

§ Prime

5 → 2 to 4

19 → 2 to 18 → termination

initializer for $i = 2$ to $i \leq n-1$

if $(n \% i == 0)$ {
 System.out.println("not prime");
 }
 }
 System.out.println("prime");

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    int T = scn.nextInt();
```

```
while(T > 0) {
    int no = scn.nextInt();
    Isprime(no);
    T--;
}
```

Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT. Y

```
}
```

// yes = prime No = not prime 5

```
public static void Isprime(int n){
```

```
    if(n==1){
        System.out.println("No");
        return;
    }
```

```
    for(int i=2; i<n; i++){
        if(n%i==0){
            System.out.println("No");
            return;
        }
    }
```

```
    System.out.println("Yes");
    return;
}
```

No
Yes

~~n=5~~
~~i=2,3,4,5~~

~~n=6~~
~~i=2~~

~~T=2,4,0~~
~~no=6,5~~

~~Isprime~~

~~Isprime~~

~~main~~

9

Unique prime factors.

$n = 12$

2	12
2	6
3	3
	①

$$\boxed{2 \times 2 \times 3} \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{2 \times 3}$$

2	36
2	18
3	9
3	3
	①

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3} \downarrow \boxed{2 \times 3}$$

✓②	240 ✓
②	120 ✓
②	60 ✓
2	30 ✓
3	15
5	5
	1

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \downarrow \boxed{2 \times 3 \times 5}$$

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = scn.nextInt();
    ✓ primeFactor(n);
    /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT.
```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = scn.nextInt();
    ✓ primeFactor(n);
    /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT.
}

```

```

public static void primeFactor(int n) { ✓
    ✓ for(int i=2; i<=n; i++){
        → if(n%i==0) { n!=1
            → System.out.println(i);
            while(n%i==0) {
                n = n/i;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

2
3
5

4 → (2)
10 → (5)

9 → (3)

A=240		
i=2	120	
3	60	
4	30	
5	15	
6	40	
7	15	
8	30	
9	27	
10	24	
11	21	
12	20	
13	18	
14	17	
15	16	
16	15	
17	14	
18	13	
19	12	
20	11	
21	10	
22	9	
23	8	
24	7	
25	6	
26	5	
27	4	
28	3	
29	2	
30	1	

prime factor

main

5	35
	(7)

240%2==0
n
145==0
1

LCM
↓
no prime
even
2 | 40
2 | 20
2 | 10
5 | 5
1
⇒ 2*5

Q print all factors.

$1 \rightarrow n$

4 → 1, 2, 4
← 12 → 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12

--n
↓
pre decrement

Ⓝ--
↓
post decrement

same response

Q

Take a natural number n as an integer input, and variable steps of integer type as input. Then perform the following operations on it.

- ✓ a. If the number is divisible by 2, then keep on dividing the number n by 2, till the time the number is divisible by 2 and also increment the variable steps by 2, each time you divide the number by 2.
- ✓ b. Also, check If the number is divisible by 3, then keep on dividing the number n by 3, till the time the number is divisible by 3 and also increment the variable steps by 3, each time you divide the number by 3.
- ✓ c. Also, If the number is divisible by 5, then keep on dividing the number n by 5, till the time the number is divisible by 5 and also increment the variable steps by 5, each time you divide the number by 5.

In the end print the value of the variable steps in the first line and final value of number n in the second line.

$n = 45$
steps = 2

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);  
    int n = scn.nextInt();  
    int steps = scn.nextInt();
```

```
    while(n%2==0){  
        n=n/2;  
        steps +=2;  
    }
```

```
    while(n%3==0){  
        n=n/3;  
        steps +=3;  
    }
```

```
    while(n%5==0){  
        n = n/5;  
        steps +=5;  
    }
```

```
    System.out.println(steps);  
    System.out.println(n);
```

```
    /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT. You
```

```
    }
```

→ \checkmark 45 15 5 1
= 2 58 13

13
1

if 2 → divisible,
step += 2;

if 3 - divisible
step += 3;

if 5 - divisible;
step += 5;