

IBM DATA SCIENCE PROJECT

SpaceX Reusable Rocket

01

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Outline

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion
- Appendix



Executive Summary

Collect data with SpaceX REST API and Web Scraping using BeautifulSoup. Data cleansing using python libraries.

Using SQL commands and visualization like bar chart, scatter plot. Using interactive map and dashboard to visualize more clearly.

Machine Learning Models used:

- Logistic Regression
- Support Vector Machine
- K-Nearest Neighbors
- Decision Trees

All have 83.33% accuracy.

Data Collection & Data Wrangling

Exploratory Analysis

Predictive Models

- SpaceX
an American aerospace manufacturer,
space transportation services and
communications company
- Cost per launch
 - Normal: \$165 million
 - Falcon9: \$62 million



Goal

To maximize success rate
and the best model to predict

Introduction



SpaceX Falcon 9

Reusable Rocket Model

\$62 million

per launch



Methodology



Data Collection

- Web Scraping
- SpaceX REST API

Data Wrangling

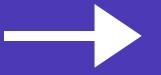
- Removing irrelevant data
- Handling missing values
- Turning categorical variables into numerical variables

Exploratory Data Analysis using visualization

- Using visualization (scatter plot, bar chart) to present data

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Methodology (continue)



Exploratory Data Analysis using SQL

- Using SQL commands to obtain the data insights

Interactive visual analytics

- Using Ploty Dash to create interactive dashboard and visualize to data
- Using Folium to create interactive maps

Prediction using classification models

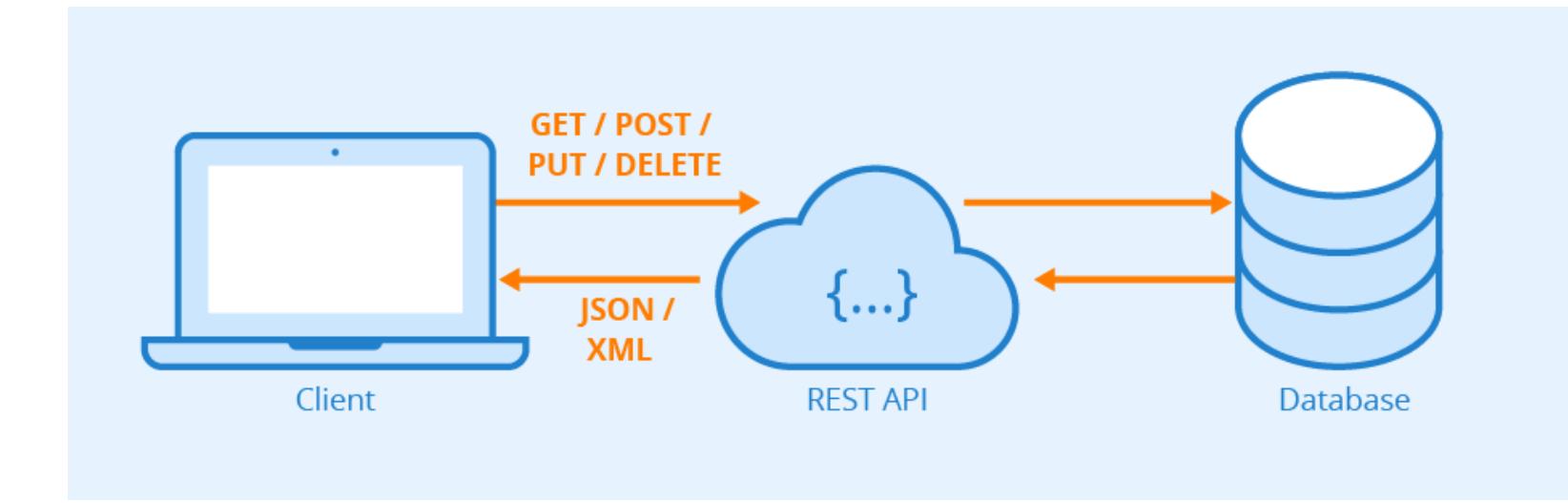
- Using machine learning models such as KNN and SVM to predict the outcome
- Model evaluation

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Data Collection

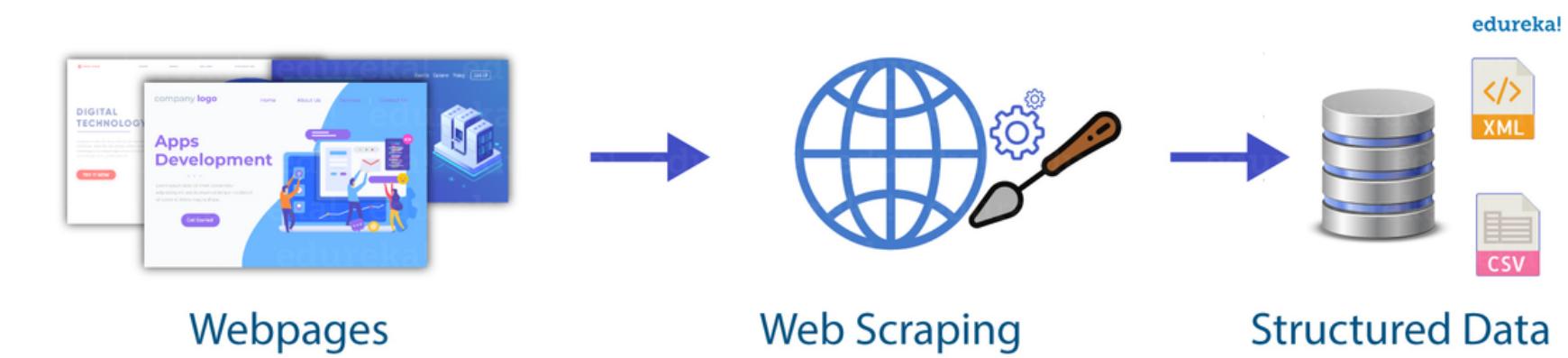
Using SpaceX REST API

: use get request to obtain the response and then convert it to data frame

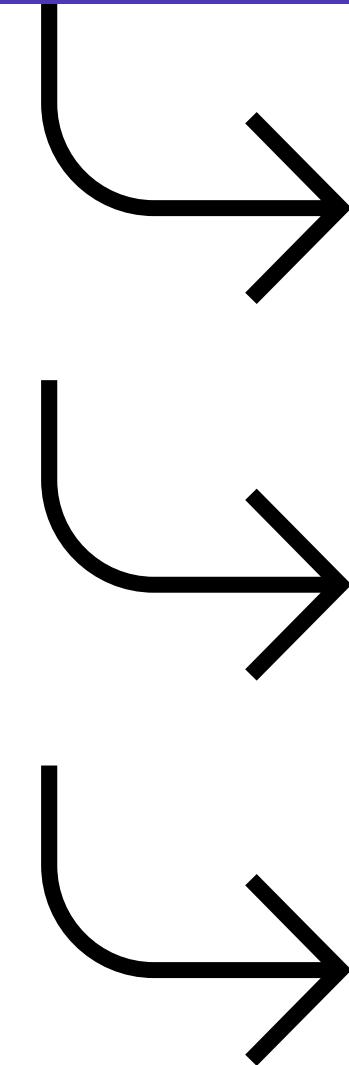


Using Beautiful Soup

: use beautiful soup for web scraping from webpages to obtain the data



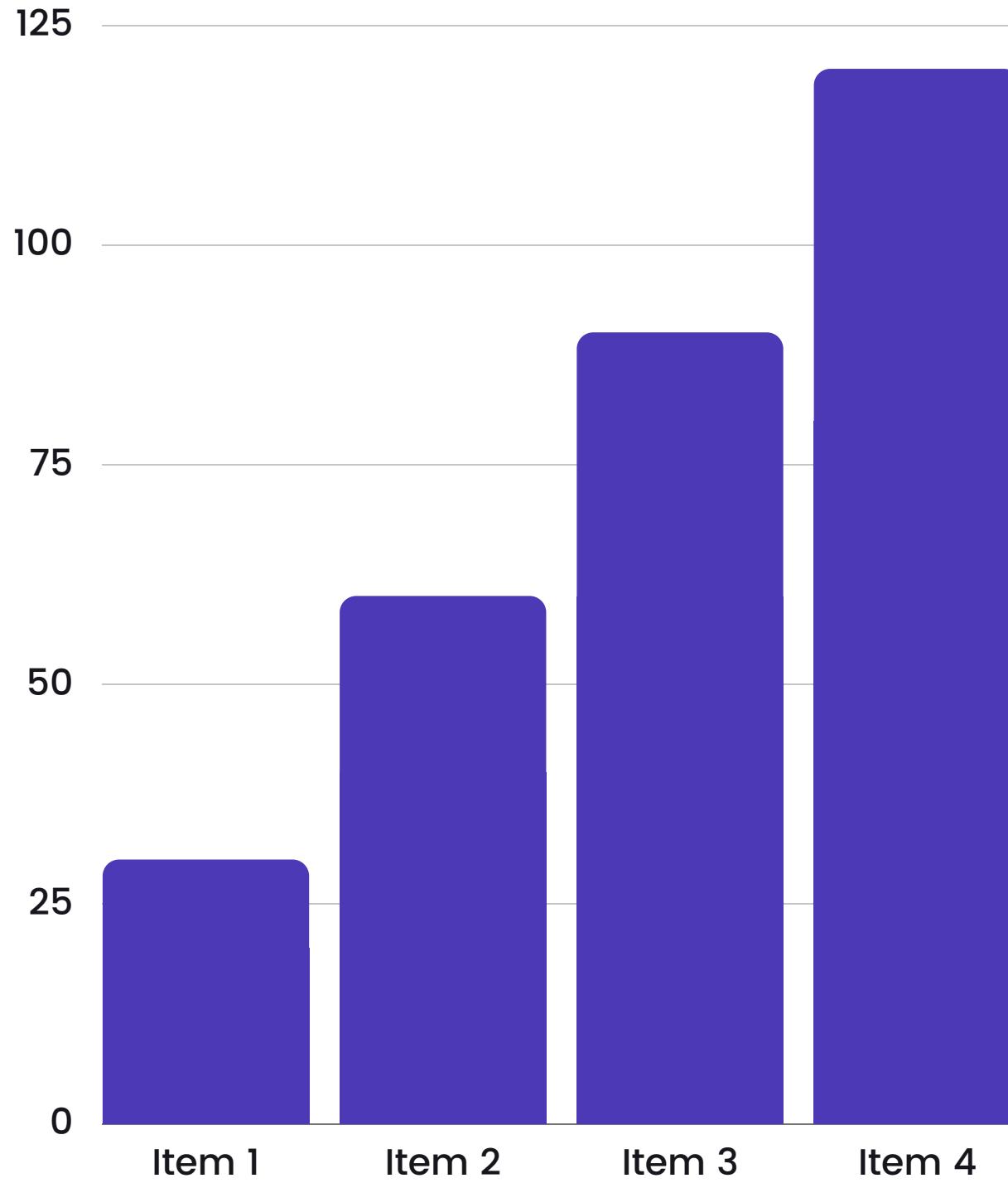
Data Wrangling



Filter the data frame
:only include Falcon 9 launches

Dealing with Missing Values
: replace them by the mean

**Converting categorical
variable into numerical**
successful: 1
unsuccessful: 0



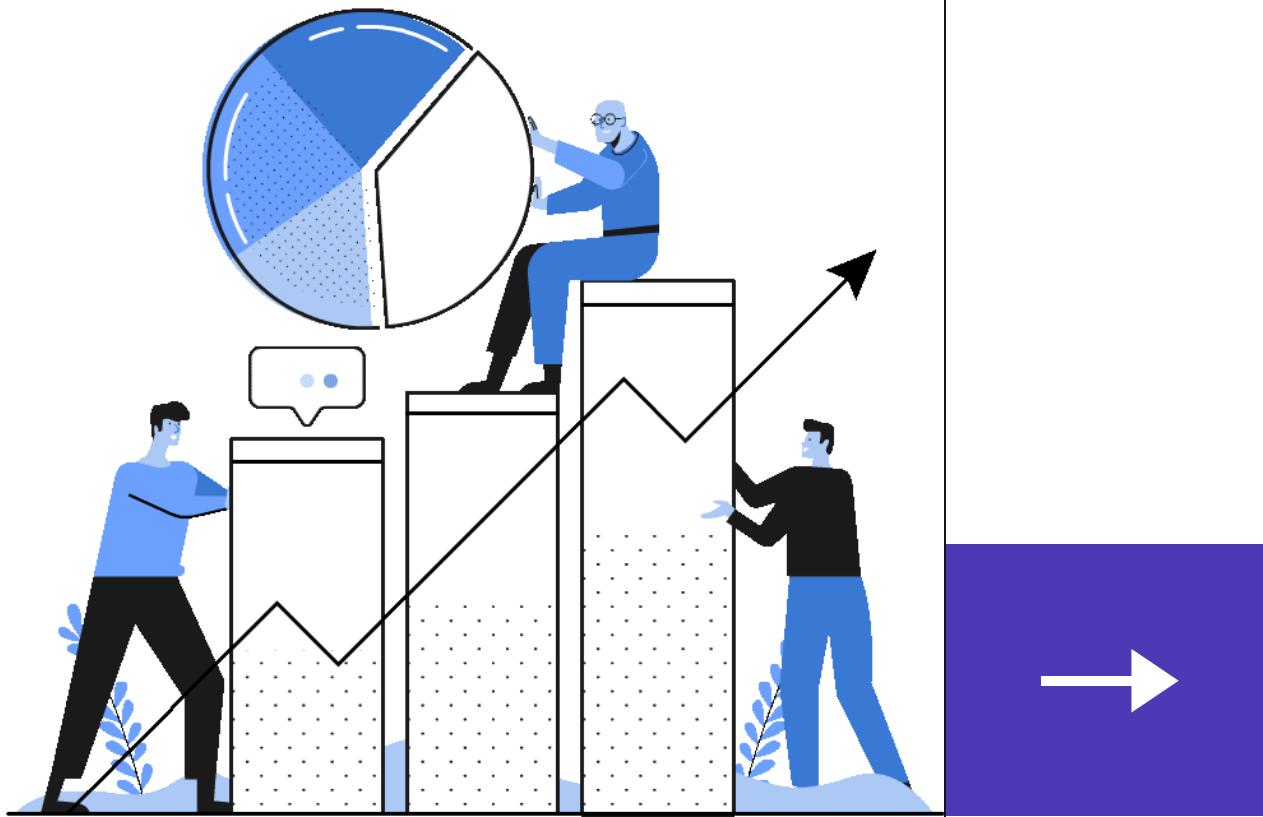
Results

- Exploratory data analysis results
- Interactive analytics demo in screenshots
- Predictive analysis results

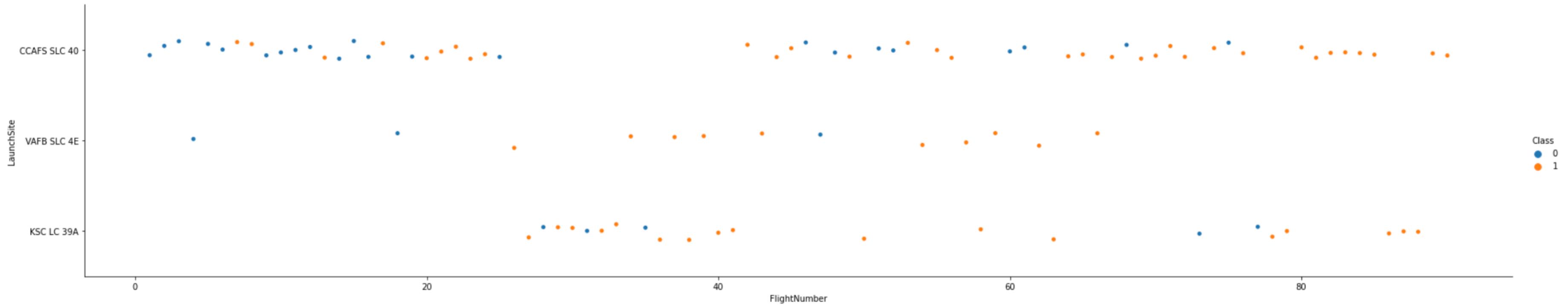


EDA with visualization

- Scatter plot between Flight Number and Launch Site
- Scatter plot between Payload and Launch Site
- Bar chart between success rate of each orbit type
- Scatter plot between FlightNumber and Orbit type
- Scatter plot between Payload and Orbit type
- Line chart of the launch success yearly trend



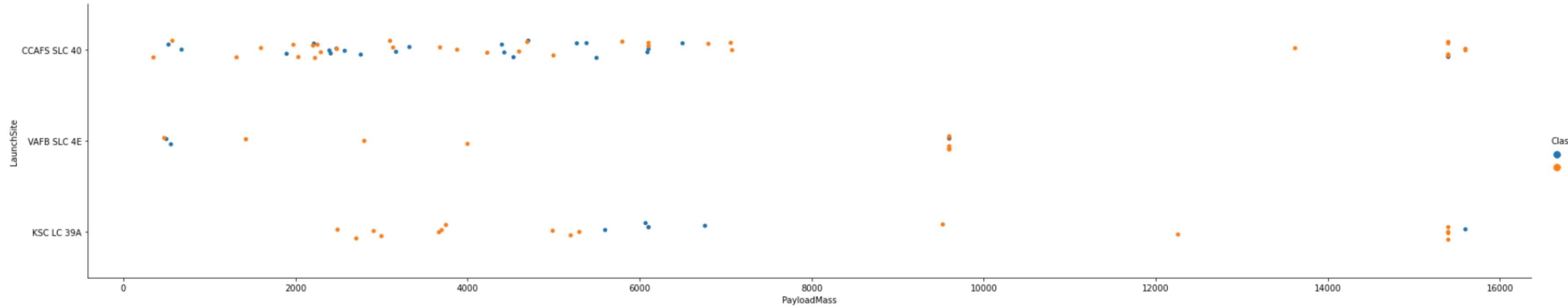
Flight Number vs. Launch Site



Higher flight number seems to have more success rate on the same launch site.



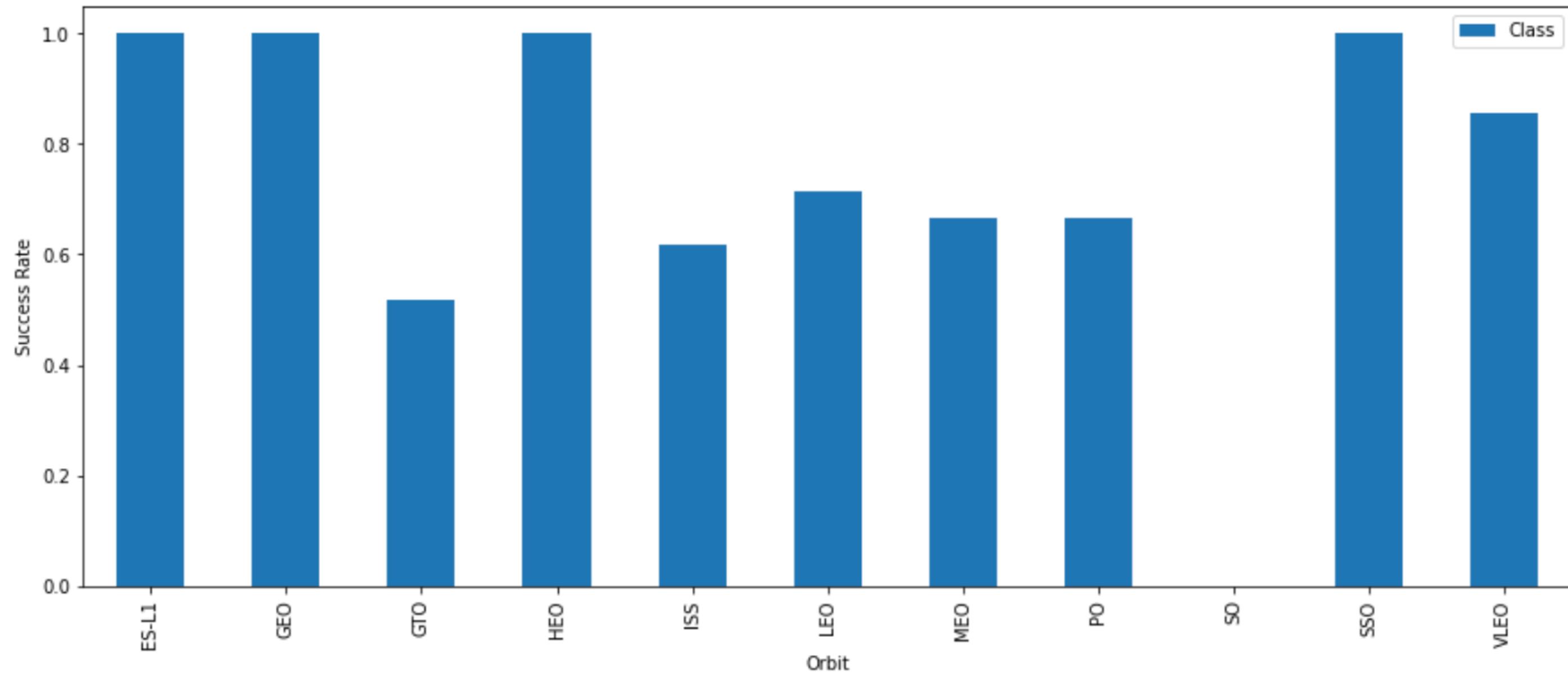
Payload vs. Launch Site



For CCAFS SLC 40 and VAFB SLC 4E, higher payload mass seems to be more successful. For KSC LC 39A, payload mass between 6,000-7,000 seems to be unsuccessful.



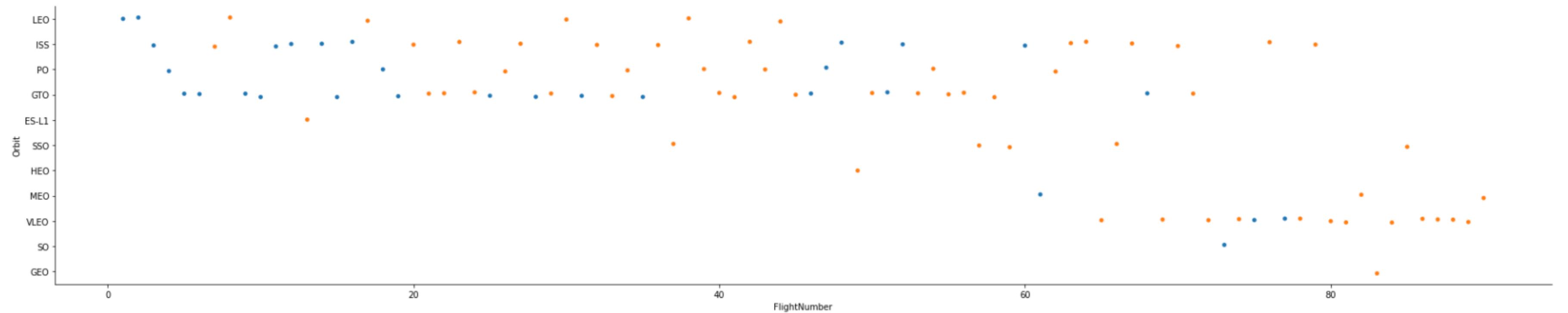
Success rate vs. Orbit type



There are 4 orbit types that have the highest success rate, which are ES-L1, GEO, HEO, SSO.

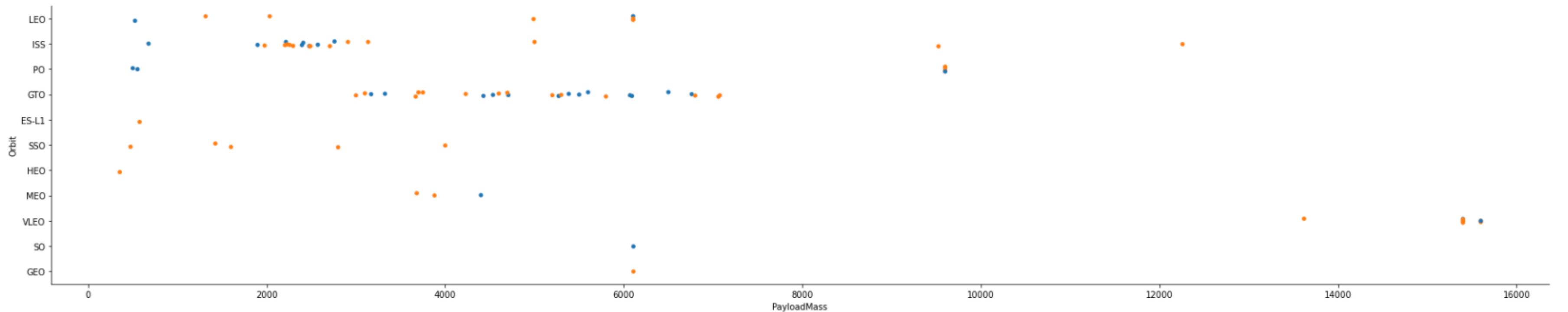


Flight Number vs. Orbit type



For GTO, less flight number seems to be unsuccessful on the same orbit type.

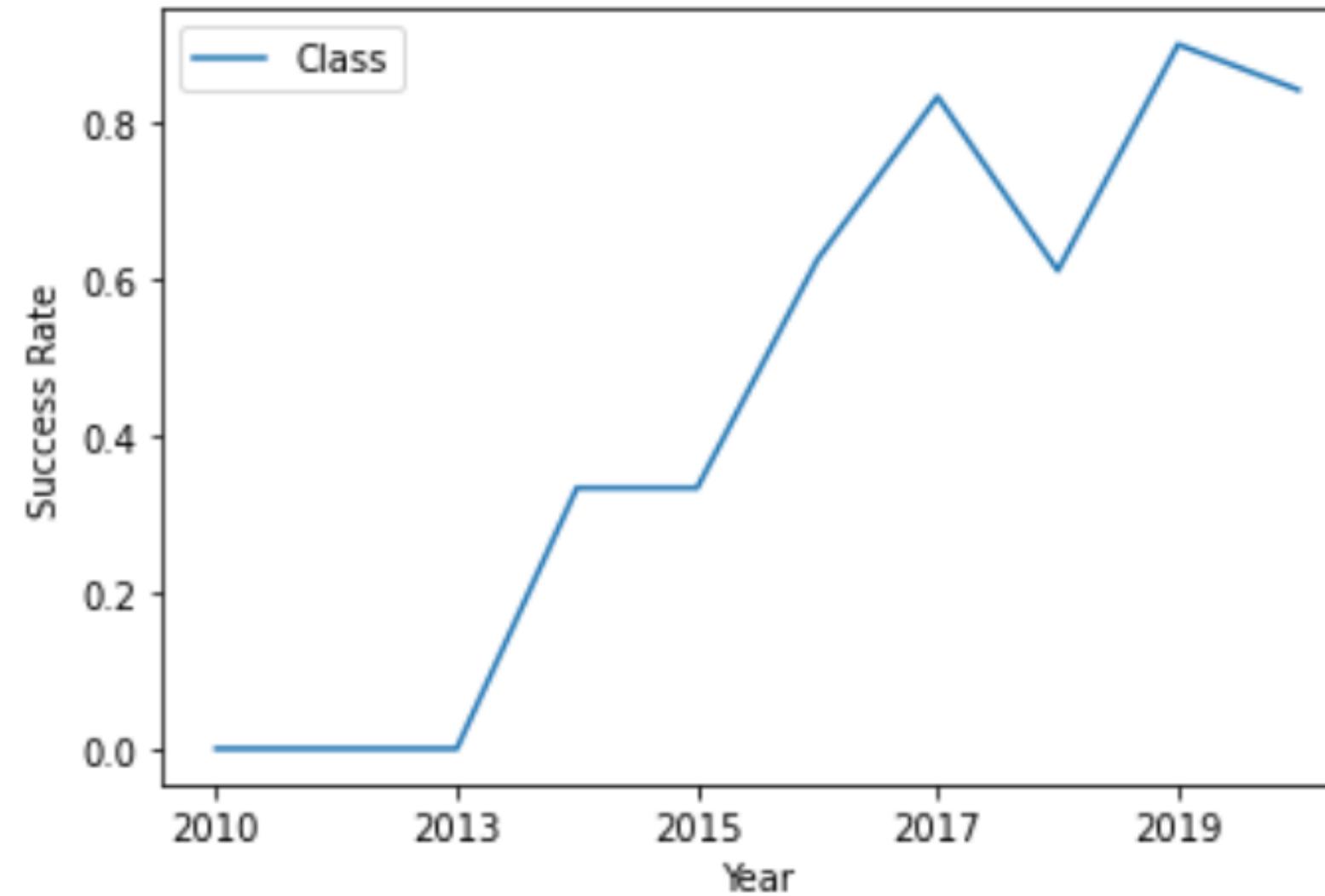
Payload vs. Orbit type



Higher payload mass seems to have negative influence with GTO orbit type.



Launch success yearly trend



Success rate's trend keeps increasing until 2020, which corresponds with the scatter plot that indicates that the higher flight number is, the higher success rate is.



EDA with SQL

Using SQL commands to gain more data insights

Task 1

Display the names of the unique launch sites in the space mission

```
%sql select DISTINCT launch_site from spacextbl  
* ibm_db_sa://xwx66212:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90108kqb1od8lcg.databases.appdomain.cloud:3119  
8/bludb  
Done.
```

launch_site
CCAFS LC-40
CCAFS SLC-40
KSC LC-39A
VAFB SLC-4E



EDA with SQL

Task 2

Display 5 records where launch sites begin with the string 'CCA'

```
%%sql select * from spacextbl  
where launch_site like 'CCA%' limit 5  
  
* ibm_db_sa://xwx66212:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90108kqb1od81cg.databases.appdomain.cloud:3119  
8/bludb  
Done.
```

DATE	Time (UTC)	booster_version	launch_site	payload	payload_mass_kg	orbit	customer	mission_outcome	landing_outcome
2010-06-04	18:45:00	F9 v1.0 B0003	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit	0	LEO	SpaceX	Success	Failure (parachute)
2010-12-08	15:43:00	F9 v1.0 B0004	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese	0	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS) NRO	Success	Failure (parachute)
2012-05-22	07:44:00	F9 v1.0 B0005	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon demo flight C2	525	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	Success	No attempt
2012-10-08	00:35:00	F9 v1.0 B0006	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-1	500	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt
2013-03-01	15:10:00	F9 v1.0 B0007	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-2	677	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt

EDA with SQL

Task 3

Display the total payload mass carried by boosters launched by NASA (CRS)

```
%%sql select sum(payload_mass_kg_) as sum from spacextbl  
where customer = 'NASA (CRS)'  
  
* ibm_db_sa://xwx66212:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90108kqb1od8lcg.databases.appdomain.cloud:3119  
8/bludb  
Done.
```

SUM
45596

Task 4

Display average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1

```
%%sql select avg(payload_mass_kg_) as average from spacextbl  
where booster_version like 'F9 v1.1%'  
  
* ibm_db_sa://xwx66212:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90108kqb1od8lcg.databases.appdomain.cloud:3119  
8/bludb  
Done.
```

average
2534



EDA with SQL

Task 5

List the date when the first succesful landing outcome in ground pad was acheived.

Hint:Use min function

```
%%sql select min(date) from (select date from spacextbl  
                                where landing_outcome = 'Success (ground pad)')
```

1
2015-12-22

EDA with SQL

Task 6

List the names of the boosters which have success in drone ship and have payload mass greater than 4000 but less than 6000

```
%%sql select booster_version from spacextbl  
where payload_mass_kg_ between 4000 and 6000  
  
* ibm_db_sa://xwx66212:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90108kqb1od81cg.databases.appdomain.cloud:3119  
8/bludb  
Done.
```

booster_version
F9 v1.1
F9 v1.1 B1011
F9 v1.1 B1014
F9 v1.1 B1016
F9 FT B1020
F9 FT B1022
F9 FT B1026
F9 FT B1030
F9 FT B1021.2
F9 FT B1032.1
F9 B4 B1040.1
F9 FT B1031.2
F9 B4 B1043.1
F9 FT B1032.2
F9 B4 B1040.2
F9 B5 B1046.2
F9 B5 B1047.2
F9 B5 B1046.3
F9 B5B1054
F9 B5 B1048.3
F9 B5 B1051.2
F9 B5B1060.1
F9 B5 B1058.2
F9 B5B1062.1



EDA with SQL

Task 7

List the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes

```
%%sql select count(mission_outcome) as SUCESS_MISSION from spacextbl  
where mission_outcome like 'Success%'  
  
* ibm_db_sa://xwx66212:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90108kqb1od81cg.databases.appdomain.cloud:3119  
8/bludb  
Done.
```

sucess_mission
100

```
%%sql select count(mission_outcome) as FAILED_MISSION from spacextbl  
where mission_outcome like 'Failure%'  
  
* ibm_db_sa://xwx66212:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90108kqb1od81cg.databases.appdomain.cloud:3119  
8/bludb  
Done.
```

failed_mission
1



EDA with SQL

Task 8

List the names of the booster_versions which have carried the maximum payload mass. Use a subquery

```
: %%sql select booster_version from spacextbl  
where payload_mass_kg_ = (select max(payload_mass_kg_) from spacextbl)  
  
* ibm_db_sa://xwx66212:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90108kqb1od81cg.databases.appdomain.cloud:3119  
8/bludb  
Done.
```

booster_version
F9 B5 B1048.4
F9 B5 B1049.4
F9 B5 B1051.3
F9 B5 B1056.4
F9 B5 B1048.5
F9 B5 B1051.4
F9 B5 B1049.5
F9 B5 B1060.2
F9 B5 B1058.3
F9 B5 B1051.6
F9 B5 B1060.3
F9 B5 B1049.7



EDA with SQL

Task 9

List the failed landing_outcomes in drone ship, their booster versions, and launch site names for the in year 2015

```
%%sql
```

```
Select SPACEXTBL.landing_outcome, SPACEXTBL.booster_version, SPACEXTBL.launch_site from SPACEXTBL  
where SPACEXTBL.landing_outcome in ('Failure (drone ship)') and year(SPACEXTBL.Date) = 2015;
```

landing_outcome	booster_version	launch_site
Failure (drone ship)	F9 v1.1 B1012	CCAFS LC-40
Failure (drone ship)	F9 v1.1 B1015	CCAFS LC-40



EDA with SQL

Task 10

Rank the count of landing outcomes (such as Failure (drone ship) or Success (ground pad)) between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20, in descending order

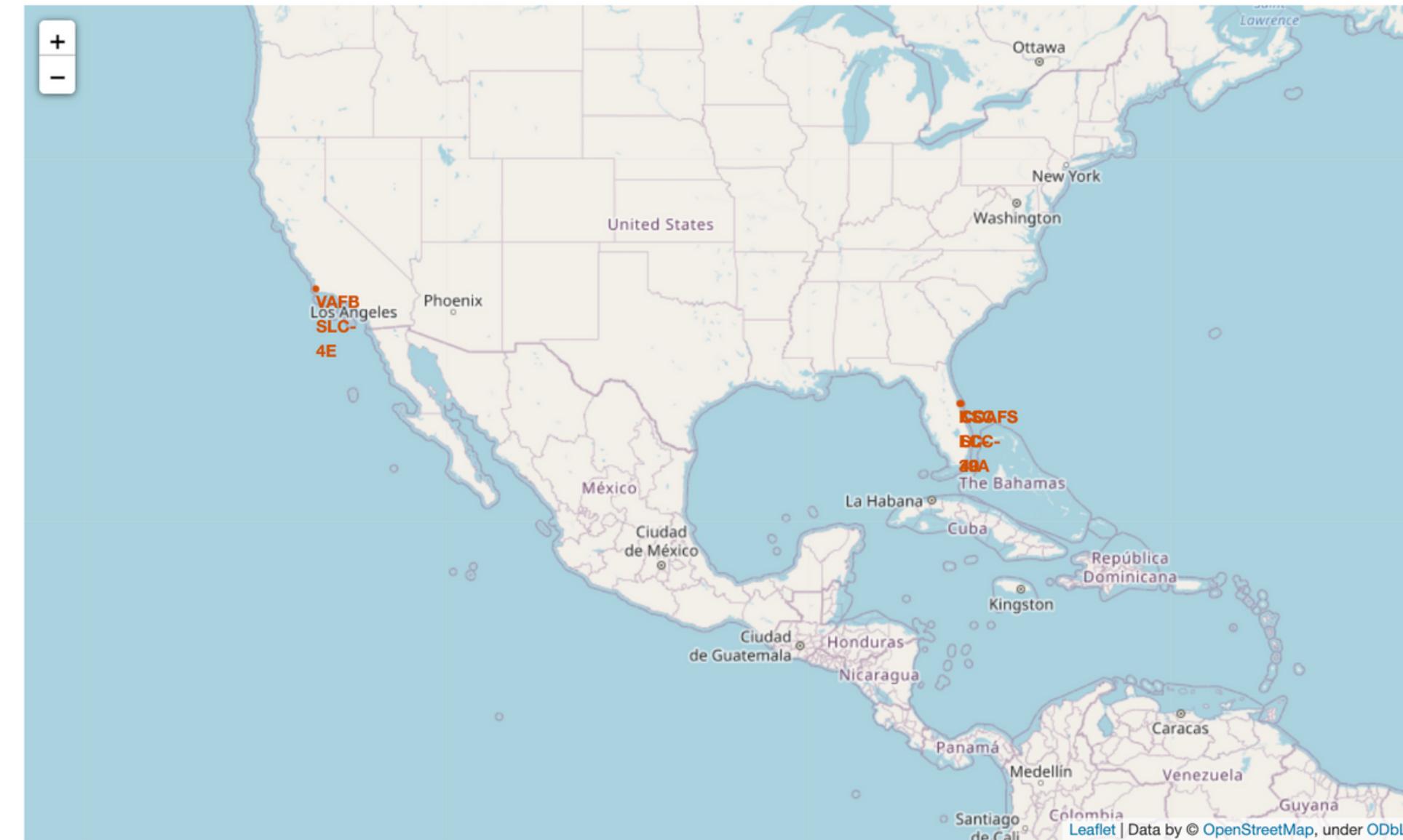
```
%%sql
SELECT landing_outcome,COUNT(landing_outcome) as OccurrenceValue FROM SPACEXTBL
where SPACEXTBL.Date between '2010-06-04' and '2017-03-20'
GROUP BY landing_outcome ORDER BY OccurrenceValue desc;
```

landing_outcome	occurrencevalue
No attempt	10
Failure (drone ship)	5
Success (drone ship)	5
Controlled (ocean)	3
Success (ground pad)	3
Failure (parachute)	2
Uncontrolled (ocean)	2
Precluded (drone ship)	1

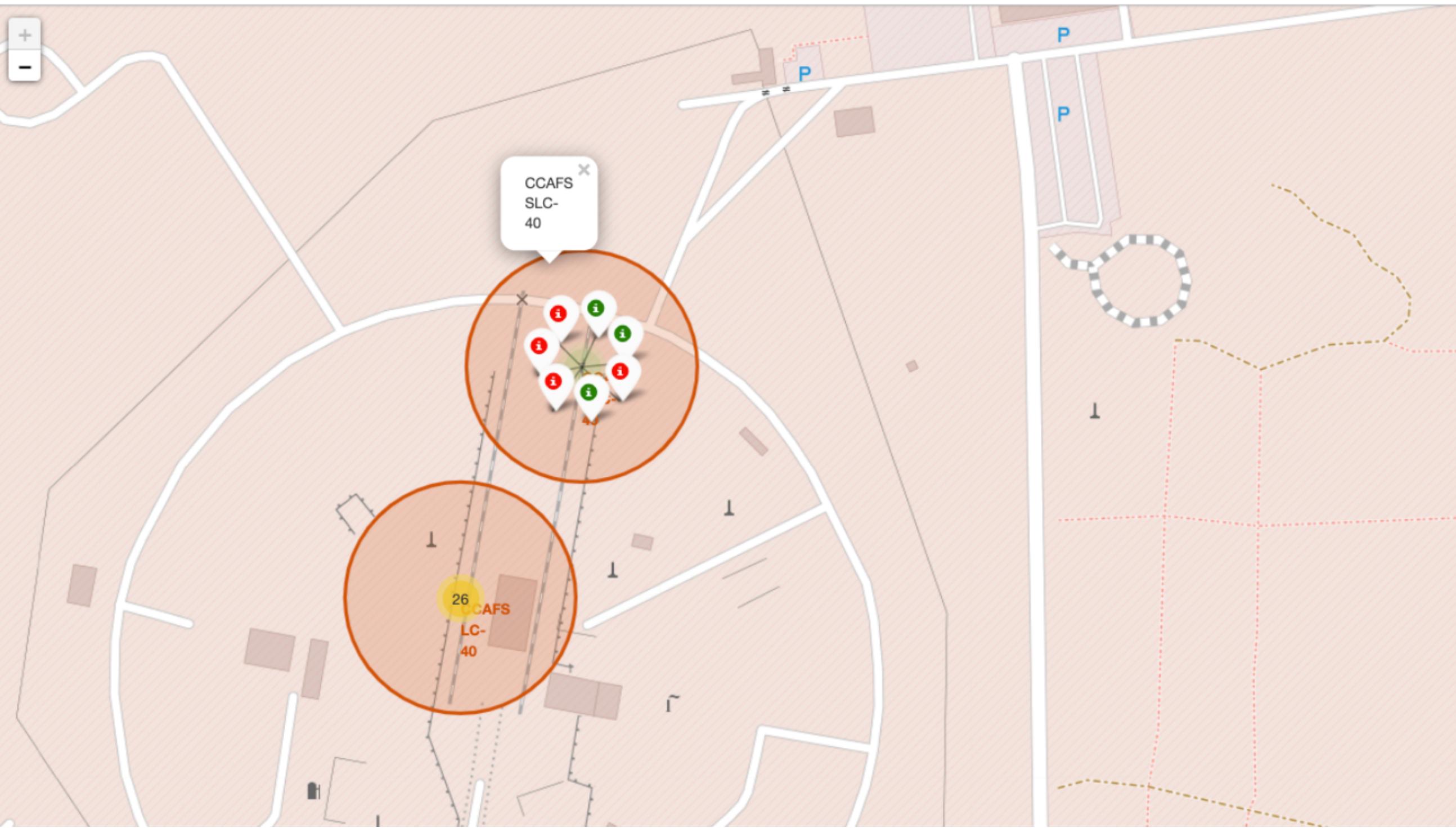


Build an interactive map with Folium

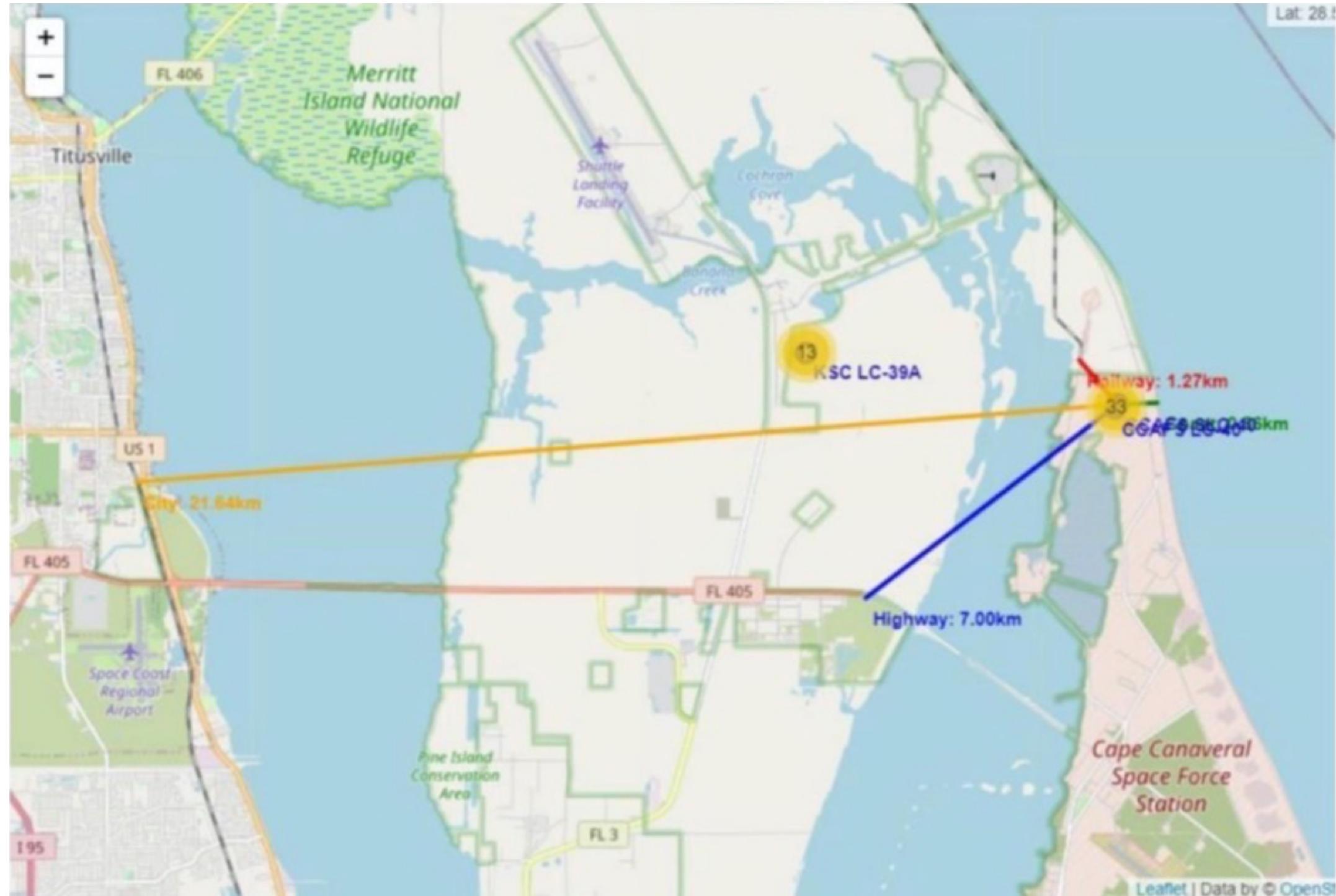
Locations of all launch sites



Folium Map



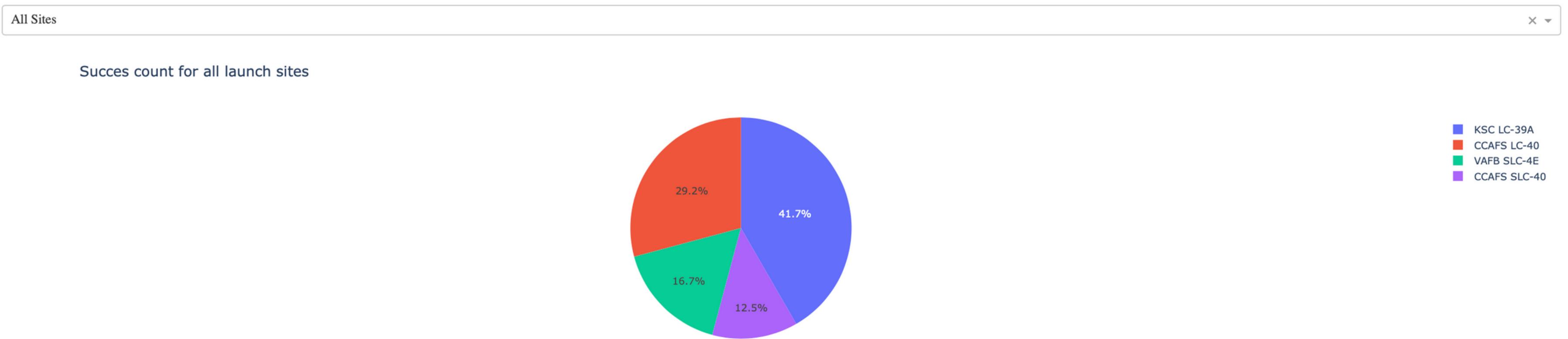
Folium Map



Build a dashboard

Using Plotly Dash

SpaceX Launch Records Dashboard

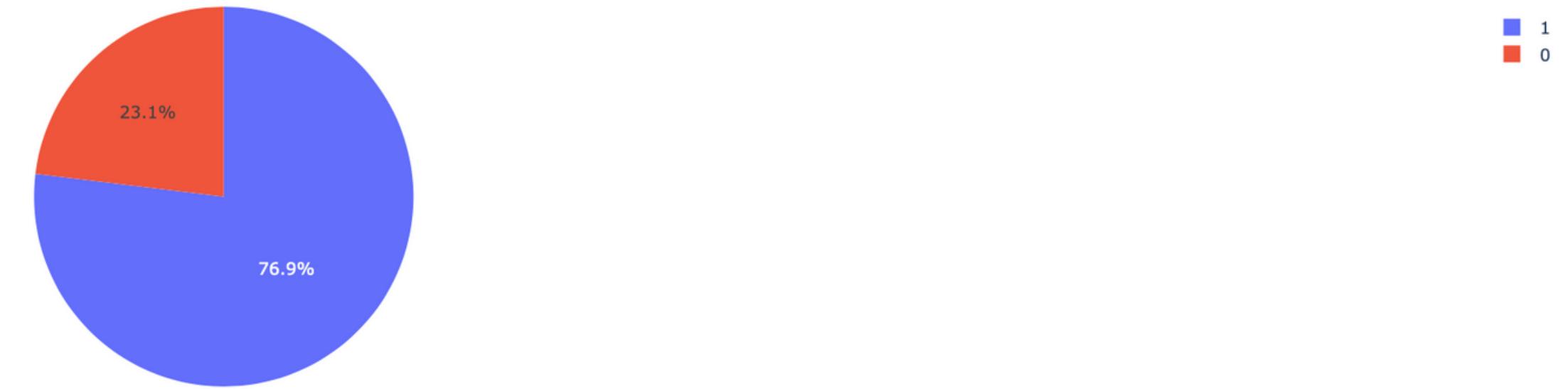


KSC LC-39A has the most successes with 41.7% of all combined.



Dashboard

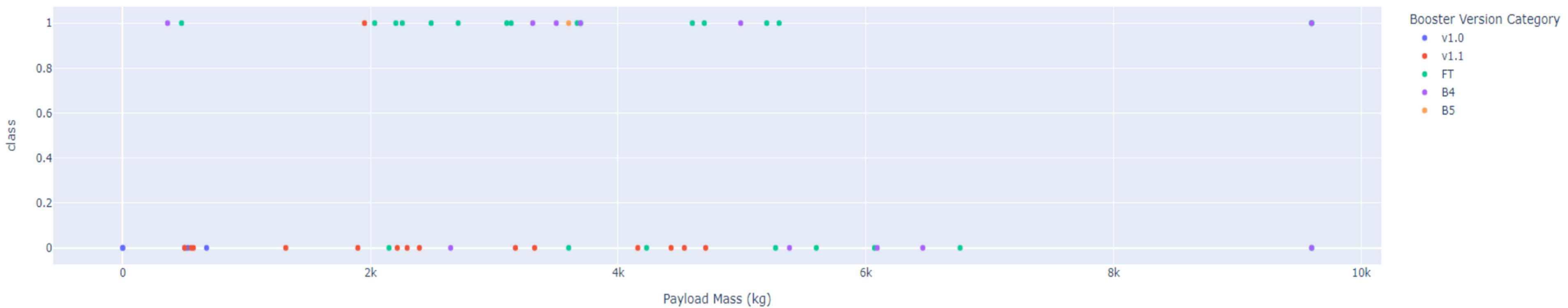
Total Success Launches for site KSC LC-39A



KSC LC-39A also has the most success rate of 76.9% of all operations launched at site KSC LC-39A.

Dashboard

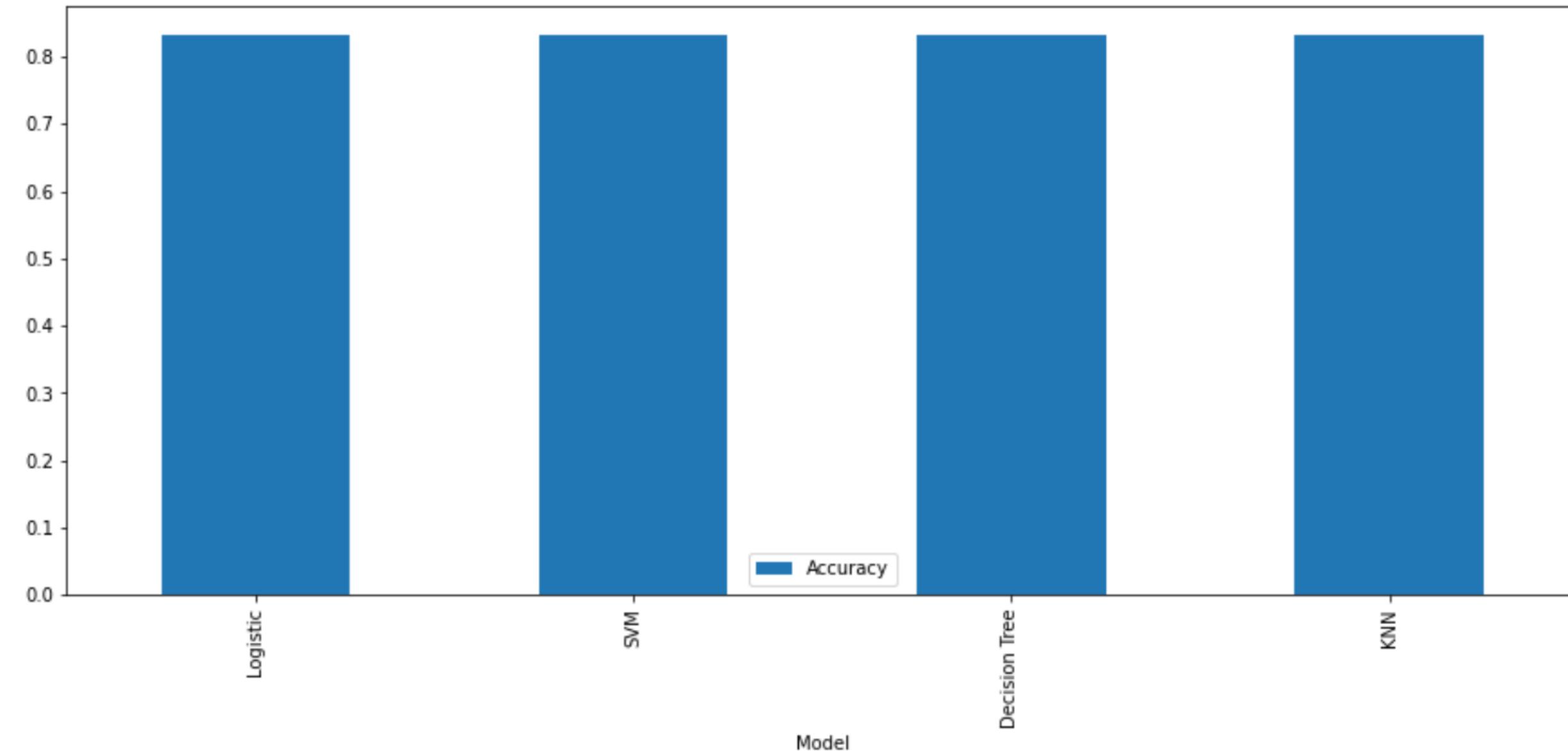
Correlation between payload and success for all sites



v1.1 booster version has a low success rate.



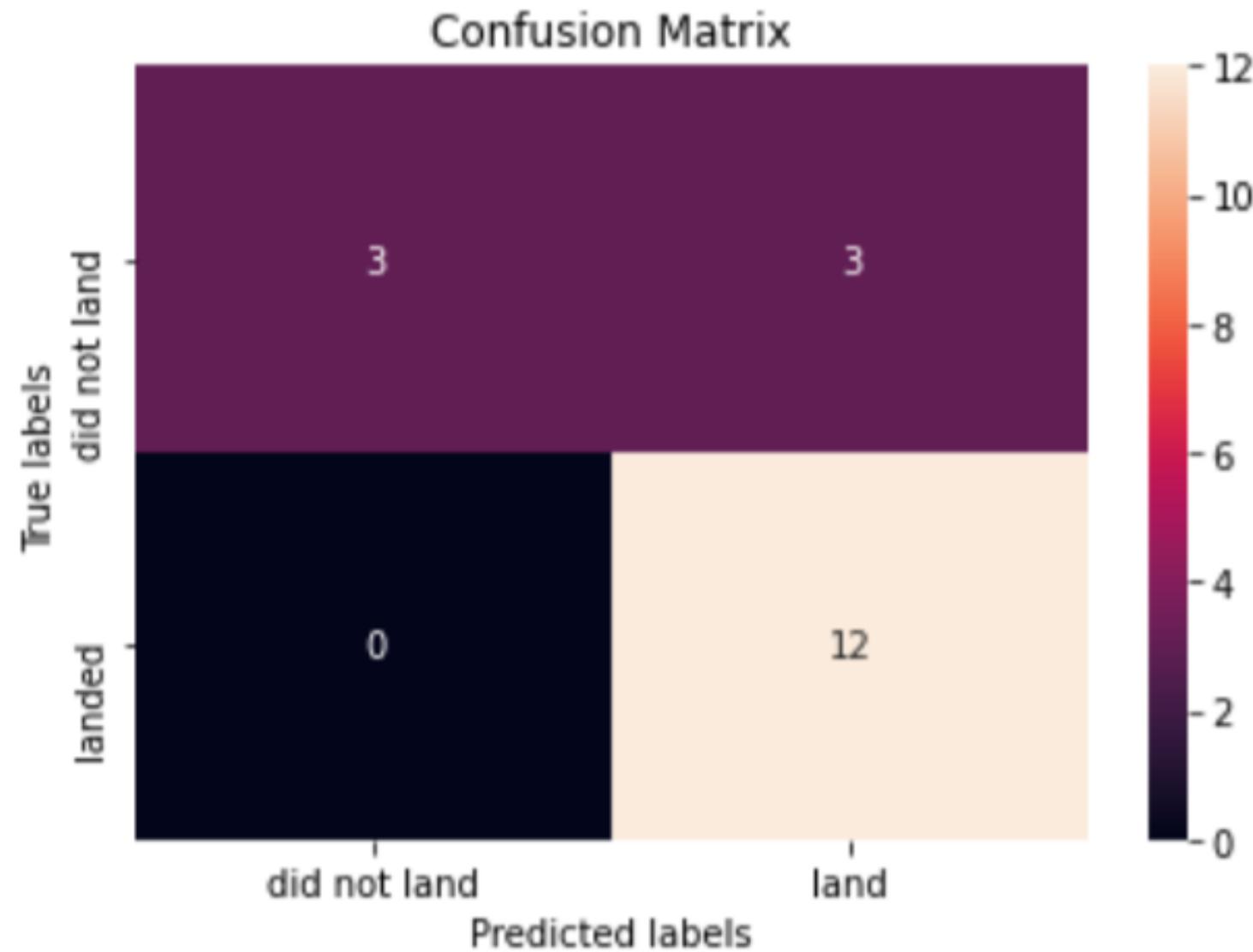
Predictive Analysis (Classification)



All models have the same accuracy of 0.83 .



Predictive Analysis (Classification)



This is the confusion matrix of all 4 models.



Orbit type and payload mass

have influences on the success rate.

The success rate

keeps increasing yearly.

35

Launch Site locations

should be near the ocean.

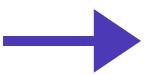
Most success rate site

is KSC LC-39A

Conclusions

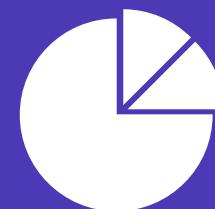
Machine Learning Models

All 4 models' ,namely LogReg, SVM, KNN, Tree, performances are similar for the data.





Appendix



All Notebooks are in

- <https://github.com/gear-patt/Data-Science-Project>