

Revision.

↳ char c1 = 'A';

Alphabets A to Z

Digits → '0' - '9'

Special → '@' '#' ''

↳ Strings → combination of char.

String name = "Aman";

• length()
• charAt(idx);

• next()
Aman Srivastava

• nextLine()
Aman Srivastava

i/p char.

next().charAt(0);

"Aman"
0 1 2 3
A

Grade the student-2

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

You are given a character **ch** which represents a grade of a student in a course. The valid grades are **A**, **B**, **C**, and **F**. Your task is to print a message based on the grade using a switch statement.

If the grade is **A**, print **Excellent!**.

If the grade is **B**, print **Well done!**.

If the grade is **C**, print **You passed!**.

If the grade is **F**, print **Better luck next time!**.

If the grade is not one of the valid options, print **Invalid grade**.

A
B
C
F

case A:
 ↳ Excellent!

case B:
 ↳ well

```
4 public class Solution {  
5  
6     public static void main(String[] args) {  
7         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);  
8         //input for the char  
9         char ch = scn.next().charAt(0);  
10  
11         switch(ch){  
12             case 'A':  
13                 System.out.println("Excellent!");  
14                 break;  
15             case 'B':  
16                 System.out.println("Well done!");  
17                 break;  
18             case 'C':  
19                 System.out.println("You passed!");  
20                 break;  
21             case 'F':  
22                 System.out.println("Better luck next time!");  
23                 break;  
24             default:  
25                 System.out.println("Invalid grade");  
26         }  
27  
28     }  
29 }  
30 }
```

```
11 char ch = s.charAt(0);  
12
```

s = "Nawab"
 ↓
 0 1 2 3 4

s.charAt(2).

'N'

Switch Calculator 1

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

You are given integer inputs N, a and b. perform operations on a and b for different value of N like :-

If value of N is 10 \rightarrow a + b;

If value of N is 20 \rightarrow a - b;

If value of N is 30 \rightarrow a * b;

If value of N is 40 \rightarrow a % b;

If value of N is 50 \rightarrow a / b;

else print Enter a valid number.

work

switch (N){

case 10: —

20 —

30 —

40 —

50 —

}

else default.

a b

ips. { N
a
b (Integer)

Bi.
5 lines.

```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
8         int N = scn.nextInt();
9         int a = scn.nextInt();
10        int b = scn.nextInt();
11
12
13        switch(N){
14            case 10:
15                System.out.println(a+b);
16                break;
17            case 20:
18                System.out.println(a-b);|
19                break;
20            case 30:
21                System.out.println(a*b);
22                break;
23            case 40:
24                System.out.println(a%b);
25                break;
26            case 50:
27                System.out.println(a/b);
28                break;
29            default:
30                System.out.println("Enter a valid number");
31        }
32    }
33 }
```

Male or Female

Problem	Submissions	Leaderboard	Discussions
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Take in a ch as a character input from the user, and print You are a male if M or m is taken as input. And print You are a female if F or f is taken as input. And if some other character is taken as an input, then print Type again.

Steps: (Algo)

```
1.  g/p
2.  if ( ch == 'M' or 'm')
    {
    }
    elseif ( F or f )
    {
    }
    else {
    }
```

if { ch

You are a male
↳ 'M' or 'm'

You are a female
↳ 'F' or 'f'

```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
8
9
10        char ch = scn.next().charAt(0);
11
12        if(ch == 'M' || ch == 'm'){
13            System.out.println("You are a male");
14        }
15        else if(ch == 'F' || ch == 'f'){
16            System.out.println("You are a female");
17        }
18        else{
19            System.out.println("Type again");
20        }
21
22    }
23 }
24 }
```


jumping character

Problem	Submissions	Leaderboard	Discussions
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Take in a character as an input and manipulate it as given under

1. Condition 1: If the entered character is a small-case character, then

A. If the character is from character **a** and till the character **w**, both **a** and **w** included, then Jump **three** times to **right** and print the resulting character as explained in the example below,

For eg. If **a** is given then print **d**, If **b** is given then print the character **e**, If **c** is given then print the character **f**, If **w** is given then print the character **z**.

B. Else print the string **Can't jump**.

2. Condition 2: If the entered character is a capital-case character, then

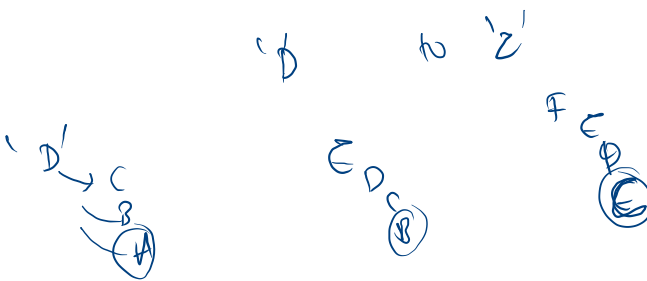
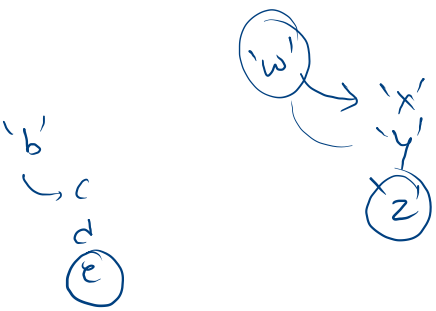
A. If the character is from character **D** and till the character **Z**, both **D** and **Z** included, then Jump **three** times to **left** and print the resulting character as explained in the example below,

For eg. If **D** is given then print **A**, If **E** is given then print the character **B**, If **F** is given then print the character **C**, If **Z** is given then print the character **W**.

B. Else print the string **Can't jump**.

ch fip.

['a' 'w']



```

1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
8         char ch = scn.next().charAt(0);
9
10        if(ch >= 'a' && ch <= 'z'){
11            //A.
12            if(ch >= 'a' && ch <= 'w'){
13                ch += 3;
14                System.out.println(ch);
15            }
16            else{
17                System.out.println("Can't jump");
18            }
19        }
20
21        else if( ch >= 'A' && ch <= 'Z'){
22            if(ch >= 'D' && ch <= 'Z'){
23                ch -= 3;
24                System.out.println(ch);
25            }
26            else{
27                System.out.println("Can't jump");
28            }
29        }
30
31    }
32 }
33

```

sk

'a'
ch++
'b'

Small Capital or Digit

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Disc

Take in a character as an input and then

- Print **Small case** if it is a small case character.
- Print **Capital case** if it is a capital case character.
- Print **Digit** if it is a digit.
- Print **None** if none of the above conditions follow.

ch f/p.

'a' / 'b' / 'c' / 'n' / 'x'

Small case.

'A' / 'L' / 'P' / 'Q'

Capital case

Digit.

'0' to '9' → digit

else → None.

$ch \geq '0' \wedge ch \leq '9'$
→ Digit.

"M"

'M'

'q'

"q"

9

int

maths



Print character at 3rd index

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

You will be given a string as an input, and

a. If the length of the string is greater than or equal to 4, then print the character at 3rd index.

b. Otherwise, print Small string

Eg. If the input string is abcdef, then print d.

length ≥ 4
↘

.charAt(?)

else
↘
ss.

```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         /* Enter your code here. Read input from S
8         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
9         String s = scn.next();
10
11         if(s.length() >= 4){
12             System.out.println(s.charAt(3));
13         }
14         else{
15             System.out.println("Small string");
16         }
17     }
18 }
```

```

8
9 import java.util.*;
10
11 public class Main
12 {
13     public static void main(String[] args) {
14         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
15
16         char ch = 'D';
17
18         ch = Character.toLowerCase(ch);
19
20         System.out.println(ch);
21     }
22
23

```

ch = 'D'

→ 'D' to 'd'

'n' to 'N'

```

8
9 import java.util.*;
10
11 public class Main
12 {
13     public static void main(String[] args) {
14         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
15
16         char ch = 'n';
17
18         ch = Character.toUpperCase(ch);
19
20         System.out.println(ch);
21     }
22 }
23

```

