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Started on Monday, 9 November 2020, 5:54 PM
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Grade **25.00** out of 25.00 (**100%**)

Information



Mid-sem Unit Exam, Session (2020-21)

Program : BCA

Course Code and Name: Computer based Numerical and Statistical Techniques (MT202)

Question 1

Complete

Not graded

Enter your Full Name and Roll number

Roll Number: 1901018176

Course Code and Name: MT-202

Program: BCA

Year /Semester: 2nd/3rd

Section/Group: C

Question 2

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The symbol which is used for shift operator is

Select one:

- ☐ a.
 λ
- ☐ b.
 D
- ☒ c.
 E
- ☐ d.
 μ

Question **3**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Choose the correct relations between the operators

Select one:

- ☒ a.
 $E=1+\Delta$
- ☐ b.
 $E=1-\Delta$
- ☐ c.
 $E=\nabla+1$
- ☐ d. All of the above

Question **4**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Let h be the finite difference, the backward difference operator is defined as

Select one:

- ☐ a. $f(x+h)-f(x)$
- ☐ b. $f(x+h)$
- ☒ c. $f(x-h)-f(x)$
- ☐ d. None of the Above

Question **5**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The central difference operator is denoted by

Select one:

- ☐ a.
 Δ
- ☐ b.
 ∇
- ☐ c.
 E
- ☒ d.
 δ

Question **6**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The process of finding the values corresponding the point inside the interval (x_0, x_1) is called

Select one:

- ☒ a. Interpolation
- ☐ b. Extrapolation
- ☐ c. Iteration
- ☐ d. Integration

Question **7**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Newton Gregory backward interpolation formula can be used

Select one:

- ☐ a. When intervals are not equally spaced and we need to interpolate near to the end of the table.
- ☒ b. When intervals are equally spaced and we need to interpolate near to the end of the table
- ☐ c. Can be used for both equally and unequally spaced intervals.
- ☐ d. When the given values are large.

Question **8**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If $x_0 = 75$, $x_n = 100$ and $h = 5$ then $n = ?$

Select one:

- ☐ a. 2
- ☐ b. 3
- ☐ c. 4
- ☒ d. 5

Question **9**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Interpolation formulae are based upon the fundamental assumption that data can be expressed as

Select one:

- ☐ a. A linear function
- ☒ b. A polynomial
- ☐ c. A cubic function
- ☐ d. Exponential function

Question **10**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If 5 values of x and corresponding values of y are given, then Lagrange's interpolation formula will give

Select one:

- ☐ a. A polynomial of degree 4 in y .
- ☒ b. A polynomial of degree 4 in x .
- ☐ c. A polynomial whose each term has degree 4.
- ☐ d. A constant polynomial.

Question **11**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The $(n+1)$ th divided difference of polynomial of degree n are

Select one:

- ☐ a. Unequal
- ☐ b. Variable
- ☒ c. Zero
- ☐ d. One

Question 12

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Newton’s divided difference formula is used to interpolate the value of y

Select one:

- ☐ a. Near the beginning of the table.
- ☐ b. Near the end of the table.
- ☐ c. Near the mid of the table.
- ☒ d. All of the above.

Question 13

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Find Newton’s first divided difference for the given values

x: 1 3

y: 6 28

Select one:

- ☐ a. 22
- ☒ b. 11
- ☐ c. 10
- ☐ d. 21

Question 14

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

For given two distinct points x_0, x_1 the first order Newton divided difference is given by

Select one:

- ☐ a.
$$\frac{x - x_0}{f(x_1) - f(x_0)}$$
- ☐ b.
$$\frac{f(x_1) + f(x_0)}{x_1 + x_0}$$
- ☒ c.
$$\frac{f(x_1) - f(x_0)}{x_1 - x_0}$$
- ☐ d.
$$\frac{x_1 + x_0}{f(x_1) + f(x_0)}$$

Question 15

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Symbol used for Backward difference operator is

Select one:

☐ a. Δ

☐ b. δ

☒ c. ∇

☐ d. E

Question 16

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If $y_0 = 0.5$ and $y_1 = 1.0$, then the value of Δy_0 is

Select one:

☐ a. 0

☒ b. 0.5

☐ c. 0.25

☐ d. 0.75

Question 17

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The formula $f(x) = \frac{(x-x_1)(x-x_2)\dots(x-x_n)}{(x_0-x_1)(x_0-x_2)\dots(x_0-x_n)}f(x_0) + \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_2)\dots(x-x_n)}{x_1-x_0(x_1-x_2)\dots(x_1-x_n)}f(x_1) + \dots$
 $\frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_1)\dots(x-x_{n-1})}{(x_n-x_0)(x_n-x_1)\dots(x_n-x_{n-1})}f(x_n)$ is known as

Select one:

☐ a. Newton's divided difference formula

☐ b. Stirling formula

☐ c. Bessel Formula

☒ d. Lagrange's Formula

Question 18

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The given set of data (1,5), (4,9), (7,24), (10,96) and (13,156)

Select one:

☐ a. Is not equally spaced with $h=3$

☒ b. Is equally spaced with $h=3$

☐ c. Data is not equally spaced because $h=3$

☐ d. a and c both are correct.

Question **19**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which one of the following is false

Select one:

- ☐ a. $\Delta = E - 1$
- ☐ b. $E = e^{hD}$
- ☒ c. $\nabla = 1 - E$
- ☐ d. None of the Above

Question **20**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following is not true

Select one:

- ☐ a. $(\Delta + 1)(1 - \nabla) = 1$
- ☐ b. $(\Delta - 1)(1 + \nabla) = |$
- ☒ c. $(\Delta - 1)(1 - \nabla) = 1$
- ☐ d. All of the above

Question **21**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The process of computing the value of function outside the given range is called

Select one:

- ☐ a. Interpolation
- ☐ b. Extra interpolation
- ☒ c. Extrapolation
- ☐ d. Differentiation

Question **22**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

For the given set of data, the value of $\Delta (y_0)$ is

x: 5. 10. 15
y: 9962. 9848. 9659

Select one:

- ☐ a. 114
- ☐ b. 75
- ☐ c. -75
- ☒ d. -114

Question **23**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The correct factorial notation for $[x]^3$ with $h=1$ is

Select one:

- ☐ a. $x(x-1)$
- ☐ b. $(x-1)(x-2)$
- ☒ c. $x(x-1)(x-2)$
- ☐ d. $x(x-2)$

Question **24**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Gauss forward difference formula is applicable when u lies between

Select one:

- ☐ a. 0 and 1
- ☐ b. $-1/2$ and 0
- ☒ c. 0 and $1/2$
- ☐ d. All of the above

Question **25**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Stirling's formula gives best results when

Select one:

- ☐ a. $0 < u < 1$
- ☐ b. $-1/2 < u < 1/2$
- ☒ c. $-1/4 < u < 1/4$
- ☐ d. For every value of u

Question **26**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Find the value of $E(y_0)$, where $y_0=4$, $x_0=2$, $y= x^2$ and $h=1$

Select one:

- ☐ a. 5
- ☐ b. 6
- ☐ c. 3
- ☒ d. 9

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Correct

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The symbol which is used for shift operator is

Select one:

- ☐ a.
 λ
- ☐ b.
 D
- ☒ c.
 E ✓
- ☐ d.
 μ

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

E

Question **3**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Choose the correct relations between the operators

Select one:

- ☒ a.
 $E=1+\Delta$ ✓
- ☐ b.
 $E=1-\Delta$
- ☐ c.
 $E=\nabla+1$
- ☐ d. All of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

$E=1+\Delta$

Question **4**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Let h be the finite difference, the backward difference operator is defined as

Select one:

- ☐ a. $f(x+h)-f(x)$
- ☐ b. $f(x+h)$
- ☒ c. $f(x-h)-f(x)$ ✓
- ☐ d. None of the Above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $f(x-h)-f(x)$

Question **5**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The central difference operator is denoted by

Select one:

- ☐ a.
 Δ
- ☐ b.
 ∇
- ☐ c.
 E
- ☒ d.
 δ ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

δ

Question 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The process of finding the values corresponding the point inside the interval (x_0, x_1) is called

Select one:

- ☒ a. Interpolation ✓
- ☐ b. Extrapolation
- ☐ c. Iteration
- ☐ d. Integration

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Interpolation

Question 7

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Newton Gregory backward interpolation formula can be used

Select one:

- ☐ a. When intervals are not equally spaced and we need to interpolate near to the end of the table.
- ☒ b. When intervals are equally spaced and we need to interpolate near to the end of the table ✓
- ☐ c. Can be used for both equally and unequally spaced intervals.
- ☐ d. When the given values are large.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: When intervals are equally spaced and we need to interpolate near to the end of the table

Question 8

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If $x_0 = 75$, $x_n = 100$ and $h = 5$ then $n = ?$

Select one:

- ☐ a. 2
- ☐ b. 3
- ☐ c. 4
- ☒ d. 5 ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 5

Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Interpolation formulae are based upon the fundamental assumption that data can be expressed as

Select one:

- ☐ a. A linear function
- ☒ b. A polynomial ✓
- ☐ c. A cubic function
- ☐ d. Exponential function

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: A polynomial

Question **10**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If 5 values of x and corresponding values of y are given, then Lagrange's interpolation formula will give

Select one:

- ☐ a. A polynomial of degree 4 in y .
- ☒ b. A polynomial of degree 4 in x . ✓
- ☐ c. A polynomial whose each term has degree 4.
- ☐ d. A constant polynomial.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: A polynomial of degree 4 in x .

Question **11**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The $(n+1)$ th divided difference of polynomial of degree n are

Select one:

- ☐ a. Unequal
- ☐ b. Variable
- ☒ c. Zero ✓
- ☐ d. One

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Zero

Question **12**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Newton's divided difference formula is used to interpolate the value of y

Select one:

- ☐ a. Near the beginning of the table.
- ☐ b. Near the end of the table.
- ☐ c. Near the mid of the table.
- ☒ d. All of the above. ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: All of the above.

Question **13**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Find Newton's first divided difference for the given values

x : 1 3

y : 6 28

Select one:

- ☐ a. 22
- ☒ b. 11 ✓
- ☐ c. 10
- ☐ d. 21

Your answer is correct.

Question **14**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The correct answer is: 11

For given two distinct points x_0, x_1 the first order Newton divided difference is given by

Select one:

- ☐ a. $\frac{x-x_0}{f(x_1)-f(x_0)}$
- ☐ b. $\frac{f(x_1)+f(x_0)}{x_1+x_0}$
- ☒ c. $\frac{f(x_1)-f(x_0)}{x_1-x_0}$ ✓
- ☐ d. $\frac{x_1+x_0}{f(x_1)+f(x_0)}$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

$$\frac{f(x_1)-f(x_0)}{x_1-x_0}$$

Question **15**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Symbol used for Backward difference operator is

Select one:

- ☐ a. Δ
- ☐ b. δ
- ☒ c. ∇ ✓
- ☐ d. E

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

$$\nabla$$

Question 16

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If $y_0 = 0.5$ and $y_1 = 1.0$, then the value of Δy_0 is

Select one:

- ☐ a. 0
- ☒ b. 0.5 ✓
- ☐ c. 0.25
- ☐ d. 0.75

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 0.5

Question 17

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The formula $f(x) = \frac{(x-x_1)(x-x_2)\dots(x-x_n)}{(x_0-x_1)(x_0-x_2)\dots(x_0-x_n)} f(x_0) + \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_2)\dots(x-x_n)}{x_1-x_0(x_1-x_2)\dots(x_1-x_n)} f(x_1) + \dots$
 $\frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_1)\dots(x-x_{n-1})}{(x_n-x_0)(x_n-x_1)\dots(x_n-x_{n-1})} f(x_n)$ is known as

Select one:

- ☐ a. Newton's divided difference formula
- ☐ b. Stirling formula
- ☐ c. Bessel Formula
- ☒ d. Lagrange's Formula ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Lagrange's Formula

Question 18

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The given set of data (1,5), (4,9), (7,24), (10,96) and (13,156)

Select one:

- ☐ a. Is not equally spaced with $h=3$
- ☒ b. Is equally spaced with $h=3$ ✓
- ☐ c. Data is not equally spaced because $h=3$
- ☐ d. a and c both are correct.

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Is equally spaced with $h=3$

Question **19**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which one of the following is false

Select one:

- ☐ a.
 $\Delta = E - 1$
- ☐ b.
 $E = e^{hD}$
- ☒ c.
 $\nabla = 1 - E$ ✓
- ☐ d. None of the Above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

$$\nabla = 1 - E$$

Question **20**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following is not true

Select one:

- ☐ a.
 $(\Delta + 1)(1 - \nabla) = 1$
- ☐ b.
 $(\Delta - 1)(1 + \nabla) = 1$
- ☒ c.
 $(\Delta - 1)(1 - \nabla) = 1$ ✓
- ☐ d. All of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

$$(\Delta - 1)(1 - \nabla) = 1$$

Question **21**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The process of computing the value of function outside the given range is called

Select one:

- ☐ a. Interpolation
- ☐ b. Extra interpolation
- ☒ c. Extrapolation ✓
- ☐ d. Differentiation

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Extrapolation

Question **22**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

For the given set of data, the value of $\Delta(y_0)$ is

x:	5.	10.	15
y:	9962.	9848.	9659

Select one:

- ☐ a. 114
- ☐ b. 75
- ☐ c. -75
- ☒ d. -114 ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: -114

Question **23**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The correct factorial notation for $[x]^3$ with $h=1$ is

Select one:

- ☐ a. $x(x-1)$
- ☐ b. $(x-1)(x-2)$
- ☒ c. $x(x-1)(x-2)$ ✓
- ☐ d. $x(x-2)$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $x(x-1)(x-2)$

Question **24**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Gauss forward difference formula is applicable when u lies between

Select one:

- ☐ a. 0 and 1
- ☐ b. -1/2 and 0
- ☒ c. 0 and 1/2 ✓
- ☐ d. All of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 0 and 1/2

Question **25**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Stirling's formula gives best results when

Select one:

- ☐ a. $0 < u < 1$
- ☐ b. $-1/2 < u < 1/2$
- ☒ c. $-1/4 < u < 1/4$ ✓
- ☐ d. For every value of u

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $-1/4 < u < 1/4$

Question **26**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Find the value of $E(y_0)$, where $y_0=4$, $x_0=2$, $y= x^2$ and $h=1$

Select one:

- ☐ a. 5
- ☐ b. 6
- ☐ c. 3
- ☒ d. 9 ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 9

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Started on Monday, 9 November 2020, 6:27 PM

State Finished

Completed on Monday, 9 November 2020, 6:30 PM

Time taken 2 mins 53 secs

Grade 6.00 out of 25.00 (24%)

Information



Mid-sem Unit Exam, Session (2020-21)

Program: BCA

Course Code and Name: MT202 Computer based numerical and statistical techniques

Question 1

Complete

Not graded

Enter your Full Name and Roll number

Roll Number: 1901018001

Course Code and Name:MT202

Program: BCA

Year /Semester:2nd/3rd

Section/Group: A

**Question
2**

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

Simpson's 3/8 rule should be used when

Select one:

- ☐ n is multiple of 2
- ☒ n is any positive number ✖
- ☐ n is multiple of 3
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: n is multiple of 3

**Question
3**

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

In numerical integration when the number of sub intervals (n) is a multiple of 4, then we use

Select one:

- ☐ Simpson's 3/8 rule
- ☐ Boole's rule
- ☒ Weddle's rule ✖
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Boole's rule

**Question
4**

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

Numerical differentiation gives

Select one:

- ☒ Exact value ✖
- ☐ Approximate value
- ☐ No value
- ☐ Negative value

The correct answer is: Approximate value

Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

To apply trapezoidal rule, always divide the given range of integration into n parts, where n is:

Select one:

- ☐ Even
- ☐ Odd
- ☒ 1, 2, 3, ... ✓
- ☐ 5, 6, 7, ...

The correct answer is: 1, 2, 3, ...

Question 6

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

What is the value of h (interval of differencing) in the following data?

x (Age)	46	51	56	61	66
$y = f(x)$ (Premium)	116	97	83	74	68

Select one:

- ☒ 4 ✗
- ☐ 5
- ☐ 6
- ☐ Can't define

The correct answer is: 5

Question 7

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

In numerical integration, to get better result we select n as

Select one:

- ☐ Even
- ☒ Odd ✗
- ☐ Large as possible
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Large as possible

Question

8

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

For $\int_0^{12} f(x)dx$ in Trapezoidal rule for $h=1$, what is the value of n

Select one:

- ☒ 6 ✖
- ☐ 12
- ☐ 24
- ☐ None

The correct answer is: 12

Question

9

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

How many minimum ordinates in Weddle's rule are necessary

Select one:

- ☐ 6
- ☒ 7 ✔
- ☐ 8
- ☐ 9

The correct answer is: 7

Question

10

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

Evaluate $\int_0^1 x^3 dx$ by trapezoidal rule considering five subintervals

Select one:

- ☒ 0.46 ✖
- ☐ 0.36
- ☐ 0.26
- ☐ 0.16

The correct answer is: 0.26

Question
11

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+nh} f(x) dx = \frac{h}{2} [(y_0 + y_n) + 2(y_1 + y_2 + \dots + y_{n-1})]$$

Given formula is called as

Select one:

- ☐ Trapezoidal rule
- ☐ Simpson's 1/3 rule
- ☐ Simpson's 3/8 rule
- ☒ None of these ✖

The correct answer is: Trapezoidal rule

Question
12

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Given differentiation formula is known as

$$\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{x=a} = \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta y_0 - \frac{1}{2} \Delta^2 y_0 + \frac{1}{3} \Delta^3 y_0 - \frac{1}{4} \Delta^4 y_0 + \frac{1}{5} \Delta^5 y_0 - \dots \right]$$

Select one:

- ☒ Newton forward difference formula ✔
- ☐ Newton backward difference formula
- ☐ Lagrange's formula
- ☐ Gauss's formula

The correct answer is: Newton forward difference formula

Question
13

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

Trapezoidal rule is applicable when n is a

Select one:

- ☐ Natural number
- ☐ Integer
- ☒ Rational number ✖
- ☐ Real Number

The correct answer is: Natural number

Question
14

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

Simpson's 1/3 rule is applicable when n is

Select one:

- ☐ even natural number
- ☒ odd natural number ✖
- ☐ any natural number
- ☐ none of these

The correct answer is: even natural number

Question
15

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

If number of subintervals (n) is 12 then we can apply

Select one:

- ☒ Trapezoidal rule ✖
- ☐ Boole's rule
- ☐ Weddle's rule
- ☐ All of above rules

The correct answer is: All of above rules

Question
16

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Given formula is known as

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+nh} f(x) dx = \frac{2h}{45} \left[7(y_0 + y_n) + 32(y_1 + y_3 + y_5 + \dots) + 12(y_2 + y_6 + y_{10} + \dots) + 14(y_4 + y_8 + y_{12} + \dots) \right]$$

Select one:

- ☒ Boole's rule ✔
- ☐ Weddle's rule
- ☐ Euler Maclaurin's rule
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Boole's rule

**Question
17**

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

Which of the following methods is for integration

Select one:

- ☐ Gauss-Siedel Method
- ☒ Newton-Raphson Method ✖
- ☐ Euler-Maclaurin Method
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Euler-Maclaurin Method

**Question
18**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

The process of evaluating a definite integral from a set of tabulated values of the integrand $f(x)$ is called

Select one:

- ☐ Numerical value
- ☐ Numerical differentiation
- ☒ Numerical integration ✔
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Numerical integration

**Question
19**

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

To evaluate $\int_0^1 f(x)dx$ approximately which of the following method is used when the value of $f(x)$ is given only at $x = 0, 1/3, 2/3, 1$

Select one:

- ☐ Trapezoidal rule
- ☒ Simpson's 3/8 rule ✖
- ☐ Both of the above
- ☐ None of the above

The correct answer is: Both of the above

Question

20

Incorrect

Mark 0.00

out of

1.00

To evaluate $\int_0^1 f(x)dx$ approximately which of the following method is used when the value of $f(x)$ is given only at $x = 0, 1/3, 2/3, 1$

Select one:

- ☐ Simpson's 1/3 rule
- ☒ Weddle's rule ✖
- ☐ Both of the above
- ☐ None of the above

The correct answer is: None of the above

Question

21

Incorrect

Mark 0.00

out of

1.00

In numerical integration when the number of subintervals (n) is 7 then we use

Select one:

- ☐ Trapezoidal rule
- ☐ Weddle's rule
- ☒ Boole's rule ✖
- ☐ None of the above

The correct answer is: Trapezoidal rule

Question

22

Incorrect

Mark 0.00

out of

1.00

To use the given formula the number of subintervals (n) should be multiple of

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+nh} f(x)dx = \frac{2h}{45} \left[7(y_0 + y_n) + 32(y_1 + y_3 + y_5 + \dots) + 12(y_2 + y_6 + y_{10} + \dots) + 14(y_4 + y_8 + y_{12} + \dots) \right]$$

Select one:

- ☒ 2 ✖
- ☐ 3
- ☐ 4
- ☐ 6

The correct answer is: 4

Question
23

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

The process of calculating the derivative of a function at some particular value of independent variable by means of a set of given values of that function is

Select one:

- ☒ Numerical value ✖
- ☐ Numerical differentiation
- ☐ Numerical integration
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Numerical differentiation

Question
24

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

In Newton's forward difference formula, what is u _____

Select one:

- ☐ $\frac{x-x_0}{h}$
- ☐ $\frac{x-x_n}{h}$
- ☒ $\frac{(x-x_0)^2}{h}$ ✖
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is:

$$\frac{x-x_0}{h}$$

Question
25

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

In Newton's backward difference formula, what is u _____

Select one:

☒ $\frac{x-x_0}{h}$ ✖

☐ $\frac{x-x_n}{h}$

☐ $\frac{(x-x_n)^2}{h}$

☐ None of these

The correct answer is:

$\frac{x-x_n}{h}$

Question
26

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Simpson's 1/3 rule is used only when

Select one:

☐ Ordinates are even

☒ Ordinates are odd ✔

☐ Ordinate is any positive integer

☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Ordinates are odd



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◀ PRACTICE QUIZ
UNIT 3

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LEARNING
RESOURCES OF
UNIT ▶

Started on Wednesday, 9 December 2020, 6:44 PM
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Time taken 5 mins 37 secs
Grade 25.00 out of 25.00 (100%)

Information



Mid-sem Unit Exam, Session (2020-21)

Program

Course Code and Name:

Question 1

Complete

Not graded

Enter your Full Name and Roll number

Roll Number: 1901018305

Course Code and Name:MT202

Program: BCA

Year /Semester:2nd/3rd

Section/Group: 4/D

Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If the intervals are unequal, derivative can be find by

Select one:

- ☐ i. Newton divided difference method
- ☐ ii. Lagrange interpolation formula
- ☒ iii. (i) And (ii) both are correct ✓
- ☐ iv. (i) and (ii) both are incorrect

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: (i) And (ii) both are correct

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In numerical integration when the number of sub intervals (n) is a multiple of 4, then we use

Select one:

- ☐ Simpson's 3/8 rule
- ☒ Boole's rule ✓
- ☐ Weddle's rule
- ☐ None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Boole's rule

Question 4

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Numerical differentiation gives

Select one:

- ☐ Exact value
- ☒ Approximate value ✓
- ☐ No value
- ☐ Negative value

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Approximate value

Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If the value of the derivation is to be find near to mid of the table, we use

Select one:

- ☐ Newton forward
- ☐ Newton backword
- ☒ Bessel formula ✓
- ☐ all are incorrect

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Bessel formula

Question 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Using Lagrange's interpolation formula, the derivative at any point

Select one:

- ☐ i. can be found without finding the polynomial
- ☒ ii. can be found only after finding the polynomial ✓
- 1.
- ☐ iii. (i) and (ii) both are correct
- ☐ iv. (i) and (ii) both are incorrect

Your answer is correct.

Question **7**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The correct answer is: can be found only after finding the polynomial

In numerical integration, to get better result we select n as

Select one:

- ☐ Even
- ☐ Odd
- ☒ Large as possible ✓
- ☐ None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Large as possible

Question **8**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

For $\int_0^{12} f(x)dx$ in Trapezoidal rule for h=1, what is the value of n

Select one:

- ☐ 6
- ☒ 12 ✓
- ☐ 24
- ☐ None

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 12

Question **9**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How many minimum sub-intervals in Weddle's rule are necessary

Select one:

- ☒ 6 ✓
- ☐ 7
- ☐ 8
- ☐ 9

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 6

Question **10**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Evaluate $\int_0^1 x^3dx$ by trapezoidal rule considering three subintervals

Select one:

- ☐ 0.46
- ☐ 0.36
- ☒ 2.5 ✓
- ☐ 0.16

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 2.5

The correct answer is: 2.0

Question 11

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0 + nh} f(x) \, dx = \frac{h}{2} [(y_0 + y_n) + 2(y_1 + y_2 + \dots + y_{n-1})]$$

Given formula is called as

Select one:

- ☒ Trapezoidal rule ✓
- ☐ Simpson's 1/3 rule
- ☐ Simpson's 3/8 rule
- ☐ None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Trapezoidal rule

Question 12

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

$$\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{x=a} = \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta y_0 - \frac{1}{2} \Delta^2 y_0 + \frac{1}{3} \Delta^3 y_0 - \frac{1}{4} \Delta^4 y_0 + \frac{1}{5} \Delta^5 y_0 - \dots \right]$$

Given differentiation formula is known as

Select one:

- ☒ Newton forward difference formula for derivative ✓
- ☐ Newton backward difference formula for derivative
- ☐ Lagrange's formula
- ☐ Gauss's formula for derivative

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Newton forward difference formula for derivative

Question 13

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In Trapezoidal rule the minimum value of n is

Select one:

- ☒ 1 ✓
- ☐ 2
- ☐ 3
- ☐ 4

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 1

Question 14

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Simpson's 1/3 rule is applicable when n is

Select one:

- ☒ even natural number ✓
- ☐ odd natural number
- ☐ any natural number
- ☐ none of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: even natural number

Question 15

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If number of subintervals (n) is 12 then we can apply

Select one:

- ☐ Trapezoidal rule
- ☐ Boole's rule
- ☐ Weddle's rule
- ☒ All of above rules ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: All of above rules

Question 16

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given formula is known as

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+nh} f(x) dx = \frac{2h}{45} \left[7(y_0 + y_n) + 32(y_1 + y_3 + y_5 + \dots) + 12(y_2 + y_6 + y_{10} + \dots) + 14(y_4 + y_8 + y_{12} + \dots) \right]$$

Select one:

- ☒ Boole's rule ✓
- ☐ Weddle's rule
- ☐ Euler Maclaurin's rule
- ☐ None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Boole's rule

Question 17

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following methods is for integration

Select one:

- ☐ Gauss-Siedel Method
- ☐ Newton-Raphson Method
- ☒ Bool's rule ✓
- ☐ None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Bool's rule

Question **18**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The process of evaluating a definite integral from a set of tabulated values of the integrand $f(x)$ is called

Select one:

- ☐ Numerical value
- ☐ Numerical differentiation
- ☒ Numerical integration ✓
- ☐ None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Numerical integration

Question **19**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

To evaluate $\int_0^1 f(x)dx$ approximately which of the following method is used when the value of $f(x)$ is given only at $x = 0, 1/3, 2/3, 1$

Select one:

- ☐ Trapezoidal rule
- ☐ Simpson's 3/8 rule
- ☒ Both of the above ✓
- ☐ None of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Both of the above

Question **20**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

To evaluate $\int_0^1 f(x)dx$ approximately which of the following method is used when the value of $f(x)$ is given only at $x = 0, 1/3, 2/3, 1$

Select one:

- ☐ Simpson's 1/3 rule
- ☐ Weddle's rule
- ☐ Both of the above
- ☒ None of the above ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: None of the above

Question **21**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In numerical integration when the number of subintervals (n) is 7 then we use

Select one:

- ☒ Trapezoidal rule ✓
- ☐ Weddle's rule
- ☐ Boole's rule
- ☐ None of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Trapezoidal rule

Question **22**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

To use the given formula the number of subintervals (n) should be multiple of

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+nh} f(x) dx = \frac{2h}{45} \left[7(y_0 + y_n) + 32(y_1 + y_3 + y_5 + \dots) + 12(y_2 + y_6 + y_{10} + \dots) + 14(y_4 + y_8 + y_{12} + \dots) \right]$$

Select one:

- ☐ 2
- ☐ 3
- ☒ 4 ✓
- ☐ 6

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 4

Question **23**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The process of calculating the derivative of a function at some particular value of independent variable by means of a set of given values of that function is

Select one:

- ☐ Numerical value
- ☒ Numerical differentiation ✓
- ☐ Numerical integration
- ☐ None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Numerical differentiation

Question **24**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In Newton's forward difference formula for derivative, what is u _____

Select one:

☒

$$\frac{x-x_0}{h}$$
 ✓

☐

$$\frac{x-x_n}{h}$$

☐

$$\frac{(x-x_0)^2}{h}$$

☐ None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

$$\frac{x-x_0}{h}$$

Question **25**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In Newton's backward difference formula, what is u _____

Select one:

☐

$$\frac{x-x_0}{h}$$

☒

$$\frac{x-x_n}{h}$$
 ✓

☐

$$\frac{(x-x_n)^2}{h}$$

☐ None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

$$\frac{x-x_n}{h}$$

Question **26**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In trapezoidal rule the polynomial is

Select one:

- ☒ linear ✓
- ☐ quadratic
- ☐ cubic
- ☐ None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: linear

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Completed on Monday, 30 November 2020, 9:41 PM

Time taken 17 mins 6 secs

Grade 24.00 out of 25.00 (96%)

Information



Mid-sem Unit Exam, Session (2020-21)

Program: BCA

Course Code and Name: MT202 Computer based numerical and statistical techniques

Question 1

Complete

Not graded

Enter your Full Name and Roll number

Roll Number: Aakib taufik 1901018001

Course Code and Name:mt202

Program: bca

Year /Semester:2/3

Section/Group: A

Question
2

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Equations by solving least square methods are known as

Select one:

- ☒ Normal equations ✓
- ☐ Auxiliary equations
- ☐ Both of the above
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Normal equations

Question
3

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00Q. In Euler's method $y_{n+1} =$

- a) y_n
- b) $y_n + f(x_n, y_n)$
- c) $y_n + hf(x_n, y_n)$
- d) None of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☐ b
- ☒ c ✓
- ☐ d

The correct answer is: c

Question
4

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00Q. In Runge-Kutta fourth order method $K_4 =$

- a) $hf(x_0 + h, y_0 + k_3)$
- b) $hf(x_0 + h, y_0 + k_2)$
- c) $hf(x_0 + h, y_0 + k_1)$
- d) $f(x_0 + h, y_0 + k_3)$

Select one:

- ☒ a ✓
- ☐ b
- ☐ c
- ☐ d

The correct answer is: a

**Question
5**

Incorrect

Mark 0.00
out of
1.00

Least square methods are used to fit

Select one:

- ☒ Straight line ✖
- ☐ Parabola
- ☐ Both
- ☐ None of the above

The correct answer is: Both

**Question
6**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Number of normal equations in fitting of straight lines

Select one:

- ☐ 1
- ☒ 2 ✔
- ☐ 3
- ☐ 4

The correct answer is: 2

**Question
7**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Number of normal equations in fitting of parabola

Select one:

- ☐ 1
- ☐ 2
- ☒ 3 ✔
- ☐ 4

The correct answer is: 3

**Question
8**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

The most common and accurate Runge-Kutta method, we used:

- i) First order Runge-Kutta method
- ii) Second order Runge-Kutta method
- iii) Third order Runge-Kutta method
- iv) Fourth order Runge-Kutta method

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☐ b
- ☐ c
- ☒ d ✓

The correct answer is: d

**Question
9**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Taylor's series method is for

Select one:

- ☐ Boundary value problem
- ☒ Initial value problem ✓
- ☐ valued problem
- ☐ None of the above

The correct answer is: Initial value problem

**Question
10**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Quadratic equations always fit a

Select one:

- ☐ Straight line
- ☒ Parabola ✓
- ☐ Hyperbola
- ☐ None of the above

The correct answer is: Parabola

**Question
11**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

There is a class of methods called - - - which do not require the calculations of higher order derivatives and give greater accuracy.

Select one:

- ☐ Euler's method
- ☐ Euler's modified method
- ☒ Runge-Kutta method ✓
- ☐ None

The correct answer is: Runge-Kutta method

**Question
12**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

From the following which one gives more accurate value

Select one:

- ☐ Euler's method
- ☒ Euler's modified method ✓
- ☐ Both of the above
- ☐ None of the above

The correct answer is: Euler's modified method

**Question
13**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Various types of Runge-Kutta methods are classified according to their

Select one:

- ☐ Degree
- ☒ Order ✓
- ☐ Rank
- ☐ None of the above

The correct answer is: Order

**Question
14**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

The general problem of finding equations of approximating curves which fit a given data is called

Select one:

- ☒ Curve fitting ✓
- ☐ Approximating curve
- ☐ Linear form
- ☐ None of the above

The correct answer is: Curve fitting

**Question
15**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

The best representative curve to the given set of points for which sum of the square of the errors is a minimum is known as

Select one:

- ☐ Curve fitting
- ☐ Approximating curve
- ☒ Principles of least squares ✓
- ☐ None

The correct answer is: Principles of least squares

**Question
16**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

The simplest method in finding the approximate solutions to the first order equation is

Select one:

- ☒ Euler's method ✓
- ☐ Modified euler's method
- ☐ Runge-Kutta method
- ☐ Taylor's mehtod

The correct answer is: Euler's method

**Question
17**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

$y(x+h) = y(x) + h f(x,y)$ is referred as _____ method.

Select one:

- ☒ Euler's ✓
- ☐ Modified Euler's
- ☐ Runge-Kutta
- ☐ Taylor series

The correct answer is: Euler's

**Question
18**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

When more than one value is involved then the problem is known as

Select one:

- ☐ Initial value problem
- ☒ Boundary value problem ✓
- ☐ Interpolation
- ☐ Extrapolation

The correct answer is: Boundary value problem

**Question
19**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

The line obtained by the method of least square is known as the line of _____.

Select one:

- ☐ Approximation
- ☒ best fit ✓
- ☐ Both of the above
- ☐ None

The correct answer is: best fit

Question
20

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Problems in which all the conditions are specified at the initial point only are called

Select one:

- ☒ Initial value problem ✓
- ☐ Boundary value problem
- ☐ Both of the above
- ☐ None of the above

The correct answer is: Initial value problem

Question
21

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Q. Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y-x}{y+x}$ with $y = 1$ for $x = 0$. Find y approximately for $x = 0.1$ by Euler's method.

Select one:

- ☐ 0.1
- ☒ 1.1 ✓
- ☐ 2.1
- ☐ 3.1

The correct answer is: 1.1

Question
22

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Runge-Kutta method is better than Taylor's method because

Select one:

- ☒ it does not require prior calculations of higher derivatives ✓
- ☐ It require at most first order derivatives
- ☐ It require prior calculations of higher derivatives
- ☐ All the above

The correct answer is: it does not require prior calculations of higher derivatives

**Question
23**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

In Euler's method, if h is small, the method is too slow and if h is large, it gives _____ value

Select one:

- ☒ Inaccurate ✓
- ☐ Accurate
- ☐ Zero
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Inaccurate

**Question
24**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Runge-kutta formulas involve the computation of $f(x,y)$ at various points instead of calculation of-----order derivatives of $f(x,y)$

Select one:

- ☐ Lower
- ☐ Middle
- ☒ Higher ✓
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Higher

**Question
25**

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

Euler's modified formula is a particular case of -----order Runge-kutta method.

Select one:

- ☐ First
- ☒ Second ✓
- ☐ Third
- ☐ Fourth

The correct answer is: Second

Question
26

Correct

Mark 1.00
out of
1.00

The numerical solution of a first order differential equation will give a result is

Select one:

- ☐ A set of tabulated values of x and y
- ☒ Value of x and y ✓
- ☐ Zero
- ☐ None of the above



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 E-mail: ili@iul.ac.in, sdcc@iul.ac.in

The correct answer is: Value of x and y

◀ PRACTICE QUIZ
UNIT 4

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Started on Sunday, 20 December 2020, 11:03 AM
State Finished
Completed on Sunday, 20 December 2020, 11:15 AM
Time taken 11 mins 9 secs
Grade 25.00 out of 25.00 (100%)

Information



INTEGRAL
UNIVERSITY
L U C K N O W I N D I A

Mid-sem Unit Exam, Session (2020-21)

Program

Course Code and Name:

Question 1

Complete

Not graded

Enter your Full Name and Roll number

Roll Number: 1901018305

Course Code and Name: MT 202

Program: BCA

Year /Semester: 2nd/3rd

Section/Group: D

Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Secular trends is the characteristic of time series which extends throughout the entire period of time

Select one:

- ☒ a. consistently ✓
- ☐ b. inconsistently
- ☐ c. either consistently or inconsistently
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: consistently

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Seasonal variations are called

Select one:

- ☐ a. long term variations
- ☒ b. short term variations ✓

- ☐ c. random variation
- ☐ d. cyclic variations

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: short term variations

Question 4

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In semi average method , the time series is divided into

Select one:

- ☐ a. five equal halves
- ☐ b. four equal halves
- ☐ c. three equal halves
- ☒ d. two equal halves ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: two equal halves

Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The simplest and most commonly used forecasting method is

Select one:

- ☐ a. semi average method
- ☒ b. moving average method ✓
- ☐ c. graphical method
- ☐ d. all are incorrect

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: moving average method

Question 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

When the series data is recorded yearly in forecasting,.....component vanishes

Select one:

- ☐ a. secular
- ☐ b. cyclical
- ☒ c. seasonal ✓
- ☐ d. irregular component

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: seasonal

Question 7

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Student's t-test is applicable in case of

Select one:

- ☒ a. small samples of size less than 30 ✓
- ☐ b. large samples
- ☐ c. both (i) and (ii) are true
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: small samples of size less than 30

Question 8

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The degree of freedom for statistic t for paired t-test based on n pairs of observations is

Select one:

- ☐ a. $2(n-1)$
- ☒ b. $n-1$ ✓
- ☐ c. $2n-1$
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $n-1$

Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The null hypothesis asserts that there isdifference between the sample statistic and population parameter.

Select one:

- ☒ a. no significant ✓
- ☐ b. significant
- ☐ c. may or may not be significant
- ☐ d. all are incorrect

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: no significant

Question 10

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In student t-test the standard deviation is

Select one:

- ☐ a. known
- ☒ b. unknown ✓
- ☐ c. may or may not be known
- ☐ d. 1

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: unknown

Question 11

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

By student's t-test we test that

Select one:

- ☒ a. sample mean differ significantly with population mean ✓
- ☐ b. sample variance differ significantly with population variance
- ☐ c. both (i) and (ii) are correct
- ☐ d. both (i) and (ii) are incorrect

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: sample mean differ significantly with population mean

Question **12**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

F-test uses

Select one:

- ☐ a. mean ratio
- ☐ b. frequency ratio
- ☐ c. median ratio
- ☒ d. variance ratio ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: variance ratio

Question **13**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In F-test, two samples are drawn from the populations with

Select one:

- ☐ a. different mean
- ☐ b. same mean
- ☐ c. different variance
- ☒ d. same variance ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: same variance

Question **14**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In F-test the greater variance is taken as

Select one:

- ☐ a. denominator
- ☒ b. numerator ✓
- ☐ c. constant
- ☐ d. all are incorrect

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: numerator

Question **15**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In F-test two samples

Select one:

- ☐ a. must have same size
- ☐ b. must have different size
- ☒ c. are independent ✓
- ☐ d. are dependent

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: are independent

Question **16**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Chi-square test measures the discrepancy between

Select one:

- ☒ a. frequencies ✓
- ☐ b. mean
- ☐ c. variance
- ☐ d. standard deviation

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: frequencies

Question **17**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If null hypothesis is true in chi-square test, then

Select one:

- ☐ a. observed frequencies are equal to expected frequencies
- ☐ b. observed frequencies are not equal to expected frequencies
- ☒ c. sum of observed frequencies is equal to sum of expected frequencies ✓
- ☐ d. sum of observed frequencies are not equal to expected frequencies

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: sum of observed frequencies is equal to sum of expected frequencies

Question **18**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Chi -square assumes

Select one:

- ☐ a. all values
- ☐ b. only negative values
- ☒ c. only positive values ✓
- ☐ d. only integer values

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: only positive values

Question **19**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The chi-square test a goodness of fit

Select one:

- ☒ a. provides ✓
- ☐ b. does not provide
- ☐ c. may or may not provide
- ☐ d. all are incorrect

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: provides

Question **20**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The chi square test is used for

Select one:

- ☒ a. independence of attributes ✓
- ☐ b. independence of mean
- ☐ c. independence of variance
- ☐ d. all are incorrect

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: independence of attributes

Question **21**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If there are 2 rows and 2 columns then order of contingency table is

Select one:

- ☐ a. 2+2
- ☒ b. 2X2 ✓
- ☐ c. 4
- ☐ d. 0

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 2X2

Question **22**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

While testing independence of attributes, the row sum

Select one:

- ☐ a. is 0
- ☐ b. is equal to number of rows
- ☐ c. is equal to number of columns
- ☒ d. is equal to sum of columns ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: is equal to sum of columns

Question **23**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In analysis of variance the total variance is splitted into

Select one:

- ☐ a. five types
- ☐ b. four types
- ☐ c. six types
- ☒ d. two types ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: two types

Question 24

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In analysis of variance the effect of various component are

Select one:

- ☐ a. multiplicative
- ☒ b. additive ✓
- ☐ c. unknown
- ☐ d. all are correct

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: additive

Question 25

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Analysis of variance is used in

Select one:

- ☐ a. one way classification
- ☐ b. two way classification
- ☒ c. (i) and (ii) both are correct ✓
- ☐ d. (i) and (ii) both are incorrect

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: (i) and (ii) both are correct

Question 26

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In two way classification the variance is broken into

Select one:

- ☐ a. two parts
- ☒ b. three parts ✓
- ☐ c. four parts
- ☐ d. five parts

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: three parts

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Time taken 26 mins 55 secs
Grade **25.00** out of 25.00 (**100%**)

Information



Mid-Sem Unit Exam, Session (2020-21)

Program: BCA

Course Code and Name: CA203 (Object Oriented Programming Using C++)

Question **1**

Complete

Not graded

Enter your Full Name and Roll number

Roll Number: 1901018305

Course Code and Name:ca203/opps using c++

Program: BCA

Year /Semester:2nd/3rd

Section/Group: 4/d

Question **2**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The main objective of an abstract base class is to provide some traits to the derived class and to create a required for achieving run time polymorphism.

Select one:

- ☐ a. void pointers
- ☐ b. null pointers
- ☒ c. base pointer ✓
- ☐ d. this pointer

The correct answer is: base pointer

Question **3**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How do define the user-defined exceptions?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Inheriting class functionality
- ☐ b. None of the above
- ☒ c. Inheriting & overriding exception class functionality ✓
- ☐ d. Overriding class functionality

The correct answer is: Inheriting & overriding exception class functionality

Question **4**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Run time polymorphism is achieved only when a is accessed through a pointer to the base class.

Select one:

- ☐ a. static function
- ☒ b. virtual function ✓
- ☐ c. member function
- ☐ d. real function

The correct answer is: virtual function

Question **5**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

..... is useful in creating objects at run time.

Select one:

- ☒ a. object pointer ✓
- ☐ b. null pointer
- ☐ c. void pointer
- ☐ d. this pointer

The correct answer is: object pointer

Question **6**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Abinding means that an object is bound to its function call at compile time.

Select one:

- ☐ a. fixed
- ☐ b. dynamic
- ☒ c. static ✓
- ☐ d. late

The correct answer is: static

Question **7**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If a is defined in the base class. it need not be necessarily redefined in the derived class.

Select one:

- ☐ a. member function
- ☐ b. real function
- ☒ c. virtual function ✓
- ☐ d. static function

The correct answer is: virtual function

Question **8**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which keyword is used to handle the expection?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Try
- ☒ b. Catch ✓
- ☐ c. None of the above
- ☐ d. Throw

The correct answer is: Catch

Question **9**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In nested try block, if inner catch handler gets executed, then _____?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Compiler will jump to the outer catch handler and then executes remaining executable statements of main().
- ☐ b. Program execution stops immediately.
- ☒ c. Compiler will execute remaining executable statements of outer try block and then the main(). ✓
- ☐ d. Outer catch handler will also get executed.

The correct answer is: Compiler will execute remaining executable statements of outer try block and then the main().

Question **10**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The pointer to a function is known as function.

Select one:

- ☐ a. backward
- ☒ b. callback ✓
- ☐ c. forward
- ☐ d. pointer

The correct answer is: callback

Question **11**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If we attempt to dereference an uninitialized pointer it will by referring to any other location in memory.

Select one:

- ☐ a. run time error
- ☐ b. executes
- ☐ c. cause a compile-time error
- ☒ d. cause run time error ✓

The correct answer is: cause run time error

Information

Question Paper

Question **12**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

..... is a function declared in a base class that has no definition relative to the base class.

Select one:

- ☐ a. pure function
- ☒ b. pure virtual function ✓
- ☐ c. member function
- ☐ d. virtual function

The correct answer is: pure virtual function

Question **13**

Correct

Mark 2.00 out of 2.00

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

class Base {};

class Derived: public Base {};

int main()

{
    Derived d;
    try {
        throw d;
    }
    catch(Base b) {
        cout<<"Caught Base Exception";
    }
    catch(Derived d) {
        cout<<"Caught Derived Exception";
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Select one:

- ☐ A. Caught Derived Exception
- ☐ B. None of the above
- ☐ C. Compiler Error
- ☒ D. Caught Base Exception ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Caught Base Exception

Question **14**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The cannot be directly used to access all the members of the derived class.

Select one:

- ☐ a. void pointers
- ☒ b. base pointer ✓
- ☐ c. this pointer
- ☐ d. null pointers

The correct answer is: base pointer

Question **15**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Return type of `uncaught_exception()` is:

Select one:

- ☐ a. `char *`
- ☐ b. `double`
- ☒ c. `bool` ✓
- ☐ d. `int`

The correct answer is: `bool`Question **16**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

We can manipulate a pointer with the indirection operator (*), which is also known as

Select one:

- ☐ a. reference operator
- ☐ b. direction operator
- ☒ c. dereference operator ✓
- ☐ d. indirection operator

The correct answer is: dereference operator

Question **17**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

A refers to an object that that currently invokes a member function.

Select one:

- ☒ a. this pointer ✓
- ☐ b. base pointer
- ☐ c. null pointers
- ☐ d. void pointers

The correct answer is: this pointer

Question **18**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

..... are also known as generic pointers which refer to variables of any type.

Select one:

- ☐ a. base pointer
- ☐ b. null pointers
- ☒ c. void pointers ✓
- ☐ d. this pointer

The correct answer is: void pointers

Question **19**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In compiletime polymorphism are also known as

Select one:

- ☐ a. static binding
- ☒ b. All of the above ✓
- ☐ c. early binding
- ☐ d. static linking

The correct answer is: All of the above

Question **20**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The pointers which are not initialized in a program are called.

Select one:

- ☐ a. void pointers
- ☐ b. this pointer
- ☐ c. base pointer
- ☒ d. null pointers ✓

The correct answer is: null pointers

Question **21**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

C++ supports run time polymorphism with the help of virtual functions called:

Select one:

- ☐ a. static
- ☐ b. early binding
- ☒ c. dynamic ✓
- ☐ d. run time

The correct answer is: dynamic

Question **22**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Using the we can change the contents of the memory location.

Select one:

- ☐ a. reference operator
- ☒ b. dereference operator ✓
- ☐ c. direction operator
- ☐ d. indirection operator

The correct answer is: dereference operator

Question **23**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The important application of is to return the object it points to.

Select one:

- ☐ a. void pointers
- ☐ b. null pointers
- ☐ c. base pointer
- ☒ d. this pointer ✓

The correct answer is: this pointer

Question **24**

Correct

Mark 2.00 out of 2.00

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int x = -1;

    try {
        cout << "Inside try \n";
        if (x < 0)
        {
            throw x;
            cout << "After throw \n";
        }
    }

    catch (int x ) {
        cout << "Exception Caught \n";
    }

    cout << "After catch \n";
    return 0;
}
```

Select one:

- ☒ A.
Inside try
Exception Caught
After catch ✓
- ☐ B.
Inside try
After throw
After catch
- ☐ C.
Inside try
Exception Caught
- ☐ D.
Inside try
Exception Caught
After throw
After catch

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:
Inside try
Exception Caught
After catch

Incorrect answer

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Grade 14.00 out of 25.00 (56%)

Information



Mid-sem Unit Exam, Session (2020-21)

Program : BCA

Course Code and Name: Computer based Numerical and Statistical Techniques (MT202)

Question 1

Complete

Not graded

Enter your Full Name and Roll number

Roll Number: 1901018176

Course Code and Name: MT 202

Program: BCA

Year /Semester: 2ND/3RD

Section/Group:

Question 2

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Multiply 0.6644E15 by 0.2311E13

Select one:

- ☐ a. 0.1535E195
- ☒ b. 0.1535E28
- ☐ c. 0.1535E15
- ☐ d. 0.1535E13

The correct answer is: 0.1535E28

Question **3**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The number of significant digits in 8.00312

Select one:

- ☐ a. 3
- ☐ b. 4
- ☐ c. 5
- ☒ d. 6

The correct answer is: 6

Question **4**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

The regula falsi first approximation of $x^3 - 9x + 1 = 0$ between 2 and 4 is

Select one:

- ☒ a. 2.4
- ☐ b. 2.5
- ☐ c. 2.6
- ☐ d. 3

The correct answer is: 2.6

Question **5**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Add (i) 0.3952E4 and (ii) 0.2213E4

Select one:

- ☒ a. 0.3952E3
- ☐ b. 0.2213E2
- ☐ c. 0.5805E4
- ☐ d. 0.5805E8

The correct answer is: 0.5805E4

Question **6**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

_____ is an approach for solving complex mathematical problem using only simple basic arithmetic operations

Select one:

- ☐ a. Arithmetical computing
- ☐ b. Factorial computing
- ☒ c. Numerical computing
- ☐ d. Binary computing

The correct answer is: Numerical computing

Question **7**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

To find the root of equation $f(x)=0$, in (a,b) the false position method is given as

Select one:

- ☐ a. $\frac{af(b)-b(f(a))}{f(a)-f(b)}$
- ☒ b. $\frac{af(b)-bf(a)}{f(b)-f(a)}$
- ☐ c. $\frac{bf(b)-af(b)}{f(a)-f(b)}$
- ☐ d. $\frac{bf(a)-af(a)}{f(a)-f(b)}$

The correct answer is:

$$\frac{af(b)-bf(a)}{f(b)-f(a)}$$

Question **8**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The equation $\cos x - 3x = 1 = 0$, can be solved by

Select one:

- ☒ a. Iteration method
- ☐ b. Gauss Siedal Method
- ☐ c. Both a and b
- ☐ d. None of the Above

The correct answer is: Iteration method

Question **9**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If p is a root of $f(x)$, then the value of $f(p)$ is

Select one:

- ☐ a. Infinite
- ☒ b. Zero
- ☐ c. One
- ☐ d. Always negative

The correct answer is: Zero

Question **10**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The Bisection method of finding roots of non linear equations falls under the category of a (an) _____ method.

Select one:

- ☐ a. Graphical
- ☐ b. Random
- ☐ c. Open
- ☒ d. Bracketing

The correct answer is: Bracketing

Question **11**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

The positive root of $\log(x) - 1.2 = 0$ does not lie between [2,3]

Select one:

- ☐ a. True
- ☐ b. False
- ☒ c. Root can not be determined
- ☐ d. None of the above

The correct answer is: True

Question **12**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

To Solve $x^2 - x - 2 = 0$ by Newton-Raphson method we choose $x_0 = 1$, then the value of x_1 is

Select one:

- ☐ a. 0
- ☒ b. 1
- ☐ c. 2
- ☐ d. 3

The correct answer is: 3

Question **13**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If $5/6 \cong 0.8333$ then percentage error is _____ %

Select one:

- ☐ a. 0.0003
- ☒ b. 0.004
- ☐ c. 0.0004
- ☐ d. 0.003

The correct answer is: 0.004

Question **14**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Newton-Raphson method is applicable to the solution of the

Select one:

- ☐ a. Algebraic equations only.
- ☐ b. Transcendental equations only.
- ☒ c. Both Algebraic and Transcendental equations.
- ☐ d. Both Algebraic and Transcendental equations and also used when the roots are complex.

The correct answer is: Both Algebraic and Transcendental equations.

Question **15**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If a function is real and continuous in the region from a to b and f(a) and f(b) have opposite signs then there is no real root between a and b.

Select one:

- ☐ a. True
- ☒ b. False
- ☐ c. Exactly two roots are there.
- ☐ d. No roots at all.

The correct answer is: False

Question **16**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

The smallest positive root of the equation $x^3 - 5x + 3 = 0$ lies between

Select one:

- ☐ a. 2 and 3
- ☐ b. 1 and 2
- ☐ c. 0 and 1
- ☒ d. None of these

The correct answer is: 0 and 1

Question **17**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

The fixed point iteration method $x_{n+1} = \phi(x_n)$ converges (gives the approximation to the root) if

Select one:

- ☐ a. $|\phi'(x)| = 2$
- ☒ b. $|\phi'(x)| > 1$
- ☐ c. $|\phi'(x)| < 1$
- ☐ d. Always Converges

The correct answer is:

$$|\phi'(x)| < 1$$

Question **18**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Newton's method fails to find the root of $f(x)=0$ if

Select one:

- ☐ a. $f'(x)=10$
- ☐ b. $f'(x) = 0$
- ☒ c. $f'(x) > 0$
- ☐ d. $f'(x) < 0$

The correct answer is: $f'(x) = 0$

Question **19**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If $a + ib$ is a root of $f(x) = 0$ then the other root is

Select one:

- ☐ a. ia
- ☐ b. ib
- ☒ c. $a-ib$
- ☐ d. We can not determine the other root.

The correct answer is: $a-ib$

Question **20**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

The equation $x^3 - \log(x) - \sin(x) = 0$ is known as

Select one:

- ☒ a. Polynomial Equation
- ☐ b. Algebraic equation
- ☐ c. Transcendental equation
- ☐ d. None of the above

The correct answer is: Transcendental equation

Question **21**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following method is employed for solving the system of linear equations?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Runge Kutta
- ☐ b. Newton Raphson
- ☐ c. Gauss Seidel
- ☒ d. Simpson's Rule

The correct answer is: Gauss Seidel

Question **22**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

5. For an equation like $x^2 = 0$, a root exists at $x = 0$. The bisection method cannot be adopted to solve this equation in spite of the root existing at $x = 0$ because the function $f(x) = x^2$

Select one:

- ☐ a. Has a slope equal to zero at $x = 0$
- ☒ b. Is always non-negative
- ☐ c. Has repeated roots at $x = 0$
- ☐ d. Is a polynomial

The correct answer is: Is always non-negative

Question **23**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In which of the following methods proper choice of initial value is very important?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Bisection method
- ☐ b. False position
- ☒ c. Newton-Raphson
- ☐ d. Bairsto method

The correct answer is: Newton-Raphson

Question **24**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Let the system of linear equation $AX=b$, then which of the following is true for Gauss Seidal Method

Select one:

- ☐ a. Diagonal elements are dominant.
- ☐ b. We can find solution with only one equation without using the other equations.
- ☒ c. Equations can be solved at all
- ☐ d. None of the above

The correct answer is: Diagonal elements are dominant.

Question **25**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Newton's method has _____ convergence

Select one:

- ☐ a. Cubic
- ☐ b. Linear
- ☒ c. Quadratic
- ☐ d. None of these

The correct answer is: Quadratic

Question **26**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Every algebraic equation of nth degree, where n is a positive integer, has only

Select one:

- ☐ a. $n - 1$ roots
- ☐ b. $n + 1$ roots
- ☒ c. $2n$ roots
- ☐ d. n roots

The correct answer is: n roots

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Information



Mid-sem Unit 2 Exam, Session (2020-21)
Program: B.C.A.
Course Code and Name: MT202 Computer Based Numerical and Statistical Techniques

Question 1
Complete
Not graded

Enter your Full Name and Roll number

Roll Number: 1901018136

Name of Student:Irshad Akaram

Course Code and Name: MT202 Computer Oriented Numerical and Statistical Techniques

Program: B.C.A.

Year /Semester: II/III

Section/Group: BCA-B

Question 2
Complete
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

$1 + \Delta = ?$

(a) $E - 1$ (b) ∇

(c) E (d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☐ b
- ☒ c
- ☐ d

The correct answer is: c

Question **3**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which one is true?

(a) $\nabla = E - 1$

(c) $\nabla = 1 + E^{-1}$

(b) $\nabla = 1 - E^{-1}$

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☒ b
- ☐ c
- ☐ d

The correct answer is: b

Question **4**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following relation is true?

(a) $\delta = \frac{1}{2} (E^{\frac{1}{2}} + E^{\frac{-1}{2}})$

(c) $\delta = (E^{\frac{1}{2}} - E^{\frac{-1}{2}})$

(b) $\delta = \frac{1}{2} (E^{\frac{1}{2}} - E^{\frac{-1}{2}})$

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☐ b
- ☒ c
- ☐ d

The correct answer is: c

Question **5**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The technique for computing the value of the function outside the given range of argument is called

Select one:

- ☐ a. interpolation
- ☒ b. extrapolation
- ☐ c. inverse interpolation
- ☐ d. none of these

The correct answer is: extrapolation

Question **6**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Regarding factorial notations, which one is true?

- (a) $x^{(3)} = x(x-1)(x-2), h=1$ (b) $x^{(3)} = x(x+1)(x+2), h=1$
 (c) $x^{(3)} = (x+1)(x+2)(x+3), h=1$ (d) none of these

Select one:

- ☒ a
☐ b
☐ c
☐ d

The correct answer is: a

Question **7**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

 $\Delta x^{(3)}$ with $h=1$ is given by

- (a) $\frac{x^{(4)}}{4}$ (b) $3.1.x^{(2)}$
 (c) $3.1.x^{(3)}$ (d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
☒ b
☐ c
☐ d

The correct answer is: b

Question **8**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Expansion of $(1+x)^{-1}$ gives

- (a) $1+x+x^2+x^3+x^4+\dots$ (b) $1-x+x^2-x^3+x^4-\dots$
 (c) $1+x+\frac{x^2}{2}+\frac{x^3}{3}+\frac{x^4}{4}+\dots$ (d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
☒ b
☐ c
☐ d

The correct answer is: b

Question **9**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

For the given distributed data find the value of $\Delta^2 y_0$

x	2	4	6	8
y	1	4	8	10

- (a) 1
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) none of these

Select one:

- ☒ a
- ☐ b
- ☐ c
- ☐ d

The correct answer is: a

Question **10**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How much maximum order differences are possible, If there are 6 values of dependent variable

Select one:

- ☒ a. 5th order
- ☐ b. 4th order
- ☐ c. 6th order
- ☐ d. d

The correct answer is: 5th order

Question **11**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Newton forward interpolation formula is applicable if $u = \frac{x-x_0}{h}$ is

- (a) $u < 0$
- (b) $u = 0$
- (c) $u > 0$
- (d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☐ b
- ☒ c
- ☐ d

The correct answer is: c

Question **12**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If interpolation is required at a point which lies in the last of the given range of x, which formula will be applicable?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Newton's forward formula
- ☒ b. Newton's backward formula
- ☐ c. Gauss forward formula
- ☐ d. none of these

The correct answer is: Newton's backward formula

Question **13**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If interpolation is required at a point which lies in the center of the given range of x, which formula will be applicable?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Newton's backward formula
- ☐ b. Newton's forward formula
- ☒ c. Gauss forward formula
- ☐ d. none of these

The correct answer is: Gauss forward formula

Question **14**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

To apply Gauss backward interpolation formula, the value of $u = \frac{x-x_0}{h}$ must satisfies

(a) $0 < u < 1$

(b) $-1 < u < 0$

(c) $-\frac{1}{2} < u < \frac{1}{2}$

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☒ b
- ☐ c
- ☐ d

The correct answer is: b

Question **15**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What type of difference table is required to apply Newton backward interpolation formula?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Divided difference table
- ☐ b. forward difference table
- ☒ c. backward difference table
- ☐ d. none of these

The correct answer is: backward difference table

Question **16**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

To apply Gauss forward interpolation formula, the value of $u = \frac{x-x_0}{h}$ must satisfies

(a) $0 < u < 1$

(b) $-1 < u < 0$

(c) $-\frac{1}{2} < u < \frac{1}{2}$

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☒ a
- ☐ b
- ☐ c
- ☐ d

The correct answer is: a

Question **17**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which formula is not applicable when the arguments are not at equal intervals?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Lagrange's formula
- ☐ b. Newton's divided difference formula
- ☒ c. Stirling's formula
- ☐ d. none of these

The correct answer is: Stirling's formula

Question **18**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Stirling's formula is the average of

Select one:

- ☒ a. Gauss forward and Backward formula
- ☐ b. Gauss forward and Newton forward formula
- ☐ c. Gauss forward and Newton backward formula
- ☐ d. none of these

The correct answer is: Gauss forward and Backward formula

Question **19**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which formula gives the best result when the value of $u = \frac{x-x_0}{h}$ is exactly $\frac{1}{2}$?

- (a) stirling's formula (b) Bessel's formula
(c) Laplace Everett's formula (d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
☒ b
☐ c
☐ d

The correct answer is: b

Question **20**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If $-\frac{1}{2} < u < \frac{1}{2}$, which formula of interpolation is applicable?

- (a) stirling's formula (b) Bessel's formula
(c) Laplace Everett's formula (d) none of these

Select one:

- ☒ a
☐ b
☐ c
☐ d

The correct answer is: a

Question **21**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

 $E^2 f(x) = ?$

- (a) $f(x - 2h)$ (b) $f(x + 2h)$
(c) $f(x)$ (d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
☒ b
☐ c
☐ d

The correct answer is: b

Question **22**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If 3rd order differences are constants, we will get a polynomial of degree

Select one:

- ☐ a. 4
- ☐ b. 2
- ☒ c. 3
- ☐ d. none of these

The correct answer is: 3

Question **23**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In Laplace Everett’s formula

Select one:

- ☐ a. Only odd order differences are used
- ☒ b. Only even order differences are used
- ☐ c. all order difference are used
- ☐ d. none of these

The correct answer is: Only even order differences are used

Question **24**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

For the given distributed data, the value of $f(x_0, x_1)$ is

x	1	3	4	7
y	1	4	8	10

- (a) 3

(c) 2.5
- (b) 1.5

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☒ b
- ☐ c
- ☐ d

The correct answer is: b

Question **25**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which one is true with reference to the interpolation?

Select one:

- ☒ a. Lagrange’s formula and Newton divided difference formula are used for unequal intervals
- ☐ b. Lagrange’s formula and Newton divided difference formula are used for equal intervals
- ☐ c. Lagrange’s formula is used for equal intervals while Newton divided difference formula is used for unequal intervals
- ☐ d. none of these

The correct answer is: Lagrange’s formula and Newton divided difference formula are used for unequal intervals

Question **26**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

For a given set of values of x and y, the process of finding x for a given y is called

Select one:

- ☐ a. interpolation
- ☐ b. extrapolation
- ☒ c. inverse interpolation
- ☐ d. none of these

The correct answer is: inverse interpolation

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Information



Mid-sem Unit Exam, Session (2020-21)

Program

Course Code and Name:

Question 1

Complete

Not graded

Enter your Full Name and Roll number

Roll Number: 1900101101

Course Code and Name:MT 202/computer based numerical and static technique

Program: BCA

Year /Semester:2/3

Section/Group: 4/d

Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Newton-Gregory Backward Interpolation formula can be used for

Select one:

- ☒ a. for equally spaced intervals ✓
- ☐ b. for unequally spaced intervals
- ☐ c. for both equally and unequally spaced intervals
- ☐ d. None of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: for equally spaced intervals

Question **3**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If $x_0 = 0.75825$, $x = 0.759$ and $h = 0.00005$ then $n = ?$

Select one:

- ☐ a. 1.5
- ☐ b. 5
- ☒ c. 15 ✓
- ☐ d. 25

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 15

Question **4**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The n^{th} forward difference of polynomial of degree $n-1$ is

Select one:

- ☐ a. unequal
- ☒ b. zero ✓
- ☐ c. variable
- ☐ d. None of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: zero

Question **5**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The shift operator is denoted by

Select one:

- ☐ a. Δ
- ☐ b. ∇
- ☐ c. δ
- ☒ d. None of these ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: None of these

Question 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Newton's forward interpolation formula is used to interpolate the value of y

Select one:

- ☒ a. Near the beginning of the table ✓
- ☐ b. None of the above
- ☐ c. in middle of the table
- ☐ d. Near the end of the table

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Near the beginning of the table

Question 7

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Interpolation formulae are based on the fundamental assumption that data can be expressed as

Select one:

- ☐ a. a linear function
- ☐ b. a quadratic function
- ☒ c. a polynomial ✓
- ☐ d. None of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: a polynomial

Question 8

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following is true

Select one:

- ☒ a. $Ef(x) = f(x+h)$ ✓
- ☐ b. $Ef(x) = f(x-h)$
- ☐ c. Both of the above
- ☐ d. None of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $Ef(x) = f(x+h)$

Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The process of finding the values corresponding the point inside the interval (x_0, x_n) is called

Select one:

- ☒ a. Interpolation ✓
- ☐ b. Extrapolation
- ☐ c. Iteration
- ☐ d. None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Interpolation

Question **10**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given three data points (1, 6), (3, 28) and (10, 231), it is found that the function $y = 2x^2 + 3x + 1$ passes through the three data points. Then your estimate of y at $x = 2$ is

Select one:

- ☐ a. 6
- ☒ b. 15 ✓
- ☐ c. 17
- ☐ d. 28

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 15

Question **11**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If $\Delta f(x) = f(x+h) - f(x)$, then for constant k , $\Delta k = ?$

Select one:

- ☒ a. 0 ✓
- ☐ b. 1
- ☐ c. $f(k) + f(0)$
- ☐ d. None of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 0

Question **12**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

what is the relation between E and Δ ?

Select one:

- ☒ a.
 $E = 1 + \Delta$ ✓
- ☐ b.
 $E = 1 - \Delta$
- ☐ c.
 $E = \Delta - 1$
- ☐ d. None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

$$E = 1 + \Delta$$

Question **13**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Bessel's formula gives better result when

Select one:

- ☒ a. $1/4 < u < 3/4$ ✓
- ☐ b. $-3/4 < u < -1/4$
- ☐ c. u is any real number
- ☐ d. None of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $1/4 < u < 3/4$

Question **14**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If $f(x) = \cos x$, $a = 0.2$ and $b = 0.3$, then first order newton divided difference will be

Select one:

- ☐ a. 0.247
- ☒ b. -0.247 ✓
- ☐ c. 0.342
- ☐ d. -0.342

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: -0.247

Question **15**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If there are $n+1$ set of values then n th order divided difference is

Select one:

- ☒ a. constant ✓
- ☐ b. 0
- ☐ c. Both of the above
- ☐ d. None of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: constant

Question **16**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Symbol used for backward difference operator

Select one:

☐ a.
 Δ ☒ b.
 ∇ ✓☐ c.
 δ ☐ d.
 μ

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

 ∇ Question **17**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following is false

Select one:

☐ a.
 $\Delta = E - 1$ ☒ b.
 $\nabla = 1 - E$ ✓☐ c.
 $E = e^{hD}$ ☐ d. None of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

 $\nabla = 1 - E$

Question 18

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

$$f(x) = \frac{(x-x_1)(x-x_2)\dots(x-x_n)}{(x_0-x_1)(x_0-x_2)\dots(x_0-x_n)} f(x_0) + \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_2)\dots(x-x_n)}{(x_1-x_0)(x_1-x_2)\dots(x_1-x_n)} f(x_1) + \dots + \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_1)\dots(x-x_{n-1})}{(x_n-x_0)(x_n-x_1)\dots(x_n-x_{n-1})} f(x_n)$$

Given formula is known as

Select one:

- ☐ a. newton divided difference formula
- ☐ b. Stirling formula
- ☐ c. Bessel formula
- ☒ d. Lagrange's formula ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Lagrange's formula

Question 19

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The symbol used for average operator

Select one:

- ☐ a. λ
- ☐ b. D
- ☐ c. E
- ☒ d. μ ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

μ

Question 20

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If (n+1) values of x and corresponding values of y are given, then Lagrange's Interpolation formula will give

Select one:

- ☒ a. A polynomial of degree n in x ✓
- ☐ b. A polynomial of degree n in y
- ☐ c. A polynomial in x in which each term has degree n.
- ☐ d. A polynomial with highest degree 1

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: A polynomial of degree n in x

Question **21**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Let h be finite difference, then forward difference operator of f(x) is defined by

Select one:

- ☒ a. $f(x+h) - f(x)$ ✓
- ☐ b. $f(x) - f(x-h)$
- ☐ c. $f(x.h) - f(x)$
- ☐ d. None of these

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $f(x+h) - f(x)$

Question **22**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

For given two distinct point x_0, x_1 , first order Newton divided difference is given by

Select one:

- ☐ a. $\frac{x_1 - x_0}{f(x_1) - f(x_0)}$
- ☒ b. $\frac{f(x_1) - f(x_0)}{x_1 - x_0}$ ✓
- ☐ c. $\frac{f(x_1) + f(x_0)}{x_1 + x_0}$
- ☐ d. $\frac{x_1 + x_0}{f(x_1) + f(x_0)}$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

$$\frac{f(x_1) - f(x_0)}{x_1 - x_0}$$

Question **23**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Using the following values find the divided difference of third and fourth term is

$x:$	-4	-1	0	2	5
$f(x):$	1245	33	5	9	1335

Select one:

- ☐ a. 1
- ☒ b. 2 ✓
- ☐ c. 3
- ☐ d. 4

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 2

Question **24**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the value of h in data given as (1,5), (4,9), (7, 24), (10, 96) and (13, 156).

Select one:

- ☐ a. 1
- ☐ b. 2
- ☒ c. 3 ✓
- ☐ d. 4

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 3

Question **25**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The bessel formula is used to calculate the values near to

Select one:

- ☐ a. beginning of the table
- ☒ b. mid of the table ✓
- ☐ c. end of the table
- ☐ d. all are correct

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: mid of the table

Question **26**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Stirling's formula gives best results when

Select one:

- ☐ a. $u = 1/4$
- ☐ b. $u = -1/4$
- ☒ c. $-1/4 < u < 1/4$ ✓
- ☐ d. None of the above

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $-1/4 < u < 1/4$

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Information



Mid-sem Unit 3 Exam, Session (2020-21)
Program: B.C.A.
Course Code and Name: MT202 Computer Based Numerical and Statistical Techniques

Question **1**
Complete
Not graded

Enter your Full Name and Roll number

Roll Number: 1901018136

Name of Student:Irshad Akaram

Course Code and Name: MT202 Computer Oriented Numerical and Statistical Techniques

Program: B.C.A.

Year /Semester: II/III

Section/Group: BCA-B

Question **2**
Complete
Marked out of 1.00

When derivatives requires at the beginning of the table values. we use the formula obtained from

Select one:

- ☒ a. Newton forward interpolation formula
- ☐ b. Newton backward interpolation formula
- ☐ c. any central interpolation formula
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Question **3**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

First derivatives formula at the point $x = x_0$ is given by

(a) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta y_0 - \frac{1}{2} \Delta^2 y_0 - \frac{1}{3} \Delta^3 y_0 - \frac{1}{4} \Delta^4 y_0 - \dots \right]$

(b) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta y_0 - \frac{1}{2} \Delta^2 y_0 + \frac{1}{3} \Delta^3 y_0 - \frac{1}{4} \Delta^4 y_0 + \dots \right]$

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta y_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta^2 y_0 + \frac{1}{3} \Delta^3 y_0 + \frac{1}{4} \Delta^4 y_0 + \dots \right]$

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☒ b
- ☐ c
- ☐ d

Your answer is correct.

Question **4**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

Central interpolation formula is used to find the derivatives formula when it is required at the

Select one:

- ☐ a. beginning of the table
- ☒ b. center of the table
- ☐ c. center of the table
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Question **5**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

For unequal intervals, derivatives are calculated from

Select one:

- ☒ a. Either Lagrange or Newton divided difference formula
- ☐ b. Newton backward interpolation formula
- ☐ c. any central interpolation formula
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Question **6**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

First derivatives formula at the point $x = x_n$ is given by

(a) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{h} \left[\nabla y_n - \frac{1}{2} \nabla^2 y_n + \frac{1}{3} \nabla^3 y_n - \frac{1}{4} \nabla^4 y_n + \dots \right]$

(b) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{h} \left[\nabla y_n - \frac{1}{2} \nabla^2 y_n - \frac{1}{3} \nabla^3 y_n - \frac{1}{4} \nabla^4 y_n - \dots \right]$

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{h} \left[\nabla y_n + \frac{1}{2} \nabla^2 y_n + \frac{1}{3} \nabla^3 y_n + \frac{1}{4} \nabla^4 y_n + \dots \right]$

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☐ b
- ☒ c
- ☐ d

Your answer is correct.

Question **7**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

What is b in the calculation of $h = \frac{b-a}{n}$ used in numerical integration?

(a) lower limit of integration

(b) upper limit of integration

(c) no of subintervals

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☒ b
- ☐ c
- ☐ d

Your answer is correct.

Question **8**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

In trapezoidal formula curve is replace by

Select one:

- ☒ a. straight line
- ☐ b. second degree curve
- ☐ c. third degree polynomial
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Question 9

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

Euler-Maclaurin's formula gives the correction in

Select one:

- ☐ a. Simpson's 1/3 rule
- ☐ b. Simpson's 3/8 rule
- ☒ c. Trapezoidal rule
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Question 10

Complete

Marked out of
1.00To apply Boole's rule, number of subintervals n must be

Select one:

- ☐ a. multiple of 2
- ☒ b. multiple of 4
- ☐ c. multiple of 3
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Question 11

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

For better approximation to numerical integration,
what condition on interval width h must be satisfied?

- (a) h must be small
- (b) h must be large
- (c) h may have any value
- (d) none of these

Select one:

- ☒ a
- ☐ b
- ☐ c
- ☐ d

Your answer is correct.

Question 12

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

If there are 7 ordinates, how many intervals will be there?

Select one:

- ☒ a. 6
- ☐ b. 7
- ☐ c. 8
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Question **13**

Complete

Marked out of 1.00

If there are 6 intervals, which formula is not applicable?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Simpson's 1/3 rule
- ☒ b. Boole's rule
- ☐ c. Weddle's rule
- ☐ d. Weddle's rule

Your answer is correct.

Question **14**

Complete

Marked out of 1.00

Sum of the series $1^2+2^2+3^2+ \dots + n^2$ is equal to

(a) $\frac{n.(n+1)}{2}$

(b) $\left[\frac{n.(n+1)}{2}\right]^2$

(c) $\frac{n.(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☐ b
- ☒ c
- ☐ d

Your answer is correct.

Question **15**

Complete

Marked out of 1.00

$\int \frac{1}{x^2} dx$ is equal to

(a) $\frac{-2}{x^3}$

(b) $\frac{-1}{x}$

(c) $\frac{1}{x}$

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☒ b
- ☐ c
- ☐ d

Your answer is correct.

Question **16**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

Simpson's 1/3 formula is given by

$$(a) \int_a^b y \, dx = \frac{h}{2} [(y_0 + y_n) + 2(y_1 + y_2 + y_3 + \dots + y_{n-1})]$$

$$(b) \int_a^b y \, dx = \frac{h}{3} [(y_0 + y_n) + 3(y_1 + y_3 + \dots + y_{n-1}) + 2(y_2 + y_2 + \dots + y_{n-2})]$$

$$(c) \int_a^b y \, dx = \frac{h}{3} [(y_0 + y_n) + 4(y_1 + y_3 + \dots + y_{n-1}) + 2(y_2 + y_2 + \dots + y_{n-2})]$$

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☐ b
- ☒ c
- ☐ d

Your answer is correct.

Question **17**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

Which integration formula can be used to find the sum of series up to n terms?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Simpson's 1/3 formula
- ☒ b. Euler Maclaurin's formula
- ☐ c. Weddle's formula
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Question **18**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

$$\int_a^b y \, dx = \frac{h}{2} [(y_0 + y_n) + 2(y_1 + y_2 + y_3 + \dots + y_{n-1})]$$
 formula is known as

(a) Simpson's 1/3 formula

(b) Euler Maclaurin's formula

(c) Trapezoidal formula

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☐ b
- ☒ c
- ☐ d

Your answer is correct.

Question **19**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

If $a=0$, $b=1$ and number of sub intervals are 5, what is the value of h ?

Select one:

- ☐ a. 5
- ☒ b. 0.2
- ☐ c. 0.1
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Question **20**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

If $y = \frac{1}{x}$, $y' = ?$

(a) $\frac{-1}{x}$

(c) $\frac{1}{x^2}$

(b) $\frac{-1}{x^2}$

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☒ b
- ☐ c
- ☐ d

Your answer is correct.

Question **21**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

If there are 8 intervals, which formula is not applicable?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Simpson's 1/3 rule
- ☐ b. Boole's rule
- ☒ c. Weddle's rule
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Question **22**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

General quadrature formula from which other numerical integration formulae are obtained is known as

Select one:

- ☒ a. Newton Cote's quadrature formula
- ☐ b. Gaussian quadrature formula
- ☐ c. Euler's quadrature formula
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Your answer is correct.

Question **23**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

Boole's formula is given by

$$(a) \int_a^b y \, dx = \frac{h}{2} [(y_0 + y_n) + 2(y_1 + y_2 + y_3 + \dots + y_{n-1})]$$

$$(b) \int_a^b y \, dx = \frac{2h}{45} [7y_0 + 32y_1 + 12y_2 + 32y_3 + 7y_4 + \dots]$$

$$(c) \int_a^b y \, dx = \frac{2h}{45} [y_0 + 5y_1 + y_2 + 6y_3 + y_4 + 5y_5 + y_6 + \dots]$$

(d) none of these

Select one:

- ☐ a
- ☒ b
- ☐ c
- ☐ d

Your answer is correct.

Question **24**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

Area under the curve bounded by x axis, x=a and x=b is calculated by

Select one:

- ☒ a. Numerical integration formula
- ☐ b. Numerical differentiation formula
- ☐ c. Interpolation formula
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Question **25**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

If table values of distance and time are given. To find velocity, we apply

Select one:

- ☐ a. If table values of distance and time are given. To find velocity, we apply
- ☒ b. Numerical differentiation formula
- ☐ c. Interpolation formula
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct.

Question **26**

Complete

Marked out of
1.00

If number of ordinates are 8, which integration formula is applicable?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Simpson's 1/3 formula
- ☐ b. Simpson's 3/8 formula
- ☒ c. Trapezoidal formula
- ☐ d. none of these

Your answer is correct

your answer is correct.

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Information



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Mid-sem Unit Exam, Session (2020-21)

Program: BCA

Course Code and Name: MT202 Computer based numerical and statistical techniques

Question 1

Complete

Not graded

Enter your Full Name and Roll number

Roll Number: 1901018372

Course Code and Name: MT202 Computer based numerical and statistical techniques

Program: BCA

Year /Semester: 2nd/3rd

Section/Group: A

Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Simpson's 3/8 rule should be used when

Select one:

- ☐ n is multiple of 2
- ☐ n is any positive number
- ☒ n is multiple of 3 ✓
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: n is multiple of 3

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In numerical integration when the number of sub intervals (n) is a multiple of 4, then we use

Select one:

- ☐ Simpson's 3/8 rule
- ☒ Boole's rule ✓
- ☐ Weddle's rule
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Boole's rule

Question 4

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Numerical differentiation gives

Select one:

- ☒ Exact value ✗
- ☐ Approximate value
- ☐ No value
- ☐ Negative value

The correct answer is: Approximate value

Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

To apply trapezoidal rule, always divide the given range of integration into n parts, where n is:

Select one:

- ☐ Even
- ☐ Odd
- ☒ 1, 2, 3, ... ✓
- ☐ 5, 6, 7, ...

The correct answer is: 1, 2, 3, ...

Question 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the value of h (interval of differencing) in the following data?

x (Age)	46	51	56	61	66
$y = f(x)$ (Premium)	116	97	83	74	68

Select one:

- ☐ 4
- ☒ 5 ✓
- ☐ 6
- ☐ Can't define

The correct answer is: 5

Question 7

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In numerical integration, to get better result we select n as

Select one:

- ☐ Even
- ☐ Odd
- ☒ Large as possible ✓
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Large as possible

Question 8

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

For $\int_0^{12} f(x)dx$ in Trapezoidal rule for $h=1$, what is the value of n

Select one:

- ☐ 6
- ☒ 12 ✓
- ☐ 24
- ☐ None

The correct answer is: 12

Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How many minimum ordinates in Weddle's rule are necessary

Select one:

- ☐ 6
- ☒ 7 ✓
- ☐ 8
- ☐ 9

The correct answer is: 7

Question 10

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Evaluate $\int_0^1 x^3 dx$ by trapezoidal rule considering five subintervals

Select one:

- ☐ 0.46
- ☐ 0.36
- ☐ 0.26
- ☒ 0.16 ✗

The correct answer is: 0.26

Question 11

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0 + nh} f(x) dx = \frac{h}{2} [(y_0 + y_n) + 2(y_1 + y_2 + \dots + y_{n-1})]$$

Given formula is called as

Select one:

- ☒ Trapezoidal rule ✓
- ☐ Simpson's 1/3 rule
- ☐ Simpson's 3/8 rule
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Trapezoidal rule

Question 12

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

$$\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{x=a} = \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta y_0 - \frac{1}{2} \Delta^2 y_0 + \frac{1}{3} \Delta^3 y_0 - \frac{1}{4} \Delta^4 y_0 + \frac{1}{5} \Delta^5 y_0 - \dots \right]$$

Given differentiation formula is known as

Select one:

- ☒ Newton forward difference formula ✓
- ☐ Newton backward difference formula
- ☐ Lagrange's formula
- ☐ Gauss's formula

The correct answer is: Newton forward difference formula

Question 13

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Trapezoidal rule is applicable when n is a

Select one:

- ☒ Natural number ✓
- ☐ Integer
- ☐ Rational number
- ☐ Real Number

The correct answer is: Natural number

Question 14

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Simpson's 1/3 rule is applicable when n is

Select one:

- ☒ even natural number ✓
- ☐ odd natural number
- ☐ any natural number
- ☐ none of these

The correct answer is: even natural number

Question 15

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If number of subintervals (n) is 12 then we can apply

Select one:

- ☐ Trapezoidal rule
- ☐ Boole's rule
- ☐ Weddle's rule
- ☒ All of above rules ✓

The correct answer is: All of above rules

Question 16

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given formula is known as

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+nh} f(x) dx = \frac{2h}{45} \left[7(y_0 + y_n) + 32(y_1 + y_3 + y_5 + \dots) + 12(y_2 + y_6 + y_{10} + \dots) + 14(y_4 + y_8 + y_{12} + \dots) \right]$$

Select one:

- ☒ Boole's rule ✓
- ☐ Weddle's rule
- ☐ Euler Maclaurin's rule
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Boole's rule

Question 17

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following methods is for integration

Select one:

- ☐ Gauss-Siedel Method
- ☐ Newton-Raphson Method
- ☒ Euler-Maclaurin Method ✓
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Euler-Maclaurin Method

Question 18

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The process of evaluating a definite integral from a set of tabulated values of the integrand f(x) is called

Select one:

- ☐ Numerical value
- ☐ Numerical differentiation
- ☒ Numerical integration ✓
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Numerical integration

Question 19

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

To evaluate $\int_0^1 f(x)dx$ approximately which of the following method is used when the value of $f(x)$ is given only at $x = 0, 1/3, 2/3, 1$

Select one:

- ☐ Trapezoidal rule
- ☐ Simpson's 3/8 rule
- ☐ Both of the above
- ☒ None of the above ✖

The correct answer is: Both of the above

Question 20

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

To evaluate $\int_0^1 f(x)dx$ approximately which of the following method is used when the value of $f(x)$ is given only at $x = 0, 1/3, 2/3, 1$

Select one:

- ☐ Simpson's 1/3 rule
- ☐ Weddle's rule
- ☐ Both of the above
- ☒ None of the above ✔

The correct answer is: None of the above

Question 21

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

In numerical integration when the number of subintervals (n) is 7 then we use

Select one:

- ☐ Trapezoidal rule
- ☒ Weddle's rule ✖
- ☐ Boole's rule
- ☐ None of the above

The correct answer is: Trapezoidal rule

Question 22

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

To use the given formula the number of subintervals (n) should be multiple of

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+nh} f(x) dx = \frac{2h}{45} \left[7(y_0 + y_n) + 32(y_1 + y_3 + y_5 + \dots) + 12(y_2 + y_6 + y_{10} + \dots) + 14(y_4 + y_8 + y_{12} + \dots) \right]$$

Select one:

- ☐ 2
- ☐ 3
- ☒ 4 ✔
- ☐ 6

The correct answer is: 4

Question **23**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The process of calculating the derivative of a function at some particular value of independent variable by means of a set of given values of that function is

Select one:

- ☐ Numerical value
- ☒ Numerical differentiation ✓
- ☐ Numerical integration
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is: Numerical differentiation

Question **24**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In Newton's forward difference formula, what is u _____

Select one:

- ☒
$$\frac{x - x_0}{h}$$
 ✓
- ☐
$$\frac{x - x_n}{h}$$
- ☐
$$\frac{(x - x_0)^2}{h}$$
- ☐ None of these

The correct answer is:

$$\frac{x - x_0}{h}$$

Question **25**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In Newton's backward difference formula, what is u _____

Select one:

☐

$$\frac{x-x_0}{h}$$

☒

$$\frac{x-x_n}{h} \checkmark$$

☐

$$\frac{(x-x_n)^2}{h}$$

☐

None of these

The correct answer is:

$$\frac{x-x_n}{h}$$



Correct

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Simpson's 1/3 rule is used only when

Select one:

☐

Ordinates are even

☒

Ordinates are odd \checkmark

☐

Ordinate is any positive integer

☐

None of these

The correct answer is: Ordinates are odd

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Grade 25.00 out of 25.00 (100%)

Information



Mid-sem Unit Exam, Session (2020-21)

Program : BCA

Course Code and Name: Computer based Numerical and Statistical Techniques (MT202)

Question 1

Complete

Not graded

Enter your Full Name and Roll number

Roll Number: 1901018176

Course Code and Name: MT202

Program: BCA

Year /Semester: 2nd/3rd

Section/Group: C

Information

Question Paper

Question 2

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If we say that the hypothesis has been rejected at 5% level of significance which means that we could be wrong with probability

Select one:

- ☐ a. 0.95
- ☒ b. 0.05
- ☐ c. 1
- ☐ d. 0.25

Question **3**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In testing a given hypothesis the maximum probability with which we would be willing to take risk is called

Select one:

- ☐ a. Total probability
- ☒ b. Level of significance
- ☐ c. Critical value
- ☐ d. Acceptance value

Question **4**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

A region in which null hypothesis is rejected is called

Select one:

- ☐ a. Error region
- ☒ b. Critical region
- ☐ c. Closed region
- ☐ d. Both a and b

Question **5**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The value of test statistic which separates the rejection and acceptance region is called

Select one:

- ☒ a. Significant value
- ☐ b. Calculated value
- ☐ c. Tabulated value
- ☐ d. Probability

Question **6**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The rejection of the null hypothesis while it is true is called

Select one:

- ☒ a. Type I error
- ☐ b. Type II error
- ☐ c. Both a and b
- ☐ d. *None of the above*

Question **7**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In test of significance we use student's t test when

Select one:

- ☐ a. Sample size is greater than 30
- ☒ b. Sample size is less than 30
- ☐ c. For any sample irrespective of sample size.
- ☐ d. None of the Above

Question **8**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In test of significance, the hypothesis which is being tested is known as

Select one:

- ☐ a. Alternate hypothesis
- ☐ b. Critical region
- ☒ c. Null hypothesis
- ☐ d. Both null and alternate hypothesis

Question **9**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The number of individuals in a Sample is known as

Select one:

- ☐ a. Sample value
- ☐ b. Sample parameter
- ☒ c. Sample size
- ☐ d. None of the Above

Question **10**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The statistical constants of the population such as mean, variance etc are known as

Select one:

- ☐ a. Sample
- ☒ b. Parameters
- ☐ c. Critical values
- ☐ d. All of the above

Question **11**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The statistical constants of the sample are known as

Select one:

- ☐ a. Parameter
- ☐ b. Sample value
- ☐ c. Sample size
- ☒ d. Statistic

Question **12**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The standard deviation of the sampling distribution of a statistic is known as

Select one:

- ☐ a. Null hypothesis
- ☐ b. A
Alternate hypothesis
- ☒ c. Standard error
- ☐ d. Level of significance

Question 13

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

If calculated value is greater or equal to the tabulated value then the null hypothesis is

Select one:

- ☐ a. Accepted
- ☒ b. Rejected
- ☐ c. No conclusion can be drawn
- ☐ d. All of the above

Question 14

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

A random sample of 16 values from a normal population showed a mean of 41.5 inches and the sum of squares of deviations from this mean equal to 135 square inches, find the degree of freedom

Select one:

- ☐ a. 18
- ☐ b. 17
- ☐ c. 16
- ☒ d. 15

Question 15

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following uses the variance ratio to test the significance of difference between two sampled variance

Select one:

- ☐ a. t test
- ☐ b. Z test
- ☒ c. F test
- ☐ d. ANOVA

Question 16

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

..... is the estimation of the value of a variable (or set of variables) at some future point of time.

Select one:

- ☐ a. Time series
- ☐ b. Regular variation
- ☒ c. Forecasting
Forecasting
- ☐ d. Forecasting Models

Question 17

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

An ordered sequence of values of variable at equally spaced time intervals is called

Select one:

- ☒ a. Time Series
- ☐ b. Regular variation
- ☐ c. Forecasting
Forecasting
- ☐ d. None of the Above

Question **18**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following is NOT a component of a time series

Select one:

- ☐ a. Secular Trend
- ☐ b. Seasonal Variation
- ☐ c. Cyclic Variation
- ☒ d. Critical Variation

Question **19**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

_____ test is used to measure the discrepancy between the observed (actual) frequencies and theoretical (expected) frequencies.

Select one:

- ☐ a. t test
- ☐ b. f test
- ☒ c. Chi square test
- ☐ d. ANOVA

Question **20**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

A die is thrown 120 times and the results of these throws are given as

No appeared on the die	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency	16	30	22	18	14	20

If we have to test whether the given die is biased or not , Find the expected frequencies for each digit.

Select one:

- ☐ a. 120
- ☐ b. 6
- ☒ c. 20
- ☐ d. 30

Question **21**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In technique of analysis of variance in case of one factor analysis, the total variation is divided into

Select one:

- ☒ a. Two parts
- ☐ b. Three parts
- ☐ c. Four parts
- ☐ d. None of tha Above

Question **22**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The correct formula for mean sum of squares is given by

Select one:

- ☐ a. $\frac{Grand\ Total}{Total\ Observation}$
- ☐ b. $\frac{Sum\ of\ squares}{Total\ Observation}$
- ☒ c. $\frac{Sum\ of\ squares}{Degree\ of\ freedom}$
- ☐ d. $\frac{Grand\ Total}{Degree\ of\ freedom}$

Question **23**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The procedure which enable us to decide on the basis of sample result whether a hypothesis is true or not is

Select one:

- ☒ a. Test of hypothesis
- ☐ b. Null hypothesis
- ☐ c. Alternate hypothesis
- ☐ d. Hypothesis

Question **24**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following represents the source of variation between samples

Select one:

- ☐ a. Total sum of squares (TSS)
- ☐ b. Sum of squares due to error (SSE)
- ☒ c. Sum of square due to treatment (SST)
- ☐ d. Variance Ratio (F)

Question **25**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

A hypothesis which is accepted when null hypothesis is rejected is called tha

Select one:

- ☐ a. Hypothesis
- ☒ b. Alternate hypothesis
- ☐ c. Test of hypothesis
- ☐ d. None of the Above

Question **26**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The right tailed alternative hypothesis is given by

Select one:

- ☐ a. $H_1:\mu \neq \mu_0$
- ☒ b. $H_1:\mu > \mu_0$
- ☐ c. $H_1:u < \mu_0$
- ☐ d. None of the Above

◀ PRACTICE QUIZ UNIT 5

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