Print alp. from 'a' to 'z'. for (int i = 97; i <= 122; i++) { for (int i = 97; i <= 122; i++) { char ch = (char)i; Syso ((chan) i) j System.out.println(ch); Epil 1 **ASCII TABLE** abcd 6979899100 binary form Que Hint: - for loop syntex

```
Syntax for (initiator; condition; incre/decre) {
         i ( , 1 tri
       for (i=65, j=97; i<=90 & k j<=122; i++, j++) {
initiator conditions there.
             char large = (char) i;
              cha small = (cha) i i
            System. out. print In ( large + small + " ");
             (int i = 65, j = 97; i \le 90 \&\& j \le 122; i++, j++) {
             char large = (char)i;
             char small = (char)j;
            System.out.print(large + "" + small + " ");
              Az _ By _ Cw _ _ - Za
```

i=65,j=97

Our Input any no, and print its factors num = 8 i=1, 87.1==0~ 1=2, 8%2==0 (=3, 8%3==0 ≪ Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in); int num = scn.nextInt(); for (int i = 1; i <= num; i++) { if (num % i == 0) { 6-6 7 System.out.print(i + ", "); 127 (= 8) Duel Input a no. and print its factorial. $\eta! = n \times (n-1) \times (n-2) \times (n-3) \times --- \times 2 \times 1$ $5! = 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$ = 120 Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in); int n = scn.nextInt(); int ans = 1; for (int i = n; i >= 1; i--) { ans = ans * i;

System.out.println(ans);

```
Just take yp 2 number and print HCF.

(Highest common factor),

e.g., a = 20, b = 8, HCF = 4

int ans = 1;

for (int i = 1; i <= a; i++) {

if (a % i == 0 && b % i == 0) {

ans = i;
}

}
```

System.out.println(ans);

```
(=1, 20%1==0 66 87.1==0, an= 1

i=2, 20%2==0 66 87.2==0, an= 2

i=3, 20%3==0 66 87.9==0, an= 2

i=3, 20%3==0 66 87.9==0, an= 4

i=4, 20%5==0 66 87.9==0, an= 4

i=5, 20%5==0 66 85==0, an= 4

i=6, 20%6==0 66 85==0, an= 4

i=6, 20%6==0 66 87.5==0, an= 4
```

Our Supert 2 no. and print His LCM.

Sure Supert any digit no. and find its
reverse.