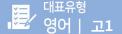
문법&독해



4.Preparing for Weather_YBM(박준언)



◇「콘텐츠산업 진흥법 시행령」제33조에 의한 표시

1) 제작연월일 : 2019-05-21

2) 제작자 : 교육지대㈜

3) 이 콘텐츠는 「콘텐츠산업 진흥법」에 따라 최초 제작일부터 5년간 보호됩니다.

◇「콘텐츠산업 진흥법」외에도「저작권법」에 의하여 보호 되는 콘텐츠의 경우, 그 콘텐츠의 전부 또는 일부를 무 단으로 복제하거나 전송하는 것은 콘텐츠산업 진흥법 외에도 저작권법에 의한 법적 책임을 질 수 있습니다.



핵심문법

분사구문, 관계부사 where

- 분사구문
- → 분사가 이끄는 구가 접속사+주어+동사 의 역할을 할 때 분사구문이라고 한다.
- → 분사구문은 1)접속사를 없애고 2)주절의 주어와 종속절의 주어가 같은 경우 종속절의 주어를 없애고 3) 종속절의 동사를 분사의 형태로 바꾸면 된다.
 - ex. Because I am sick, I can't go to school. (Being) sick, I can't go to school.
- 관계부사 where
- → 관계부사는 '접속사+부사(구)'의 역할을 하며, 두 문장을 연결한다. 선행사가 '장소'이고 완전한 절을 이끈다.
 - ex. This is the place where they first met.

This is the place at which they first met.

This is the place which they first met at.



대표유형 시험에 자주 출제되는 유형의 문제를 꼭 확인하세요!!

- [독해] 지칭하는 대상이 다른 것 고르기
- ★❷ [독해] 글의 내용과 일치/일치하지 않는 보기 고르기
- ★❸ [독해] 글을 읽고 심경 고르기
 - 4 [독해] 주어진 문장이 들어갈 곳 고르기
 - **⑤** [독해] 빈 칸에 들어갈 적절한 접속사 고르기
 - ❸ [문법] 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 적절하지 않은 것 고르기
- ★️ [문법] 분사구문을 이용하여 영작하기

독해유형 지칭하는 대상이 다른 것 고르기

밑줄 친 부분이 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다 른 것은?

The water was now flowing quickly into Christine's house. Mike was now too weak to swim, having already swum several hours to find (1) his way back to land after being washed out to sea. As 2) he sensed the end was near, Mike wrote the note that Christine found. Finishing the note, Mike almost gave up on his life, when 3 he saw through the window a boat approaching. "Help!", 4 he shouted with all his remaining strength. The man on the boat heard the voice and finally Mike was rescued. ⑤ He took Mike home and gave him food and warm clothes. Survival stories like Mike's make people appreciate what they have when they are safe and sound at home with their family, leading their daily lives.

독해유형 글의 내용과 일치/일치하지 않는 보기 고르기

다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

On the day of the storm, Mike was watching the news on the television when he heard a loud noise outside. He went to the door to see what the noise was all about. As soon as he opened the door, he was not able to move. The water in the street outside his house was high and had risen quickly. In a moment, the water rose to the level of the door, starting to fill his house. And then the water carried him back to his kitchen. The entire house would soon be under water. He realized he had to escape.

- ① 폭풍이 멈췄을 때, Mike는 TV로 뉴스를 보는 중이었 다.
- ② Mike는 큰 소리를 듣고 TV를 켰다.
- ③ 문을 열자마자 길에 물이 높게 차 있었다.
- ④ Mike는 안전한 부엌으로 대피했다.
- (5) Mike는 구조를 기다려야 한다고 생각했다.

3. Hurricanes에 관한 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Hurricanes form only over ocean water that has a temperature of 26 or more degrees Celsius. This is why they are common in the tropics where water temperatures are high all year round. When warm air rises, creating low pressure over the water surface, cooler air from nearby enters to fill the area. As this process continues, the resulting clouds begin to expand, giving rise to rains and thunderstorms. The thunderstorms then begin to move in circles around a central point, due to the rotation of Earth.

This point is called a tropical depression. As the tropical depression moves over warmer waters, the clouds expand and the winds begin to build up speed, becoming a "tropical storm." As the storm grows, the wind increases, achieving speeds of as much as 118 kilometers per hour. At this point the storm officially becomes a hurricane. It is now a huge storm that can be seen from space. Interestingly enough, the storm has a calm center, which is called the "eye."

- ① 주로 열대 바다에서 형성된다.
- ② 비와 뇌우를 발생하게 한다.
- ③ 지구 자전으로 인해 원을 그리며 움직이게 된다.
- ④ 시속 118킬로미터 정도일 때 공식적으로 허리케인이 된 다.
- ⑤ 대기 공간에서 관측되며 중심부는 평온하다.

독해유형 글을 읽고 심경 고르기

4. 다음 글에서 드러난 Mike의 심경으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Whoever reads this, I'm DYING - I'm 28 years old. My name is Mike. I had to break into your house. I am vary cold. I didn't take anything. A wave threw me out of my house down the block. I don't think I'm going to make it. The water outside is at least 10 feet deep. I can not be rescued. Tell my dad I love him and I tried to get out. His number is ***-***. His name is Tony. I hope you can read this. I'm writing it in the dark. Goodbye. God help me.

- (1) lonely
- 2 relieved
- 3 hopeless

- 4 envious
- ⑤ happy

독해유형 주어진 문장이 들어갈 곳 고르기

5. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

In a moment, the water rose to the level of the door, starting to fill his house.

On the day of the storm, Mike was watching the news on the television when he heard a loud noise outside. (①) He went to the door to see what the noise was all about. (②) As soon as he opened the door, he was not able to move. The water in the street outside his house was high and had risen quickly. (③) And then the water carried him back to his kitchen. (④) The entire house would soon be under water. He realized he had to escape. As he emerged from his house, the current caught him and carried him out to sea. (⑤) He tried to swim back to an unflooded house, but the current was too strong and the waves took him out to sea again and again.

6. 다음 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가 기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

And then the water carried him back to his kitchen.

He went to the door to see what the noise was all about. (①) As soon as he opened the door, he was not able to move. (②) The water in the street outside his house was high and had risen quickly. (③) In a moment, the water rose to the level of the door, starting to fill his house. (④) The entire house would soon be under water. (⑤) He realized he had to escape.

독해유형 빈 칸에 들어갈 적절한 접속사 고르기

다음 글의 ③, ⑤에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것 은?

Christine did not know if Mike survived. She called the number on the note, but no one got the phone. She then posted the note and the story on her SNS. The sad message was passed from person to person on social media for some time, before falling into the hands of a local radio station show host. After several tries, the radio show host finally found the exact position of Mike and heard his story.

On the day of the storm, Mike was watching the news on the television when he heard a loud noise outside. He went to the door to see what the noise was all about. ____@___ he opened the door, he was not able to move. The water in the street outside his house was high and had risen quickly. __________, the water rose to the level of the door, starting to fill his house. And then the water carried him back to his kitchen. The whole house would soon be under water. He realized he had to escape.

(a) **b** ① Once Before long 2 Until Otherwise (3) As soon as Similarly 4 As soon as Instead ⑤ Though In short

문법유형 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 적절하지 않은 것 고르기

8. 다음 글에서 밑줄 친 ① ~ ⑥ 중에 어법 상 틀린 부분이 있는 것을 <u>두 개 골라 그 번호를 쓰고</u>, 각각 옳게 고쳐서 밑줄 친 부분 전체를 다시 쓰시오.

Every year, newspapers from around the world cover huge ocean storms ① which hit different regions. These storms 2 leave thousands of people injured or dead, while getting others 3 run away from their homes. They also give rise to amazing stories of survival. Here is a story of a young man 4) who survived Hurricane Sandy, one of the most violent storms ever to hit the United States. A lady named Christine at Toms River, New Jersey, where the hurricane hit hard, ⑤ were

enough lucky to escape from her house before the storm hit. When she returned to her damaged house, 6 after the storm had passed, she found a note.

틀린번호: ()	→	
틀린번호: ()	→	

* 다음을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Here is a story of a young man @ who survived Hurricane Sandy, one of the most violent storms ever to hit the United States. A lady named Christine at Toms River, New Jersey, (b) where the hurricane hit hard, was lucky enough to escape from her house before the storm hit. When she returned to her damaged house, after the storm © had passed, she found a note.

Whoever reads this, I'm DYING - I'm 28 years old. My name is Mike. I had to break into your house. I am vary cold. I didn't take anything. A wave threw me out of my house down the block. I don't think I'm going to make it. The water outside is at least 10 feet deep. I cannot be rescued. Tell my dad I love him and I tried to get out. His number is ***-***. His name is Tony. I hope you can read this. I'm writing it in the dark. Goodbye. God help me.

Christine did not know @ if Mike survived. She called the number on the note, but no one answered. She then posted the note and the story on her SNS. The sad message made the rounds on social media for some time, before @ having fallen into the hands of a local radio station show host. After several tries, the radio show host finally located Mike and heard his story.

위 글의 밑줄 친 @~@중 어법상 <u>틀린</u> 것은?

- (1) (a)
- ② **b**
- (3) (c)

- (4) (d)
- (5) (e)

문법유형 분사구문을 이용하여 영작하기

* 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

On the day of the storm, Mike was watching the news on the television when he heard a loud noise outside. He went to the door to see what the noise was all about. As soon as he opened the door, he was not able to move. The water in the street outside his house was high and had risen quickly. In a moment, the water rose to the level of the door, and it started to fill his house. And then the water carried him back to his kitchen. The entire house would soon be under water. He realized he had to escape.

As he emerged from his house, the current caught him and carried him out to sea. He tried to swim back to an unflooded house, but the current was too strong and the waves took him out to sea again and again.

After hours of fighting against the water, he was finally able to find his way to Christine's house.

(A) While he shivered with cold, Mike wrapped his body in the blankets that were on the chair. He was thirsty because he had swallowed so much salt water. He could find nothing to drink. Mike picked up the phone to call his family, but it did not work. The water was now flowing quickly into Christine's house. He was now too weak to swim, as he had already swum several hours to find his way back to land after being washed out to sea.

(B) As he sensed the end was near, Mike wrote the note that Christine found.

(C) After he finished the note, Mike almost gave up on his life, when he saw through the window a boat approaching. "Help!" he shouted with all his remaining strength. The man on the boat heard the voice and finally Mike was rescued. He took Mike home and gave him food and warm clothes.

10. 윗글의 밑줄 친 (A), (B), (C)를 각각 같은 의미가 되도록 분사구문으로 고쳐 쓰시오.

(A))	
(B))	
(C))	

정답 및 해설

1) [정답] ⑤

[해설] ①, ②, ③, ④는 Mike를 지칭하고, ⑤는 바로 앞의 The man을 지칭한다.

2) [정답] ③

[해설] ①, ② 허리케인이 닥친 날 Mike는 뉴스를 보다가 밖에서 나는 큰 소리를 들었다. ④ Mike는 물에 휩쓸려 부엌까지 다시 밀려갔다. ⑤ 그는 탈출해야 한다는 것을 깨달았다.

3) [정답] ⑤

[해설] 우주에서 관측되는 거대한 폭풍이다.

4) [정답] ③

[해설] 허리케인에 의해 멀리까지 떠내려 온 상황이므로 절망적인(hopeless) 상황이다.

5) [정답] ③

[해설] 집 밖 길에 물이 높았고, 곧 물은 현관문 높이 까지 차오르더니 집을 메우기 시작했다. 그리고 집을 메운 그 물에 휩쓸려 Mike는 부엌까지 다시 밀려갔다.

6) [정답] ④

[해설] 물은 현관문 높이까지 차오르더니, 집을 메우기 시작했다. 그리고, Mike는 (집을 메우기 시작한) 그 물에 휩쓸려 부엌까지 다시 밀려간 상황이다.

7) [정답] ①

- [해설] ⓐ 문을 열자마자 (Once) 그는 움직일 수 없었다, ⓑ 머지않아(Before long), 물은 현관문 높이까지 차올랐다.
- 8) [정답] ③ to run away from their homes, ⑤ was lucky enough to escape
- [해설] ③ get은 준사역동사로 목적격 보어로 to 부정사를 쓴다, ⑤ [형용사 + enough + to 부정사]는 '~할 만큼 충분히…하다'의 의미이고, 문장의 주어는 A lady이므로 (named ~hard는 수식어구) 단수동사 was를 쓰는 것이 적절하다.

9) [정답] ⑤

[해설] ⑥는 분사구문으로, having fallen의 형태로 쓰였으므로 주절의 시제보다 먼저 일어난 일임을 알 수 있다. 하지만, ⑥의 문장을 해석해보면 '그슬픈 메시지가 소셜미디어를 통해 퍼져나갔고, (그 후에) 한 지역 라디오 방송국의 프로그램 진행자의 손에 들어갔다'는 의미로 주절이 먼저 일어난 일임을 알 수 있다. 그러므로 'having fallen'의 완료 분사구문을 'having'으로 바꿔야

한다.

10) [정답] (A) Shivering with cold, (B) Sensing the end was near, (C) Finishing the note [해설] 주절과 부사절의 주어가 같을 때, 부사절의 접 속사와 주어를 생략하고 현재분사/과거분사로 바꾸어 분사구문을 만들 수 있다.