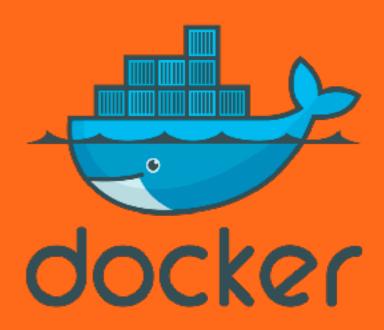


Node.js Microservices on Autopilot

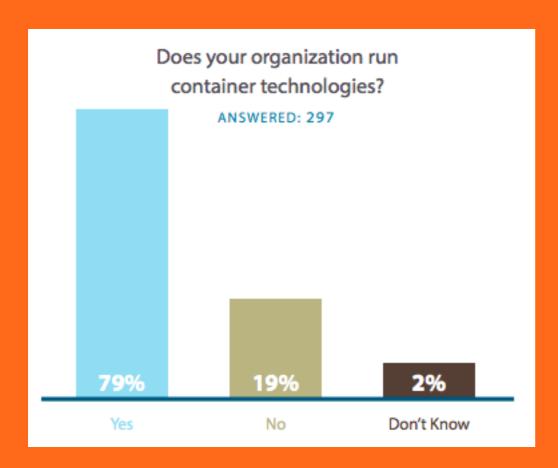
Wyatt Preul // jsgeek.com/nr

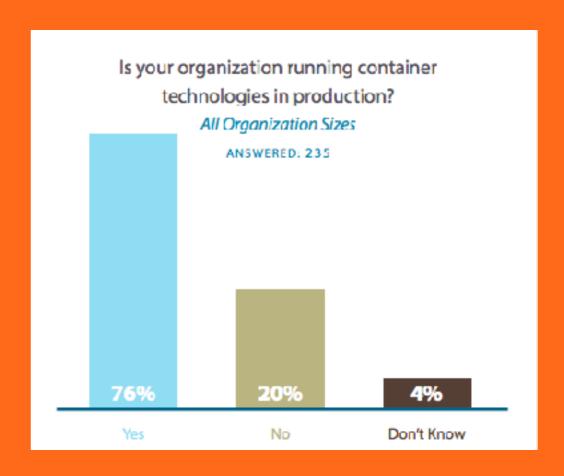


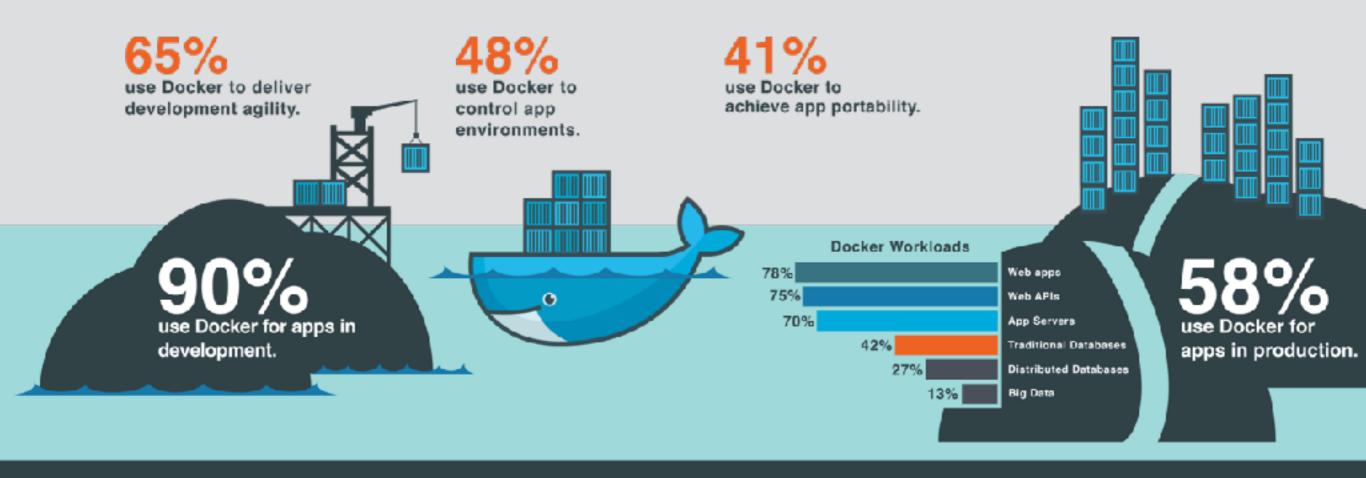


Using containers?

... in production?









90% plan dev environments around Docker.

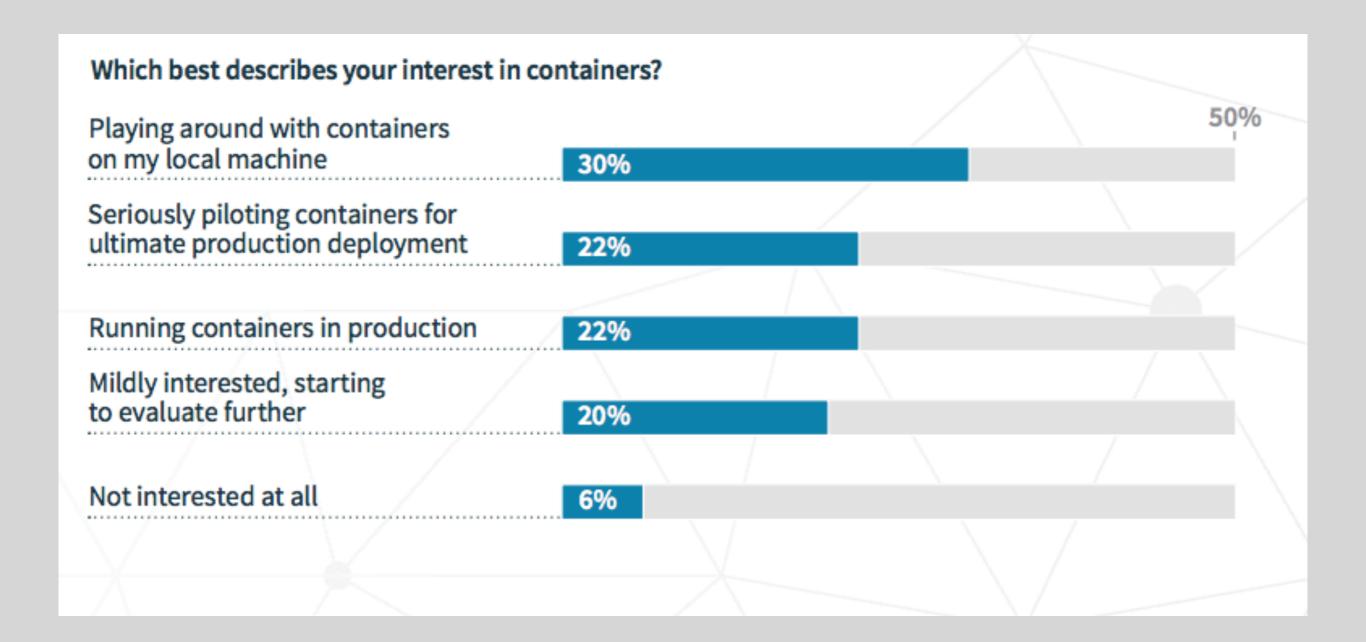


80% plan DevOps around Docker.



Docker survey results: docker.com/survey-2016

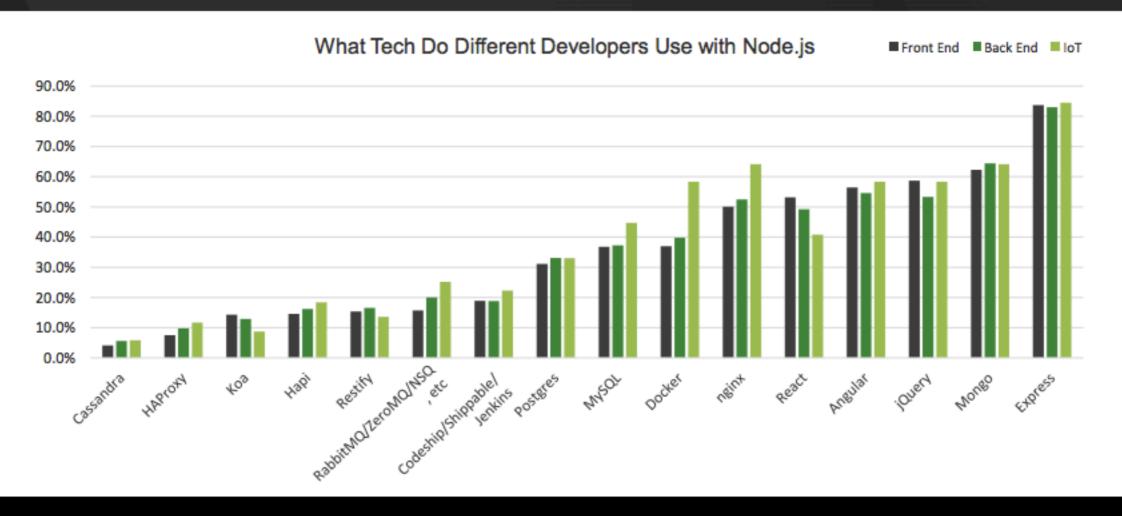
Java developer interest in containers



Lightbend 2016 Survey of JVM Devs

Tech Use with/in Node – Front End, Back End, IoT





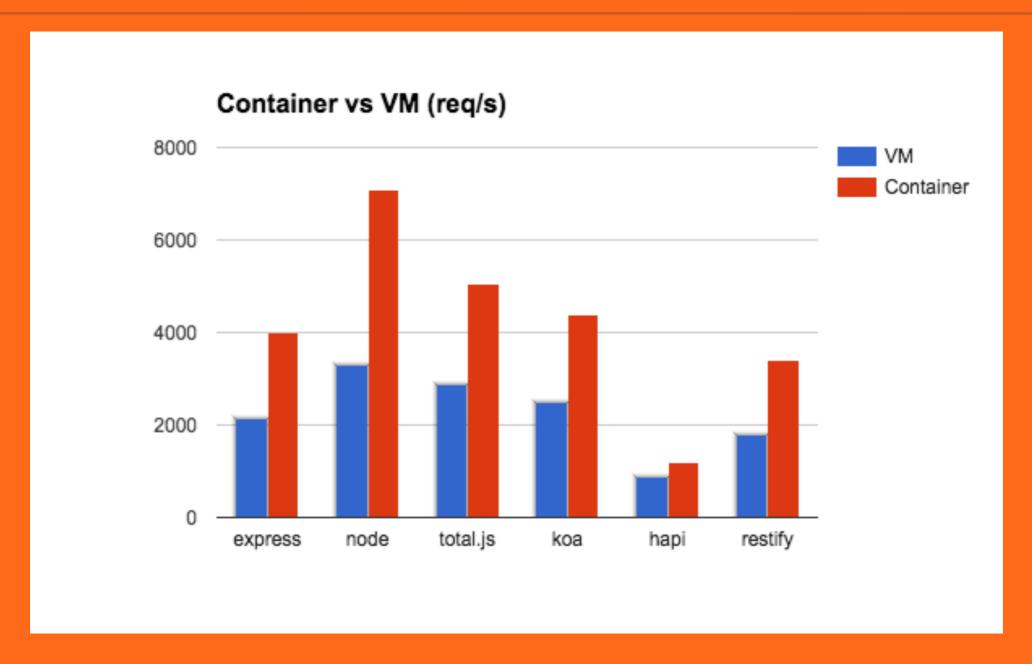
~45% of Developer Respondents use Node.js with Containers

2016 Node.js Survey Report

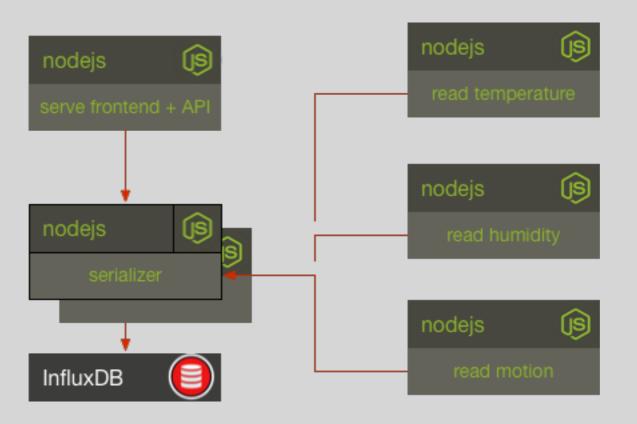
Benefits of Containers

- consistent environments, immutable
- increased developer efficiency
- OS level virtualization, more performant than VM

Hardware vs OS Level Virtualization Performance



CentOS 7, same datacenter, 2gb RAM, Node.js 6.7.0



Using microservices?

... in production?

Microservices Popularity

- 68% of orgs are using or investigating microservices -NGINX 2016 Survey
- ClusterHQ survey indicates orgs are choosing containers to support microservices architecture
- Node.js survey findings indicate that Node.js + containers = perfect combo for microservices architecture

Benefits of Microservices

- align well with Unix Philosophy
- embrace failure, works in spite of external failures
- iterate quickly disposable services

Microservices & Containers

- well suited for each other
- disposable, fast, developer friendly
- docker-compose.yml is great for describing a set of microservices

Benefits of Node.js

- developer friendly fun, easy to write
- <u>largest library ecosystem</u> (400k)
- perfect for writing non-blocking i/o code

Node.js Microservices & Containers

- tiny, fast, portable
- easily replaceable
- perfect partnership, async i/o services running on the metal in portable containers!

Docker pitfall - PID 1

- bring your own init (BYOI)
- container inits exist: tini, dumb-init, my_init

Docker pitfall - lifecycle

- need setup and teardown hooks in container
- perform initialization before starting
- perform cleanup (finish writes) before container is killed

Docker pitfall - depends_on/links

- depends_on starts services in order, but doesn't account for startup time or time till healthy
- not reliable as mechanism for guaranteeing a service is "ready" before another one
- build resiliency into services (interruptions do occur)

Microservice pitfall - load balancer

- subdomains setup for environment (qa, stg, prod)...
 mistakes will happen, not uncommon for a prod service to point to a QA service, oops
- with lots of microservices and hosts, misconfiguration is likely more common
- increased latency between services

Microservice pitfall - /health

- indicate issue with service, or at least an issue between the load balancer and the service - can be unreliable source of truth
- sometimes perform full checks, db connection, memory usage, exposed as public endpoint (/health)
 ... can DoS a service



Addresses previous issues + FOSS

ContainerPilot

- tool to automate a container's service discovery, life cycle management, and configuration portable, works anywhere docker does
- capabilities:
 - health checks
 - handles startup and shutdown of services
 - runs as pid 1 in the container
 - register service with and watches consul for dependency changes
 - telemetry reporting
 - automatically reconfigures service upon state change
- open-source, free: github.com/joyent/containerpilot

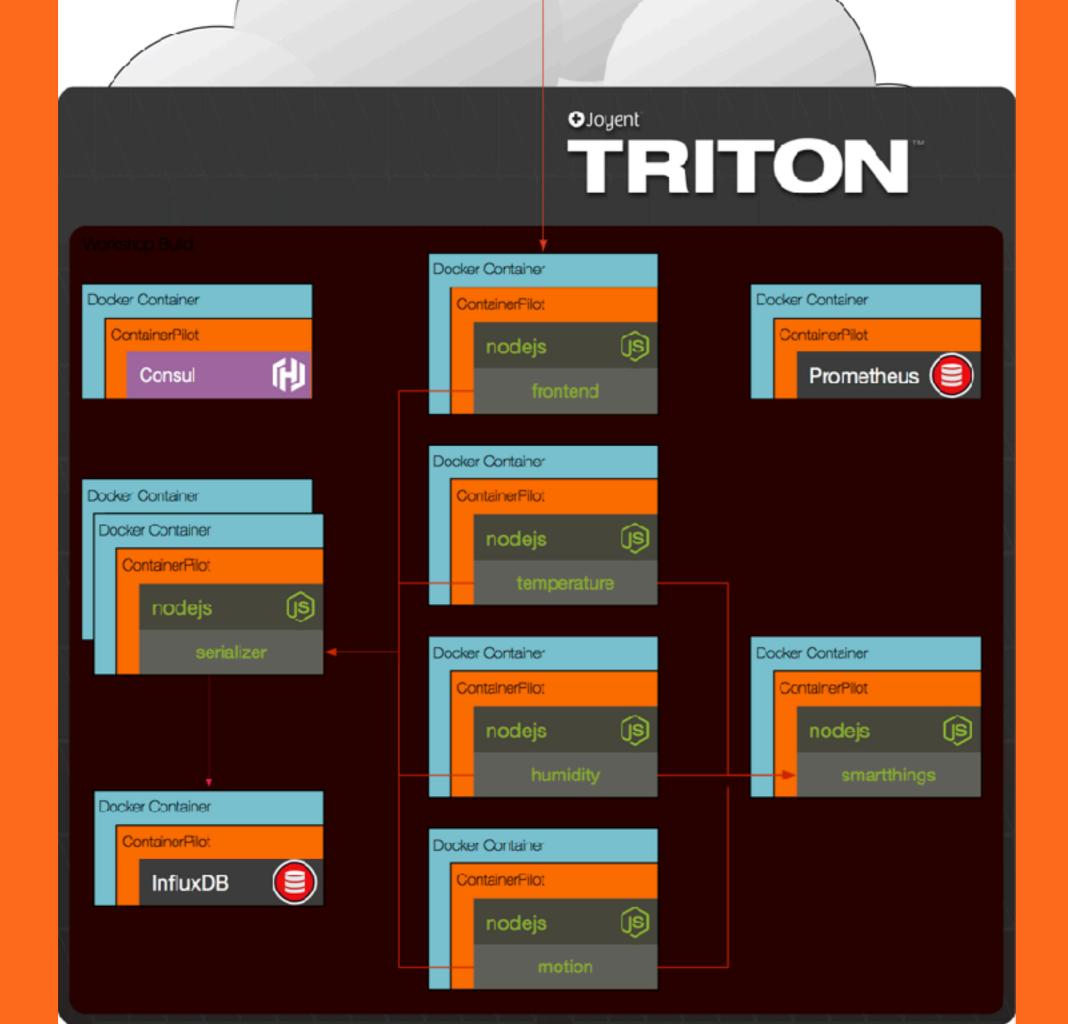
Applications on Autopilot

- <u>autopilotpattern.io</u> describes pattern
- github.com/autopilotpattern location of solutions using the Autopilot Pattern with ContainerPilot
- MongoDB, MySQL, InfluxDB, Consul, Wordpress, Jenkins, ...



nodejs-example

github.com/autopilotpattern/nodejs-example





Node.js modules

- hapi web API framework
- Seneca microservices framework
- Piloted ContainerPilot integration, relies on consul
- Wreck simple module for making performant HTTP requests

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Code & Demo

```
$ git clone https://github.com/autopilotpattern/nodejs-example.git
```

```
$ cd nodejs-example
```

```
$ EDITOR .
```

ContainerPilot 3

- all planning is public in RFD process, see RFD 86
- ability to start service after a dep is healthy
- can have multiple health checks per service
- multi-process containers more straightforward
- + more

Recap

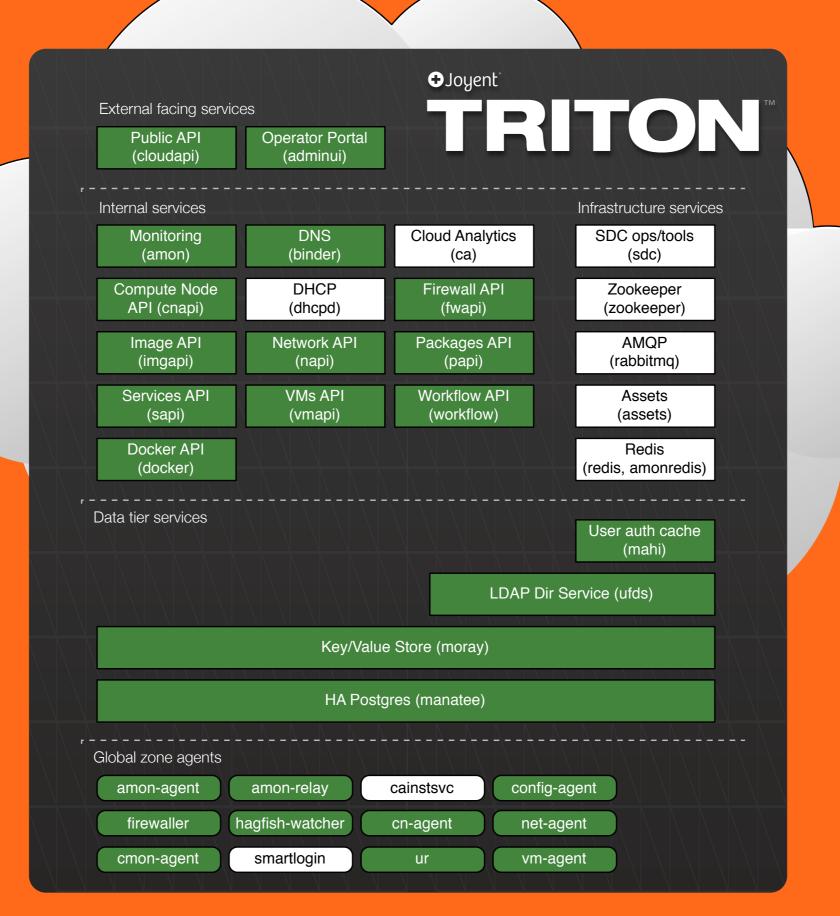
- Use ContainerPilot with Node.js docker containers (piloted module)
- Use consul for discovery (autopilotpattern/consul)
- Make microservices independently deployable and fault tolerant

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Deploying to prod

Triton Provides

- Containers as a Service
 - Docker The data center is the docker host
- Software for Public and Private deployment
- High Performance, Highly Secure
- Open Source!



Docker on Triton

- Docker Containers = Triton Instances
- No difference other than how the are managed
 - Docker via Docker API (docker run etc)
 - Triton Instances via CloudAPI (triton create)
- Native networking
 - Each container get's it's own IP address(es)
 - No port mapping as such. Firewall rules used to open "mapped" ports
 - Container name service, A Records for groups of services (e.g. consul.srvc.us-sw-1.cns.joyent.com)

Docker on Triton - Demo

```
$ eval $(triton env)

$ docker-compose up -d

$ open http://$(triton ip nodejsexample_frontend_1)

$ docker logs -f nodejsexample_frontend_1
```

Production vs. Development

- Development against local Docker
 - One host
 - Great for rapid development
- Production against Triton
 - · Still one "host"

The datacenter is viewed as one docker host

Standard Docker toolset

Docker

Compose

Production infrastructure handled for you

Networking

Affinity

Security

Debugging Docker - Demo

```
$ docker exec -it nodejsexample_frontend_1 sh
$ top
# Add p tools to path
$ export PATH=$PATH:/native/usr/proc/bin
$ pfiles $(pgrep node)
# Add dtrace to path
$ export PATH=$PATH:/native/usr/sbin/
# list probes available
$ dtrace -1 -p $(pgrep node)
# example, display open files by process
$ dtrace -n 'syscall::open*:entry { printf("%s %s",execname,copyinstr(arg0)); }'
```

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Questions?

Links @ jsgeek.com/nr