```
Que Runner up 3
               second largest $ btw 3 #8
                a= 10; (b=20); c=30
                                                    greates t
                                                    smallist
[ 1) (Qx b 4 4 (Q < c) {

Syso ("a is smallest #");
  [ "{(@)b 44@>10) {

syxx ("a is the largest #");
          Step (1) 11 cheek if a is quatery a> (b);

(b) (c) if (b(c)) is 480 (b);

else if sym ("c")
        step 2 11 check if b is greater of b>

(a,c) of (a>c) of support (a);

elas support (a);
          step 3. 1/c is greater of (a, b) if (a>b) of syro (a);
                                            do 1 5400 (b);
                  4
```

100 111

Take input three numbers x, y, z as an integer input

22 55 40

Then if the value of x is greater than or equal to 20,

a. If the value of y is greater than or equal to 100 then add 100 to the value of z.

b. If the value of y is less than 100 and greater than or equal to 50, then add 50 to the value of z.

c. Else add 10 to the value of z.

Else i the value of x is less than 20,

va. If the value of y is greater than or equal to 100 then add 3 to the value of z.

b. If the value of y is less than 100 and greater than or equal to 50, then add 2 to the value of z.

c. Else add 1 to the value of z.

Print the final value of z as an integer output in the end.

if
$$(x) = 20)q$$

if $(y) = 100)q$
 $z = 2 + 100$,
elso $(y) = 200$,
elso $(x) = 2 + 100$,
felso if $(x) = 200$,
 $(y) = 100$,
 $(y) = 200$,



```
public class Solution {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);

        int x = scn.nextInt();
        int y = scn.nextInt();

        if(x>=59 && y>= 10){
            System.out.println("X is greater than or equal to 59 and y is greater than or equal less if(x>=50 && y<10){
            System.out.println("X is greater than or equal to 50 and y is less than 10");
        }else{
            System.out.println("None of the condition matches");
        }
        /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT. Your class shot
    }
}</pre>
```



```
public class Solution {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
        int age = scn.nextInt();
        int salary = scn.nextInt();
        int yrs = scn.nextInt();
        if(age>60 && salary >20000 && yrs >20){
            salary = salary + 5000;
        }else if(age >40 && salary >15000 && yrs> 10){
            salary = salary + 2000;
        }else if(age >30 && salary > 10000 && yrs > 5){
            salary = salary + 1000;
        }else{
            salary = salary +500;
        System.out.println(salary);
        /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT. Your class sh
```



```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);

int x = scn.nextInt();
    int y = scn.nextInt();
    int z = scn.nextInt();

if(x>=20 && z<100){
        z = z+200;
    }else if(x>=10 || y<50){
        z = z+100;
    }

    System.out.println(z);
    /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output t
}</pre>
```

Saitch statement jut n=5 , x $\begin{bmatrix}
 i \\
 0 = 1
\end{bmatrix}$ 2 = 2 + 1; dec de de

Switch (n) } > case 2: } = n= n+2; (an 3: of x=x+3; = cose 6 d n= n+6;

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
  // int n = 90;
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    char ch = scn.next().charAt(0);
    switch(ch){
       case 'A':
            System.out.println("Excellent!");
            break;
       case 'B':
            System.out.println("Well done!");
                                                          Imalid grade
            break;
       case 'C':
            System.out.println("You passed!");
            break;
       case 'F':
            System.out.println("Better luck next time!");
            break:
       default:
            System.out.println("Invalid grade");
            break;
```