

Are you into Books(03) 천재(이재영)



교과서 단원별로 출제율 높은 문제들로 구성한 단원별 족보!

감수자 : 최다희 (chlekgml72@eduzone.co.kr)



◇「콘텐츠산업 진흥법 시행령」제33조에 의한 표시

1) 제작연월일 : 2022-06-23

2) 제작자 : 교육지대㈜

3) 이 콘텐츠는 「콘텐츠산업 진흥법」에 따라 최초 제작일부터 5년간 보호됩니다.

◇「콘텐츠산업 진흥법」외에도「저작권법」에 의하여 보호 되는 콘텐츠의 경우, 그 콘텐츠의 전부 또는 일부를 무 단으로 복제하거나 전송하는 것은 콘텐츠산업 진흥법 외에도 저작권법에 의한 법적 책임을 질 수 있습니다.

* 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Dong-ju's parents wanted him to be a doctor, but he chose to study literature at a college in Seoul. During his college years, he often hung out with other young poets and wrote poetry ___@___ expressed his feelings about his hometown and lost country. To celebrate his graduation, he wished to publish 19 of his poems under the title, Heaven, Wind, Stars, and Poetry. He made three copies of the book by hand. One was given to his close friend, Jeong Byeong-uk, ____b__ was presented to his favorite professor, and the last one was kept for himself. However, his professor advised ____@__ his plan because he thought the Japanese government would not allow the publication. Dong-ju followed his advice and gave up A the idea.

1. ⓐ, ⓑ, ⓒ에 각각 알맞은 말로 짝지어진 것은?

(a)	Ъ	©
① which	another	against
② which	another	among
③ where	another	against
4 where	the other	among
(5) where	the other	about

2. **A가 의미하는 것은?**

- ① To study medicine
- 2 To publish 19 of his poems
- 3 To follow his professor's advice
- 4) To present his book to his friend
- (5) To express feeling about lost country

* 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Dong-ju was born in 1917 near Yanbin, China. As a young boy, he loved sports, and he was a soccer player for his school. He also loved sewing so much that he sewed the numbers on all his friends' soccer uniforms. (A) However, it was literature that he loved most. (B) In elementary school he wrote a lot of poems. (C) He even made a literary magazine with his cousin, Song Mong-gyu. (D) In middle school he once borrowed a poetry book by a famous poets of the time, Baek Seok, and copied the whole book by hand.

His parents wanted him to be a doctor, but Dong-ju chose to study literature at a college in Seoul. During his college years, he often hung out with other young poets and @ wrote poetry which he expressed feelings about his hometown and lost country. To celebrate his graduation, he wished to publish 19 of his poems under the title, Heaven, Wind, Stars, and Poetry. He made three copies of the book by hand. One was given to his close friend, Jeong Byeong-uk, another was presented to his favorite professor, and (b) the last one kept for himself. However, his professor advised against his plan because he thought the Japanese government would not allow the publication. Dong-ju followed his advice and gave up the idea.

Dong-ju decided to study further in the country where © his father had studied before. So, in 1942, Dong-ju and his cousin began to study in Japan. On July 10 the following year, @ his cousin was arrested the Japanese police for taking part in an independence movement. Four days later, Dong-ju was also arrested on the same charges. In 1945, Dong-ju and his cousin died in prison after harsh treatment by the police. @ That was just a few months later that Korea achieved independence from Japan.



3. (A)~(E) 중 <보기>의 문장이 들어가기에 알맞은 곳은?

<보기>

He really wanted to have his own copy of the rare book.

- (1) (A)
- ② (B)
- ③ (C)
- (4) (D)
- (E)

4. 밑줄 친 ⓐ~ê 중 문법적으로 올바른 것은?

- (1) (a)
- (2) (b)
- ③ (c)
- (4) (d)
- (5) (e)

※ 다음 대화를 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

- A: Good morning, Jiho.
- B: Good morning.
- A: Take a seat, please.

How would you like your hair done? (a)

- B: Well, I'm taking my pictures for the year book. So I want to look cool.
- A: When do you take the pictures? ((b))
- B: This Friday at Dream & Joy Park.
- A: Sounds good. Do you have a particular style in mind? (©)
- B: No. (@)
- A: Look at this. How about this style? It'll look good on you. (@)
- B: Wow, I like it.

5. 대화자 'A'의 직업으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- (1) cook
- ② actor
- 3 singer
- 4 teacher
- (5) hairdresser

6. 위 대화의 @~@ 중 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 <u>가장</u> 알맞은 것은?

Can you recommend one for me? ① a ② **b** (3) (c) (4) (d) (5) (e)

※ 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Dong-ju was born in 1917 near Yanbin, China. (a) As a young boy, he loved sports, and he was a soccer player for his school. (b) He also loved sewing so much that he sewed the numbers on all his friends' soccer uniforms. (©) In elementary school he wrote a lot of poems. (a) He even made a literary magazine with his cousin, Song Mong-gyu. (@) In middle school he once borrowed a poetry book by a famous poets of the time, Baek Seok, and copied the whole book by hand. He really wanted to have his own copy of the rare book.

윗글의 내용에서 답을 찾을 수 없는 질문은?

- 1) When was Dong-ju born?
- 2) What did Dong-ju's parents do?
- 3 What did Dong-ju do for his friends?
- (4) What sport did Dong-ju play as a young boy?
- (5) What did Dong-ju do with his cousin in elementary school?

윗글의 @~@ 중 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 <u>가</u> 장 알맞은 것은?

However, it was literature that he loved most.

- (1) (a)
- ② (b)
- ③ ©
- (4) (d)
- (5) (e)

9. 윗글에서 다음 질문에 대한 답이 될 수 있는 문 장을 찾아 쓰시오.

Q: Why did Dong-ju copy a poetry book by hand?

* 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Do you enjoy plays, poems, novels, or cartoons?

(a) They are different kinds of literature, and people differ in which kind (b) they prefer. However, all of them allow us to go beyond our own small world where we live. When we read literature, we come across the ideas of great writers who loved long ago. We can even imagine being someone else or living in a completely different place. ___(A)___, literature opens up for us new worlds that we have never visited before.

10. 빈칸 (A)에 들어갈 말로 <u>가장</u> 알맞은 것은?

- ① In short
- ② However
- 3 By the way
- 4 For example
- (5) On the other hand

11. 밑줄 친 ⓐ와 ⓑ가 각각 무엇을 가리키는지 글 속에서 찾아 영어로 쓰시오.

\rightarrow ⓐ They \rightarrow	,
\textcircled{b} they \rightarrow	

※ 다음 대화를 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Gina: Hey, What are you doing?

Minjun: I'm reading Four Eyes for a book report.

Gina: Let me see. Is this a new book by Ken

Kuller?

Minjun: I borrowed it at the school library this morning. Do you know Ken Kuller?

Gina: Of course. I'm a big fan of his. I've read all of his mystery books.

Minjun: I think he's a great writer. ____(A)____.

Gina: You know what? His novel Four Eyes has been made into a movie.

Minjun: Yeah. I saw the movie poster. It looks funny.

Gina: It'll come out next Thursday. I'm looking forward to seeing it!

Minjun: Maybe we can see the movie together.

Gina: Why not! Let's meet in front of the cinema at 5 pm.

Minjun : It couldn't be better. See you next Thursday.

12. 위 글을 읽고 대답할 수 <u>없는</u> 것은?

- (1) Who is the author of Four Eyes?
- ② Where did Minjun borrow the novel?
- 3) Who has made the book into a movie?
- 4) When is the movie going to be released?
- (5) Who is going to the movie theater next Thursday?

13. (A)에 들어갈 말로 적절하지 <u>않은</u> 것은?

- ① I can't but read this book.
- ② I can't help reading this book.
- 3 I can't stop reading this book.
- 4 I am not getting into this book.
- (5) I have no choice but to read this book.

* 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

In the sky where seasons pass in a hurry

Autumn fills the air.

And ready I stand, without a worry,

To count all the stars there.

Memory for one star,

Love for another star,

Loneliness for another star.

Longing for another star.

Poetry for another star,

And, oh, mother, mother for another star.

Have you read these lines before? They are part of the poem "Counting Stars at Night" by Yoon Dong-ju. @ The poem was written a long time ago but still remain one of Korea's favorite poems.

Dong-ju was born in 1917 near Yanbin, China. As a young boy, he loved sports, and he was a soccer player for his school. (b) He also loved sewing so much that he sewed the numbers on all his friends' soccer uniforms. However, it was literature that he loved most. In elementary school he wrote a lot of poems. He even made a literary magazine with his cousin, Song Mong-gyu. In middle school he once borrowed a poetry book by a famous poet of the time, Baek Seok, and copied the whole book by hand. He really wanted to have his own copy of the rare book.

© His parents wanted him be a doctor, but Dong-ju chose to study literature at a college in Seoul. During his college years, he often hung out with other young poets and wrote poetry where he expressed feelings about his hometown and lost country. To celebrate his graduation, he wished to publish 19 of his poems under the title, Heaven, Wind, Stars, and Poetry. He made three copies of the book by hand. @ One was given to his close friend, Jeong Byeong-uk, another was presented his favorite professor, and the last one was kept for himself. However, his professor advised against his plan because @ he thought the Japanese government will not allow the publication. Dong-ju followed his advice and gave up the idea.

14. ⓐ~@ 중 어법상 옳은 것은?

(1) (a)

② (b)

3 C

(4) (d)

(5) (e)

15. 위 글을 읽고 대답할 수 없는 것은?

- ① Who wrote the poem "Counting Stars at Night?"
- 2) What did Dong-ju like the most when he was young?
- 3 What did Dong-ju do with his cousin in elementary school?
- (4) How many copies of Heaven, Wind, Stars, and Poetry did he make?
- ⑤ To whom did Dong-ju and his cousin give their literary magazine?

※ 다음 대화를 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

B: Hello, Ms. Seo.

W: Hi, Minjun. Long time no see. ____A___.

B: I have to write a book report. Can you recommend a good novel to read?

W: How about a mystery? There's a new Ken Kuller book. 22nd Street.

B: Oh, I've heard of him. Can you show me the

W: It's in the "New Arrivals" area. It's really popular among teens in Great Britain.

B: Thank you for your help. Can I check it out?

W: Sure. You can borrow new books for seven days.

B: Okay.

16. 위 대화의 빈칸 A에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것 은?

- ① How are you?
- ② How have you been?
- 3 What brings you here?
- 4 Why are you so late?
- (5) How long did you stay there?

17. 위 대화의 내용과 일치하지 <u>않는</u> 것은?

- ① 소설 22번가는 신간 도서 서가에 있다.
- ② 소설 22번가는 추리소설이다.
- ③ 소설 22번가는 Ken Kuller가 쓴 책이다.
- ④ 민준은 Ken Kuller에 대해 전혀 들어본 적이 없다.
- ⑤ 소설 22번가는 영국의 십 대들에게 인기가 많다.

※ 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

His parents wanted him to be a doctor, but Dong-ju chose to study literature at a college in Seoul. During his college years, he often hung out with other young poets and wrote poetry where he expressed feelings about his hometown and lost country. To celebrate his graduation, he wished to publish 19 of his poems under the title, Heaven, Wind, Stars, and Poetry. He made three copies of the book by hand. One was given to his close friend, Jeong Byeong-uk, another was presented to his favorite professor, and the last one was kept for himself. However, his professor advised against his plan because he thought the Japanese government would not allow the publication. Dong-ju followed his advice and gave up (A) the idea.

18. 윗글의 밑줄 친 (A)가 뜻하는 것으로 가장 알맞은 것은?

- ① 시 19편을 출판하는 일
- ② 교수님에게 부탁하는 일
- ③ 시집 3부를 수기로 작성하는 일
- ④ 잃어버린 조국에 관하여 시 쓰는 일
- ⑤ 일본정부에 저항하는 시를 쓰는 일

19. 윗글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

- ① 동주의 교수는 동주가 시를 쓰는 것을 반대했다.
- ② 동주의 부모는 동주가 의학을 공부하길 원했다.
- ③ 동주는 입학 기념으로 시집을 출간하기를 원했다.
- ④ 동주는 자신이 만든 책 세 부를 전부 교수에게 맡겨 놨
- ⑤ 일본 정부는 동주가 시집을 출판하는 것을 허가하지 않 았다.

* 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Dong-ju decided to study further in the country where his father (___A___) before. So, in 1942, Dong-ju and his cousin began to study in Japan. On July 10 the following year, his cousin was arrested by the Japanese police for (___B___) part in an independence movement. Four days later, Dong-ju was also arrested on the same charges. In 1945, Dong-ju and his cousin died in prison after harsh treatment by the police. It was just a few months later (___C__) Korea achieved independence from Japan.

20. 빈칸 (A), (B), (C)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것 은?

(A) (B) (C) (1) studied taking that 2 studied being taken when (3) has studied taking that 4) had studied that taking

(5) had studied being taken

21. When was Dong-ju arrested by the Japanese police?

which

He was arrested _____ (1) on July 13, 1942 ② on July 14, 1942 ③ on July 13, 1943 4 on July 14, 1943 ⑤ on July 14, 1944

22. 윗글의 내용과 일치하도록 다음 사건들이 일어난 순서를 바르게 배열한 것은?

<보기>

- (A) Dong-ju died in prison.
- (B) Korea gained independence.
- (C) Dong-ju's father studied in Japan.
- (D) Dong-ju's cousin was arrested by the police.
- (E) Dong-ju was arrested by the police.
- ① (A)-(B)-(C)-(D)-(E)
- ② (B)-(C)-(D)-(E)-(A)
- (3) (C)-(D)-(E)-(A)-(B)
- (4) (C)-(E)-(D)-(A)-(B)
- ⑤ (D)-(E)-(C)-(A)-(B)

※ 다음을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

His parents wanted him to be a doctor, but Dong-ju _____ to study literature at a college in Seoul. During his college years, he often hung out with other young poets and wrote poetry where he expressed feelings about his hometown and lost country. To celebrate his graduation, he wished to publish 19 of his poems under the title, Heaven, Wind, Stars, and Poetry. He made three copies of the book by hand. ___@__ was given to his close friend, Jeong Byeong-uk, ______ was one was kept for himself. ____O___, his professor advised against his plan because he thought the Japanese government would not allow the ____ ___. Dong-ju followed his advice and gave up the idea.

23. ③에 알맞은 동사형태는?

- 1) choose 2 chose
- ③ chosen (4) have chosen
- (5) having chosen

24. 문맥상 ©에 알맞은 말은?

- ① As
- ② Although
- ③ Unless
- (4) Therefore
- (5) However

25. 문맥상 ©에 알맞은 단어형태는?

- ① publication
- 2 republic
- 3 publish
- 4) public
- (5) publicly

26. ⓐ, ⓑ, ⓒ에 순서대로 알맞은 말은?

- 1) First the other the latter
- 2 One another the last
- 3 One another the later
- 4) One the others the last
- (5) First another the latter

* 다음을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

B: Hello, Ms. Seo.

W: Hi, Minjun. Long time no see. What brings you here?

B: I nave to write a book report. Can you ___Q__ a good novel to read?

W: How about a mystery? There's a new Ken Kuller book, 22nd Street.

B: Oh, I've heard of him. Can you show me the book?

W: It's in the "New Arrivals" area. It's really popular among teens in Great Britain.

B: Thank you for your help. Can I check it out?

W: Sure. You can borrow new books _______ seven days.

B: Okay.

27. 밑줄 ③과 바꾸어 쓸 수 있는 말을 2개 고르시오.

1) should

2 am going to

3 enough to

4 ought to

(5) am able to

28. 문맥상 빈칸 ©에 알맞은 말은?

(1) order

② imagine

3 blame

(4) recommend

(5) command

29. ©에 '-동안'이라는 의미로 <u>가장</u> 알맞은 전치사 는?

(1) down

② out

(3) in

(4) after

(5) for

※ 다음을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Dong-ju decided to study ____ in the country where his father had studied before. So, in 1942, Dong-ju and his cousin began to study in Japan. On July 10 the following year, his cousin was arrested by the Japanese police for taking part in an _____ movement. Four days later, Dong-ju was _____ arrested on the same charges. In 1945, Dong-ju and his cousin died in prison after harsh treatment by the police. It was just a few months later that Korea achieved independence from Japan.

30. ⊙에 '-더 많이'라는 뜻으로 알맞은 단어는?

① far

② farther

(3) further

(4) furthest

(5) farthest

31. 문맥상 ©에 알맞은 단어형태는?

1 dependence

2 depend

③ independently

(4) independence

(5) dependently

32. 문맥상 ©에 알맞은 말은?

(1) also

② always

3 thoroughly

4 often

(5) hardly

정답 및 해설

1) [정답] ①

[해설] @ 빈칸 뒤에 주어가 빠진 불완전한 문장이 나 왔으므로 관계대명사 which가 적절하다. ⓑ 세 개를 나열할 때 하나는 one, 또 하나는 another, 마지막 하나는 the other 또는 the last one으로 나타낸다. 따라서 another이 적절 하다. ⓒ 그의 교수는 일본 정부가 출판을 허가 하지 않으리라 여겨, 그의 계획에 '반대하는' 충 고를 했다는 의미로 against가 적절하다.

2) [정답] ②

[해설] 본문의 ~he wished to publish 19 of his poems under the title, Heaven, Wind, Stars, and Poetry. 부분을 통해 A가 의미하는 것은 ' 그의 시 19개를 출판하는 것'을 의미한다.

3) [정답] ⑤

[해설] 주어진 문장은 '그는 정말로 그 희귀한 책을 한 부 갖고 싶었던 것이다.'이고, 주어진 문장 앞 으로는 '그 희귀한 책'을 의미하는 것이 나와야 하므로 (E)에 들어가는 것이 가장 자연스럽다.

4) [정답] ③

[해설] @ 뒤에 완전한 문장이 나오고 있고, 앞에 선 행사가 poetry이므로 관계부사 where을 써야 한 다. ⓑ the last one(마지막 책 한 부)는 보관되 는 대상이므로 수동태 was kept로 써야 한다. @ '경찰에 의해' 체포된 것이므로 the Japanese police 앞에 전치사 by를 넣어야 한다. @ [It + be동사 ~ that …] 강조구문이므로 That이 아닌 It을 써야 한다.

5) [정답] ⑤

[해설] How would you like your hair done?(머리 를 어떻게 해줄까?)라고 했으므로 A의 직업은 ⑤ '미용사'이다. ① 요리사 ② 배우 ③ 가수 ④ 선 생님

6) [정답] ④

[해설] 주어진 문장은 '저를 위해 하나 추천해 주시겠 어요?'이고, 이에 대한 응답으로 '이걸 보렴. 이 스타일은 어떠니? 너에게 잘 어울릴 거야.'가 이 어지는 것이 자연스러우므로 주어진 문장이 @에 들어가는 것이 가장 적절하다.

7) [정답] ②

[해설] ① 동주는 '1917년'에 태어났다. ③ '친구들의 유니폼에 번호를 바느질 해주었다.'④ 동주는 어 렸을 때 '축구'를 했다. ⑤ '사촌과 문학잡지를 만 들었다'.

8) [정답] ③

- [해설] 주어진 문장은 '그러나 그가 가장 사랑한 것은 문학이었다.'이고, 이후에 그의 문학 관련 활동에 관한 내용이 나와야 하므로 ©에 들어가는 것이 적절하다.
- 9) [정답] He really wanted to have his own copy of the rare book.
- [해설] 질문은 '동주는 왜 시집을 필사했나요?'이고, 윗글의 He really wanted to have his own copy of the rare book.문장이 질문에 대한 답 이 될 수 있다.

10) [정답] ①

- [해설] 빈칸 뒤 문장은 앞에서 서술한 내용을 요약, 정리하고 있으므로 ① '요컨대', 문학은 이전에 가 본 적이 없는 새로운 세계를 우리 앞에 펼쳐 준다는 것이 적절하다.
- 11) [정답] @ plays, poems, novels, or cartoons (b) people
- [해설] @ 희곡, 시, 소설 또는 만화 ® 사람들

12) [정답] ③

[해설] ① 'Ken Kuller'이다. ② 민준이는 '학교 도서 관'에서 책을 빌렸다. ④ 영화는 '다음 주 목요일 에' 개봉될 예정이다. ⑤ '민준이와 지나'가 다음 주 목요일에 영화관에 갈 것이다.

13) [정답] ④

[해설] 민준의 대사 '그는 훌륭한 작가야. ④ '나는 이 책에 빠지지 않을 거야.'는 어색하다. ①,② 나는 이 책을 읽지 않을 수 없어. ③ 나는 이 책을 읽 는 것을 멈출 수 없어. ⑤ 나는 이 책을 읽을 수 밖에 없어.

14) [정답] ②

[해설] ① 주어가 단수명사 the poem이고, 남아 있는 것은 현재시제이므로 remains로 고쳐야 한다. ③ want는 목적격 보어 자리에 to부정사를 취하므로 to be가 적절하다. ④ '~에게'라는 의미의 전치사 to를 his favorite professor 앞에 넣어야 한다. ⑤ thought와 시제 일치시켜 will을 would로 고 쳐야 한다.

15) [정답] ⑤

[해설] ① '윤동주'가 썼다. ② '문학'을 가장 사랑했 다. ③ '문학잡지를 만들었다'. ④ '3부'를 만들었 다.

16) [정답] ③

[해설] 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 ③ '무슨 일로 여기 온 거 니?'가 가장 적절하다. ① 어떻게 지내니? ② 어 떻게 지냈니? ④ 왜 늦었어? ⑤ 거기에서 얼마나 지냈어?

17) [정답] ④

[해설] 민준이는 Ken Kuller에 대해서 이미 들어본 적 있다.

18) [정답] ①

[해설] (A)가 뜻하는 것은 To celebrate his graduation, he wished to publish 19 of his poems under the title, Heaven, Wind, Stars, and Poetry.에서 알 수 있다.

19) [정답] ②

[해설] ① 동주의 교수는 동주가 시를 '출판하는 것' 을 반대했다. ③ 동주는 '졸업'기념으로 시집을 출간하기를 원했다. ④ 동주는 자신이 만든 책을 '한 부는 가까운 친구인 정병욱, 또 한 부는 그가 가장 좋아하는 교수에게 주고, 마지막 하나는 자 신이 보관했다'. ⑤ '일본 정부가 출판하는 걸 허 가하지 않으리라 여겨 교수가 동주의 계획에 반 대하는 충고를 했다.'

20) [정답] ④

[해설] (A) 동주의 아버지가 일본에서 공부한 것은 동 주가 그곳에서 공부하기로 결심한 것보다 먼저 일어난 일이므로 과거완료 had studied로 쓴다. (B) 목적어 part가 있으므로 능동형 동명사로 쓴 다. (C) 강조되는 대상이 시간의 부사구이므로 that이나 when이 가능하다.

21) [정답] ④

[해설] Q: 언제 동주는 일본 경찰에게 체포당했는가? - 이 글에서 동주는 1942년에 그의 사촌과 일본 에서 공부를 시작했으며, 다음 해(1943년) 7월 10일에 그의 사촌이, 나흘 뒤 동주가 일본 경찰 에게 체포되었다고 했으므로 그는 '1943년 7월 14일'에 체포되었다고 답할 수 있다.

22) [정답] ③

[해설] (C) 동주의 아버지는 일본에서 공부했다. (D) 동주의 사촌은 경찰에게 체포되었다. (E) 동주는 경찰에게 체포되었다. (A) 동주는 감옥에서 사망 했다. (B) 한국은 독립을 했다.

23) [정답] ②

[해설] 시제가 과거이므로 choose의 과거형 chose를 써야 한다.

24) [정답] ⑤

[해설] 책 세 부를 손으로 만들어 친구와 교수에게 한 권씩 주고, 마지막 하나는 자신이 보관했지만, 그 의 교수는 일본 정부가 출판을 허가하지 않으리 라 여겨, 그의 계획에 반대하는 충고를 했다는 맥락으로 역접의 연결사 However이 적절하다. ① 왜냐하면, ~때, ~할수록 ② 비록 ~일지라도 ③ 만약 ~이 아니라면 ④ 그러므로

25) [정답] ①

[해설] 관사 the 뒤 자리이므로 '출판'이라는 의미의 명사가 들어가야 한다. ② 공화국 ③ 출판하다 ④ 대중의, 대중 ⑤ 공공연하게

26) [정답] ②

[해설] 세 개를 나열할 때 하나는 one, 또 하나는 another, 마지막 하나는 the other 또는 the last one으로 나타낸다.

27) [정답] ①, ④

[해설] have to는 '~해야 한다'라는 의미로 should와 ought to와 동일한 의미이다. ② ~할 예정이다 ③ ~할 만큼 충분한 ⑤ ~할 수 있다

28) [정답] ④

[해설] 빈칸이 포함된 문장에 대한 답변으로 W가 소 설을 추천하고 있으므로 '읽기에 좋은 소설을 추 천해주시겠어요?'라고 물어야 한다. 따라서 recommend가 들어가는 것이 적절하다. ① 주문 하다 ② 상상하다 ③ 비난하다 ⑤ 명령하다

29) [정답] ⑤

[해설] ① 아래에 ② 밖으로 ③ ~안에 ④ ~후에 ⑤ ~ 동안

30) [정답] ③

[해설] ⊙ '(정도, 범위 면에서) 더 나아간'이라는 의 미의 비교급 further이 알맞다. ② farther은 ' (거리상) 더 먼'이라는 의미이다.

31) [정답] ④

[해설] 관사 an 뒤에 위치하므로 '독립'이라는 의미의 명사 independence가 적절하다. ① 의존 ② 의 존하다 ③ 독립적으로 ⑤ 의존적으로

32) [정답] ①

[해설] 동주의 사촌이 독립운동에 가담했다는 이유로 일본 경찰에게 체포되었고, 나흘 뒤 동주도 '또한 ' 같은 혐의로 체포되었다는 맥락으로 also가 들 어가는 것이 적절하다. ② 항상 ③ 철저하게 ④ 자주 ⑤ 거의 ~아니다