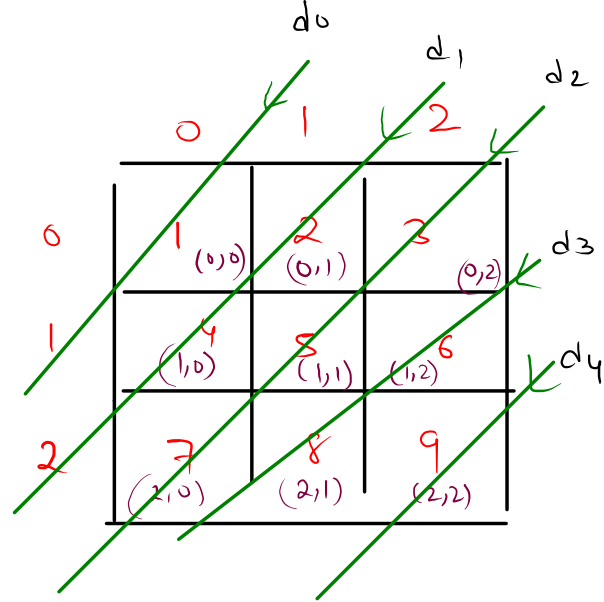


left Diagonal.

$$i+j = \text{sum}$$

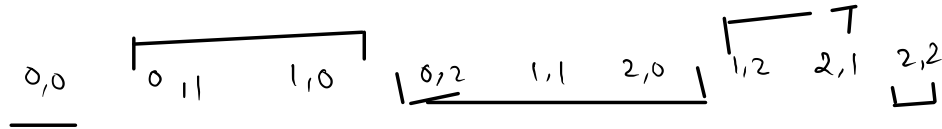


Sample Input 0

```
3
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
```

Sample Output 0

```
1 2 4 3 5 7 6 8 9
```



$$*/ \boxed{\text{total diagonal} = 2n - 1 = \underline{\underline{5}}}$$

$d = 5$ 1 -

```

1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
8         int n = scn.nextInt();
9         int [][] A = new int[n][n];
10        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
11            for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
12                A[i][j] = scn.nextInt();
13            }
14        }
15        //logic
16        int d = 2*n-1;
17        for(int s = 0; s < d; s++){
18            for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
19                for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
20                    if(i + j == s){
21                        System.out.print(A[i][j] + " ");
22                    }
23                }
24            }
25        }
26    }
27 }

```

	0	1	2
0	1	2	3
1	7	5	6
2	7	8	9

$s=0$
 $i=0$
 $j=0$
 $0+0 == 0$

$0 < 3^{\checkmark}$
 $0 < 3^{\checkmark}$
 $1 < 3^{\checkmark}$

1 =

Upper Triangle.

```
3 7 1
6 2 4
7 1 8
```

```
3 7 1
0 2 4
0 0 8
```

logic.

$i \neq j \rightarrow \text{val}$

else $\rightarrow 0$

$i \ j$
0,0 0,1 0,2
1,0 1,1 1,2
2,0 2,1 2,2

Sample Input 0

```
3
3
3 7 1
6 2 4
7 1 0
```

Sample Output 0

```
3 7 1
0 2 4
0 0 0
```

```
4 public class Solution {
5
6     public static void swap(int [][] A, int i, int j){
7         int tmp = A[i][j];
8         A[i][j] = A[j][i];
9         A[j][i] = tmp;
10    }
11
12    public static void main(String[] args) {
13        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
14        int n = scn.nextInt();
15        int [][] A = new int[n][n];
16        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
17            for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
18                A[i][j] = scn.nextInt();
19            }
20        }
21        //logic
22        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
23            for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
24                if(i < j){
25                    swap(A,i,j);
26                }
27            }
28        }
29        //print
30        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
31            for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
32                System.out.print(A[i][j] + " ");
33            }
34            System.out.println();
35        }
36    }
37 }
```

1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9

Transpose of Matrix of $N \times N$

$n \times n$. Transpose. \rightarrow interchange rows with columns.



AC[0][j] AC[j][i] 2

3

0	1	2	3
0,0	0,1	0,2	0,3
1,0	5	6	7
2,0	9	10	11
3,0	13	14	15

4x4.



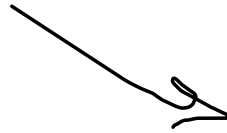
0	1	2	3
0	1	5	9
1	2	6	10
2	3	7	11
3	4	8	12

$i < j$
 \hookrightarrow swap $(i, j) \rightarrow (j, i)$

```
4 public class Solution {
5
6     public static void swap(int [][] A, int i, int j){
7         int tmp = A[i][j];
8         A[i][j] = A[j][i];
9         A[j][i] = tmp;
10    }
11
12    public static void main(String[] args) {
13        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
14        int n = scn.nextInt();
15        int [][] A = new int[n][n];
16        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
17            for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
18                A[i][j] = scn.nextInt();
19            }
20        }
21        //logic
22        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
23            for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
24                if(i < j){
25                    swap(A,i,j);
26                }
27            }
28        }
29        //print
30        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
31            for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
32                System.out.print(A[i][j] + " ");
33            }
34            System.out.println();
35        }
36    }
37 }
```

	0	1	2	3	
0		1	2	3	4
1		5	6	7	8
2		9	10	11	12
4		13	14	15	16

row = 1 give (i/p)
 ↪ reverse.



1	2	3	4
8	7	6	5
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16

```

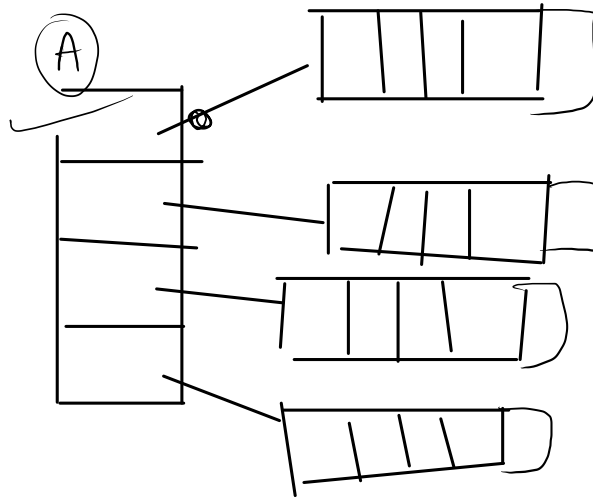
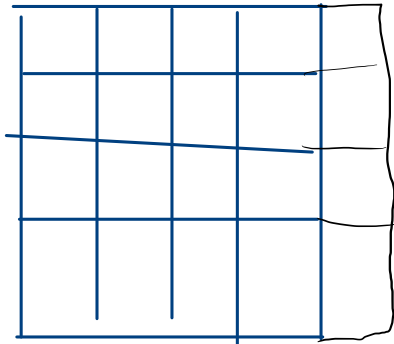
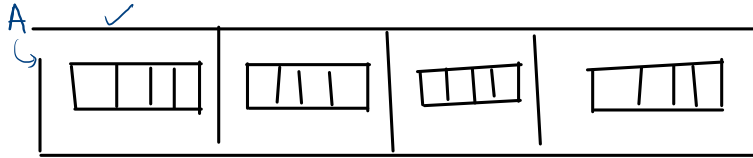
public static void main(String[] args) {
    int [][] A = {{11,12,13,14},
                  {15,16,17,18},
                  {19,20,21,22},
                  {23,24,25,26}};

    int row = 1;
    // reverseRow(A,row);
    int totalRows = A.length;
    int totalCols = A[0].length;
}

```

2D → Array → concept.

rows → A.length
cols → A[0].length




```
{11,12,13,14},
{15,16,17,18},
{19,20,21,22},
{23,24,25,26}};
```

row=1

tmp = 16

18
~~15~~
1,0

17
~~16~~
1,1

16
~~14~~
1,2

15
~~18~~
1,3

~~j~~-- ~~i~~

tmp = A[1][1]

A[1][1] = A[1][2]

A[1][2] = tmp

2 < 1

```
public static void reverseRow(int [][] A, int row){
    int i = 0;
    int j = A[0].length-1;
    while(i < j){
        int tmp = A[row][i];
        A[row][i] = A[row][j];
        A[row][j] = tmp;
        i++;
        j--;
    }
}
```

Rotate by 90°

$n=3$

1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9

→ 1. Transpose

1	4	7
2	5	8
3	6	9

↓
2. reverse All row

7	4	1
8	5	2
9	6	3

Sample Input 0

```
3
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
```

Sample Output 0

```
7 4 1
8 5 2
9 6 3
```

A →

	0	1	2	3
0	1	2	3	4
1	8 (5)	6 (7)	7 (6)	8 (5)

row = 1 tmp = 5

i j

i = 0

j = 3

0 < 3 ✓

```
public static void reverseRow(int [][] A, int row){
    int i = 0;
    int j = A[0].length-1;
    while(i < j){
        int tmp = A[row][i];
        A[row][i] = A[row][j];
        A[row][j] = tmp;
        i++;
        j--;
    }
}
```

tmp = A[i][0]

A[i][0] = A[i][3]

A[i][3] = 5

1	2	3		6	8	7
4	5	6	$\xrightarrow{180^\circ}$	9	5	4
7	8	9		3	2	1

$$180^\circ = 90^\circ + 90^\circ$$

			$\nwarrow 90^\circ$	
7	4	1		
8	5	2		
6	3	3		

$\nearrow 90^\circ$