



1. Learn from Failures_YBM(한상호)



◇「콘텐츠산업 진흥법 시행령」제33조에 의한 표시
 1) 제작연월일 : 2020-01-06
 2) 제작자 : 교육지대(주)
 3) 이 콘텐츠는 「콘텐츠산업 진흥법」에 따라 최초
 제작일부터 5년간 보호됩니다.

◇「콘텐츠산업 진흥법」외에도「저작권법」에 의하여 보호
 되는 콘텐츠의 경우, 그 콘텐츠의 전부 또는 일부를 무
 단으로 복제하거나 전송하는 것은 콘텐츠산업 진흥법
 외에도 저작권법에 의한 법적 책임을 질 수 있습니다.



핵심문법

관계대명사의 계속적 용법과 완료부정사

- 관계대명사의 계속적 용법: , which
 → 관계대명사 앞에 콤마(,)와 함께 쓰며, 선행사에 대한 설명을 보충할 때 사용한다.
 → 관계대명사의 계속적 용법에서 관계대명사는 두 문장을 이어주는 접속사의 역할과 선행사를 가리키는 대명사의 역할을
 동시에 한다.
 → 관계대명사 that은 계속적 용법으로 사용할 수 없다.
- 완료부정사: [to + have + p.p]
 → 완료부정사는 to부정사구의 시제가 주절의 시제보다 한 시제 앞설 때 쓴다.



대표유형

시험에 자주 출제되는 유형의 문제를 꼭 확인하세요!!

- ★① [문법] 관계대명사의 계속적 용법 파악하기
- ★② [문법] 본문에 사용된 어법의 옳고 그름 구분하기
- ③ [독해] 논리적 흐름에 맞게 빈칸에 들어갈 말 고르기
- ★④ [독해] 글의 내용을 읽고 흐름상 적절한 위치 고르기
- ⑤ [독해] 글을 읽고 요약문의 빈칸에 적절한 단어 고르기
- ★⑥ [독해] 글의 흐름과 어울리지 않는 문장 고르기
- ⑦ [독해] 글의 내용과 일치하는/일치하지 않는 보기 고르기

문법유형 관계대명사의 계속적 용법 파악하기

★★★

1. 밑줄 친 (A)와 쓰임이 같은 것은?

When she was 19, however, Vera Wang failed to make the U.S. Olympic team and quit figure skating. She experienced a brutal letdown. While staying in Paris, she happened to discover her passion for and talent in fashion design, (A) which led her to move to fashion as a career. After returning to America, she started working as a salesperson in a clothing store. Developing her career from editor of a fashion magazine to design director for a global brand for about 20 years, she eventually ended up designing clothes on her own.

- ① Which one do you want to have?
- ② Which do you want, blue or red?
- ③ He didn't tell me which he had chosen.
- ④ He went for the book, which was not in the library.
- ⑤ I can't remember which parking lot I left my car in.

문법유형 본문에 사용된 어법의 옳고 그름 구분하기

★★★

2. 밑줄 친 ㉠~㉥ 중, 어법상 잘못된 부분을 포함하고 있는 것은?

Still, ㉠ wouldn't it be even better if we could be successful without ever failing? We may think so, but in the end, ㉡ performing without failure doesn't necessarily produce lasting success. ㉢ All success with no failure often leads a person to arrogance and carelessness. As a result, the always successful person or organization could suddenly encounter a disaster. Between the 1960s and the 1980s, ㉣ NASA, the U.S. agency in charge of researching and exploring space, completing one successful mission after another with no significant failure. In 1968, ㉤ it launched Apollo 8, the first manned spacecraft to fly around the moon. In 1969, Apollo 11 landed on the moon, and the NASA astronaut Neil Armstrong became the first person in history to walk on the moon.

- (1) (a)
- (3) (c)
- (5) (e)
- (2) (b)
- (4) (d)

독해유형 논리적 흐름에 맞게 빈칸에 들어갈 말 고르기

3. 다음 글의 빈칸에 가장 적절한 것은?

No one wants to fail. We all want to succeed in everything we try and to avoid failure. Nonetheless, failing and learning from our bitter experiences is necessary for success. In fact, the most successful people are often people who have -----.

One of the most famous examples of someone who learned from failure was Thomas Edison. He was one of the world's greatest inventors, and he acquired over 1,000 patents. Like a wizard, he seemed to take ideas from thin air. However, he also faced tremendous difficulties. Edison is said to have failed 9,999 times before creating a perfect light bulb. Unlike the average person, Edison saw these mistakes not as failures but as an inevitable part of the invention process. In response to a question about his errors, he once said, "I have not failed 9,999 times. I've successfully found 9,999 ways that will not work." Of course, he was right. He was able to achieve success after failing repeatedly.

- ① competed fiercely than others
- ② endured the most difficult times
- ③ put others in front of themselves
- ④ possessed talents from the beginning
- ⑤ experienced many more failures than others

독해유형 글의 내용을 읽고 흐름상 적절한 위치 고르기

4. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

However, he also faced tremendous difficulties.

One of the most famous examples of someone who learned from failure was Thomas Edison. He was one of the world's greatest inventors, and he acquired over 1,000 patents. (①) Like a wizard, he seemed to take ideas from thin air. (②)

Edison is said to have failed 9,999 times before creating a perfect light bulb. (③) Unlike the average person, Edison saw these mistakes not as failures but as an inevitable part of the invention process. (④) In response to a question about his errors, he once said, "I have not failed 9,999 times. I've successfully found 9,999 ways that will not work." (⑤) Of course, he was right. He was able to achieve success after failing repeatedly.

독해유형 글을 읽고 요약문의 빈칸에 적절한 단어 고르기

5. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다.
빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

No one wants to fail. We all want to succeed in everything we try and to avoid failure. Nonetheless, failing and learning from our bitter experiences is necessary for success. In fact, the most successful people are often people who have experienced many more failures than others. One of the most famous examples of someone who learned from failure was Thomas Edison. He was one of the world's greatest inventors, and he acquired over 1,000 patents. Like a wizard, he seemed to take ideas from thin air. However, he also faced tremendous difficulties. Edison is said to have failed 9,999 times before creating a perfect light bulb. Unlike the average person, Edison saw these mistakes not as failures but as an inevitable part of the invention process. In response to a question about his errors, he once said, "I have not failed 9,999 times. I've successfully found 9,999 ways that will not work." Of course, he was right. He was able to achieve success after failing repeatedly.

To be (A)_____, tremendous amount of time is (B)_____ to failure.

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| ① (A) successful | (B) increased |
| ② (A) honest | (B) decreased |
| ③ (A) successful | (B) devoted |
| ④ (A) honest | (B) decided |
| ⑤ (A) competitive | (B) described |

★★★

6. ㉠~㉥ 중, 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

During the following years, NASA successfully sent five other rockets to the moon. ㉠ Even when the oxygen tank in Apollo 13 exploded on its way to the moon in 1970. ㉡ Its entire crew was rescued, and they were able to return home safely. ㉢ The launch and orbit of Sputnik 1 suggested that the USSR had made a substantial leap forward in technology, which was interpreted as a serious threat to U.S. national security. ㉣ This continued series of successes made the decision-makers at NASA too self-assured and unable to imagine failure. ㉤ In 1986, NASA planned to send its second space shuttle, Challenger, into orbit.

- | | |
|-----|-----|
| ① ㉠ | ② ㉡ |
| ③ ㉢ | ④ ㉣ |
| ⑤ ㉤ | |

★★★

7. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

In 1968, NASA launched Apollo 8, the first manned spacecraft to fly around the moon. In 1969, Apollo 11 landed on the moon, and the NASA astronaut Neil Armstrong became the first person in history to walk on the moon. During the following years, NASA successfully sent five other rockets to the moon. Even when the oxygen tank in Apollo 13 exploded on its way to the moon in 1970, its entire crew was rescued, and they were able to return home safely. This continued series of successes made the decision-makers at NASA too self-assured and unable to imagine failure. In 1986, NASA planned to send its second space shuttle, Challenger, into orbit. Right before the launch, engineers expressed concerns about mechanical malfunctions and advised that the launching be postponed. However, NASA managers did not take their warnings seriously and launched Challenger as planned. Challenger broke apart 73 seconds after it was launched, resulting in the deaths of its seven crew members.

- ① 1968년에 최초의 유인 우주선 Apollo 8호를 발사하였다.
- ② 최초의 달 착륙 이후 몇 년 동안 다른 5개의 로켓을 달로 보냈다.
- ③ Apollo 13호의 산소탱크가 폭발했으나 탑승대원 전원을 구조하였다.
- ④ Challenger호의 발사 전에 기술자들은 발사를 미뤄야 한다고 충고했다.
- ⑤ Challenger호의 발사는 연기됐으나 이후 발사에서 산소조각이 났다.

★★★

8. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Edison, Morrison, and Wang all suffered big failures, but they never gave up. They learned from their mistakes and went on to experience even greater triumphs. Like many successful people, we should view failure -----

After all, the only way to avoid failures is to do nothing. J.K. Rowling said that suffering many failures in her life eventually enabled her to write the Harry Potter series. She remarked, "Failure taught me things about myself that I could have learned no other way." By risking and confronting failures and learning from them, we can become wiser and stronger.

- ① as the opposite of success
- ② as procedure that we had better avoid to succeed
- ③ as the thing we must experience as much as possible
- ④ as an indispensable step on the path to reach success
- ⑤ as the component we never find out in successful people

★★★

9. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

Failures can not only motivate us to find a successful way to accomplish our goal but also help us to grow in wisdom and in spirit. Toni Morrison began writing when she was in college, but she did not produce anything good enough to publish for many years. Her troubled marriage, divorce, and life as a single mother made it even harder for her to write. ① At 39, she published her first novel, *The Bluest Eye*, which received mixed reviews and did not sell well. ② Normally, the first novel by any writer is regarded as trouble but this is not the case for Toni Morrison. ③ However, all her hardships added depth to her novels and encouraged her to improve her writing skills. ④ Later in her life, Morrison wrote masterpieces such as *Song of Solomon*, *Beloved*, and *Jazz*. ⑤ In 1993, she became the first African-American woman to receive the Nobel Prize in Literature.

* 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Still, wouldn't it be even better if we could be successful without ever failing? We may think so, but in the end, performing without failure doesn't necessarily produce lasting success. All success with no failure often leads a person to (A)_____. As a result, the always successful person or organization could suddenly encounter a disaster. Between the 1960s and the 1980s, NASA, the U.S. agency in charge of researching and exploring space, completed one successful mission after another with no significant failure. In 1968, it launched Apollo 8, the first manned spacecraft to fly around the moon. In 1969, Apollo 11 landed on the moon, and the NASA astronaut Neil Armstrong became the first person in history to walk on the moon.

During the following years, NASA successfully sent five other rockets to the moon. Even when the oxygen tank in Apollo 13 exploded on its way to the moon in 1970, its entire crew was rescued, and they were able to return home safely. This

continued series of successes made the decision-makers at NASA too self-assured and unable to imagine failure. In 1986, NASA planned to send its second space shuttle, *Challenger*, into orbit. Right before the launch, engineers expressed concerns about mechanical malfunctions and advised that the launching be postponed. However, NASA managers did not take their warnings seriously and launched *Challenger* as planned. *Challenger* broke apart 73 seconds after it was launched, resulting in the deaths of its seven crew members.

독해유형 논리적 흐름에 맞게 빈칸에 들어갈 말 고르기

★★★

10. 밑글 빈칸 (A)에 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① hope and bright future
- ② depression and sadness
- ③ arrogance and carelessness
- ④ indifference to surroundings
- ⑤ ultimate satisfaction for oneself

독해유형 글의 내용과 일치하는/일치하지 않는 보기 고르기

★★★

11. NASA에 관한 밑글과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① 1968년에 최초로 유인 우주선을 발사했다.
- ② 1970년에 우주선의 산소 탱크가 폭발했다.
- ③ 1986년 우주선 발사 직전 기술자들이 염려를 표명했다.
- ④ 관리자들은 염려를 심각하게 받아들이지 않고 계획대로 우주선을 발사했다.
- ⑤ 발사된 지 73초 후에 산산조각이 났지만 전원이 구조되었다.

문법유형 본문에 사용된 어법의 옳고 그름 구분하기

★★★

12. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

During the following years, NASA ① successfully sent five other rockets to the moon. Even when the oxygen tank in Apollo 13 exploded on its way to the moon in 1970, its entire crew ② was rescued, and they were able to return home safely. This continued series of successes made

the decision-makers at NASA too self-assured and unable to imagine failure. In 1986, NASA planned ③ to send its second space shuttle, Challenger, into orbit. Right before the launch, engineers expressed concerns about mechanical malfunctions and advised that the launching ④ be postponed. However, NASA managers did not take their warnings seriously and launched Challenger as planned. Challenger broke apart 73 seconds after it was launched, ⑤ resulted in the deaths of its seven crew members.

독해유형 글을 내용을 읽고 흐름상 적절한 위치 고르기

★★★

13. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

However, all her hardships added depth to her novels and encouraged her to improve her writing skills.

These failures can not only motivate us to find a successful way to accomplish our goal but also help us to grow in wisdom and in spirit. (㉠) Toni Morrison began writing when she was in college, but she did not produce anything good enough to publish for many years. (㉡) Her troubled marriage, divorce, and life as a single mother made it even harder for her to write. (㉢) At 39, she published her first novel, The Bluest Eye, which received mixed reviews and did not sell well. (㉣) Later in her life, Morrison wrote masterpieces such as Song of Solomon, Beloved, and Jazz. (㉤) In 1993, she became the first African-American woman to receive the Nobel Prize in Literature.

- ① ㉠ ② ㉡
③ ㉢ ④ ㉣
⑤ ㉤

문법유형 본문에 사용된 어법의 옳고 그름 구분하기

★★★

14. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 문장 중, 어법상 틀린 두개는?

㉠ These failures can not only motivate us to find a successful way to accomplish our goal but also help us to grow in wisdom and in spirit. ㉡ Toni Morrison began writing when she was in college, but she did not produce anything enough good to publish for many years. ㉢ Her troubled marriage, divorce, and life as a single mother made even harder for her to write. ㉣ At 39, she published her first novel, The Bluest Eye, which received mixed reviews and did not sell well. ㉤ However, all her hardships added depth to her novels and encouraged her to improve her writing skills. Later in her life, Morrison wrote masterpieces such as Song of Solomon, Beloved, and Jazz. In 1993, she became the first African-American woman to receive the Nobel Prize in Literature.

- ① ㉠ ② ㉡
③ ㉢ ④ ㉣
⑤ ㉤

독해유형 글을 읽고 요약문의 빈칸에 적절한 단어 고르기

★★★

15. 다음 글의 내용을 아래와 같이 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

No one wants to fail. We all want to succeed in everything we try and to avoid failure. Nonetheless, failing and learning from our bitter experiences is necessary for success. In fact, the most successful people are often people who have experienced many more failures than others. One of the most famous examples of someone who learned from failure was Thomas Edison. He was one of the world's greatest inventors, and he acquired over 1,000 patents. Like a wizard, he seemed to take ideas from thin air. However, he also faced tremendous difficulties. Edison is said to have failed 9,999 times before creating a perfect light bulb. Unlike the average person, Edison saw these mistakes not as failures but as an inevitable part of the invention process. In response to a question about his errors, he once said, "I have not failed 9,999 times. I've successfully found 9,999 ways that will not work." Of course, he was right. He was able to achieve

success after failing repeatedly.

Thomas Edison experienced (A) _____ failures in creating a light bulb and finally found a way that worked. In short, Failures that you go through (B) _____ often become the path to success.

(A)

- ① ingenious
- ② rational
- ③ incalculable
- ④ innumerable
- ⑤ irrational

(B)

- relatively
- previously
- repeatedly
- exclusively
- mutually

1) [정답] ④

[해설] (A)는 주격 관계대명사의 계속적인 용법으로 쓰였으므로 ④번이 정답이다. ①,⑤는 의문형용사, ②,③은 의문대명사로 쓰인다.

2) [정답] ④

[해설] ④의 해당 문장에서 동사가 누락되었기 때문에 completing은 completed가 되어야 한다.

3) [정답] ④

[해설] 이 글의 맥락상 가장 성공한 사람들은 '실패를 남들보다 많이 경험한 사람들'이라고 해야 올바르므로 ④번이 정답이 된다.

4) [정답] ②

[해설] 주어진 문장은 '그러나 그 또한 엄청나게 큰 어려움에 직면했다'라는 뜻이므로 이 문장이 들어가고 난 후에는 그가 실패했던 예시들이 쭉 나열될 것이다. 그러므로 이 문장을 ②번에 넣어야 맥락이 자연스럽게 연결된다.

5) [정답] ③

[해설] 요약문을 해석해 보면 '(A)하기 위해서는, 많은 시간이 실패에 (B)해야 한다'이므로 (A)에는 '성공적인'이라는 의미의 successful을 (B)에는 '바치다, 헌신하다'라는 의미의 devoted가 들어가는 것이 옳다.

6) [정답] ③

[해설] 주어진 글은 NASA의 지속적인 성공 사례의 나열인데 ③번 문장은 스푸트니크호의 발사로 소련이 기술 분야에서 상당한 도약을 이뤘다는 내용이므로 글의 흐름과 무관하다.

7) [정답] ⑤

[해설] ⑤번 내용 중 Challenger호의 발사는 연기되지 않고 강행되었다.

8) [정답] ④

[해설] 실패를 성공의 반대로 볼 것이 아니라는 내용에서 그와 대립되는 내용이 이어짐을 예측할 수 있다. 즉, 성공에 이르기 위한 필수불가결한 단계로 여겨야 한다는 내용이 와야 한다.

9) [정답] ②

[해설] 이 글은 Toni Morrison이 역경과 고난을 모두 이겨내고 훌륭한 작가가 되었다는 것을 설명하고 있는데 ②번은 '정상적으로 어떤 작가의 첫 작품이든 문제로 여겨지는데 Toni Morrison은 그런 경우가 아니었다.'라는 뜻으로 앞 뒤 문장과 전혀 어울리지 않는다.

10) [정답] ③

[해설] 이 글의 맥락상 실패 없이 성공만 하게 되면 미국 NASA의 예처럼 '오만과 부주의함'을 낳게 된다고 해야 흐름이 올바르므로 정답은 ⑤번이 된다.

11) [정답] ⑤

[해설] Challenger broke apart 73 seconds after it was launched, resulting in the deaths of its seven crew members. 라는 문장에서 7명이 사망했다고 나와 있으므로 ⑤번이 본문과 일치하지 않는다.

12) [정답] ⑤

[해설] result in은 '초래하다'라는 뜻이며, 이 때 result in의 주체는 앞에 나온 Challenger이며, Challenger가 사람이 아니지만 직접 사람을 죽게 한 결과를 초래했으므로 수동태가 아닌 능동태로 바꿔줘야 어법상 올바르다. 따라서 resulted in을 resulting in으로 바꿔 준다.

13) [정답] ④

[해설] all her hardships를 가리키는 것들이 ④앞에 나와 있으며 all her hardships이 그녀의 소설에 깊이를 더해주고 작문 기술들을 향상시킬 수 있도록 도와준 결과로 훌륭한 작품들을 써 노벨문학상을 수상할 수 있었다는 내용은 ④뒤에 있으므로 주어진 문장은 ④로 들어가야 적합하다.

14) [정답] ②, ③

[해설] ⑥「형용사 + enough + to부정사」는 '...할 만큼 충분히 ~한'이라는 의미의 형용사구이며, 여기에서는 good enough to publish ~가 anything을 수식한다. ㉠ 진목적어(to write)가 목적격보어(even harder)뒤로 갔으므로 본래 목적어 자리에는 가목적어 it이 있어야한다. for her는 진목적어인 to부정사의 의미상 주어이다. 따라서 '~made it even harder for her to write'가 되어야한다.

15) [정답] ③

[해설] 뒷글의 내용은 에디슨이 많은 실패에서 배워서 성공했다는 내용이므로 '에디슨은 수많은 (incalculable innumerable) 실패들을 경험하고 전구를 만들었으며 즉 반복적으로(repeatedly)겪는 실패는 성공으로 이어지는 길이 된다.'가 적합하다.