

# JupyterNotebooks\_Homework

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## 1 Machine Learning tools

### 1.1 Development Environments and Libraries

- **Jupyter Notebook:** An open-source web application that allows you to create and share documents containing live code, equations, visualizations, and narrative text.
- **Google Colab:** A free Jupyter notebook environment that requires no setup and runs entirely in the cloud, with free access to computing resources including GPUs.
- **TensorFlow:** An open-source platform for machine learning developed by Google, offering comprehensive tools, libraries, and community resources. **PyTorch:** An open-source machine learning library developed by Facebook, known for its flexibility and dynamic computational graph.

### 1.2 Data Processing and Analysis

- **Pandas:** A fast, powerful, flexible, and easy-to-use open-source data analysis and manipulation tool, built on top of the Python programming language.
- **NumPy:** A fundamental package for scientific computing with Python, providing support for large, multi-dimensional arrays and matrices, along with a collection of mathematical functions to operate on these arrays.
- **Scikit-learn:** An open-source machine learning library for Python, providing simple and efficient tools for data mining and data analysis.

### 1.3 Visualization Tools

- **Matplotlib:** A comprehensive library for creating static, animated, and interactive visualizations in Python.
- **Seaborn:** A Python data visualization library based on matplotlib that provides a high-level interface for drawing attractive statistical graphics.

### 1.4 Matplotlib Demo

Note that you must have installed matplotlib lib: [Installation @matplotlib](<https://matplotlib.org/stable/users/installing/index.html>)

```
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```

fig, ax = plt.subplots()

fruits = ['apple', 'blueberry', 'cherry', 'orange']
counts = [40, 100, 30, 55]
bar_labels = ['red', 'blue', '_red', 'orange']
bar_colors = ['tab:red', 'tab:blue', 'tab:red', 'tab:orange']

ax.bar(fruits, counts, label=bar_labels, color=bar_colors)

ax.set_ylabel('fruit supply')
ax.set_title('Fruit supply by kind and color')
ax.legend(title='Fruit color')

plt.show()

```

