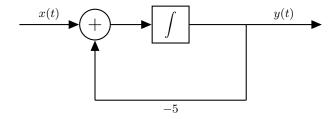
Spring 2023 Homework 2

## Regulations:

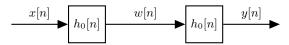
- Grouping: You are strongly encouraged to work in pairs.
- Drawing Plots: Clearly label the coordinate axes and make sure that your plots are not open to different interpretations.
- Submission: You need to submit a pdf file named 'hw2.pdf' to the odtuclass page of the course. You need to use the given template 'hw2.tex' to generate your pdf files. Otherwise you will receive zero.
- Deadline: 23:55, 16 April, 2023 (Sunday).
- Late Submission: Not allowed.
- 1. (15 pts) Consider an LTI system given by the following block diagram:



- (a) (5 pts) Find the differential equation which represents this system.
- (b) (10 pts) Find the output y(t), when the input  $x(t) = (e^{-t} + e^{-3t})u(t)$ . Assume that the system is initially at rest.
- 2. (10 pts) Evaluate the following convolutions.
  - (a) (5 pts) Given  $x[n] = 2\delta[n] + \delta[n+1]$  and  $h[n] = \delta[n-1] + 2\delta[n+1]$ , compute and draw y[n] = x[n] \* h[n].
  - (b) (5 pts) Given x(t) = u(t-1) + u(t+1) and  $h(t) = e^{-t} \sin(t)u(t)$ , calculate  $y(t) = \frac{dx(t)}{dt} * h(t)$ .
- 3. (15 pts) Evaluate the following convolutions.
  - (a) (7 pts) Given  $h(t) = e^{-2t}u(t)$  and  $x(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$ , find y(t) = x(t) \* h(t).
  - (b) (8 pts) Given  $h(t) = e^{3t}u(t)$  and x(t) = u(t) u(t-1), find y(t) = x(t) \* h(t).
- 4. (10 pts) Solve the following homogeneous difference and differential equations with the specified initial conditions.
  - (a) (5 pts) y[n] y[n-1] y[n-2] = 0, y[0] = 1 and y[1] = 1.
  - (b)  $(5 \text{ pts}) \ y^{(3)}(t) 6y''(t) + 13y'(t) 10y(t) = 0, \ y''(0) = 3, \ y'(0) = \frac{3}{2} \text{ and } y(0) = 1.$
- 5. (15 pts) Consider the differential equation given below,

$$y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 6y(t) = x(t).$$

- (a) (6 pts) Find the particular solution for  $x(t) = \cos(5t)$ .
- (b) (3 pts) Find the homogeneous solution.
- (c) (6 pts) Find the general solution assuming that the system is initially at rest.
- 6. (20 pts) Consider the following discrete time LTI system which is initially at rest:



where  $w[n] - \frac{1}{2}w[n-1] = x[n]$ .

- (a) (10 pts) Find  $h_0[n]$ .
- (b) (5 pts) Find the overall impulse response, h[n], of this system.
- (c) (5 pts) Find the difference equation which represents the relationship between the input x[n] and the output y[n].

## 7. (15 pts) Programming.

Write a computer program to take discrete convolution of 2 signals. (You are not allowed to use any xx.convolve() function from any library.) Your function takes 4 inputs: the first signal x[n], the starting index of the first signal  $s_i^x$ , the second signal h[n] and the starting index of the second signal  $s_i^h$  (Starting indexes and signals are in the same format as the ones in HW1) and returns the output signal y[n] and the starting index of the output signal  $s_i^y$ .

- (a) (5 pts) Generate a shifted discrete impulse function  $\delta[n-5]$  in the given signal form and plot the output function that is the result of your discrete convolution function when x[n]= "the signal in hw2-signal.csv" and  $h[n]=\delta[n-5]$ . What is the effect of convolution with  $\delta[n-5]$ ? Comment on that.
- (b) (10 pts) The N-Point moving average filter is defined as follows:

$$h[n] = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{N} & \text{if } 0 \le n \le N - 1\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Generate a N-point moving average filter m[n] in the given signal form and plot 4 output functions that is the result of your discrete convolution function when x[n]="the signal in hw2\_signal.csv" and h[n]=m[n] by setting N=3,5,10,20. What is the effect of convolution with m[n]? What are the differences between different N values?

You should write your code in Python 3. You are not allowed to use any library other than matplotlib.pyplot and numpy.