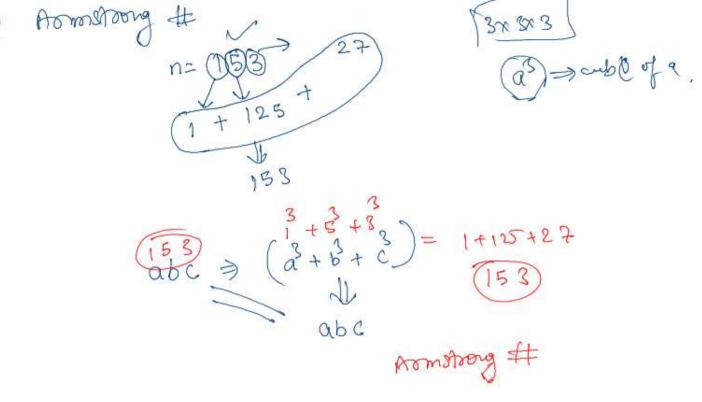
Alumber theory $3 \times (0) + 2$ $= 32 \times (0) + 8$ $= 328 \times (0) + 9$ = 3289import java.io.*; import java.util.*; public class Solution { public static void main(String[] args) { Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in); int n = scn.nextInt(); = ans =0 int ans =0; √ for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){</p> int digit = scn.nextInt(); ✓ ans = ans *10 + digit; 3967 ✓ System.out.println(ans); - /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT. Your class

```
n = 9
        public static void main(String[] args) {
            Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
            int n = scn.nextInt();
            int ono =0;
         /while(n>0){
               int a = scn.nextInt(); ono = ono 10+a;
                                                                 321023
                                                                                       3698
       System.out.println(ono);
                                 rev= 826 3
rem= 8966 8963
                                                                                      8963
        while(ono>0){
              int rem = ono%10;
               ono =ono/10;
            System.out.println(rev);
            /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT. Your
```



```
public class Solution {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    int t = scn.nextInt();
       while(t>0){
           int n = sch.nextInt(); V
           boolean ans = Armstrong(n); V

✓ System.out, println(ans);

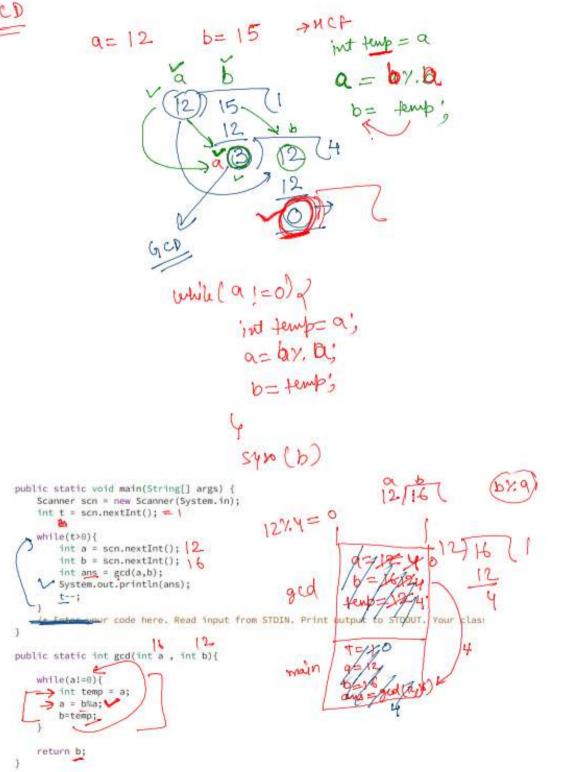
        /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT.
   public static boolean Armstrong(int n){
       int temp = n;

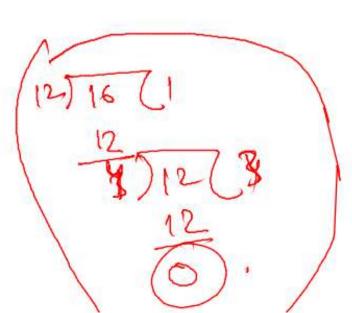
✓ int val=0;

       while(temp>0){
           int rem = temp%10;
                                                                                                      low
           int cube = rem * rem* rem; V
         val = val +cube;
           temp = (temp/10
                                                                  min
   return val==n;
```

```
4598632]
        4590000
             8632
         4598632
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                   100
   Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
   int n = scn.nextInt();
   while(n>0){
       int val = scn.nextInt();
       int last3digits = val%1000;
       val = val/1000;
       int temp= val;
       int count=0;
       while(temp>0){
           temp /=10;
           count++;
       int pow = (int)Math.pow(10,count);
       last3digits = last3digits*pow;
       last3digits = last3digits + val;
       System.out.println(last3digits);
       n--;
    /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT. Your class sh
```

g Geo





- forlint i=1; ix a; i++) } a=12~ if (ay,i==0 ff by.i==0)? b= 16~ am=1 4 i=1 to 12 0= 100000 05 100000 public static int gcd(int a , int b){ int ans =0; for(int i=1; <=a && i<=b; i++){ if(a%i==0 && b%i==0){ ans = i; return ans;