

# Given x and y, print xy

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

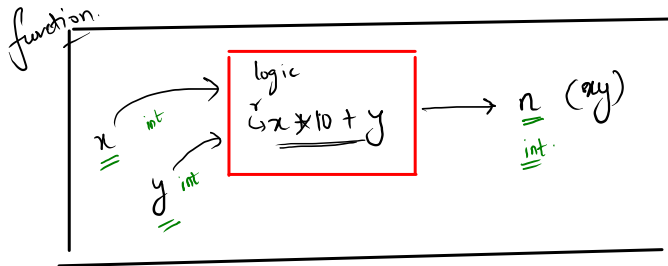
Take x and y digits as integer inputs and then form a number xy from it and then finally print that number.

for eg. if you are the given 3 and 4, then you have to form the number 34 from it and then finally print the number 34.

form numbers.  
place value

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 x & y & xy \\
 8 & 9 & 89 \\
 \downarrow & \downarrow & \\
 \underline{\underline{8}} & \underline{\underline{9}} & = \underline{\underline{8 \times 10 + 9}} \\
 \text{Tens.} & \text{ones} &
 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\underline{n}} = x \times 10 + y. \quad 8 \times 10 + 9 = \underline{\underline{89}}.$$



x	y	ans	
8	9	89	
9	9	99	... 9x10+9
5	6	56	... 5x10+6

Sample Input 1

```

3 -> T
8
9
9 } P2
5
6 } P3
  
```

Sample Output 1

```

89
99
56
  
```

```

1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5     public static int formNum(int x, int y){
6         int res = x * 10 + y;
7         return res;
8     }
9     public static void main(String[] args) {
10         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
11         int T = scn.nextInt();
12         for(int i = 0; i < T; i++){
13             int x = scn.nextInt();
14             int y = scn.nextInt();
15
16             int ans = formNum(x, y); //x * 10 + y
17             System.out.println(ans);
18         }
19     }
20 }
21 }

```

$T = 2$

$i = 0 \quad 0 < 2 \checkmark$

$x = 6$

$y = 4$

$x \quad 1 < 2 \checkmark$

$x = 5$

$y = 7$

2  $(2 < 2) \times$

i/p { 2  
6  
4  
5  
7

o/p.

64  
57

## void function.

```
4 public class Solution {  
5     public static void formNumber(int x, int y){  
6         int res = x * 10 + y;  
7         System.out.println(res);  
8     }  
9     public static void main(String[] args) {  
10        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);  
11        int T = scn.nextInt();  
12        for(int i = 0; i < T; i++){  
13            int x = scn.nextInt();  
14            int y = scn.nextInt();  
15  
16            formNumber(x, y);    //x * 10 + y  
17        }  
18    }  
19 }  
20 }
```

1  
5  
6

T=1

i=0

0 < 1 ✓

x=5

y=6

res = 50 + 6 = 56

1 < 1

56

# Print digit by digit of a three digit number

Problem

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Sample Input 0

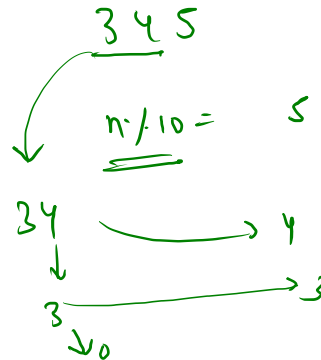
345

Sample Output 0

5  
4  
3

Given a three-digit positive number. Print its digits one by one starting from the digit at one's place to the digit at hundred's place in a separate line.

$$n = 345$$



```

1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
8         int n = scn.nextInt();
9         while(n > 0){
10             int d = n % 10;
11             System.out.println(d);
12             n /= 10;
13         }
14     }
15 }

```

```

1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5     public static void printDigits(int n){
6         while(n > 0){
7             int d = n % 10;
8             System.out.println(d);
9             n /= 10;
10        }
11    }
12
13
14    public static void main(String[] args) {
15        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
16        int n = scn.nextInt();
17        printDigits(n);
18    }
19 }

```

$n = 345$     ~~34~~    ~~3~~    0

345 > 0

d = 5

34 > 0

d = 4

3 > 0

d = 3

(0 > 0) ✓

5  
4  
3

# Reverse a 3 digit number

Problem

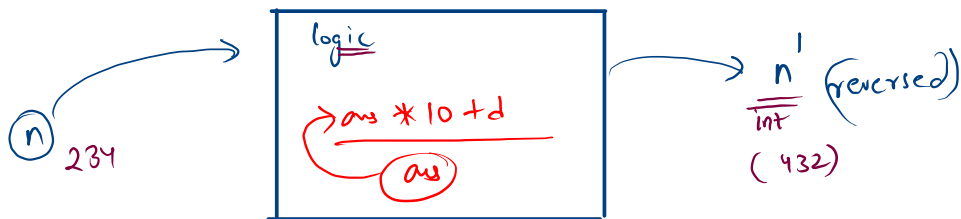
Submissions

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Take in a three digit number as an integer input and reverse its digits. And then print the final reversed number as an integer output.

$$n = 234 \xrightarrow{\text{rev.}} 432$$



$$432 = 4 \times 100 + 3 \times 10 + 2 \times 1$$

$$= \underline{\underline{432}}$$

$$d_1 = 2$$

$$d_2 = 3$$

$$d_3 = 4$$

$$\text{ans} = d_3 \times 100 + d_2 \times 10 + d_1$$

Sample Input 0

```
3 -> T
234
123
456
```

Sample Output 0

```
432
321
654
```

$$n = \underline{234}$$

$$ans = \cancel{0} \cancel{4} \cancel{43} \cdot 432$$

$$d = 4$$

$$\hookrightarrow ans = ans \times 10 + d = 4$$

$$\cancel{(23)}$$

$$d = 3$$

$$ans = 4 \times 10 + 3 = 43$$

$$\textcircled{2}$$

$$d = \textcircled{2}$$

$$ans = 43 \times 10 + 2 = 430 + 2 = 432$$

$$\underline{\underline{\textcircled{0}}}$$

$$n = 562$$

$$\underline{\underline{265}}$$

$$\left[ ans = (\underline{ans} \times 10 + d) \right]$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \times 100 \\ 6 \times 10 \\ + 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$n = 562$$

$$d = 2$$

$$ans = 0 + 2$$

$$\cancel{56} \quad d = 6$$

$$ans = 2 \times 10 + 6$$

$$5 \quad d = 5$$

$$ans = 26 \times 10 + 5 = 265$$

$$ans = \cancel{0} \times \cancel{10} + \cancel{26} \rightarrow \textcircled{265}$$



```

1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5     public static int reverse(int n){
6         int ans = 0;
7         while(n > 0){
8             int d = n % 10;
9             n /= 10;
10            ans = ans * 10 + d;
11        }
12        return ans;
13    }
14    |
15    public static void main(String[] args) {
16        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
17        int t = scn.nextInt();
18        for(int i = 1; i <= t; i++){
19            int n = scn.nextInt();
20            int ans = reverse(n);
21            System.out.println(ans);
22        }
23    }
24 }

```

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ \textcircled{123} \\ 574 \end{array} \right.$

$t=2$

$\%10 = 0$

$i = X$        $1 \leq 2$  ✓  
 2       $\textcircled{2 \leq 2}$  ✓

$n = 574$

# Print the final number xyzw...

Sample Input 0

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

4  
1  
2  
3  
6

Sample Output 0

1236

Take **n** as an integer input. Then take **n** digits as integer inputs and form a number from it and print that number as an integer output.

try by yourself

x	y	z	w
1	2	3	6
$\times 1000$	$\times 100$	$\times 10$	$\times 1$

= 1236

ans = ~~0~~ ~~1~~ ~~12~~ 1236  
d = ~~1~~ ~~2~~ ~~3~~ 6

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \text{ans} &= \text{ans} \times 10 + d \\ &= 0 + 1 = 1 \\ &= 10 + 2 \\ &= 120 + 3 \\ &= 1230 + 6 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

# Reverse n digit number

```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5     public static void reverse(int n){
6         int ans = 0;
7         while(n > 0){
8             int d = n % 10;
9             n /= 10;
10            ans = ans * 10 + d;
11        }
12        System.out.println(ans);
13    }
14
15    public static void main(String[] args) {
16        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
17        int t = scn.nextInt();
18        int n = 0;
19        for(int i = 0; i < t; i++){
20            int d = scn.nextInt();
21            n = n*10 + d;
22        }
23        System.out.println(n);
24        reverse(n);
25    }
26 }
```

t=3

i=0  
✓

0 < 3

d=2

1 < 3 ✓

d=5

2 < 3

d=6

3 < 3 ✓

✓

3

n=4 2 256  
0x10+2  
2x10+5  
25x10+6

Sample Input 0

3 ✓  
2 ✓  
5  
6

Sample Output 0

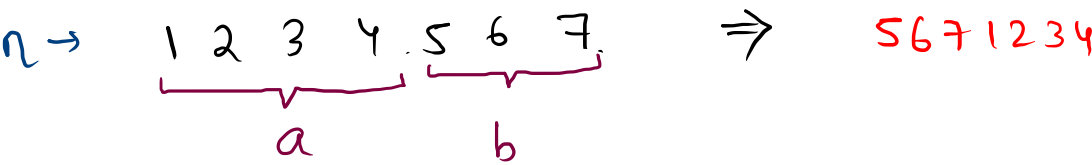
256 ✓  
652 ✓

# Rotate 7-digit number to right by three

Problem	Submissions	Leaderboard	Discussions
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Take  $n$  as an integer input, you have to pick the last 3 digits of the number of and put them in the starting.

eg. 1234567 is given, then this number should transform to 5671234.



$$ans = b \times 10000 + a = ?$$

$$b = n \% 1000$$

$$a = n / 1000$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 567\ 0000 \\ +\ 1\ 234 \\ \hline 5671234 \end{array}$$

1  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7

t=1

i=1

1 ≤ 1 ✓

n = 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

a = n / 1000 = 1234

b = 567

1000 ) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 (

1000

2345

2000

3456

3000

4567

4000

res = 567 0000

1234

(5671234)

567

```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5
6     public static void rotate(int n){
7         int a = n / 1000;
8         int b = n % 1000;
9         int res = b * 10000 + a;
10        System.out.println(res);
11    }
12
13    public static void main(String[] args) {
14        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
15        int t = scn.nextInt();
16        for(int i = 1; i <= t; i++){
17            int n = scn.nextInt();
18            rotate(n);
19        }
20    }
21 }
```

(7)

n

rotate 3.

1 2 { 3 4 5 }

$$a = n / 1000 = 12$$

$$b = n \% 1000 = 345$$

345 12

$$\underline{b \times 10^{r-1} + a}$$

$$= b \times 10^{(2)} + a$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 345 \times 100 \\ + 12 \\ \hline 34512 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \textcircled{12} \\
 1000 \overline{) 12345} \\
 \underline{1000} \phantom{00} \\
 2345 \\
 \underline{2000} \phantom{00} \\
 \textcircled{345}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{n + \text{rate} = 3.}{\gamma}$$

1 2 3 4 5 6 { 7 8 9 }

$$n \cdot 1000$$

$$n / 1000$$

$$n \cdot 10^r$$

$$n / 10^r$$



Armstrong Number  $\Rightarrow$  sum of cube of each digit should be equal to number

$$n = 153$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3 &= n \\ 1 + 125 + 27 &= 153 \end{aligned}$$

eg.  $234$

$$\begin{aligned} 2^3 + 3^3 + 4^3 &= \\ 8 + 27 + 64 &\neq 234 \end{aligned}$$

1st.

1 (5) (3)

$$= 3 \times 3 \times 3 + 5 * 5 * 5 + 1 * 1 * 1$$

$$\textcircled{ans} = 27 + 125 + 1$$

$\textcircled{n == ans} \rightarrow \underline{\text{true.}}$