

Revision.

public

static.

int

funcName (int a, int b, string c)

{

// logic

return

int

}

5

factorial



120

Find sum using a function

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

The process goes like:

You have to first take input of two numbers **x** and **y** as an integer input.

Then make a function **findSum(int x, int y)**, which takes in these two integers as parameters and prints the final **sum**.

Input Format

T will be given as input represents the number of test cases.

For each test case,

x will be given as input in the first line,

y will be given as input in the second line.

Sample Input 0

2 tc
10 20 x y
30 40 x y

Sample Output 0

✓ 30
✓ 70

1 tc
6 multiple.

Sample Input 1

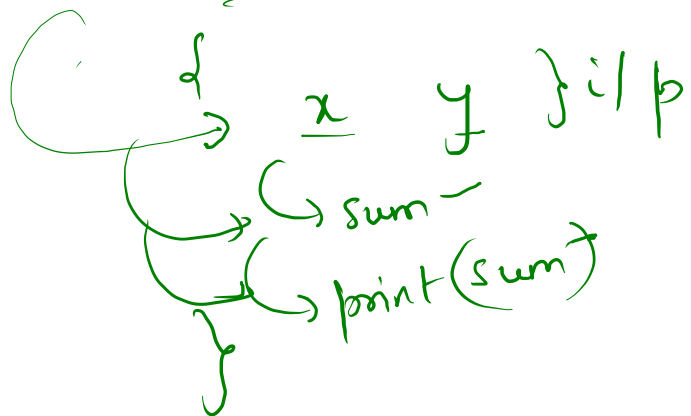
1 tc
25 10 x y

Sample Output 1

35

t = 2 sum.next()

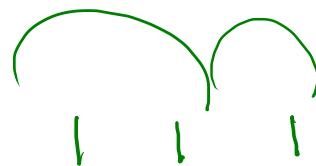
3 for (3 time → t)



2

7 3

1 5



```

6 public static void main(String[] args) {
7     Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
8     int t = scn.nextInt(); // number of testcase, : how many pair of x and y
9
10    for(int i = 1; i <= t; i++){
11        int x = scn.nextInt();
12        int y = scn.nextInt();
13
14        int ans = x + y;
15        System.out.println(ans);
16    }
17

```

eg.

2

7 3

5 1

t=2 ✓

i=1 2

x = 5
y = 1

ans = 6

1 ≤ 2 ✓
2 ≤ 2 ✓

2 - 7 - 3 - 5 - 1

10
6

Find product of the two numbers using function.

Sample Input 0

3
→ 2 3
→ 5 * 5
→ 4 6


Sample Output 0

6 ✓
25 ✓
24


$$\begin{array}{rcl} x & y & \\ 2 & 3 & = 6 \\ 5 & * 5 & = 25 \\ 4 & * 6 & = 24 \end{array}$$

Swap (A, B).

$$A = \cancel{10} \ 20$$


$$C = A$$


$$A = B$$

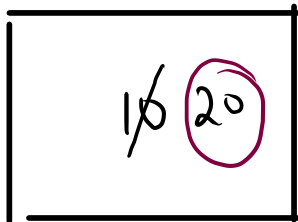

$$\underline{B = C}$$

$$B = \cancel{20} \ \cancel{10}$$

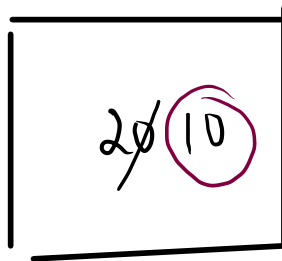
$$\Rightarrow A = 20, \ B = \underline{10}$$

$$C = 10$$

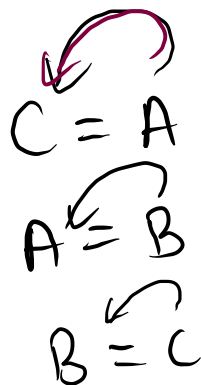
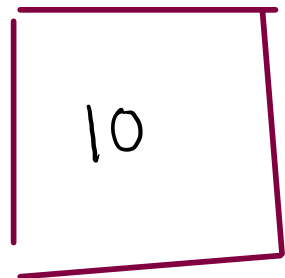
A



B



C



A
~~10~~ 20

B
~~20~~ 0

C
~~0~~ 20


 $A = B$



 $B = C$


 $C = A$

$C = A$

$A = B$

$B = C$


 $L = R$

Swap x and y

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

Take two integers **x** and **y** as an integer input.

Then take an integer data-type variable **c**, and with the help of **c** variable swap **x** and **y**.

Process:

1. First assign value of **x** to **c** and print the string with the help of `System.out.println("c = " + c);`
2. Then, assign value of **y** to **x** and print the string with the help of `System.out.println("x = " + x);`
3. Then, assign value of **c** to **y** and print the string with the help of `System.out.println("y = " + y);`
4. In the next line print the string with the help of `System.out.println("x = " + x);`
5. In the next line print the string with the help of `System.out.println("y = " + y);`

$c = 10$
 $x = 20$
 $y = 10$
 $x = 20$
 $y = 10$

Sample Input 0

10
20

Sample Output 0

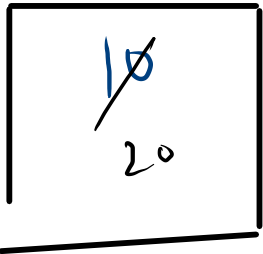
c = 10
x = 20
y = 10
x = 20
y = 10

"x = " + x
"y = " + y

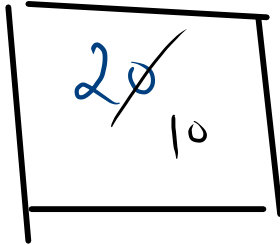
$x = 10$
 $y = 20$

$c = 10$

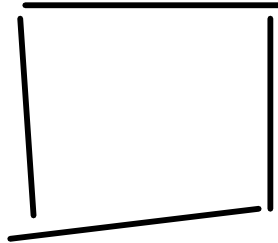




A



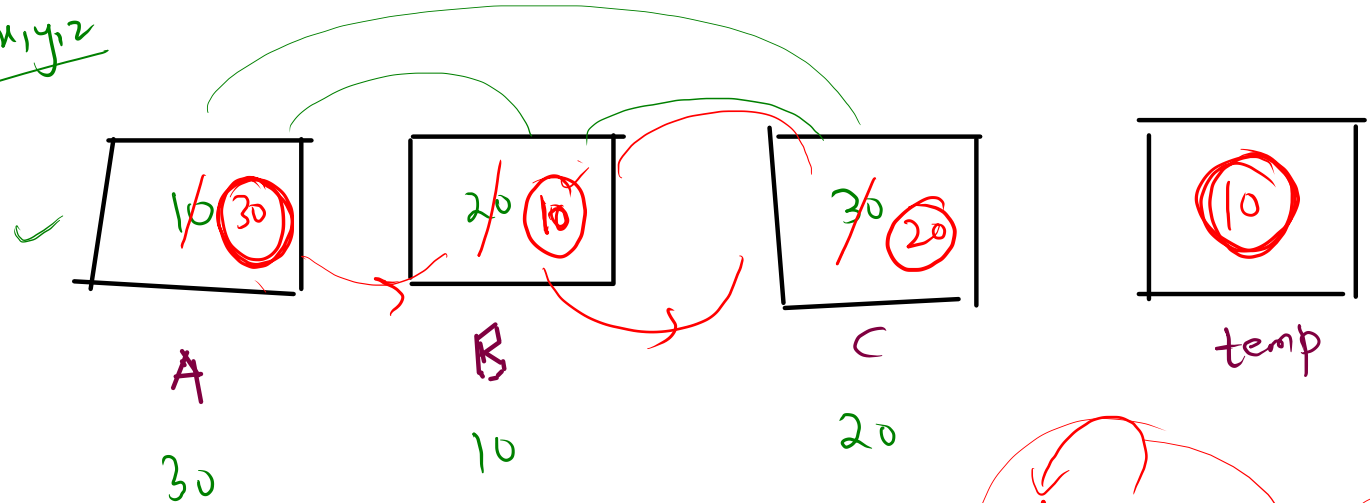
B



C

$C = A$
 $A = B$
 $B = C$

Swap x,y,z




$$\begin{aligned} & \underline{t = a} \rightarrow \underline{b = a} \\ & a = c \\ & c = b \\ & b = t \end{aligned}$$

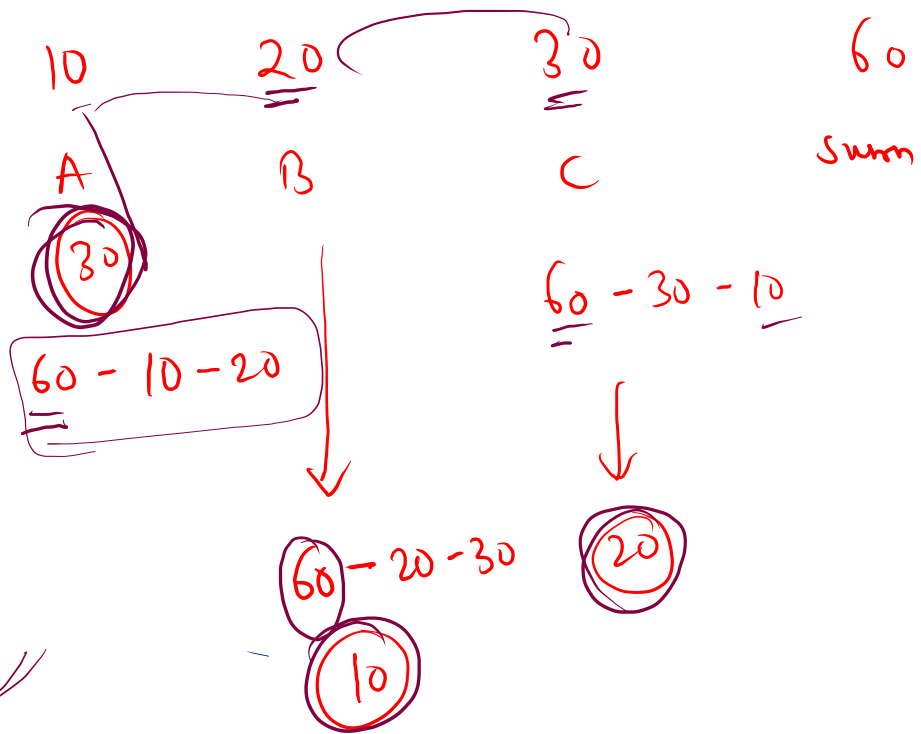
$$\begin{aligned} & t = a \\ & a = c \\ & c = b \\ & b = t \end{aligned}$$

dry

run

```
5 public static void main(String[] args) {
6     Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
7     int a = scn.nextInt();
8     int b = scn.nextInt();
9     int c = scn.nextInt();
10
11
12
13     int temp = a;
14     a = c;
15     c = b;
16     b = temp;
17
18     System.out.println(a);
19     System.out.println(b);
20     System.out.println(c);
21
22 }
23 }
```





2. easy.

$$\begin{aligned}
 a &= s - a - b \\
 b &= s - b - c \\
 c &= s - \underline{c - a}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{int } \begin{cases} x=2 \\ y=3 \end{cases}$$

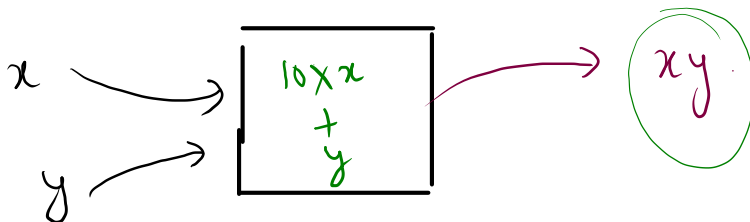
→

(23)

1. convert str.
'4'

$$x+y = (5)$$

2.



$$\begin{aligned} 10 \times 2 + 3 \\ 20 + 3 \\ = 23 \end{aligned}$$

(int)

(int x, int y)

int
n = 123

→ $\left. \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{array} \right\} \underline{\text{print}}$

$$\underline{123} \% 10 = (3) \checkmark \rightarrow 123 / 10$$

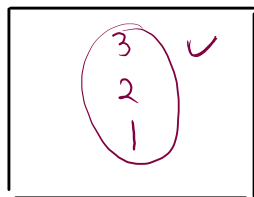
12



public static void printDigit (int n)

{
}

n



void



Given x and y, print xy

Sample Input 0

4
4 3 ✓
1 2 ✓
3 5 ✓
5 3 ✓

Sample Output 0

43
12
35
53

x y
4 3 → 43

x →
y → $x * 10 + y$ → ans.

```

1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5
6     public static int formNum(int x, int y){
7         return x * 10 + y;
8     }
9
10    public static void main(String[] args) {
11        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
12        int t = scn.nextInt();
13        for(int i = 1; i <= t; i++){
14            int x = scn.nextInt();
15            int y = scn.nextInt();
16
17            int ans = formNum(x, y);
18            System.out.println(ans);
19
20
21        }
22    }
23 }
24 }

```

2 3

$2 * 10 + 3$

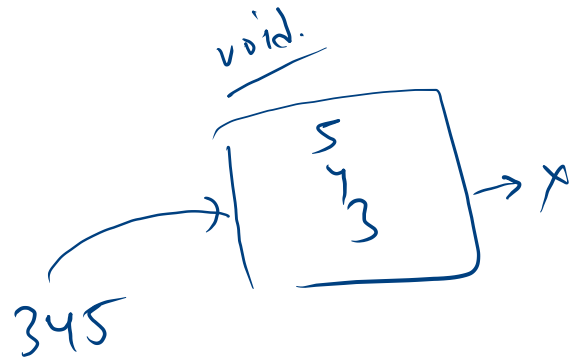
x y
2 3

$x * 10 + y$

Print digit by digit of a three digit number

$n = 345$

5
4
3



```
4 public class Solution {  
5  
6     public static void printDigits(int n){  
7         while(n>0){  
8             System.out.println(n%10);  
9             n /= 10;  
10        }  
11    }  
12  
13    public static void main(String[] args) {  
14        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);  
15        int n = scn.nextInt();  
16        printDigits(n);  
17  
18    }  
19 }
```