01 다음 단어의 뜻이 바르지 <u>않은</u> 것을 고르시오.

① place - 두다,놓다
② front desk - 안내데스크
③ floor - 바닥
④ improve - 증가시키다
⑤ national - 국가의

02 다음중 품사가 <u>다른</u> 하나를 고르시오.

① possibly
② easily
③ friendly
④ regularly
⑤ wisely

03 다음 주어진 문장을 바르게 해석하시오.

| ■ We need to eat regular meals. |

→ _____

_____

| ■ Saying goodbye, she got on the train. |

→ _____

04 다음 밑줄친 부분의 의도로 적절한 것은?

A: Excuse me. Do you know how to do it?
B: Sure. It's simple. Just insert the money.
A: OK. <u>I can't thank you enough.</u>
B: Don't mention it.

① 조언 구하기
② 감사 표현하기
③ 당부하기
④ 부탁하기
⑤ 궁금증 표현하기

05 다음 대화의 순서를 바르게 배열한 것은?

(A) OK.
(B) Excuse me. I want to return these books.
Do you know how to do it?
(C) Then just take your card out.
(D) Sure. It's simple. First, insert the library
card into the machine. Second, put the books
in the box.
(E) I really appreciate your help.

① (C)-(A)-(D)-(B)-(E)
② (C)-(B)-(A)-(E)-(D)
③ (A)-(E)-(C)-(B)-(D)
④ (B)-(D)-(A)-(C)-(E)
⑤ (B)-(A)-(E)-(D)-(C)

[06-09]

G: Excuse me, but what's this robot for?
B: Oh, it's a robot that finds books for you.
G: Really? Can you tell me how to use (A)<u>it</u>?
B: Sure. First, place your library card on the
robot's screen.
G: OK.
B: Second, type (가) 당신이 찾고 있는 책의 제목
and then press ENTER.
G: Is that all?
B: Yes. Then, the robot will find the book and
take (B)<u>it</u> to the front desk.
G: So I can just go to the front desk and get the
book?
B: Right. It's so easy, isn't it?
G: Yes, it's really amazing. Thank you.

06 위 대화를 읽고, 다음 질문에 우리말로 답하시오.

Q. What does the robot do?

→ _____

07 위 밑줄친 (A),(B)가 무엇을 가리키는지 찾아쓰시오.

(A) it : _____

(B) it : _____

08 위 (가)를 바르게 영작하시오.

→ _____

_____

09 위 대화문의 내용과 일치하지 <u>않는</u> 것을 고르시오.
① The boy told Lucy how to use the robot.
② The robot tells us where the books are.
③ Lucy agrees that it's easy to use the robot.
④ The robot has a "ENTER" button.
⑤ The robot can't take them to the front desk.

[10-11]
의미상 자연스러운 문장이 되도록 연결하고,
문장을 쓴 다음 해석하시오.

| As spring comes, | it rained all day. |

| As the weather forecaster predicted, | it gets warmer and warmer. |

10

→ _____

_____

해석 _____

11

→ _____

_____

해석 _____

12 다음중 어법상 바르지 <u>않은</u> 문장을 고르시오.
① Walking along the street, I saw a man with five dogs.
② Waving his hand, he walked out of the house.
③ Eating a sandwich, she waited for the train.
④ Sitting on the grass, the girl fed birds in the park.
⑤ She was drinking coffee, watched TV.

[13-17]

Have you ever visited an online bookstore and been surprised (가) the books that the store recommend (나) you? Many of them looked interesting to you. So how did the bookstore know what you liked? This is all possible ㉠[because / because of] big data.
Simply collecting data, however, is not enough. (A)빅데이터는 분석되어야 하는데, 이것은 빅데이터 전문가들에 의해서 이루어진다.
Using various methods, experts analyze big data and draw meaningful results from it. These results then can be used to make decisions or to predict the future.

13 위 (A)를 해석에 맞게 영작하시오.

→ _____

_____

14 위 ㉠의 어법상 올바른 형태를 고르고, 이유를 서술하시오.

[because / because of]

→ _____

_____

15 위 (가)와 (나)에 들어갈 적절한 전치사를 고르시오.

	(가)	(나)
①	by	about
②	to	at
③	by	for
④	for	about
⑤	for	at

16 위 본문을 읽고, 다음 질문에 우리말로 답하시오.

> What do big data experts do?

→ _____

_____

17 다음 영영풀이에 해당하는 단어를 위 본문에서 찾아쓰시오.

> action of buying something

→ _____

> to tell in advance what will happen

→ _____

[18-20]

Are you a sports fan?
Well, big data is improving the performance of players, making sports more exciting.
A famous example is Germany's national soccer team. The team built a database by collecting and analyzing a huge amount of data on players. _____(가)_____ , the data included information about how much each player ran and how long he had the ball.
(나)이 데이터베이스의 도움으로, Germany's national soccer team was able to improve its performance and win the 2014 World Cup.

18 위 본문을 읽고, 다음 질문에 우리말로 답하시오.

> How did Germany's national soccer team build a database?

→ _____

_____

19 위 (나)를 바르게 영작하시오.

→ _____

_____

20 위 (가)에 들어갈 적절한 연결사를 고르시오.
① In addition to
② However
③ For instance
④ Furthermore
⑤ Even though

– THE END –

[정답]

1. ④

2. ③

3. 우리는 규칙적인 식사를 할 필요가 있다. / 그녀는 작별인사를 하면서 기차를 탔다.

4. ②

5. ④

6. 책을 찾아준다.

7. (A) a robot / (B) the book

8. the title of the book you're looking for

9. ⑤

10-11.
As spring comes, it gets warmer and warmer. (봄이 오면 점점 더 따뜻해진다.) / As the weather forecaster predicted, it rained all day. (기상 예보관이 예측한대로, 하루종일 비가 왔다.)

12. ⑤

13. Big data has to be analyzed, and this is done by big data experts.

14. because of / 뒤에 명사가 오므로 전치사가 와야한다.

15. ③

16. 빅데이터를 분석하고, 그것으로부터 의미있는 결과들을 도출한다.

17. purchase / predict

18. 선수들에 관한 엄청난 양의 데이터를 모으고 분석함으로써

19. With the help of this database,

20. ③

- THE END -