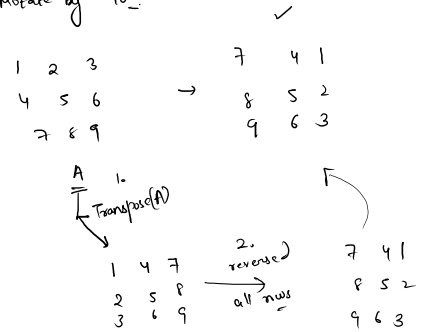
3. Rotate by 90°



2. 1D to 2D

n = 9

5	7	2	4	1	9	6	3	4
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

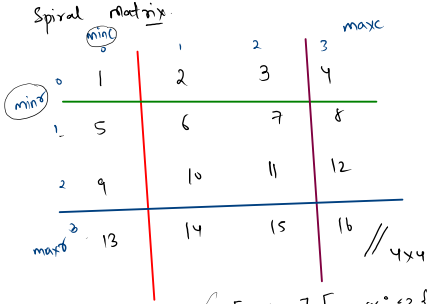
p q
3 3

	0	1	2
0	5	7	2
1	4	1	9
2	6	3	4

$x = i / q = 7/3 = 2$

$y = i \% q = 7 \% 3 = 1$

3. Spiral matrix



t = 16

c = 0

c < t

c < t: A — [minr] [$\forall j \le 3$ {minc → maxc}]

B — [$1 \le i \le 3$ {minr to maxr}] [maxc]

C — (maxr) [$2 \le j \le 0$ { maxc → minc }]

D — [$2 \le i \le 1$ {maxr → minr}] [minc]

A minr → maxc [minc]

Modify The Matrix

Problem | Submissions | Leaderboard | Discussions

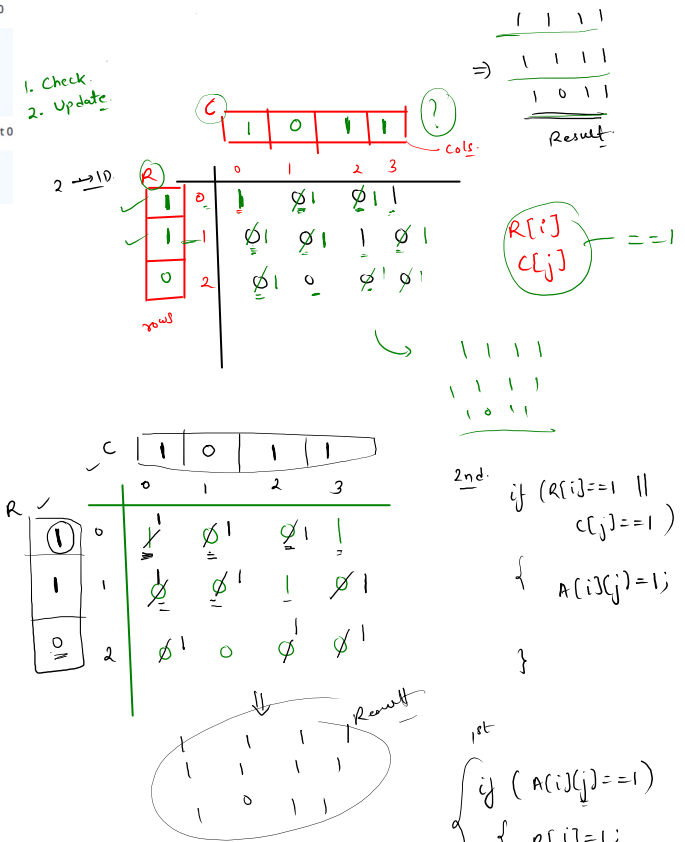
Given a boolean matrix mat[M][N] of size M X N, modify it such that if a matrix cell mat[i][j] is 1 (or true) then make all the cells of ith row and jth column as 1.

Sample Input 0

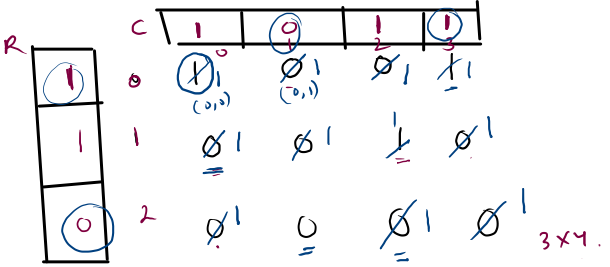
```
3
4
1 0 0 1
0 0 1 0
0 0 0 0
```

Sample Output 0

```
1 1 1 1
1 1 1 1
1 0 1 1
```



```
//logic
//2 one dime. array
int [] R = new int[rows];
int [] C = new int[cols];

//gathered info
for(int i = 0; i < rows; i++){
    for(int j = 0; j < cols; j++){
        if(A[i][j] == 1){
            R[i] = 1;
            C[j] = 1;
        }
    }
}

//update val
for(int i = 0; i < rows; i++){
    for(int j = 0; j < cols; j++){
        if( R[i] == 1 || C[j] == 1){
            A[i][j] = 1;
        }
    }
}
```



A(0)(3) ==1

R(0)==1 C(0)==1

R(0)==1 or C(0)==1

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

public class Solution {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
        int rows = scn.nextInt();
        int cols = scn.nextInt();

        int [][] A = new int[rows][cols];
        for(int i = 0; i < rows; i++){
            for(int j = 0; j < cols; j++){
                A[i][j] = scn.nextInt();
            }
        }

        //logic
        //2 one dime. array
        int [] R = new int[rows];
        int [] C = new int[cols];

        //gathered info
        for(int i = 0; i < rows; i++){
            for(int j = 0; j < cols; j++){
                if(A[i][j] == 1){
                    R[i] = 1;
                    C[j] = 1;
                }
            }
        }
```

```
    //update val
    for(int i = 0; i < rows; i++){
        for(int j = 0; j < cols; j++){
            if( R[i] == 1 || C[j] == 1){
                A[i][j] = 1;
            }
        }
    }

    for(int i = 0; i < rows; i++){
        for(int j = 0; j < cols; j++){
            System.out.print(A[i][j] + " ");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }
```

Shift Matrix Row-Wise

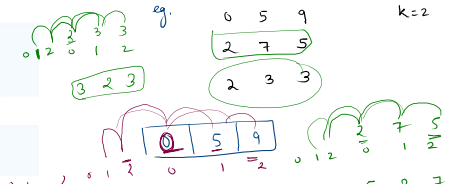
Given a n*n matrix and an integer k. Shift the matrix elements row-wise by k. Print the final matrix such that all elements of the row in one line.

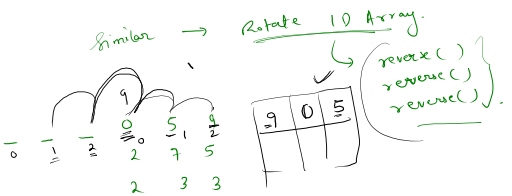
Sample Input 0

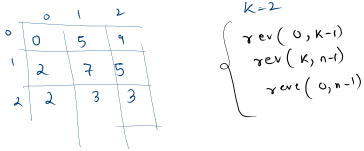
```
3
0 5 9
2 7 5
2 3 3
```

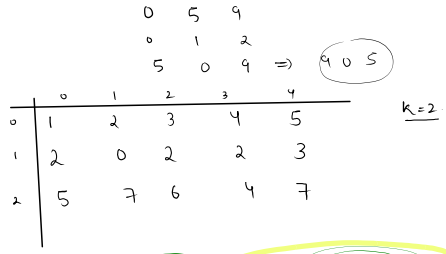
Sample Output 0

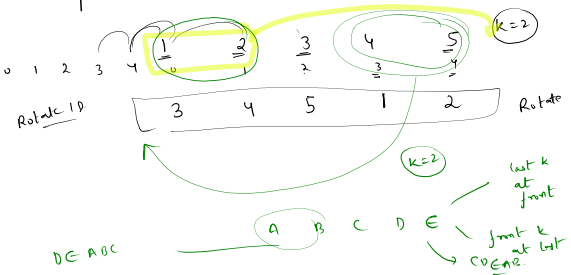
```
9 0 5
5 2 7
3 2 3
```







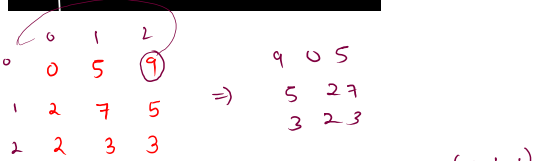




```java
public static void reverse(int [][] A, int i, int j, int row){
    while(i < j){
        int tmp = A[row][i];
        A[row][i] = A[row][j];
        A[row][j] = tmp;
        i++;
        j--;
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = scn.nextInt();
    int [][] A = new int[n][n];
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
        for(int j=0; j <n; j++){
            A[i][j] = scn.nextInt();
        }
    }
    int k = scn.nextInt();

    //logic -- 2D

    for(int row = 0; row < n; row++){
        reverse(A, 0, k-1, row);
        reverse(A, k, n-1, row);
        reverse(A, 0, n-1, row);
    }
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
        for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
            System.out.print(A[i][j] + " ");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }

}
```

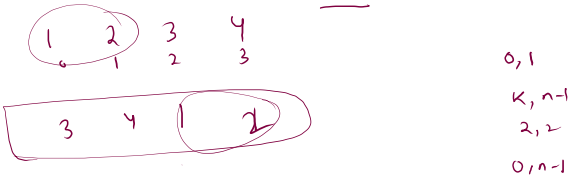
	0	1	2	3	4
0	1	2	3	4	5
1	2	0	2	2	3
2	5	7	6	4	7

K=2

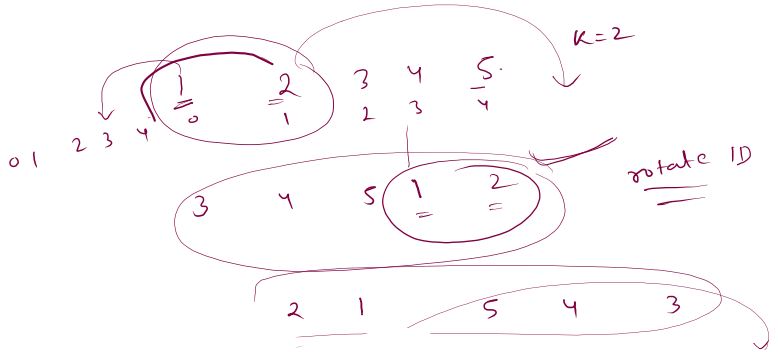


r(0,k-1)

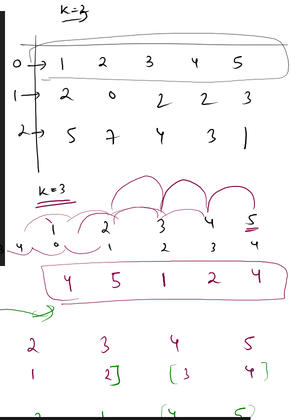
K=2



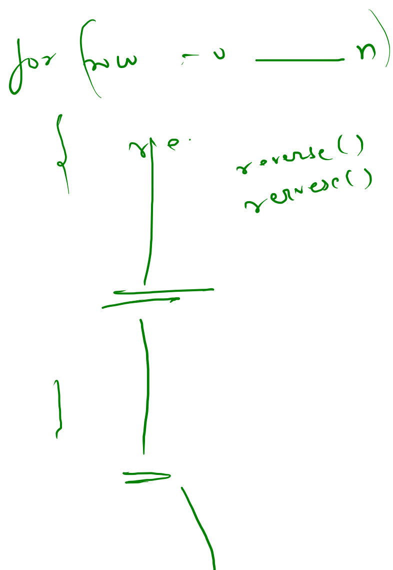
0,1
K,n-1
2,2
0,n-1



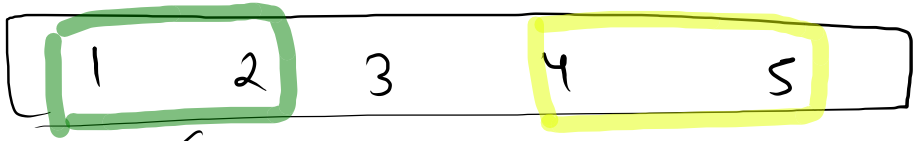
```java
public static void reverse(int [][] A, int i, int j, int row){
    while(i < j){
        int tmp = A[row][i];
        A[row][i] = A[row][j];
        A[row][j] = tmp;
        i++;
        j--;
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = scn.nextInt();
    int [][] A = new int[n][n];
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
        for(int j=0; j <n; j++){
            A[i][j] = scn.nextInt();
        }
    }
    int k = scn.nextInt();

    //logic -- 2D

    for(int row = 0; row < n; row++){
        reverse(A, 0, k-1, row);
        reverse(A, k, n-1, row);
        reverse(A, 0, n-1, row);
    }
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
        for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
            System.out.print(A[i][j] + " ");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }
```




```java
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

public class Solution {

    public static void reverse(int [][] A, int i, int j, int row){
        while(i < j){
            int tmp = A[row][i];
            A[row][i] = A[row][j];
            A[row][j] = tmp;
            i++;
            j--;
        }
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n = scn.nextInt();
        int [][] A = new int[n][n];
        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
            for(int j=0; j <n; j++){
                A[i][j] = scn.nextInt();
            }
        }
        int k = scn.nextInt();

        //logic -- 2D

        for(int row = 0; row < n; row++){
            reverse(A, 0, k-1, row);
            reverse(A, k, n-1, row);
            reverse(A, 0, n-1, row);
        }
        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
            for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
                System.out.print(A[i][j] + " ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }

}
```



1.

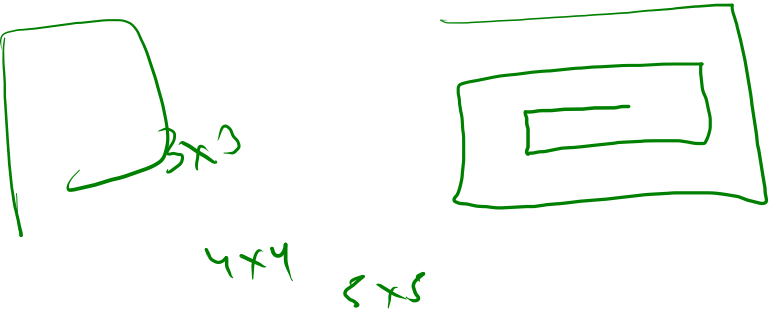


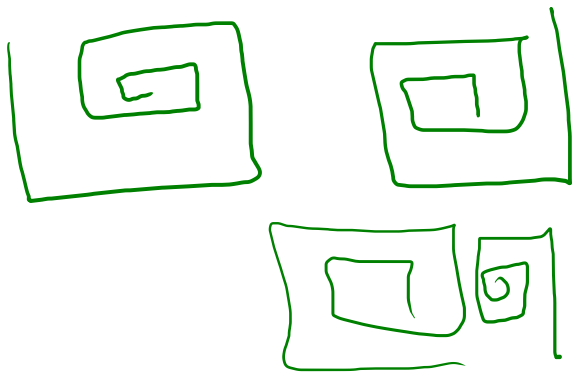
k=2.

discussed.

4 5 1 2 3

3 4 5 1 2





for each.