

Day 12

Jenkin

Build a Docker Jenkins Pipeline to Implement CI/CD Workflow.

Course-end Project 2

Description

Demonstrate the continuous integration and delivery by building a Docker Jenkins Pipeline.

Problem Statement Scenario:

You are a DevOps consultant in AchiStar Technologies. The company decided to implement DevOps to develop and deliver their products. Since it is an Agile organization, it follows Scrum methodology to develop the projects incrementally. You are working with multiple DevOps Engineers to build a Docker Jenkins Pipeline. During the sprint planning, you agreed to take the lead on this project and plan on the requirements, system configurations, and track the efficiency. The tasks you are responsible for:

- Availability of the application and its versions in the GitHub
 - Track their versions every time a code is committed to the repository
- Create a Docker Jenkins Pipeline that will create a Docker image from the Dockerfile and host it on Docker Hub
- It should also pull the Docker image and run it as a Docker container
- Build the Docker Jenkins Pipeline to demonstrate the continuous integration and continuous delivery workflow

Company goal is to deliver the product frequently to the production with high-end quality.

You must use the following tools:

- Docker: To build the application from a Dockerfile and push it to Docker Hub
- Docker Hub: To store the Docker image
- GitHub: To store the application code and track its revisions
- Git: To connect and push files from the local system to GitHub
- Linux (Ubuntu): As a base operating system to start and execute the project
- Jenkins: To automate the deployment process during continuous integration

Following requirements should be met:

- Document the step-by-step process from the initial installation to the final stage
- Track the versions of the code in the GitHub repository
- Availability of the application in the Docker Hub
- Track the build status of Jenkins for every increment of the project

Index.html or java or python

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<p>Welcome to HTML Web Page</p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

With simple message

Dockerfile for index.html app with help of nginx server

Push this code to git hub

Git can be in your local machine or VM machine etc.

Dockerfile

FROM nginx

COPY index.html /usr/share/nginx/html

```
MINGW64/c/Users/akash/Desktop
akash@HP MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DevOps App (master)
$ git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/Users/akash/Desktop/DevOps App/.git/

akash@HP MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DevOps App (master)
$ ls -la
.  ..  .git/  Dockerfile  index.html

akash@HP MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DevOps App (master)
$ git add .

akash@HP MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DevOps App (master)
$ git commit -m "initial commit"
[master (root-commit) ca8d9fc] initial commit
2 files changed, 14 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 Dockerfile
create mode 100644 index.html

akash@HP MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DevOps App (master)
$ git config --global user.email "akash300383@gmail.com"

akash@HP MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DevOps App (master)
$ git config --global user.name "akash"

akash@HP MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DevOps App (master)
$ git commit -m "Next commit"
On branch master
nothing to commit, working tree clean

akash@HP MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DevOps App (master)
$ git status
On branch master
nothing to commit, working tree clean

akash@HP MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DevOps App (master)
$ |
```

Now we need to create remote repository in github account.

Create a new repository

A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Already have a project repository el
[Import a repository.](#)

Required fields are marked with an asterisk (*).

Owner *

Kaleakash

Repository name *

devops_project1

✔ devops_project1 is available.

Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about [cuddly-goggles](#) ?

Description (optional)

☒ Public

Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.

☐ Private

You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

Initialize this repository with:

☐ Add a README file

This is where you can write a long description for your project. [Learn more about READMEs.](#)

Add .gitignore

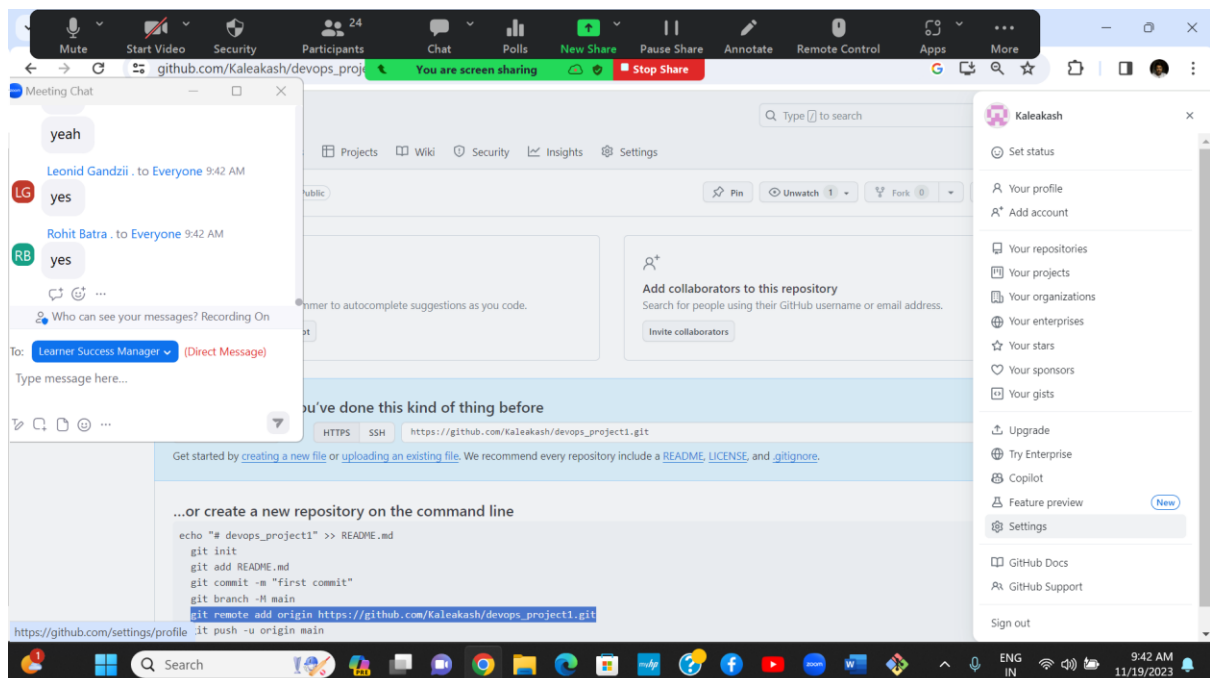
```
git remote add origin https://github.com/Kaleakash/devops_project1.git
```

```
git remote add origin https://token@github.com/Kaleakash/devops_project1.git
```

```
git remote add origin  
https://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@github.com/Kaleakash/devops_p  
roject1.git
```

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

we will generate token in git hub account.



Moderation

Code, planning, and automation

Repositories

Codespaces

Packages

Copilot

Pages

Saved replies

Security

Code security and analysis

Integrations

Applications

Scheduled reminders

Archives

Security log

Sponsorship log

<> Developer settings

Don't specify

URL

Social accounts

Link to social profile

Link to social profile

Link to social profile

Link to social profile

Company

You can @mention your company's GitHub organization to link it.

Location

☐ Display current local time

Other users will see the time difference from their local time.

All of the fields on this page are optional and can be deleted at any time, and by filling them out, you're giving us consent to share this data wherever your user profile appears. Please see our [privacy statement](#) to learn more about how we use this information.

Update profile

ettings / Developer Settings

GitHub Apps

OAuth Apps

Personal access tokens

Fine-grained tokens

Tokens (classic)

GitHub Apps

Want to build something that integrates with and extends GitHub? [Register a new GitHub App](#) to get started c the GitHub API. You can also read more about building GitHub Apps in our [developer documentation](#).

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- ☐ admin:ssh_signing_key Full control of public user SSH signing keys
- ☐ write:ssh_signing_key Write public user SSH signing keys
- ☐ read:ssh_signing_key Read public user SSH signing keys

Generate token

Cancel

```
git remote add origin https://token@github.com/Kaleakash/devops_project1.git
```

```
git push -u origin HEAD
```

now you need to create EC2 instance

After created EC2 instance now you need to open port number

EC2 > Security Groups > sg-056aedc3c4234a438 - launch-wizard-1 > Edit inbound rules

Edit inbound rules Info

Inbound rules control the incoming traffic that's allowed to reach the instance.

Inbound rules Info

Security group rule ID	Type <small>Info</small>	Protocol <small>Info</small>	Port range <small>Info</small>	Source <small>Info</small>	Description
sgr-0d50fa7da0081d3e0	SSH	TCP	22	Custom	
-	All TCP	TCP	0 - 65535	Anywh...	

[Add rule](#)

Rules with source of 0.0.0.0/0 or ::/0 allow all IP addresses to access your instance. We recommend setting security group rules to allow access from known IP addresses only.

[Save rules](#)

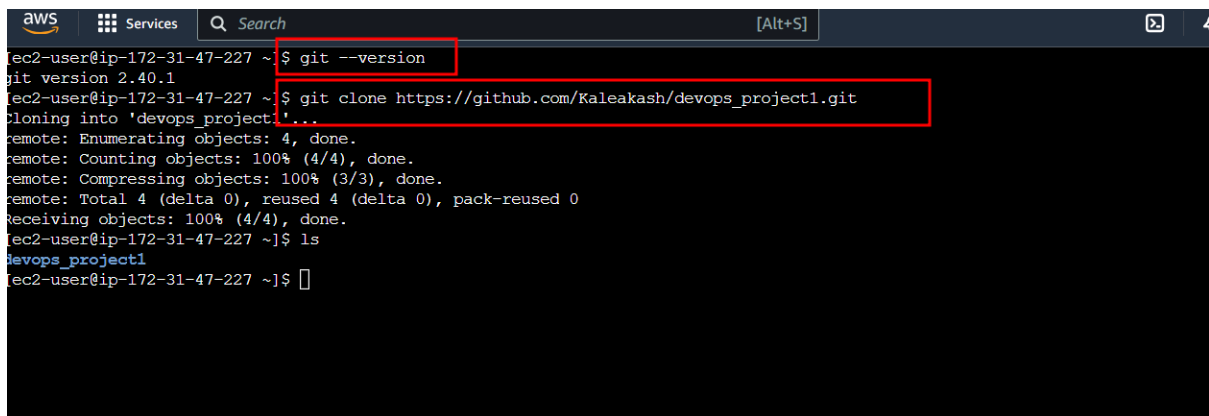
Connect EC2 instance

Then install required software.

Install the git

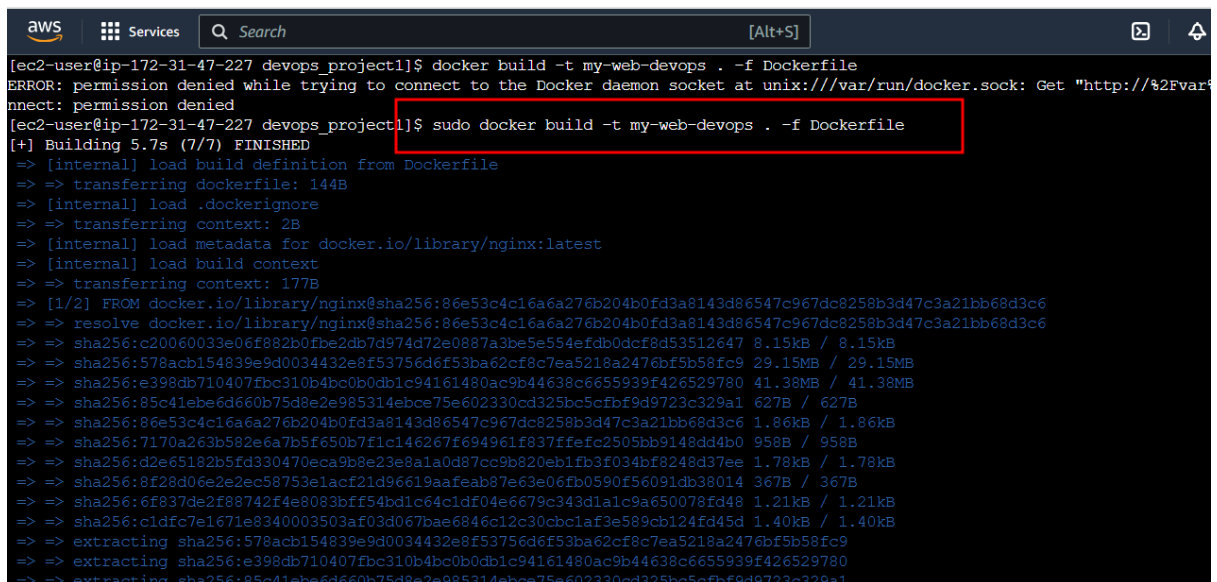
```
sudo yum install git -y
```

Now you need to clone this project in EC2 instance.



A terminal window from an AWS EC2 instance. The prompt is `ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-227 ~$`. The user runs `git --version`, which outputs `git version 2.40.1`. Then, the user runs `git clone https://github.com/Kaleakash/devops_project1.git`. The terminal shows the cloning progress: `Cloning into 'devops_project1':...`, `remote: Enumerating objects: 4, done.`, `remote: Counting objects: 100% (4/4), done.`, `remote: Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.`, `remote: Total 4 (delta 0), reused 4 (delta 0), pack-reused 0`, `Receiving objects: 100% (4/4), done.`. Finally, the user runs `ls`, showing `devops_project1` in the directory. The prompt returns to `ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-227 ~$`.

```
sudo docker build -t my-web-devops . -f Dockerfile
```



A terminal window from an AWS EC2 instance. The prompt is `ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-227 devops_project1$`. The user runs `docker build -t my-web-devops . -f Dockerfile`, which results in an error: `ERROR: permission denied while trying to connect to the Docker daemon socket at unix:///var/run/docker.sock: Get "http://%2Fvar%2Frun%2Fdocker.sock/v1/25/version": netconnect: permission denied`. Then, the user runs `sudo docker build -t my-web-devops . -f Dockerfile`. The terminal shows the build progress: `[+] Building 5.7s (7/7) FINISHED`, followed by several status messages like `=> [internal] load build definition from Dockerfile`, `=> => transferring dockerfile: 144B`, `=> [internal] load .dockerignore`, `=> => transferring context: 2B`, `=> [internal] load metadata for docker.io/library/nginx:latest`, `=> [internal] load build context`, `=> => transferring context: 177B`, `=> [1/2] FROM docker.io/library/nginx@sha256:86e53c4c16a6a276b204b0fd3a8143d86547c967dc8258b3d47c3a21bb68d3c6`, `=> => resolve docker.io/library/nginx@sha256:86e53c4c16a6a276b204b0fd3a8143d86547c967dc8258b3d47c3a21bb68d3c6`, `=> => sha256:c20060033e06f882b0f8e2db7d974d72e0887a3be5e554efdb0dcf8d53512647 8.15kB / 8.15kB`, `=> => sha256:578acb154839e9d0034432e8f53756d6f53ba62cf8c7ea5218a2476bf5b58fc9 29.15MB / 29.15MB`, `=> => sha256:e398db710407fbc310b4bc0b0db1c94161480ac9b44638c6655939f426529780 41.38MB / 41.38MB`, `=> => sha256:85c41ebe6d660b75d8e2e985314ebce75e602330cd325bc5cfbf9d9723c329a1 627B / 627B`, `=> => sha256:86e53c4c16a6a276b204b0fd3a8143d86547c967dc8258b3d47c3a21bb68d3c6 1.86kB / 1.86kB`, `=> => sha256:7170a263b582e6a7b5f650b7f1c146267f694961f837ffefc2505bb9148dd4b0 958B / 958B`, `=> => sha256:d2e65182b5fd330470eca9b8e23e8a1a0d87cc9b820eb1fb3f034bf8248d37ee 1.78kB / 1.78kB`, `=> => sha256:8f28d06e2e2ec58753e1acf21d96619aafcab87e63e06fb0590f56091db38014 367B / 367B`, `=> => sha256:6f837de2f88742f4e8083bfff54bd1c64c1df04e6679c343d1a1c9a650078fd48 1.21kB / 1.21kB`, `=> => sha256:c1dfc7e1671e8340003503af03d067bae6846c12c30cbclaf3e589cb124fd45d 1.40kB / 1.40kB`, `=> => extracting sha256:578acb154839e9d0034432e8f53756d6f53ba62cf8c7ea5218a2476bf5b58fc9`, `=> => extracting sha256:e398db710407fbc310b4bc0b0db1c94161480ac9b44638c6655939f426529780`, `=> => extracting sha256:85c41ebe6d660b75d8e2e985314ebce75e602330cd325bc5cfbf9d9723c329a1`. The prompt returns to `ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-227 devops_project1$`.

After image created successfully please run the image


```
aws Services Search [Alt+S] N. Virginia
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-227 devops_project1]$ ls
Dockerfile index.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-227 devops_project1]$ cat Dockerfile
FROM nginx
COPY index.html /usr/share/nginx/html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-227 devops_project1]$ sudo docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
my-web-devops latest 5b47160b7964 5 minutes ago 187MB
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-227 devops_project1]$ sudo docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
my-web-devops latest 5b47160b7964 22 minutes ago 187MB
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-227 devops_project1]$ sudo docker run -d -p 80:80 my-web-devops
6ac8d43340a8d80511489e434079a9ac4a037e5c97b02e48716d926b98bc3b8
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-227 devops_project1]$ sudo docker ps
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES
6ac8d43340a8 my-web-devops "/docker-entrypoint..." 6 seconds ago Up 4 seconds 0.0.0.0:80->80/tcp, :::80->80/tcp quirky_ptolemy
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-47-227 devops_project1]$
```

Please check your application running or not

Using EC2 instance public ip address

<http://publicipAddress:80>

Now we run docker container using Jenkin

First install java software.

EC2 instance running two service

1. Docker
2. Jenkin

Inside Jenkin Pipeline or jobs we want to run Docker.

We do the changes in local machine in the application ie

Index.html

Then we check status, add, commit and push

In Jenkin you need to create job or pipeline job which pull the project

Whenever we push new changes in remote repository

Jenkin job pull the project from git hub account

And build the docker and run docker container.

Create web page and docker file in local machine.

Then push this code to remote repository using login details ie token base.

Then create EC2 instance

Install required software ie git, docker, java, jenkins refer e2-instance-plugin file.

Then using public ip address open jenkins dashboard

Then create jenkins job or pipeline

Use trigger concept to pull the project whenever we push the code in remote repository

And build the project means create docker image and start new container.

<h2>First Message</h2>

<h2>Welcome once again </h2>

3 documentation

1st documentation : Git URL which contains your project. And steps to do the task.

2nd documentation : screen shot.

3rd documentation : copy and paste your application code

index.html

Dockerfile