University of Michigan-Ann Arbor

Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science EECS 475 Introduction to Cryptography, Winter 2023

Lecture 24: Digital Signatures, Modeling Digital Signatures, RSA Signatures

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1 Continue on Better RSA Encryption Approach

Apply $RSA_{N,e}$ on a random $x \leftarrow \mathbf{Z}_N^*$. Then, we know x is hard to recover from $y = RSA_{N,e}(x)$. We first use a hash function on x and encrypt message m:

$$c = (y = RSA_{N,e}(x) = x^e \mod N, H(x) \oplus m)$$

Dec(sk = (N, d), c = (y, p)): Compute $x = RSA_{N,d}(y) = y^d \mod N$ and output $H(x) \oplus p$ **Note**: Because x is unknown, H(x) would be close to completely unknown.

We need to check the correctness and security requirement of RSA:

- Correctness
- CPA-Security
- 2 Digital Signature
- 3 Modeling Digital Signature
- 4 RSA Signature