



◇「콘텐츠산업 진흥법 시행령」제33조에 의한 표시
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2) 제작자 : 교육지대(주)
3) 이 콘텐츠는 「콘텐츠산업 진흥법」에 따라 최초 제작일부터 5년간 보호됩니다.

◇「콘텐츠산업 진흥법」외에도「저작권법」에 의하여 보호되는 콘텐츠의 경우, 그 콘텐츠의 전부 또는 일부를 무단으로 복제하거나 전송하는 것은 콘텐츠산업 진흥법 외에도 저작권법에 의한 법적 책임을 질 수 있습니다.



핵심문법

가정법 과거완료와 동격의 of, that

- 가정법 과거완료
→ 과거 사실과 반대되는 일이나 상황을 가정할 때 사용된다.
→ [If+주어+had p.p. ~, 주어+조동사(would/should/could/might)+have p.p.]의 형태이다.
- 동격의 of, that
→ '~한다는, ~라는'의 의미로, 명사나 명사 상당어구를 보충 설명하기 위해 명사 다음에 [of+명사(구)] 또는 that절을 사용하여 나타낸다.
→ 주로 idea, habit, dream, problem, truth, fact, news, proof, evidence, belief, conclusion등의 명사 뒤에 동격의 of, that이 쓰인다.



대표유형

시험에 자주 출제되는 유형의 문제를 꼭 확인하세요!!

- ★1 [문법] 본문에 사용된 어법의 옳고 그름 구분하기
- 2 [독해] 글의 제목으로 적절한 보기 고르기
- 3 [독해] 글의 내용과 일치하는/일치하지 않는 보기 고르기
- 4 [독해] 본문에 나오는 등장인물의 성격 파악하기
- ★5 [독해] 문단 속에 주어진 문장의 적절한 위치 찾기
- ★6 [독해] 글의 순서를 올바르게 배열하기
- ★7 [독해] 문맥상 적절한/적절하지 않은 어휘 파악하기

문법유형 본문에 사용된 어법의 옳고 그름 구분하기

★★★

1. (A), (B), (C)의 각 괄호 안에서 어법상 올바른 것 끼리 짝지은 것은?

Captain Sullenberger received thousands of letters after the accident. His wife Lorrie's favorite one read: "Dearest Captain Sullenberger. Big Apple hero. Yesterday I received a message from my 84-year-old father who lives on the 30th floor of a building with river views here in Manhattan. If you had not landed in the river, my father could not (A)[have existed / exist] in this world now. As a Holocaust survivor, my father taught me that to save a life is to save a world as you never know (B)[what / who] the person you've saved will go on to contribute to the peace and healing of the world." The final report by the National Transportation Safety Board on the accident credited the outcome to four factors. The first one was a good decision by the pilots. The second one was the fact that the plane carried life vests and additional rafts and slides, (C)[despite / although] they were not required for that route.

making it suitable for an extended overwater operation. The third one was the performance of the flight crew during the evacuation. And the last one was the closeness of working boats to the landing site, which was crucial for a fast response from the ferry operators and emergency workers.

- | | (A) | (B) | (C) |
|----------------|------|----------|-----|
| ① exist | what | although | |
| ② exist | who | although | |
| ③ have existed | what | although | |
| ④ have existed | who | despite | |
| ⑤ have existed | what | despite | |

문법유형 본문에 사용된 어법의 옳고 그름 구분하기

★ ★ ★

2. 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것을 고르시오.

When US Airways Flight 1549 landed on New York's Hudson River on a cold winter's day, what seemed destined to be a tragedy ①becoming an extraordinary tale of success and survival. After all 155 people were pulled from the icy waters by rescue boats, a story of a miracle began ②to emerge. It was a miracle ③created with the coordinated efforts of a highly trained pilot, flight attendants, ferry operators and rescue workers.

On January 15, 2009, US Airways Flight 1549 took off from LaGuardia Airport in New York City, heading toward Charlotte, North Carolina. It was a normal takeoff in every regard. About 90 seconds after the takeoff, however, Captain Chesley Sullenberger noticed large birds ④covering the cockpit windows, from top to bottom, from left to right, and they were too close to avoid. The next moment, the birds hit the engines of the plane. "It felt like the airplane ⑤was being hit by heavy rain," Sullenberger later recalled.

독해유형 글의 제목으로 적절한 보기 고르기

★ ★ ★

3. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

The final report by the National Transportation Safety Board on the accident credited the outcome to four factors. The first one was a good decision by the pilots. The second one was the fact that the plane carried life vests and additional rafts and slides, even though they were not required for that route, making it suitable for an extended overwater operation. The third one was the performance of the flight crew during the evacuation. And the last one was the closeness of working boats to the landing site, which was crucial for a fast response from the ferry operators and emergency workers.

- ① Wise Decision at Work
- ② Life Vest: Safety and Protection
- ③ The Keys to Successful Outcome
- ④ How to be a Brave Flight Attendant
- ⑤ Main Reason for Dangerous Accidents

※다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

When the crew had cleared out all the passengers, Captain Sullenberger walked up and down the cabin twice to make sure everyone was out. Then he took a final look at his sinking plane and got on the last life raft, now filled with passengers. The lives of all 155 people on board were saved, with only two people seriously injured.

Captain Sullenberger received thousands of letters after the accident. His wife Lorrie's favorite one read: "Dearest Captain Sullenberger. Big Apple hero. Yesterday I received a message from my 84-year-old father who lives on the 30th floor of a building with river views here in Manhattan. My father could have passed away along with your other passengers, if you had not landed in the river. As a Holocaust survivor, my father taught me that to save a life is to save a world as you never know that the person you've saved will go on to contribute to the peace and healing of the world."

독해유형 글의 내용과 일치하는/일치하지 않는 보기 고르기



4. 윗글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① 모든 승객이 빠져나갔는지 확인하고자 기장은 기내를 2번 돌아다녔다.
- ② 155명이 구조되었고 그중 2명만이 심각한 부상을 입었다.
- ③ 사고 이후 설렌버거 기장은 수천 통의 편지를 받았다.
- ④ 편지 속 ‘나’는 맨해튼의 한 빌딩의 30층에 살고 있다.
- ⑤ 편지 속 ‘나’의 아버지는 홀로코스트(유대인 대학살) 생존자이다.

독해유형 본문에 나오는 등장인물의 성격 파악하기

★ ★ ★

5. **윗글을 통해 느낄 수 있는 Sullenberger의 성격은?**

- ① playful ② grumpy
③ humorous ④ indecisive
⑤ responsible

독해유형 글의 내용과 일치하는/일치하지 않는 보기 고르기

★★★

6. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Captain Sullenberger received thousands of letters after the accident. His wife Lorrie's favorite one read: "Dearest Captain Sullenberger. Big Apple hero. Yesterday I received a message from my 84-year-old father who lives on the 30th floor of a building with river views here in Manhattan. My father could have passed away along with your other passengers, if you had not landed in the river. As a Holocaust survivor, my father taught me that to save a life is to save a world as you never know that the person you've saved will go on to contribute to the peace and healing of the world."

- ① The first that Sullenberger likes most is an apple.
- ② An 84-year-old man wrote a letter to Sullenberger.
- ③ Sullenberger lives in a skyscraper in Manhattan.
- ④ The writer of the letter had a hard time going through the Holocaust.
- ⑤ The emergency landing of the flight in the river helped the writer's father avoid the disastrous airplane accident.

문법유형 본문에 사용된 어법의 옳고 그름 구분하기

★★★

7. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 틀린 것은?

① The event of a bird hitting an airplane in flight is referred to as a bird strike. Bird strikes usually occur when an airplane is flying at a low altitude, such as during takeoffs or landings because that is where most birds fly. ② Most airports adopt a system to scatter birds away, including "bird cannons" or bird alarms. In the spring and the fall, when many birds migrate, they set off bird alarms quite often, about twice an hour, from early in the morning till late in the evening. In the summer and the winter, the alarms are set off a couple of times a day.

③ What would happen if a bird were to hit an airplane in flight? The majority of bird strikes do little damage to the aircraft, although these clashes are almost always fatal to the birds involved. The most dangerous conditions arise when birds hit the jet engines of an airplane. The

birds in the engine can slow down or block the motion of the fan blades, resulting in its partial or complete failure.

④ You may wonder how can objects as small as birds can cause damage to such a large and hard object as an airplane. It all depends on the speed of the plane. Consider a 5-kilogram bird hitting an airplane flying at a speed of 275 kilometers per hour. That impact is equal to the energy of a 100-kilogram bag being dropped from a height of 15 meters. ⑤ Imagine what it would feel like to be hit by a bag weighing 100 kilograms from that height.

독해유형 문단 속에 주어진 문장의 적절한 위치 찾기

★★★

8. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

"The only smooth level place sufficiently large enough to land an airplane this size is the river," Sullenberger thought.

The airplane was about 3,000 feet over New York City when the engines failed, and the aircraft started to descend rapidly. Captain Sullenberger urgently looked for some place to land and contacted air traffic control. (①) The idea of turning back to LaGuardia was quickly dismissed because the distance and altitude required for the return could not be maintained. (②) If he had turned his plane back to LaGuardia, it would have made the emergency landing disastrous for everyone on board and people on the ground. (③) And then the Hudson River came into sight on his left. (④) That decision to go on the Hudson was made just one minute after the birds had hit. Sullenberger and his co-pilot Jeff Skiles prepared to land on the water. (⑤) A water landing is never an easy job, one that only a few airline pilots have ever accomplished safely.

독해유형 문단 속에 주어진 문장의 적절한 위치 찾기

★★★

9. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

To do so, he needed to touch down with the wings exactly level, with the nose slightly up, and at a speed that was survivable, just above the minimum flying speed but not below it.

A water landing is never an easy job, one that only a few airline pilots have ever accomplished safely. (①) In addition, Sullenberger had just three and half minutes to make it happen. (②) He recalled an airplane that landed in the Indian Ocean in 1996 and broke into pieces, killing most of the passengers on board. (③) He was determined to avoid such a disaster. (④) Most importantly, he needed to make all these things happen simultaneously. (⑤)

독해유형 글의 내용과 일치하는/일치하지 않는 보기 고르기

★★★

10. Bird Strikes에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

The event of a bird hitting an airplane in flight is referred to as a bird strike. Bird strikes usually occur when an airplane is flying at a low altitude, such as during takeoffs or landings because that is where most birds fly. Most airports adopt a system to scatter birds away, including "bird cannons" or bird alarms. In the spring and the fall, when many birds migrate, they set off bird alarms quite often, about twice an hour, from early in the morning till late in the evening. In the summer and the winter, the alarms are set off a couple of times a day.

What would happen if a bird were to hit an airplane in flight? The majority of bird strikes do little damage to the aircraft, although these clashes are almost always fatal to the birds involved. The most dangerous conditions arise when birds hit the jet engines of an airplane. The birds in the engine can slow down or block the motion of the fan blades, resulting in its partial or complete failure.

- ① 비행기가 공항에 멈춰 있을 때도 발생할 수 있다.
② 비행기의 고도가 높을 때 새와의 충돌사고 발생 위험이

더 높다.

- ③ 대부분의 공항에서 사계절 내내 새들을 쫓기 위한 알람을 울린다.
④ 여름과 겨울에 새들을 쫓기 위한 알람이 더 자주 울린다.
⑤ 대다수의 경우 항공기에 고장과 손상을 일으키는 결과를 가져온다.

독해유형 글의 순서를 올바르게 배열하기

★★★

11. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Sullenberger landed his plane between two ferry terminals so ferries and boats quickly came to the rescue. Despite his superb control of the plane, the impact was so powerful that it tore a hole under the airplane's tail. Water began to pour into the cabin.

(A) As the three flight attendants worked to calm down the panicked passengers during the evacuation, one of the passengers just kept looking at Dail, one of the flight attendants, with a very anxious face. She tried to comfort him, saying, "Be calm, and just try to breathe."

(B) Seeing that the water level was lower than the emergency exit door, Sheila Dail, one of the flight attendants, opened the door and the chute automatically came out and inflated. At the command of Captain Sullenberger to evacuate, passengers started to get out.

(C) The man later told Dail that he could not tell her how frightened he was at the moment and how comforting it was to have someone looking at him and telling him that everything was going to be fine.

- ① (A)-(C)-(B) ② (B)-(A)-(C)
③ (B)-(C)-(A) ④ (C)-(A)-(B)
⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

독해유형 글의 순서를 올바르게 배열하기

★★★

12. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

On January 15, 2009, US Airways Flight 1549 took off from LaGuardia Airport in New York City, heading toward Charlotte, North Carolina.

(A) About 90 seconds after the takeoff, however, Captain Chesley Sullenberger noticed large birds covering the cockpit windows, from top to bottom, from left to right, and they were too close to avoid.

(B) The next moment, the birds hit the engines of the plane. "It felt like the airplane was being hit by heavy rain," Sullenberger later recalled.

(C) "I felt the engine shaking, and burned bird smell was being brought into the airplane."

(D) It was a normal takeoff in every regard.

- ① (A)-(C)-(B)-(D) ② (B)-(C)-(A)-(D)
 ③ (B)-(D)-(C)-(A) ④ (D)-(A)-(B)-(C)
 ⑤ (D)-(A)-(C)-(B)

독해유형 문맥상 적절한/적절하지 않은 어휘 파악하기

★★★

13. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 (A), (B), (C)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적당한 것은?

The airplane was about 3,000 feet over New York City when the engines failed, and the aircraft started to (A) descend / ascend rapidly. Captain Sullenberger urgently looked for some place to land and contacted air traffic control. The idea of turning back to LaGuardia was quickly dismissed because the distance and (B) attitude / altitude required for the return could not be maintained. If he had turned his plane back to LaGuardia, it would have made the (C) emergence / emergency landing disastrous for everyone on board and people on the ground. And then the Hudson River came into sight on his left.

- | (A) | (B) | (C) |
|-----------|----------|-----------|
| ① descend | attitude | emergency |
| ② descend | attitude | emergence |
| ③ descend | altitude | emergency |
| ④ ascend | altitude | emergence |
| ⑤ ascend | altitude | emergency |

독해유형 문맥상 적절한/적절하지 않은 어휘 파악하기

★★★

14. (A), (B), (C)의 각 괄호 안에서 문맥상 가장 적절한 것은?

Sullenberger landed his plane between two ferry terminals so ferries and boats quickly came to the rescue. (A)[Thanks to / Despite] his superb control of the plane, the impact was so powerful that it tore a hole under the airplane's tail. Water began to pour into the cabin. Seeing that the water level was (B)[lower / higher] than the emergency exit door, Sheila Dail, one of the flight attendants, opened the door and the chute automatically came out and inflated. At the command of Captain Sullenberger to evacuate, passengers started to get out. As the three flight attendants worked to calm down the panicked passengers during the evacuation, one of the passengers just kept looking at Dail, one of the flight attendants, with a very anxious face. She tried to (C)[relax / unsettle] him, saying, "Be calm, and just try to breathe."

- | (A) | (B) | (C) |
|-------------|--------|----------|
| ① Thanks to | lower | relax |
| ② Thanks to | higher | unsettle |
| ③ Despite | lower | unsettle |
| ④ Despite | lower | relax |
| ⑤ Despite | higher | unsettle |

독해유형 문맥상 적절한/적절하지 않은 어휘 파악하기

★★★

15. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것을 고르시오.

The event of a bird hitting an airplane in flight is referred to as a bird strike. Bird strikes usually occur when an airplane is flying at a ①low altitude, such as during takeoffs or landings because that is where most birds fly. Most airports ②adopt a system to scatter birds away, including "bird cannons" or bird alarms. In the spring and the fall, when many birds ③migrate, they set off bird alarms quite often, about twice an hour, from early in the morning till late in the evening. In the summer and the winter, the

alarms are set off a couple of times a day. What would happen if a bird were to hit an airplane in flight? The majority of bird strikes do ④great damage to the aircraft, although these clashes are almost always fatal to the birds involved. The most dangerous conditions arise when birds hit the jet engines of an airplane. The birds in the engine can slow down or block the motion of the fan blades, resulting in its partial or complete ⑤failure.

정답 및 해설

1) [정답] ③

[해설] (A) 가정법 과거완료는 과거에 일어난 일을 반대로 가정하며, [If + 주어 + had + 과거분사, 주어 + 조동사의 과거형 + have + 과거분사]로 나타낸다. 앞에 if 절에서 had not landed의 형태가 있으므로, 주절에는 could not have existed가 적절하다. (B) 선행사가 따로 없기 때문에 선행사를 포함하고 있는 관계대명사 what을 사용해야 한다. (C) despite는 전치사로, 뒤에 명사(구)나 동명사(구)를 사용해야 한다. 이 문장에서는 [주어 + 동사]로 이루어진 절이 이어지므로 접속사인 although를 사용해야 한다.

2) [정답] ①

[해설] 문장의 동사가 와야 할 자리로, what seemed destined to be a tragedy가 문장의 주어이다. 그러므로 동사인 became이 와야 한다.

3) [정답] ③

[해설] 이 글은 비행기 사고에서 모든 승객이 성공적으로 구조될 수 있었던 네 가지 요인을 설명하고 있다. 따라서 '성공적인 결과의 비결'이 글의 제목으로 적절하다.

4) [정답] ④

[해설] 편지를 쓰는 것은 맨해튼의 한 빌딩의 30층에 살고 있는 84세 남성의 '자녀'이다.

5) [정답] ⑤

[해설] 마지막까지 모든 승객이 탈출했는지 확인하는 부분에서 설렌버거 기장은 '책임감 있는' 성격임을 알 수 있다.

6) [정답] ⑤

[해설] ①Big Apple Hero는 뉴욕의 영웅을 의미한다. ②84세 남성의 아들이 편지를 썼다. ③84세 남성이 맨해튼의 고층 건물에 산다. ④홀로코스트의 생존자는 84세 남성이다.

7) [정답] ④

[해설] 문장의 성분으로 들어가는 간접 의문문의 어순은 「의문사 + 주어 + 동사」이기 때문에, You may wonder how objects as small as birds can cause great damage to such a large and hard object as an airplane.로 바꿔야 한다.

8) [정답] ④

[해설] 주어진 글은 '설렌버거는 생각했다. "이 정도 크기의 비행기가 착륙할 만큼 충분히 넓고 평평한 곳은 저 강뿐이다."'이다. ④ 앞 뒤의 문장을

보면, 앞에서는 그의 왼편으로 허드슨강이 시야에 들어왔다고 하였고, 뒤에서는 허드슨강에 착륙하기로 한 결정을 언급하고 있다. 문맥상 허드슨강이 설렌버거의 시야에 들어오자 그는 지금 착륙할 곳은 저 강뿐이라고 말한 뒤, 허드슨 강에 착륙하기로 결정했다는 흐름이 자연스럽다. 따라서 주어진 글은 ④에 오는 것이 적절하다.

9) [정답] ④

[해설] 주어진 글은 '그렇게 하기 위해' 비행기 조종을 어떻게 해야 하는지를 설명하고 있다. 'To do so'라고 했으므로 이에 대한 설명이 주어진 글 앞에 나와야 한다. ④ 앞의 문장에서, '그렇게 하는 것'은 'to avoid such a disaster(그러한 참사를 피하는 것)'을 의미함을 알 수 있다. 따라서 주어진 글은 ④에 오는 것이 적절하다.

10) [정답] ③

[해설] ① 버드 스트라이크는 비행기가 비행 중에 일어나는 일이다. ② 비행기의 고도가 낮을 때 발생할 확률이 더 높다. ④ 봄과 가을에 더 자주 올린다. ⑤ 대다수의 경우 비행기에는 별다른 피해를 입히지 않는다.

11) [정답] ②

[해설] 주어진 글은 설렌버거 기장이 비행기를 착륙시켰고, 기체의 꼬리 아래 부분에 구멍이 뚫려 물이 기내로 쏟아져 들어오기 시작했다고 알려준다. 그 다음으로 (B)가 와서, 활송 장치가 펼쳐지고 기장의 탈출 명령에 따라 승객들이 기체를 빠져나가는 모습이 서술되고 있다. 이어서 (A) 빠져나가면서 불안해하는 승객들을 승무원들이 진정시키고, 매우 불안해하는 한 승객을 승무원이 진정시켜주는 모습이 묘사되고 있다. 마지막으로 그 사람의 개인 사정이 설명되고 있는 (C)가 오는 것이 적절하다.

12) [정답] ④

[해설] 2009년 1월 15일, 유에스 에어웨이 1549편 비행기는 뉴욕시의 라파디아 공항을 이륙하여 노스 캐롤라이나 주의 샬럿으로 향했다. (D) 모든 면에서 정상적인 이륙이었다. (A) 그러나 이륙한지 90초가량 지나자, 기장 체슬리 설렌버거는 갑자기 거대한 새 떼가 조종석 창문을 상하좌우 가득 메우는 것을 발견했다. (B) 다음 순간, 새 떼는 비행기의 엔진을 강타했다. (C) "엔진이 떨리는 것이 느껴졌지요. 그리고 새가 타는 냄새가 비행기 안으로 들어오고 있었습니다."

13) [정답] ③

[해설] (A) 엔진이 멈추었다고 했으므로, 비행기가 곧 빠르게 '하강하기(descend)' 시작했다고 하는 것이 적절하다. ascend는 '상승하다, 오르다'라는 뜻이다. (B) 비행기가 회항하는데 필요한 것은 태

도(attitude)가 아니라 ‘고도(altitude)’이다. (C) ‘비상(emergency)’착륙으로 인해 비행기에 타고 있던 모든 승객들과 지상에 있던 사람들에게 처 참한 결과를 낳았을 것이라고 하는 것이 자연스럽다. emergence는 ‘출현, 발생’이라는 뜻이다.

14) [정답] ④

[해설] (A) 그의 뛰어난 조종술에도 ‘불구하고 (despite)’ 충격이 너무나 강력하여 기체의 꼬리 아래 부분에 구멍이 뚫렸다. thanks to는 ‘~덕분에’라는 뜻이다. (B) 수면이 비상구보다 ‘낮은 (lower)’ 위치에 있는 것을 보고, 승무원 중 한 사람인 설라 데일이 문을 열자 활송 장치가 자동으로 튀어나와 펼쳐졌다. (C) 데일은 그를 ‘안심 시키려고(relax)’ 하면서 이렇게 말했다. “침착하세요. 그저 호흡을 유지하려고 노력하세요.” unsettle은 ‘(사람을) 불안하게 하다’라는 뜻이다.

15) [정답] ④

[해설] 뒤에 반대의 의미를 나타내는 접속사 although가 있으므로, 접속사 although가 이끄는 절의 내용과 반대되어야 한다. although 절에서 버드 스트라이크가 새에게 치명적이라고 했으므로, 앞 문장에는 버드 스트라이크가 비행기에 피해를 ‘주지 않는다고’ 해야 적절하다. 따라서 great를 little(거의 ~아닌) 정도의 단어로 바꿔야 한다.