#### 5. No Configuration Validation

**Current State:** Minimal validation when loading configs

**Impact:** Bad configurations can crash the system

**Recommendation:**

- Use Pydantic models for API request validation
- Implement device connection testing before saving
- Add query syntax validation for detection rules

**Effort:** 10 hours

#### 6. No Audit Trail

**Current State:** No logging of user actions

**Impact:** Cannot track who changed what

**Recommendation:**

- Add audit\_logs table
- Log all CRUD operations (devices, rules, use cases)
- Display audit history in UI

**Effort:** 8 hours

#### 7. Limited Error Handling

**Current State:** Basic try-except blocks, limited error messages

**Impact:** Difficult to debug issues

**Recommendation:**

- Implement structured error responses
- Add detailed logging (ELK stack integration later)
- User-friendly error messages in UI

**Effort:** 5 hours

## 9.3 Nice-to-Have Enhancements

### 8. No RBAC (Role-Based Access Control)

**Recommendation:** Implement granular permissions (view, edit, delete for each resource type)

**Effort:** 12 hours

### 9. No API Rate Limiting

**Recommendation:** Add rate limiting to prevent abuse (Flask-Limiter or FastAPI RateLimiter)

**Effort:** 4 hours

### 10. No API Versioning

**Recommendation:** Already planned with `/api/v1/` prefix - good foundation

**Effort:** 2 hours

---

## 10. Implementation Roadmap

### Phase 2A - Sprint 1: Foundation (Week 1-2)

**Goal:** Build API foundation and authentication

#### Week 1: Backend API Setup

- [ ] Set up FastAPI project structure
- [ ] Implement database schema (PostgreSQL + SQLAlchemy)
- [ ] Create User model and authentication endpoints
- [ ] Implement JWT token generation and validation
- [ ] Set up CORS for React integration
- [ ] Write API endpoint for device CRUD operations

**Deliverables:**

- FastAPI application with `/api/v1/auth` and `/api/v1/devices` endpoints
- PostgreSQL database with migrations
- Postman collection for API testing

#### Week 2: Core API Endpoints

- [ ] Implement Rules API endpoints
- [ ] Implement Dashboard API endpoints
- [ ] Add connection testing for devices
- [ ] Integrate existing Python modules (correlation\_engine, etc.)
- [ ] Write unit tests for API endpoints
- [ ] Set up Docker development environment

**Deliverables:**

- Complete REST API for devices and rules
  - Docker Compose setup for local development
  - API documentation (Swagger UI)
- 

### Phase 2A - Sprint 2: React UI Core (Week 3-4)

**Goal:** Build React UI foundation and device management

## Week 3: React Setup & Device Management

- [ ] Initialize React TypeScript project (Vite)
- [ ] Set up Material-UI or Ant Design
- [ ] Implement authentication flow (login, JWT storage, auto-logout)
- [ ] Build Device Management pages:
  - Device list view
  - Add/Edit device form
  - Connection test functionality
  - [ ] Set up React Query for API calls
  - [ ] Implement global state management (Zustand/Redux)

**Deliverables:**

- React application with authentication
- Device management UI (CRUD operations)
- Responsive design for desktop and tablet

## Week 4: Rule Configuration UI

- [ ] Build Rule List page with filtering
- [ ] Create Rule Editor component
- [ ] Implement Excel import functionality
- [ ] Add MITRE ATT&CK technique selector
- [ ] Build query editor with syntax highlighting
- [ ] Add rule validation and testing

**Deliverables:**

- Complete rule configuration UI
  - Excel import/export functionality
  - Rule testing interface
- 

## Phase 2A - Sprint 3: Dashboard & Monitoring (Week 5-6)

**Goal:** Real-time dashboard and incident feed

### Week 5: Dashboard Development

- [ ] Build dashboard layout with metrics cards
- [ ] Implement real-time metrics API integration
- [ ] Create incident timeline chart (Recharts)
- [ ] Add device health status panel
- [ ] Build recent alerts feed
- [ ] Implement WebSocket connection for live updates

**Deliverables:**

- Real-time dashboard with KPIs
- Live incident feed
- Device health monitoring

### Week 6: Polish & Testing

- [ ] End-to-end testing (Cypress or Playwright)

- [ ] API integration testing
- [ ] UI/UX refinements
- [ ] Performance optimization
- [ ] Documentation (user guide, deployment guide)
- [ ] Security audit (OWASP top 10 checks)

**Deliverables:**

- Production-ready application
  - Test coverage reports
  - Deployment documentation
- 

## Phase 2B - Future Enhancements (Week 7+)

**Use Case Management:**

- [ ] Use case lifecycle UI
- [ ] MAGMA framework visualization
- [ ] Coverage reporting

**Incident Investigation:**

- [ ] Advanced incident search and filtering
- [ ] Entity relationship graph (D3.js or Cytoscape.js)
- [ ] Playbook execution triggering and monitoring
- [ ] Investigation notes and collaboration

**Threat Intelligence:**

- [ ] Threat actor directory
- [ ] IOC management interface
- [ ] MITRE ATT&CK matrix visualization
- [ ] Threat landscape analytics

**Advanced Features:**

- [ ] SSO integration (EntralID)
  - [ ] RBAC with granular permissions
  - [ ] Notification system (email, Teams, Slack)
  - [ ] Export reports (PDF, CSV, Excel)
  - [ ] API key management for integrations
- 

## Conclusion

This comprehensive analysis provides a solid foundation for Phase 2A development. The key priorities are:

1. **Build REST API layer** to expose existing Python functionality
2. **Implement authentication** for multi-user access
3. **Add database layer** for persistent storage
4. **Create React UI** for device and rule management
5. **Build real-time dashboard** for monitoring

The existing Phase 1 codebase is well-structured and can be incrementally enhanced with the API layer. The operational models provide clear guidance for UI workflows, especially for multi-phase correlation and SOAR playbook execution.

**Next Steps:**

1. Review and approve this analysis
  2. Set up development environment (PostgreSQL, FastAPI, React)
  3. Begin Sprint 1: Backend API Foundation
  4. Parallel track: Design UI mockups and wireframes
- 

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**Prepared By:** SOaC Framework Development Team