4.A Trip for Cultural Diversity(02)_YBM(한상호)



1. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절 한 것은?

In the last week of January, my family and I flew to Penang. As soon as we entered George Town, I was struck by its unique beauty.

- (A) At first I thought it looked like Kalguksu in a Korean Ramyeon sauce, but with a strange smell. When I tasted it, however, I found it was really delicious. The soup was very rich, and its sour, spicy taste was very refreshing.
- (B) First, we stopped at a nearby restaurant and had asam laksa for lunch. Laksa is a spicy noodle soup that blends Chinese and Malay cuisine. People from different regions and cultures have invented different types of laksa. Penang asam laksa is made with fresh seafood and has a sour, spicy taste.
- (C) European-and Asian-style buildings stood side by side, and many buildings looked neither completely Western nor completely Eastern but a mixture of the two. Having left our luggage at the hotel, my family and I walked around the city.
- (1) (A)-(C)-(B)
- ② (B)-(A)-(C)
- ③ (B)-(C)-(A)
- (4) (C)-(A)-(B)
- ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

2. Little Penang Street Market에 대한 내용과 일 치하지 않는 것은?

On the last day of our trip, we visited the Little Penang Street Market, a street market that is held on the last Sunday of each month. It was one of the reasons why we decided to take this trip near the end of January. The Little Penang Street Market is known as the best place to see local crafts, and it really was full of beautiful ethnic goods, including clothes, shoes, wood carvings, woven baskets, and much more. The atmosphere was so lively and exciting that the entire event felt more like a small festival than a market. My parents bought a small wooden sculpture of a monkey. The seller explained that it was traditional artwork made by the Orang Asli, the inhabitants who have lived in Malaysia longer than anyone else. After having lunch at a food stall, we left for the airport.

- ① 매달 마지막 주 일요일에 열린다.
- ② 필자가 여행 시기를 결정하는 데 영향을 미쳤다.
- ③ 지역 공예품들을 볼 수 있는 최고의 장소이다.
- ④ 시장의 분위기가 활기차서 마치 작은 축제와 같다.
- ⑤ 부모님이 산 조각품은 Orang Asli라는 작가가 만든 것이다.

3. 다음 중 어법상 틀린 문장 2개를 고르시오.

- ① She asked me where she put her sweatsuit and sneakers.
- ② Those injured were sent to the hospital immediately.
- ③ With this sale, the five most expensive pieces of Korean art traded at domestic and foreign auctions all belonging to him.
- ① Cultural change occurs at such an accelerated pace today it is difficult to keep up with the latest developments.
- ⑤ It is not surprising to learn that teams wearing black uniforms have been penalized significantly more than average.



4. 다음 <예시>와 같이 주어진 문장을 고쳐 쓸 때, 어법상 바르게 바뀌지 않은 것은?

<예시>

After my family and I had left our luggage at the hotel, we walked around the city.

 \rightarrow <u>Having left our luggage at the hotel, my family</u> and I walked around the city.

After Susan had been told the bad news, Susan sat down and cried furiously.

- → <u>Having been told the bad news, Susan sat</u> down and cried furiously.
- ① After she had graduated from the school, she started to work in marketing.
- → Having graduated from the school, she started to work in marketing.
- ② After he had delivered the message, he secretly returned to his country
- → <u>Having delivered the message</u>, he secretly returned to his country.
- 3 After it was damaged by a fire last month, the house is not repaired yet.
- → <u>Having damaged by a fire last month, the house</u> is not repaired yet.
- ④ Since Tom climbed the mountain several times before, he knows the routes well.
- → <u>Having climbed the mountain several times</u> before. Tom knows the routes well.
- ⑤ Since we had missed the last bus, we had to walk home.
- → Having missed the last bus, we had to walk home.

5. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Last winter, my family and I visited Penang Island, Malaysia. I had always been interested in Malaysia because it is a multicultural country, where Chinese, Indian, Islamic, and traditional Malay cultures coexist with European influences. In addition, we chose Penang as our destination because it is famous for its street art, something that both my mother and I are interested in. Penang is an island located off the northwest coast of Malaysia. Its capital, George Town, was built by British settlers in the late 18th century and named after King George III. As a center of trade between the East and the West, George Town has been home to a diverse population for a long time and has many beautiful, historically important buildings. For these reasons, it is listed as a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

- ① 나는 말레이시아 페낭 섬에 도착한 후에야 말레이시아 에 흥미를 가지게 되었다.
- ② 아빠와 내가 관심이 있었던 유명한 거리예술 때문에 페 낭으로 여행 목적지를 정하였다.
- ③ 조지타운은 18세기 후반에 조지 3세에 의해 건설되었다.
- ④ 페낭은 말레이시아의 북동쪽 해변에 있는 지역이다.
- ⑤ 조지타운은 동서양 무역의 중심지로 역사적으로 중요한 건물들이 많다.

6. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 ③~@중, 어법상 적절한 것은?

We also saw some of Penang's famous street art on Armenian Street and more on nearby Cannon Street. I was <u>@amazed</u> by the diverse styles of murals. Some of them were quite realistic, <u>@either</u> others were artistically simplified or somewhat abstract. <u>@Few</u> combined actual things such as a bicycle or a cart with paintings on the wall. I was also surprised <u>@learn</u> that these works of art were created not only by local people but also by artists from all parts of the world. A famous mural of two children riding a bicycle, for example, <u>@were</u> created by a famous artist named Ernest Zacharevic. My favorite pieces were the mural of a very large cat and another painting of two cute little owls.

- (1) (a)
- ② **b**
- ③ ©
- 4 d
- (5) (e)



7. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

The next day, we went to see some impressive historical temples. First, we stopped by the Kapitan Keling Mosque, the largest Mosque in George Town. Visitors wearing shorts are not allowed to enter, so I had to borrow a long skirt to get in. Then, we went to see Sri Maha Mariamman Temple, which is covered with colorful carvings of countless Hindu gods and goddesses. Lastly, we visited Kek Lok Si, the largest Buddhist temple in Malaysia located in a suburb of George Town. It was terrific to see how all these different religious temples coexist in the same area.

- ① The Kapitan Keling Mosque is the largest Muslim temple in George Town.
- ② Visitors are not permitted to enter the Kapitan Keling Mosque wearing shorts.
- 3 There are bright-colored carvings of gods at Sri Maha Mariamman Temple.
- ① The Buddhist temple, Kek Lok Si is the last place the writer and the family visited.
- (5) All the religious temples are located far away from each other.

8. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 <u>어색한</u> 것을 고르시오.

In the last week of January, my family and I flew to Penang. As soon as we Dentered into George Town, I was struck by its unique beauty. European- and Asian-style buildings stood side by side, and many buildings looked 2 neither completely Western nor completely Eastern. Having left our luggage at the hotel, my family and I walked around the city. First, we stopped at a nearby restaurant and had asam laksa for lunch. Laksa is a spicy noodle soup 3which blends Chinese and Malay cuisine. People from different regions and cultures have invented different types of laksa. Penang asam laksa is made with fresh seafood and has a sour, spicy taste. At first I thought it looked like Kalguksu in a Korean Ramyeon sauce, 4but with a strange smell. When I tasted it, however, I found it was really delicious. The soup was very rich, and its sour, spicy taste was very refreshing. After finishing lunch, we visited some famous, old buildings. Among them, my favorite was Blue Mansion, a large, luxurious house built in the 19th century. Painted in vivid blue and built in a style (5) combined Chinese and European architecture, it was both beautiful and unique at the same time.

2

3

(5)



9. 다음 글의 빈칸 ③에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

We saw some of Penang's famous street art on Armenian Street and more on nearby Cannon Street. I was amazed by @________.

Some of them were quite realistic, while others were artistically simplified or somewhat abstract. A few combined actual things such as a bicycle or a cart with paintings on the wall. I was also surprised to learn that these works of art were created not only by local people but also by artists from all parts of the world. A famous mural of two children riding a bicycle, for example, was created by a famous artist named Ernest Zacharevic. My favorite pieces were the mural of a very large cat and another painting of two cute little owls.

- 1) unique characteristics of Malaysian graffiti
- 2 cultural diversity expressed in the artwork
- (3) abstract shape of the artwork
- 4) the diverse styles of murals
- (5) colorful decorations on the wall

10. 밑줄 친 ⓐ~⑨ 중에서 가리키는 대상이 같은 것 끼리 알맞게 짝지어진 것은?

Last winter, my family and I visited Penang Island, Malaysia. I had always been interested in Malaysia because @ it is a multicultural country, where Chinese, Indian, Islamic, and traditional Malay cultures coexist with European influences. In addition, we chose Penang as our destination because (b) it is famous for (c) its street art, something that both my mother and I are interested in. (a) It is a tropical island located off the northwest coast of Malaysia. @ Its capital, George Town, was built by British settlers in the late 18th century and named after King George III. As a center of trade between the East and the West, ① it has been home to a diverse population for a long time and has many beautiful, historically important buildings. For these reasons, (B) it is listed as a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

① a, b, c

② a, c, d

(3) (d), (g)

(4) (d), (e), (f)

(5) (f), (g)

11. 다음 글을 읽고 질문에 답할 수 없는 것은?

The next day, we went to see some impressive historical temples. First, we stopped by the Kapitan Keling Mosque, the largest Mosque in George Town. Visitors wearing shorts are not allowed to enter, so I had to borrow a long skirt to get in. Then, we went to see Sri Maha Mariamman Temple, which is covered with colorful carvings of countless Hindu gods and goddesses. Lastly, we visited Kek Lok Si, the largest Buddhist temple in Malaysia located in a suburb of George Town. It was terrific to see how all these different religious temples coexist in the same area.

On the third day, we went to Armenian Street. It is called that because many Armenian immigrants moved to this district in the 19th century. However, they did not stay long, and soon Chinese traders replaced them. As a result, many of the buildings on Armenian Street have unusual appearances. They appear to have been designed and begun by Europeans but decorated and finished by Chinese. Although there were many white buildings, some badly in need of paint, there were also many other buildings painted in yellow, pink, orange, and brick-red. The colorfulness and slightly different decorations of the buildings made the whole street look really delightful.

- 1) Who replaced Armenian immigrants?
- ② What is the first temple the writer visited?
- ③ How did the writer feel after visiting the temples?
- Why did many buildings on Armenian Street have common appearances?
- (5) Why did the writer borrow a long skirt before entering the Kapitan Keling Mosque?



12. 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

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They appear to have been designed and begun by Europeans but decorated and finished by Chinese, Although there were many white buildings, some badly in need of paint, there were also many other buildings painted in yellow, pink, orange, and brick-red. The colorfulness and slightly different decorations of the buildings made the whole street look really delightful.

- ① many of the buildings on Armenian Street have unusual appearances
- ② a transformation in the local business environment took place
- 3 native people restructured their tradition
- immigrants made Armenian Street a good place to live
- ⑤ buildings on Armenian Street are highly praised around the world

13. 다음 글을 읽고, 글에서 언급되지 <u>않은</u> 것을 <보 기>에서 모두 고른 것은?

Last winter. my family and I visited Penang Island, Malaysia. I had always been interested in Malaysia because it is a multicultural country, where Chinese. Indian, Islamic, and traditional Malay cultures coexist with European influences. In addition, we chose Penang as our destination because it is famous for its street art, something that both my mother and I are interested in. Penang is a tropical island located off the northwest coast of Malaysia. Its capital, George Town, was built by British settlers in the late 18th century and named after King George III. As a center of trade between the East and the West, George Town has been home to a diverse population for a long time and has many beautiful, historically important buildings. For these reasons, it is listed as a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

<보기>

- (A) The reason why Malaysia is a multicultural country
- (B) When the writer and the family visited Penang island
- (C) Climate condition of Penang island
- (D) Why George Town is listed as a UNESCO World Heritage Site
- (E) What both the writer and his father are interested in
- (F) How big is the Penang island
- ① (A), (C)
- ② (B), (C)
- ③ (A), (E), (F)
- (4) (D), (F), (E)
- (5) (B), (D), (F)

14. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 <u>틀린</u> 것을 고르시오.

On the second day of our trip, we went to see some impressive historical temples. First, we stopped by the Kapitan Keling Mosque, the largest mosque in George Town. Visitors ①wearing shorts are not allowed to enter so I had to borrow a long skirt ②to get in. Then, we visited Kek Lok Si, the largest Buddhist temple in Malaysia, located in a suburb of George Town. Lastly, we went to see Sri Maha Mariamman Temple, which is covered with colorful carvings of countless Hindu gods and goddesses. It was terrific to see how all these different religious temples coexist in the same area.

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1

2

(3)

(4)

(5)



15. 다음 글을 읽고 질문에 대답할 수 <u>없는</u> 질문은?

On the last day of our trip, we visited the Little Penang Street Market, a street market that is held on the last Sunday of each month. It was the reason why we decided to take this trip near the end of January. The Little Penang Street Market is known as the best place to purchase local crafts, and it really was full of beautiful ethnic goods, including clothes, shoes, wood carvings, woven baskets, and much more. The atmosphere was so lively and exciting that the entire event felt more like a small festival than a market. My parents bought a small wooden sculpture of a monkey. After we had lunch at a food stall, we left for the airport. On our way home, I thought that Malaysia and Korea might have more in common than I had originally imagined. Like Korea, Malaysia was occupied by other countries but overcame this tragic history to achieve economic and cultural development. I was deeply impressed by how the Malaysians have embraced their diversity and how it has made their culture richer. Korea is also becoming an increasingly diverse country. The trip to Penang makes me wonder what Seoul will be like in the future.

- ① How often is The Little Penang Street Market held?
- ② How did Malaysia overcome the tragic history?
- ③ What did the writer's parents buy in the Little Penang Street Market?
- What are some examples of goods sold in the Little Penang Street Market?
- (5) What did Malaysia and Korea have in common historically?



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정답 및 해설

1) 정답 ⑤

1등급 공략 Tip

주어진 글 다음에 이어질 내용을 추론하여 흐름상 알맞은 순서로 배열한다. 특히 지시어, 부사, 접속사 등을 적극적으 로 활용하며 문제를 풀도록 한다.

바로 잡기

Penang으로 여행을 떠난 내용의 글이다.

- (C) 유럽과 아시아 스타일의 건물들이 나란히 서있으며 서로 섞여 있었다. 가족과 나는 호텔에 짐을 두고, 도시를 걸 어 다니기 시작했다.
- (B) 첫 번째로, 우리는 근처 식당에 들어가 asam laksa를 점심으로 먹었다.
- (A) 처음에는 한국의 칼국수처럼 보였지만, 냄새가 강할 뿐이라고 생각했다. 하지만 그것을 먹자, 엄청 맛있었다. 국물은 진했고 음식의 시고 매운 맛은 매우 신선했다.

2) 정답 (5)

1등급 공략 Tip

세부 내용을 명확히 파악하고 글의 내용과 유사하게 서술한 선지에 혼동하지 않도록 유의한다.

바로 잡기

⑤ Orang Asli는 누구보다 말레이시아에서 오래 산 사람들을 지칭하는 표현이다. 작가의 이름이 아니다.

3) 정답 ③. ④

1등급 공략 Tip

문장의 본동사가 무엇인지 파악하여 동사가 없는 문장은 아 닌지 파악할 수 있어야 한다. 관계대명사 which의 개념과 쓰임새를 숙지하도록 한다.

바로 잡기

- ③ 문장에 동사가 없음을 확인할 수 있다. 올바른 해석에 따르면 '이 판매 덕분에, 국내외 경매들에서 거래된 한국 미술계 가장 비싼 5점의 그림이 모두 그에게 속하게 되었다'이다. 따라서 현재분사 belonging을 belong으로 고 쳐야 한다. Belong to는 '~에게 속하다', 즉 문맥에 맞게해석하면 '~의 소유가 되다'라는 뜻이다.
- ④ 문장 중간의 it을 기준으로 한 앞뒤의 두 문장을 접속사 없이 연결해야 하므로 it을 관계대명사 which로 고쳐야 한다.

4) 정답 ③

1등급 공략 Tip

주어진 문장을 시제를 바르게 반영하여 완료분사구문으로 나타내야 하는 문제이다. 완료분사구문은 완전한 주절에 쉼 표로 연결된 'having p.p.'의 형태로, 주절보다 이전 시제를 나타낸다는 점에 유의한다.

바로 잡기

③ 주어진 문장의 종속절에는 과거 수동태, 주절에는 현재 수동태가 쓰였다. 집은 불에 의해 태워진 수동의 대상이므로 분사구문 또한 수동으로 나타내야 한다. 따라서 Having

일부터 5년간 보호됩니다

 damaged를 Having been damaged로 고쳐야 한다. ①,

 ②, ④, ⑤ 모두 주절보다 종속절이 먼저 일어난 일로, 종속절에 완료분사구문이 알맞게 활용되었다.

5) 정답 ⑤

1등급 공략 Tip

글의 세부 내용과 다르게 서술한 선지를 옳게 고치며 풀어 야 한다.

바로 잡기

- ① 글쓴이는 말레이시아 페낭 섬에 도착하기 전에도 말레이시아에 대해 흥미를 갖고 있었다.
- ② 엄마와 내가 관심이 있었던 것은 유명한 거리예술이었 고, 이 때문에 페낭으로 여행 목적지를 정했다.
- ③ 조지타운은 18세기 후반에 영국 정복자에 의해 건설되었고, 조지 3세에 의해 명명되었다.
- ④ 페낭은 말레이시아의 북서쪽 해변에 있는 지역이다.
- 6) 정답 ①

1등급 공략 Tip

주어가 수동의 대상이면 수동태를 사용함에 유의한다. 절과 절을 이을 때 올바른 접속사의 형태를 알아야 한다. few와 a few의 차이점을 숙지하도록 한다. to부정사의 부사적 용법에 대한 개념과 쓰임새를 알아두도록 한다. 주어와 동사는 수 일치시켜야 한다.

바로 잡기

- ① 나는 벽화의 다양한 스타일에 놀란 수동의 대상이므로 수동태의 형태(be+p.p.)에 맞춰 was amazed가 바르게 사용되었다.
- ② 빈칸에 이어 또 다른 절이 오고 있으므로 접속사가 들어 가야 한다. 몇몇은 꽤 사실적인 반면, 몇몇은 예술적으로 단순화되었거나 추상적이었다는 문맥이 되어야 하므로 접속사 while(~한 반면)이 들어가야 한다.
- ③ Few는 '거의 없는'이라는 부정적인 의미를 나타내므로, '약간의 (것들)'를 의미하는 A few가 들어가야 한다.
- ④ 감정의 원인을 나타내는 to부정사의 부사적 용법이 쓰여 야 한다. 따라서 learn이 아닌, to learn이 되어야 한다.
- ⑤ 문장의 주어는 A famous mural로, 3인칭 단수이므로 이에 수일치하여 동사 was가 쓰여야 한다.

7) 정답 (5)

1등급 공략 Tip

글의 내용과 선지의 내용을 대조하였을 때 다르게 서술한 부분을 파악하여 본문과 일치하지 않는 것을 고를 수 있어 야 한다.

바로 잡기

- ⑤ 주어진 글의 마지막 문장에서 필자는 서로 다른 사원들 이 같은 공간에 공존하는 것을 보며 신기해했다. 따라서 모든 종교적인 사원들이 서로 떨어져 위치해 있다는 내 용은 일치하지 않는다.
- ① Kapitan Keling 모스크는 George Town에서 가장 큰 무슬림 사원이다.
- ② 방문객들은 Kapitan Keling 모스크에 반바지를 입고 들어갈 수 없다.
- ③ Sri Maha Mariamman 사원에는 신들을 밝게 조각한





조각상들이 있다.

- ④ 불교 사원 Kek Lok Si는 필자와 가족이 방문한 마지막 장소이다.
- 8) 정답 ①

1등급 공략 Tip

타동사는 전치사 없이 바로 목적어를 취한다는 점을 알아두 도록 한다.

바로 잡기

'~로 들어가다'라는 뜻의 enter은 타동사로, 전치사 없이 바로 목적어를 취한다. 따라서 뒤에 있는 전치사 into를 삭제하고 entered 뒤 바로 목적어 George Town이 오도록 해야한다.

9) 정답 ④

1등급 공략 Tip

빈칸 이후에 이어지는 내용을 근거로 빈칸에 들어갈 말을 정확하게 파악할 수 있어야 한다.

바로 잡기

빈칸 이후에는 그들 중 몇몇(some of them)은 사실적이고, 다른 것들은 예술적으로 추상화되었거나 다소 추상적이라고 하였다. 이는 다양한 스타일에 대한 설명이고, some of them이 가리키는 것이 빈칸에서 언급되어야 하므로 빈칸에는 ④'벽화의 다양한 스타일'이 들어가야 한다.

- ① 말레이시아 그래피티의 독특한 특성
- ② 예술 작품에서 표현되는 문화적 다양성
- ③ 예술 작품의 추상적인 형태
- ⑤ 벽의 화려한 장식들
- 10) 정답 ⑤

1등급 공략 Tip

문맥을 잘 파악하여 가리키는 대상을 혼동하지 않도록 유의 한다.

바로 잡기

ⓐ는 말레이시아를, ⓑ, ⓒ, ⓓ, ◉는 Penang을, ⑥와 ⑨는 George Town을 가리킨다. 따라서 가리키는 대상이 같은 것 끼리 알맞게 짝지어진 것은 ⑤이다.

11) 정답 ④

1등급 공략 Tip

지문에서 선지에 언급된 부분을 정확히 찾아가며 답할 수 없는 질문을 찾아야 한다.

바로 잡기

- ④ 지문에서는 아르메니아 거리의 건물들은 독특한 외양을 하고 있다고 하였으므로 흔한 외양을 갖게 된 이유를 묻 는 질문에는 답할 수 없다.
- ① 누가 아르메니아 이민자들을 대체했는가? → 중국인들이 대체했다.
- ② 필자가 첫 번째로 방문한 사원은 무엇인가? → Kapitan Keling 모스크이다.
- ③ 사원들을 방문한 이후에 필자는 어떻게 느꼈는가? → 서로 다른 종교 사원들이 모여있다는 것을 보고 굉장하다고 느꼈다.

- ⑤ 저자는 왜 Kapitan Keling 모스크에 들어가기 전에 긴 치마를 빌렸는가? → 반바지를 입은 방문객들은 출입할 수 없었기 때문이다.
- 12) 정답 ①

1등급 공략 Tip

아르메니아인들이 살던 곳을 중국인들이 대체한 것에 대한 결과가 빈칸에 들어가야 한다.

바로 잡기

다양한 사람들이 그 지역에 와서 살면 나타내는 결과로 적절한 것은 ①'아르메니아 거리의 많은 건물들이 독특한 외양을 갖고 있다'이다.

- ② 현지 비즈니스 환경의 변화가 이루어졌다
- ③ 원주민들은 그들의 전통을 재구성했다
- ④ 이민자들은 Armenian 거리를 살기 좋은 곳으로 만들었다
- ⑤ Armenian Street에 있는 건물들은 전세계적으로 높은 평가를 받고 있다
- 13) 정답 ③

1등급 공략 Tip

보기들을 해석하여 본문에서 해당 내용을 찾아보고, 글에서 언급되지 않은 보기는 무엇인지 구분할 수 있어야 한다.

바로 잡기

- (A) 말레이시아가 다문화 국가인 이유는 언급되지 않았다.
- (E) 필자와 아버지 둘 다 흥미를 느끼는 것은 언급되지 않았다. 거리 예술은 필자와 엄마가 흥미로워하는 것이다.
- (F) Penang 섬이 얼마나 큰지는 언급되지 않았다.
- (B) 필자와 가족이 Penang 섬을 지난 겨울에 방문했다.
- (C) 열대(tropical) 기후이다.
- (D) 동양과 서양 사이의 무역의 중심지로서 오랫동안 다양한 사람들의 본거지가 되어 왔고 아름답고 역사적으로 중요한 건물들이 많이 있기 때문이다.
- 14) 정답 ③

1등급 공략 Tip

정확한 해석을 통해 능동태/수동태 중 적절한 의미를 나타 내는 문장 형태를 판단할 수 있어야 한다.

바로 잡기

문장의 주어인 It은 직전에 언급된 Armenian Street(아르메니아 거리)을 가리키고, 이는 그렇게 '불리는' 수동의 대상이므로 수동태(be+p.p.)의 형태에 맞게 is called로 고쳐야 한다.

15) 정답 ②

1등급 공략 Tip

지문에서 선지의 질문에 대한 답을 정확히 찾아가며 언급되지 않은 것을 골라야 한다.

바로 잡기

- ② 말레이시아가 어떻게 비극적인 역사를 극복했는지는 언급되지 않았다.
- ① 매달 마지막 일요일에 열린다.
- ③ 원숭이 모양의 작은 나무 조각품을 샀다.





일부터 5년간 보호됩니다

- ④ 옷, 신발, 나무 조각품 등이 있다.
- ⑤ 다른 나라에 의해 점령당한 비극적인 역사가 공통점이 다.

