

$$1 \quad \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \cos(\varphi \pi f_0 n + 2\phi) \approx 0$$

当  $f_0$  不接近 0 或  $\frac{1}{2}$  时成立

$$\text{同理} \quad \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \sin(\varphi \pi f_0 n + 2\phi) \approx 0$$

$$\text{变换} \quad \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \sin(\varphi \pi f_0 n + 2\phi) \cos(\varphi \pi f_0 n + 2\phi) \approx 0$$

证明如下. 设  $\alpha = \varphi \pi f_0$ ,  $\beta = 2\phi$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \cos(\alpha n + \beta) &= \frac{1}{N} \operatorname{Re} \left( \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{j(\alpha n + \beta)} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \operatorname{Re} \left( e^{j\beta} \frac{1 - e^{j\alpha N}}{1 - e^{j\alpha}} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \operatorname{Re} \left( e^{j\beta} \frac{e^{j\alpha N/2}}{e^{j\alpha/2}} \frac{e^{-j\alpha N/2} - e^{j\alpha N/2}}{e^{-j\alpha/2} - e^{j\alpha/2}} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \operatorname{Re} \left( e^{j\beta} e^{j\alpha(\frac{N-1}{2})} \frac{\sin(N\alpha/2)}{\sin(\alpha/2)} \right) \\ &= \frac{\sin(N\alpha/2)}{N \sin(\alpha/2)} \cos\left(\alpha\left(\frac{N-1}{2}\right) + \beta\right) \end{aligned}$$

只要  $\alpha \neq 0$  或  $2\pi$  的整数倍

即  $f_0 \neq 0$  或  $\frac{1}{2}$  的整数倍

$$2 \quad \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi k n}{N}\right) \cos\left(\frac{2\pi l n}{N}\right) = \frac{N}{2} \delta_{kl}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{2\pi k n}{N}\right) \cos\left(\frac{2\pi l n}{N}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi n(k+l)}{N}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi n(k-l)}{N}\right)$$

所以原式

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi(k+l)}{N} n\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi(k-l)}{N} n\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{j \frac{2\pi(k+l)}{N} n} + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{-j \frac{2\pi(k+l)}{N} n} + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{j \frac{2\pi(k-l)}{N} n} + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{-j \frac{2\pi(k-l)}{N} n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \frac{1 - e^{j2\pi\alpha}}{1 - e^{j\frac{2\pi\alpha}{N}}} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1 - e^{-j2\pi\alpha}}{1 - e^{-j\frac{2\pi\alpha}{N}}} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1 - e^{j2\pi\beta}}{1 - e^{j\frac{2\pi\beta}{N}}} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1 - e^{-j2\pi\beta}}{1 - e^{-j\frac{2\pi\beta}{N}}}$$

只有当  $\alpha = k+l=0$  或  $\beta = k-l=0$  时上式不为0

又  $\alpha = k+l=0$  不可能。所以只有  $k=l$  时不为0

$$\lim_{\beta \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - e^{j2\pi\beta}}{1 - e^{j\frac{2\pi\beta}{N}}} = \frac{j2\pi\beta e^{j2\pi\beta}}{\frac{1}{N} j2\pi\beta e^{j2\pi\beta}} = N.$$

$$\text{所以原式} = \frac{N}{2} \delta_{kl}$$