

# **Python/Deep Learning Project Report**

## **Project Increment - 2**

### **Classification of News into Categories Based on Headlines & Short Description**

**Team ID: 2**

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**Class ID:13**

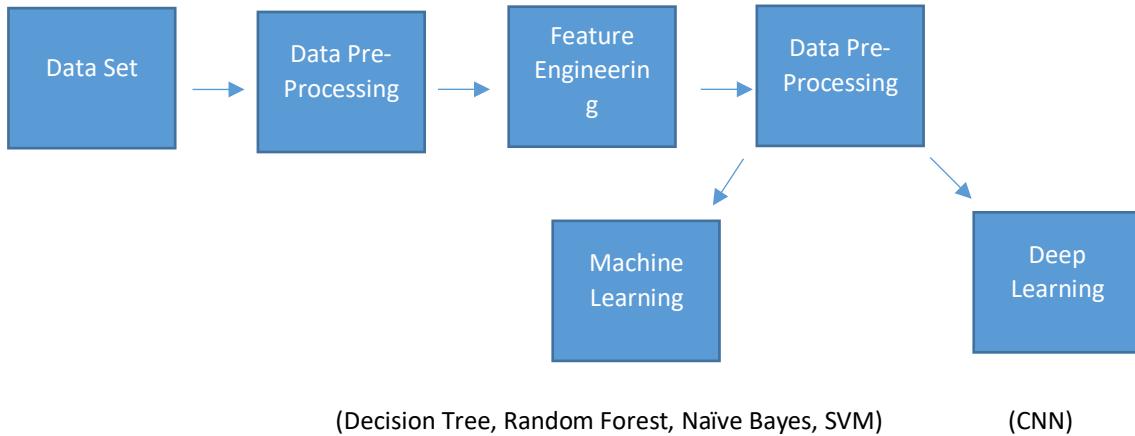
**Github Link:**

<https://github.com/geetamakineni/PYTHON-PROJECT>

## Dataset link:

<https://www.kaggle.com/rmisra/news-category-dataset>

## Overall Architecture:



## Work done so far:

Basically, we divided the whole project into 3 components as

- Dataset Preparation
- Feature Engineering
- Model Training

- 1) Dataset Preparation: The first step here is dataset preparation where we load the dataset and perform the basic preprocessing. The dataset is further split into training, validation and test sets.
- 2) Feature Engineering – In this step, the raw dataset is transformed further into flat features. This mainly includes process in which we create new features from the existing features. We use the Count Vector matrix notation where we check variance and drop some of the features based on the threshold it handles.
- 3) Model Training – The final most step we use is the Model Building where a machine learning model is here trained on the dataset. We implement the models like Naïve Bayes Classifier, Convolution Neural Network and Decision Tree Model and find which model gives best accuracy.

We have finished the first two components and currently working on the third component.

## **Current Progress:**

Initially, we imported the required packages and loaded the dataset as below. And we also concatenated the headline as well as the short description into the single attribute named ‘Combined\_H&SD’ for gaining more data to categorize the category of news type. And performed custom function process\_data() where we applied stemmer which helped to remove duplicate words & removed the stop words, special characters. Based on the Data with 41 News categories using SMOTE function we splitted the Data with equal for increasing the efficiency. Thereafter, we classified the Data into Train, Development, Test Data : Train data is used for the training different Model, Development Data for tuning the Parameters , Test Data used for validating the different models trained. And visualized the Words which was processed with Word Cloud.

In the Data preprocessing, we did vectorization using BOW (Bag of Words). Later, we processed the data with tokenizer from nltk corpus library. This is classification model problem as the predicted value belongs to category. So, we use one hot label encoder to mask the predicted category.

Next, we will use feature Reduction based on the Variance Threshold=0.001 which removes the data that will not have the impact on the prediction. Data sampling was done because the categories are unequally distributed which may overfit or underfit some categories with more data or less data. This will help to train the data equally for every category using the SMOTE function.

Moving Next, Training of model using Machine Learning Models:

1. Decision Tree Model: Created the Decision Tree Model with dtc\_model and trained the model and got the accuracy 31% and viewed the F1 score with help of classification report
2. Random Forest Model: Created the Random Forest Model with rf\_model and trained the model and got the accuracy 34% and viewed the F1 score with help of classification report
3. Multinomial Naïve Bayes Classification: Created the Multinomial Naïve Bayes Model with nb\_model and trained the model and got the accuracy 52% and viewed the F1 score with help of classification report.

By Comparing other models, we got better accuracy for the Development Data. So, we predicted the data for test data & which resulted the accuracy of 54% . And when we process the data as we used Bag of words to vectorize it will not give the order of words, so we created custom function reverse vocabulary. Finally appended the words for each category helps for the prediction based on whole training data.

4. Support Vector Classification: Created the Decision Tree Model with svc\_model and trained the model and got the accuracy 54% and viewed the F1 score with help of classification report.

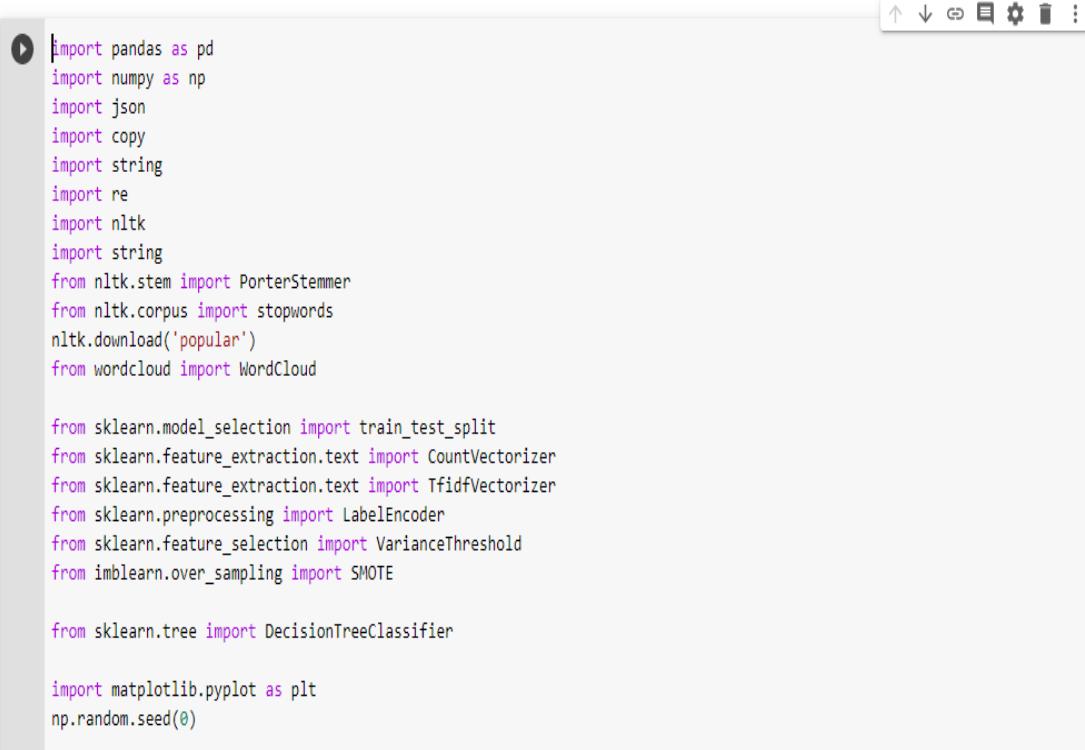
As we got accuracy more than Multinomial Naïve Bayes we performed same steps as Multinomial Naïve Bayes Model on test Data such as Reverse vocabulary & viewed the words for the prediction.

### Using Deep learning Model:

Here we are trying to perform Convolution Neural Network. After importing the packages required for the Analysing the Dataset, we will read the JSON file and store to df. Apart from Machine learning model we tried different techniques to pre-process the Data like started with viewing the categories by using the groupby. Then removing the empty data& short and later combined the headline and short description with the space. Calculated the max length of words for padding the Data. Later the category variable converted into ID. Thereafter glove embedding to remove the duplicates from getting the Stanford library words using wget inbuilt function. And splitted the Data into training and Test data.

## Step 1:

For this we started with importing the packages:

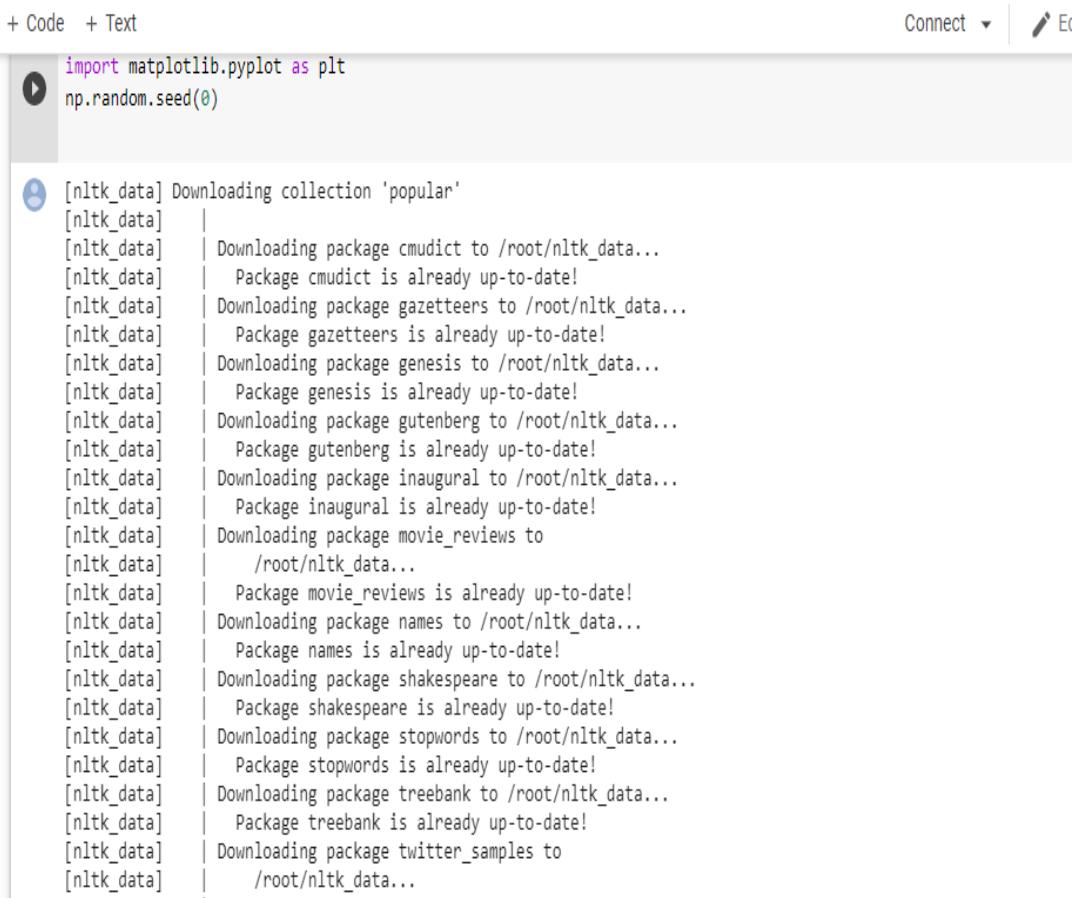


```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import json
import copy
import string
import re
import nltk
import string
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
nltk.download('popular')
from wordcloud import WordCloud

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.feature_selection import VarianceThreshold
from imblearn.over_sampling import SMOTE

from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
np.random.seed(0)
```



```
+ Code + Text Connect ▾ | Edit
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
np.random.seed(0)

[nltk_data] Downloading collection 'popular'
[nltk_data] |
[nltk_data] | Downloading package cmudict to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] | Package cmudict is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] | Downloading package gazetteers to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] | Package gazetteers is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] | Downloading package genesis to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] | Package genesis is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] | Downloading package gutenberg to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] | Package gutenberg is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] | Downloading package inaugural to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] | Package inaugural is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] | Downloading package movie_reviews to
[nltk_data] |   /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] | Package movie_reviews is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] | Downloading package names to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] | Package names is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] | Downloading package shakespeare to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] | Package shakespeare is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] | Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] | Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] | Downloading package treebank to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] | Package treebank is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] | Downloading package twitter_samples to
[nltk_data] |   /root/nltk_data...
```

## Step 2:

Here, we are reading the news dataset from the json file we have and viewing the sample Data with head function

```
Reading News Dataset from News_Category_Dataset_v2.json
```

```
[ ] News_Dataset = pd.read_json('News_Category_Dataset_v2.json', lines=True)  
[ ] News_Dataset.head(6)
```

	category	headline	authors	link	short_description	date
0	CRIME	There Were 2 Mass Shootings In Texas Last Week...	Melissa Jeltsen	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/texas-ama...	She left her husband. He killed their children...	2018-05-26
1	ENTERTAINMENT	Will Smith Joins Diplo And Nicky Jam For The 2...	Andy McDonald	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/will-smit...	Of course it has a song.	2018-05-26
2	ENTERTAINMENT	Hugh Grant Marries For The First Time At Age 57	Ron Dicker	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/hugh-gran...	The actor and his longtime girlfriend Anna Ebe...	2018-05-26
3	ENTERTAINMENT	Jim Carrey Blasts 'Castrato' Adam Schiff And D...	Ron Dicker	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/jim-carre...	The actor gives Dems an ass-kicking for not fi...	2018-05-26
4	ENTERTAINMENT	Julianna Margulies Uses Donald Trump Poop Bags...	Ron Dicker	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/julianna-...	The "Dietland" actress said using the bags is ...	2018-05-26
5	ENTERTAINMENT	Morgan Freeman 'Devastated' That Sexual Harass...	Ron Dicker	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/morgan-fr...	"It is not right to equate horrific incidents ..	2018-05-26

## Step 3:

Combining of column's headline's and short description into a single attribute which helps to get the sufficient data for prediction of Category. And the Combined headline is cleaned using stemmer and process\_text() function

```
Combining column's Headline & Short Description into Combined_H&SD
```

```
[ ] News_Dataset['Combined_H&SD']=News_Dataset['headline']+News_Dataset['short_description']  
[ ] stemmer = PorterStemmer()  
  
[ ] def process_text(value):  
    no_punc=[char for char in value if char not in string.punctuation]  
    new1=''.join(no_punc)  
    new2=[stemmer.stem(word) for word in new1]  
    new3=''.join(new2)  
    return[word for word in new3.split()if word.lower()not in stopwords.words('english') ]  
  
[ ] News_Dataset['Combined_H&SD'].head()
```

0	There Were 2 Mass Shootings In Texas Last Week...
1	Will Smith Joins Diplo And Nicky Jam For The 2...
2	Hugh Grant Marries For The First Time At Age 5...
3	Jim Carrey Blasts 'Castrato' Adam Schiff And D...
4	Julianna Margulies Uses Donald Trump Poop Bags...

Name: Combined\_H&SD, dtype: object

#### Step 4:

Splitting of the Dataset into train, test and development.

Training data is used for training out the model and Development data for tuning and checking the hyper parameters and test data to check how the model is performing.

After Processing of column- Combined\_H&SD using Stemmer

```
[ ] News_Dataset['Combined_H&SD'].head(5).apply(process_text)

0    [2, Mass, Shootings, Texas, Last, Week, 1, TVS...
1    [Smith, Joins, Diplo, Nicky, Jam, 2018, World, ...
2    [Hugh, Grant, Marries, First, Time, Age, 57The...
3    [Jim, Carrey, Blasts, Castrato, Adam, Schiff, ...
4    [Julianne, Margulies, Uses, Donald, Trump, Poo...

Name: Combined_H&SD, dtype: object
```

Splitting of News Data set Into Train, Test & Development

```
[ ] train_title, test_title, train_category, test_category = train_test_split(News_Dataset['Combined_H&SD'],News_Dataset['category'])
train_title, devp_title, train_category, devp_category = train_test_split(train_title,train_category)
```

Number of Records for train, Test & Development

```
[ ] print("Training Records : ",len(train_title))
print("Development Records: ",len(devp_title))
print("Testing Records : ",len(test_title))

Training Records : 112979
Development Records: 37660
Testing Records : 50214
```

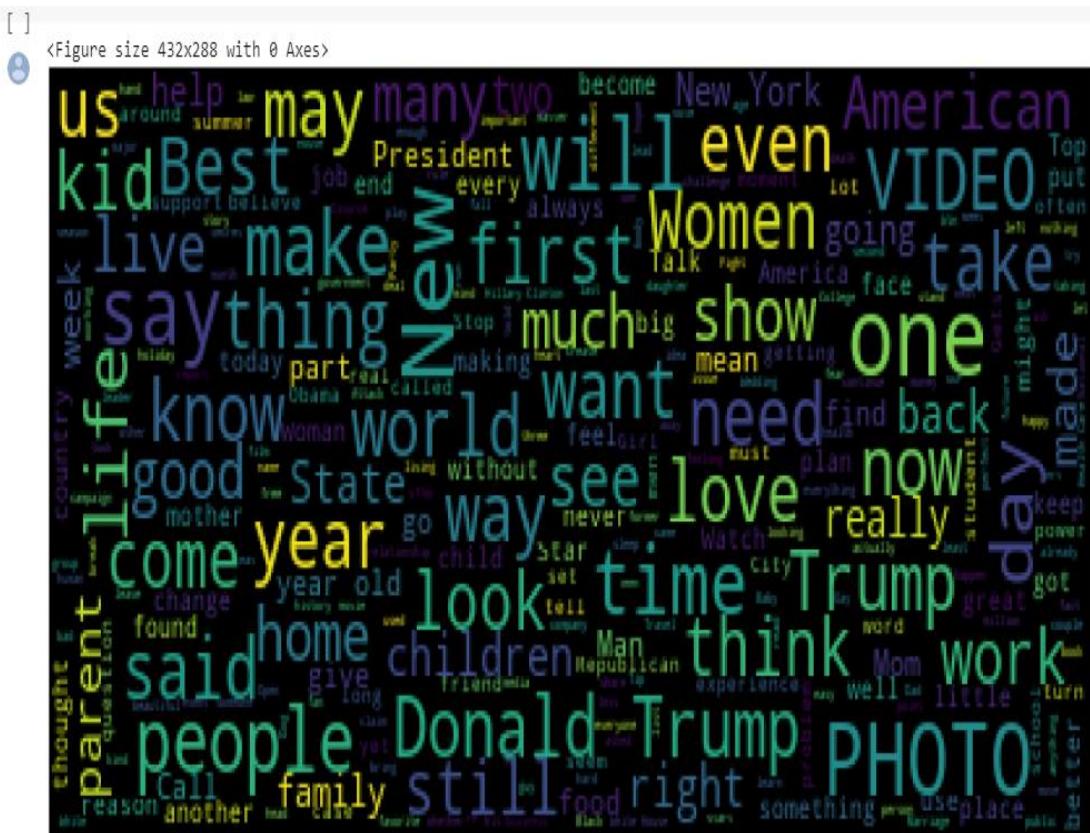
#### Step 5:

Visualized the data combined using WordCloud which gives the unique words of training Data which helps for the Prediction category

Visualized the Data of combined\_H&SD using WordCloud

```
[ ] train_text = " ".join(train_title)
wordcloud = WordCloud().generate(train_text)
plt.figure()
plt.subplots(figsize=(50,50))
wordcloud = WordCloud(
    background_color="Black",
    max_words=len(train_text),
    max_font_size=30,
    relative_scaling=.5).generate(train_text)
plt.imshow(wordcloud)
plt.axis("off")
plt.show()
```

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## Step 6:

The next step is Data Preprocessing. Here, we are vectorizing the data using a Bag of Words (BOW) and we performs tokenizer on the train, test, Development.

### ▼ Data Preprocessing

Vectorizing the data using Bag of words (BOW)

```
[ ] tokenizer = nltk.tokenize.RegexpTokenizer(r"\w+")
stop_words = nltk.corpus.stopwords.words("english")
c_vectorizer = CountVectorizer(tokenizer=tokenizer.tokenize, stop_words=stop_words)

[ ] c_vectorizer.fit(iter(train_title))
X_train = c_vectorizer.transform(iter(train_title))
X_devp = c_vectorizer.transform(iter(devp_title))
X_test = c_vectorizer.transform(iter(test_title))

[ ] /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/feature_extraction/text.py:507: UserWarning: The parameter 'token_pattern'
  warnings.warn("The parameter 'token_pattern' will not be used"
```

### Step 7:

Encoding the column categories are done using the label encoder for all the categories. After that the features are reduced.

If we clearly see the features before reduction are 126219 and after reduction are 3380 The threshold which we took is 0.001

#### Categorical Encoding of category Column using Label Encoder

```
[ ] encoder = LabelEncoder()
encoder.fit(train_category)
Y_train = encoder.transform(train_category)
Y_devp = encoder.transform(devp_category)
Y_test = encoder.transform(test_category)
```

#### Feature Reduction

```
[ ] print("Number of features before reduction : ", X_train.shape[1])
selection = VarianceThreshold(threshold=0.001)
X_train_whole = copy.deepcopy(X_train)
Y_train_whole = copy.deepcopy(Y_train)
selection.fit(X_train)
X_train = selection.transform(X_train)
X_devp = selection.transform(X_devp)
X_test = selection.transform(X_test)
print("Number of features after reduction : ", X_train.shape[1])
```



Number of features before reduction : 126219  
Number of features after reduction : 3380

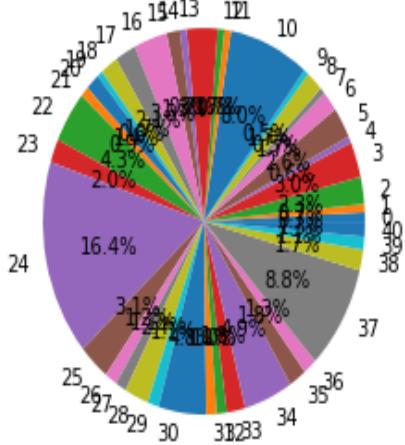
### Step 8:

In Data Sampling,

We have counted the number of total labels and plotted them using a pie chart distribution model.

## Sampling the data

```
[ ] labels = list(set(Ytr))
    counts = []
    for label in labels:
        counts.append(np.count_nonzero(Y_train == label))
plt.pie(counts, labels=labels, autopct='%1.1f%%')
plt.show()
```



### Step 9:

We can clearly have a look that the class labels are here not distributed uniformly.

So, we had to use SMOT and then over sampled the classes which are lowest in the number. This is done because we can samples can be equally distributed helps for efficient prediction of category.

### Step 10:

#### **Model Training:**

The following are the models we used to train our data:

Here we perfomed all Machine learn models Decision Tree, Random forest, SVC, Multinomial Naïve Bayes comaring all these accuracy we got High for SVC with 54 % and Multinomial Naïve Bayes with 52 %. So we can select this two:

## Decision Tree:

### Decision Tree Model

```
[ ] dtc_model = DecisionTreeClassifier()
dtc_model.fit(X_train, Y_train)
dtc_pred = dtc_model.predict(X_devp)
print(classification_report(Y_devp, dtc_pred, target_names=encoder.classes_))
```

→ precision recall f1-score support

ARTS	0.08	0.11	0.09	297
ARTS & CULTURE	0.06	0.15	0.08	225
BLACK VOICES	0.23	0.22	0.23	803
BUSINESS	0.19	0.16	0.18	1097
COLLEGE	0.16	0.32	0.21	226
COMEDY	0.28	0.27	0.28	961
CRIME	0.22	0.34	0.26	647
CULTURE & ARTS	0.14	0.24	0.17	186
DIVORCE	0.35	0.52	0.42	640
EDUCATION	0.13	0.22	0.16	196
ENTERTAINMENT	0.39	0.23	0.29	3023
ENVIRONMENT	0.10	0.29	0.15	259
FIFTY	0.04	0.10	0.06	258
FOOD & DRINK	0.39	0.39	0.39	1182
GOOD NEWS	0.04	0.05	0.05	263
GREEN	0.15	0.16	0.16	506
HEALTHY LIVING	0.16	0.16	0.16	1252
HOME & LIVING	0.36	0.50	0.42	795
GOOD NEWS	0.04	0.05	0.05	263
GREEN	0.15	0.16	0.16	506
→ HEALTHY LIVING	0.16	0.16	0.16	1252
HOME & LIVING	0.36	0.50	0.42	795
IMPACT	0.08	0.12	0.10	621
LATINO VOICES	0.08	0.17	0.11	204
MEDIA	0.17	0.28	0.22	505
MONEY	0.11	0.22	0.15	326
PARENTING	0.32	0.30	0.31	1654
PARENTS	0.15	0.20	0.17	764
POLITICS	0.66	0.40	0.50	6066
QUEER VOICES	0.52	0.48	0.50	1200
RELIGION	0.26	0.26	0.26	506
SCIENCE	0.18	0.25	0.21	426
SPORTS	0.36	0.33	0.34	911
STYLE	0.16	0.20	0.18	409
STYLE & BEAUTY	0.60	0.54	0.57	1841
TASTE	0.13	0.17	0.15	381
TECH	0.18	0.24	0.21	410
THE WORLDPOST	0.17	0.25	0.20	676
TRAVEL	0.40	0.31	0.35	1817
WEDDINGS	0.50	0.62	0.55	709
WEIRD NEWS	0.09	0.09	0.09	476
WELLNESS	0.41	0.29	0.34	3374
WOMEN	0.16	0.17	0.17	653
WORLD NEWS	0.10	0.18	0.12	406
WORLDPOST	0.17	0.19	0.18	509
accuracy			0.31	37660
macro avg	0.23	0.26	0.24	37660
weighted avg	0.36	0.31	0.32	37660

## Random Forest Model:

### Random Forest Model

```
[ ] rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=40)
rf_model.fit(X_train, Y_train)
rf_pred = rf_model.predict(X_devp)
print(classification_report(Y_devp, rf_pred, target_names=encoder.classes_))
```

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	ARTS	0.08	0.12	0.10	297
	ARTS & CULTURE	0.07	0.15	0.09	225
	BLACK VOICES	0.31	0.26	0.28	803
	BUSINESS	0.30	0.21	0.25	1097
	COLLEGE	0.20	0.44	0.28	226
	COMEDY	0.39	0.30	0.34	961
	CRIME	0.27	0.47	0.35	647
	CULTURE & ARTS	0.16	0.25	0.19	186
	DIVORCE	0.41	0.63	0.50	640
	EDUCATION	0.15	0.32	0.20	196
	ENTERTAINMENT	0.56	0.29	0.38	3023
	ENVIRONMENT	0.12	0.32	0.17	259
	FIFTY	0.06	0.13	0.08	258
	FOOD & DRINK	0.44	0.45	0.45	1182
	GOOD NEWS	0.06	0.07	0.06	263
	GREEN	0.21	0.19	0.20	506
	HEALTHY LIVING	0.21	0.17	0.19	1250

[ ]	IMPACT	0.13	0.15	0.14	621
↳	LATINO VOICES	0.13	0.20	0.16	204
	MEDIA	0.23	0.36	0.28	505
	MONEY	0.15	0.35	0.21	326
	PARENTING	0.41	0.46	0.43	1654
	PARENTS	0.20	0.23	0.21	764
	POLITICS	0.78	0.52	0.63	6066
	QUEER VOICES	0.64	0.59	0.62	1200
	RELIGION	0.34	0.36	0.35	506
	SCIENCE	0.26	0.33	0.29	426
	SPORTS	0.43	0.39	0.41	911
	STYLE	0.18	0.21	0.19	409
	STYLE & BEAUTY	0.67	0.64	0.66	1841
	TASTE	0.15	0.19	0.17	381
	TECH	0.23	0.34	0.28	410
	THE WORLDPOST	0.24	0.34	0.28	676
	TRAVEL	0.54	0.43	0.48	1817
	WEDDINGS	0.54	0.73	0.62	709
	WEIRD NEWS	0.15	0.11	0.13	476
	WELLNESS	0.53	0.44	0.48	3374
	WOMEN	0.22	0.22	0.22	653
	WORLD NEWS	0.12	0.21	0.15	406
	WORLDPOST	0.19	0.20	0.20	509
	accuracy			0.39	37660
	macro avg	0.29	0.33	0.30	37660
	weighted avg	0.45	0.39	0.41	37660

## Multinomial Naïve Bayes Model:

### Multinomial Naive Bayes Model

```
[ ] nb_model = MultinomialNB()
nb_model.fit(X_train, Y_train)
nb_pred = nb_model .predict(X_devp)
print(classification_report(Y_devp, nb_pred, target_names=encoder.classes_))
```

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	ARTS	0.24	0.19	0.21	297
[ ]	ARTS & CULTURE	0.21	0.12	0.15	225
	BLACK VOICES	0.37	0.27	0.31	803
	BUSINESS	0.42	0.39	0.41	1097
	COLLEGE	0.37	0.31	0.34	226
	COMEDY	0.45	0.40	0.42	961
	CRIME	0.39	0.67	0.49	647
	CULTURE & ARTS	0.31	0.26	0.28	186
	DIVORCE	0.61	0.63	0.62	640
	EDUCATION	0.32	0.36	0.34	196
	ENTERTAINMENT	0.57	0.60	0.58	3023
	ENVIRONMENT	0.39	0.25	0.30	259
	FIFTY	0.14	0.11	0.12	258
	FOOD & DRINK	0.53	0.69	0.60	1182
	GOOD NEWS	0.28	0.20	0.23	263
	GREEN	0.31	0.31	0.31	506
	HEALTHY LIVING	0.27	0.15	0.19	1252
	HOME & LIVING	0.61	0.66	0.63	795
	IMPACT	0.26	0.28	0.27	621
[ ]	PARENTING	0.42	0.52	0.47	1654
	PARENTS	0.29	0.24	0.26	764
[ ]	POLITICS	0.72	0.71	0.72	6066
	QUEER VOICES	0.68	0.55	0.61	1200
	RELIGION	0.51	0.37	0.43	506
	SCIENCE	0.49	0.44	0.47	426
	SPORTS	0.60	0.56	0.58	911
	STYLE	0.26	0.15	0.19	409
	STYLE & BEAUTY	0.67	0.70	0.68	1841
	TASTE	0.26	0.17	0.21	381
	TECH	0.42	0.39	0.41	410
	THE WORLDPOST	0.38	0.45	0.41	676
	TRAVEL	0.59	0.69	0.64	1817
	WEDDINGS	0.73	0.67	0.70	709
	WEIRD NEWS	0.23	0.18	0.20	476
	WELLNESS	0.52	0.65	0.58	3374
	WOMEN	0.30	0.28	0.29	653
	WORLD NEWS	0.27	0.17	0.21	406
	WORLDPOST	0.28	0.30	0.29	509
	accuracy			0.52	37660
	macro avg	0.41	0.39	0.40	37660
	weighted avg	0.51	0.52	0.51	37660

## Support Vector Classification:

## Support Vector Classification

```
[56] from sklearn.svm import SVC
    svc_model = SVC()
    svc_model.fit(X_train, Y_train)
    svc_pred = svc_model.predict(X_devp)
    print(classification_report(Y_devp, svc_pred, target_names=encoder.classes_))
```

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	ARTS	0.24	0.11	0.15	297
	ARTS & CULTURE	0.28	0.07	0.11	225
	BLACK VOICES	0.47	0.24	0.32	803
	BUSINESS	0.46	0.33	0.39	1097
	COLLEGE	0.39	0.28	0.32	226
	COMEDY	0.59	0.31	0.41	961
	CRIME	0.53	0.51	0.52	647
	CULTURE & ARTS	0.74	0.17	0.27	186
	DIVORCE	0.81	0.56	0.66	640
	EDUCATION	0.34	0.11	0.16	196
	ENTERTAINMENT	0.41	0.69	0.52	3023
	ENVIRONMENT	0.89	0.15	0.26	259
	FIFTY	0.41	0.03	0.06	258
	FOOD & DRINK	0.57	0.67	0.62	1182
	GOOD NEWS	0.40	0.08	0.13	263
	GREEN	0.22	0.15	0.21	506

+ Code + Text

	LATINO VOICES	0.57	0.10	0.17	204
[56]	MEDIA	0.54	0.27	0.36	505
	MONEY	0.62	0.23	0.33	326
↳	PARENTING	0.50	0.65	0.57	1654
	PARENTS	0.43	0.22	0.29	764
	POLITICS	0.59	0.85	0.70	6066
	QUEER VOICES	0.80	0.55	0.65	1200
	RELIGION	0.62	0.27	0.38	506
	SCIENCE	0.63	0.34	0.44	426
	SPORTS	0.63	0.48	0.54	911
	STYLE	0.59	0.21	0.31	409
	STYLE & BEAUTY	0.76	0.75	0.75	1841
	TASTE	0.53	0.03	0.05	381
	TECH	0.58	0.31	0.41	410
	THE WORLDPOST	0.51	0.37	0.43	676
	TRAVEL	0.64	0.67	0.65	1817
	WEDDINGS	0.81	0.68	0.74	709
	WEIRD NEWS	0.31	0.15	0.20	476
	WELLNESS	0.44	0.81	0.57	3374
	WOMEN	0.35	0.26	0.30	653
	WORLD NEWS	0.43	0.06	0.11	406
	WORLDPOST	0.45	0.11	0.18	509
	accuracy			0.54	37660
	macro avg	0.53	0.34	0.38	37660
	weighted avg	0.54	0.54	0.50	37660

```
[57] #Predicting using Naive Bayes
    print("\n\nPredicting test data using Multinomial Naive Bayesian")
    pred_final = nb_model.predict(X_test)
    print(classification_report(Y_test, pred_final, target_names=encoder.classes_))
```

↳

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	ARTS	0.27	0.22	0.24	367
	ARTS & CULTURE	0.25	0.13	0.17	335
	BLACK VOICES	0.41	0.31	0.35	1170
	BUSINESS	0.45	0.42	0.44	1480
	COLLEGE	0.40	0.38	0.39	278
	COMEDY	0.43	0.41	0.42	1283
	CRIME	0.39	0.66	0.49	834
	CULTURE & ARTS	0.30	0.29	0.29	238
	DIVORCE	0.62	0.63	0.62	847
	EDUCATION	0.35	0.44	0.39	250
	ENTERTAINMENT	0.57	0.60	0.58	3981
	ENVIRONMENT	0.39	0.28	0.32	318
	FIFTY	0.16	0.11	0.13	366
	FOOD & DRINK	0.51	0.66	0.58	1578
	GOOD NEWS	0.26	0.20	0.23	348
	GREEN	0.32	0.33	0.33	621
	HEALTHY LIVING	0.26	0.11	0.19	1671

```
[57] IMPACT          0.34      0.32      0.33      863
    LATINO VOICES   0.33      0.09      0.15      289
    ↳ MEDIA          0.45      0.39      0.41      722
    MONEY           0.37      0.47      0.41      408
    PARENTING       0.42      0.51      0.46      2137
    PARENTS         0.27      0.24      0.25      963
    POLITICS        0.72      0.72      0.72      8098
    QUEER VOICES    0.66      0.54      0.60      1593
    RELIGION        0.50      0.38      0.43      658
    SCIENCE          0.44      0.38      0.40      520
    SPORTS          0.58      0.54      0.56      1239
    STYLE           0.31      0.17      0.22      574
    STYLE & BEAUTY   0.66      0.71      0.69      2429
    TASTE           0.25      0.13      0.17      534
    TECH            0.42      0.42      0.42      521
    THE WORLDPOST   0.40      0.45      0.42      905
    TRAVEL          0.61      0.68      0.65      2538
    WEDDINGS        0.71      0.66      0.68      945
    WEIRD NEWS      0.26      0.20      0.23      670
    WELLNESS        0.52      0.65      0.58      4557
    WOMEN           0.34      0.29      0.32      870
    WORLD NEWS      0.29      0.18      0.22      551
    WORLDPOST       0.30      0.31      0.31      629

    accuracy        0.52      0.52      0.52      50214
    macro avg       0.42      0.40      0.40      50214
    weighted avg    0.51      0.52      0.51      50214
```

```
[60] reverse_vocabulary = {}
     vocabulary = c_vectorizer.vocabulary_
     for word in vocabulary:
         index = vocabulary[word]
         reverse_vocabulary[index] = word

     vector = c_vectorizer.transform(iter(['Nasa scientists are good']))
     indexes = vector.indices
     for i in indexes:
         print (reverse_vocabulary[i])
```

```
↳ good
nasa
scientists
```

```
[62] nb1_model=MultinomialNB()
     nb1_model.fit(X_train_whole, Y_train_whole)
     coefs = nb1_model.coef_
     target_names = encoder.classes_

     for i in range(len(target_names)):
         words = []
         for j in coefs[i].argsort()[-20:]:
             words.append(reverse_vocabulary[j])
         print (target_names[i], ' - ', words, "\n")
```

```
↳ GOOD NEWS - ['little', 'new', 'watch', 'day', 'family', 'time', 'life', 'home', 'world', 'boy', 'love', 'old', 'woman', 'like',
GREEN - ['years', 'environmental', 'time', 'like', 'energy', 'u', 'year', 'could', 'trump', 'global', 'water', 'california', 'oi
HEALTHY LIVING - ['many', '5', 'help', 'things', 'know', 'day', 'ways', 'could', 'need', 'like', 'may', 'us', 'get', 'make', 'ne
HOME & LIVING - ['pinterest', '10', 'check', 'something', 'time', 'design', 'like', 'get', 'craft', 'diy', 'us', 'ideas', 'new',
IMPACT - ['change', 'years', 'many', 'health', 'social', 'make', 'homeless', 'life', 'need', 'us', 'year', 'new', 'children', 't
LATINO VOICES - ['american', 'immigrant', 'immigrants', 'said', 'us', 'rico', 'women', 'year', 'first', 'latina', 'u', 'mexican'
MEDIA - ['editor', 'white', 'bill', 'reporter', 'time', 'press', 'journalists', 'president', 'host', 'said', 'york', 'cnn', 'ti
MONEY - ['ways', 'could', '000', 'card', 'best', 'pay', 'like', 'debt', 'people', 'make', 'may', 'one', 'get', 'year', 'time', 'ba
PARENTING - ['get', 'make', 'school', 'life', 'old', 'video', 'family', 'know', 'new', 'mom', 'like', 'day', 'year', 'time', 'ba
```

PARENTING - ['get', 'make', 'school', 'life', 'old', 'video', 'family', 'know', 'new', 'mom', 'like', 'day', 'year', 'time', 'b  
PARENTS - ['moms', 'son', 'mother', 'know', 'parenting', 'daughter', 'life', 'new', 'things', 'year', 'baby', 'child', 'day', '  
POLITICS - ['could', 'republicans', 'republican', 'white', 'state', 'would', 'people', 'hillary', 'one', 'u', 'house', 'says',  
QUEER VOICES - ['man', 'year', 'time', 'men', 'like', 'first', 'sex', 'community', 'love', 'week', 'marriage', 'one', 'trans',  
RELIGION - ['catholic', 'day', 'religion', 'jesus', 'spiritual', 'christian', 'life', 'new', 'faith', 'us', 'muslim', 'world',  
SCIENCE - ['first', 'time', 'way', 'planet', 'mars', 'like', 'life', 'world', 'years', 'could', 'earth', 'one', 'nasa', 'scienc  
SPORTS - ['bowl', 'u', 'players', 'year', 'win', 'nba', 'like', 'time', 'one', 'sports', 'olympic', 'player', 'world', 'new', '  
STYLE - ['jenner', 'need', 'way', 'summer', 'makeup', 'time', 'make', 'red', 'looks', 'hair', 'one', 'look', 'beauty', 'style',  
STYLE & BEAUTY - ['one', 'like', 'pinterest', 'huffpost', 'facebook', 'hair', 'photo', 'beauty', 'us', 'twitter', 'dress', 'wan  
TASTE - ['way', 'need', '10', 'ice', 'cream', 'eat', 'day', 'good', 'delicious', 'summer', 'time', 'get', 'one', 'like', 'easy'  
TECH - ['top', 'get', 'world', 'video', 'people', 'company', 'could', 'look', 'one', 'social', 'videos', 'twitter', 'youtube',  
THE WORLDPOST - ['first', 'least', 'country', 'syria', 'korea', 'north', 'one', 'year', 'world', 'china', 'attack', 'state', 's  
TRAVEL - ['make', 'places', 'vacation', 'trip', 'hotels', 'year', 'around', 'day', 'hotel', '10', 'get', 'time', 'city', 'like'  
WEDDINGS - ['dress', 'brides', 'like', 'huffpost', 'planning', 'big', 'check', 'get', 'bride', 'couples', 'couple', 'love', 'vi  
WEIRD NEWS - ['get', 'world', 'time', 'make', 'video', 'said', 'trump', 'year', 'know', 'news', 'dog', 'police', 'weird', 'watc  
WELLNESS - ['healthy', 'good', 'know', 'way', 'cancer', 'could', 'sleep', 'day', 'may', 'like', 'make', 'get', 'study', 'us', 'i

## **Step 11:**

# Deep Learning: Convolution Neural Network

Project\_CNNipynb

---

File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved

Files
+ Code + Text

```
[19] import numpy as np # linear algebra
     import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_csv)

     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (6,6)

     from keras import backend as K
     from keras.engine.topology import Layer
     from keras import initializers, regularizers, constraints

     from keras.preprocessing import sequence
     from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer, text_to_word_sequence
     from keras.utils import np_utils
     from keras.layers import Embedding
     from keras.initializers import Constant

     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

     import os

     import pandas as pd
```

---

[5] df = pd.read\_json('News\_Category\_Dataset\_v2.json', lines=True)

df.head()

	category	headline	authors	link	short_description	date
0	CRIME	There Were 2 Mass Shootings In Texas Last Week...	Melissa Jeltsen	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/texas-ama...	She left her husband. He killed their children...	2018-05-26
1	ENTERTAINMENT	Will Smith Joins Diplo And Nicky Jam For The 2...	Andy McDonald	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/will-smit...	Of course it has a song.	2018-05-26
2	ENTERTAINMENT	Hugh Grant Marries For The First Time At Age 57	Ron Dicker	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/hugh-gran...	The actor and his longtime girlfriend Anna Ebe...	2018-05-26
3	ENTERTAINMENT	Jim Carrey Blasts 'Castrato' Adam Schiff And D...	Ron Dicker	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/jim-carre...	The actor gives Dems an ass-kicking for not fi...	2018-05-26
4	ENTERTAINMENT	Julianna Margulies Uses Donald Trump Poop Bags...	Ron Dicker	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/julianna-...	The "Dietland" actress said using the bags is ...	2018-05-26

```
[6] cates = df.groupby('category')
    print("total categories:", cates.ngroups)
    print(cates.size())

    df.category = df.category.map(lambda x: "WORLDPOST" if x == "THE WORLDPOST" else x)
```

```
↳ total categories: 41
category
ARTS           1509
ARTS & CULTURE 1339
BLACK VOICES   4528
BUSINESS        5937
COLLEGE         1144
COMEDY          5175
CRIME           3405
CULTURE & ARTS 1030
DIVORCE         3426
EDUCATION       1004
ENTERTAINMENT   16058
ENVIRONMENT     1323
FIFTY           1401
FOOD & DRINK    6226
GOOD NEWS       1398
GREEN            2622
HEALTHY LIVING   6694
HOME & LIVING    4195
IMPACT           3459
LATINO VOICES    1129
MEDIA            2815
MONEY             1707
```

```
[6] HOME & LIVING      4195
    IMPACT           3459
    LATINO VOICES    1129
    MEDIA            2815
    MONEY             1707
    PARENTING         8677
    PARENTS           3955
    POLITICS          32739
    QUEER VOICES      6314
    RELIGION          2556
    SCIENCE            2178
    SPORTS             4884
    STYLE              2254
    STYLE & BEAUTY     9649
    TASTE              2096
    TECH                2082
    THE WORLDPOST      3664
    TRAVEL             9887
    WEDDINGS           3651
    WEIRD NEWS         2670
    WELLNESS           17827
    WOMEN              3490
    WORLD NEWS          2177
    WORLDPOST           2579
dtype: int64
```

```
[7] # using headlines and short_description as input X

df['text'] = df.headline + " " + df.short_description

# tokenizing
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer, text_to_word_sequence
tokenizer = Tokenizer()
tokenizer.fit_on_texts(df.text)
X = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(df.text)
df['words'] = X
```

```
[8] # delete some empty and short data
df['word_length'] = df.words.apply(lambda i: len(i))
df = df[df.word_length >= 5]
df.head()
```

```
[8] # delete some empty and short data
df['word_length'] = df.words.apply(lambda i: len(i))
df = df[df.word_length >= 5]
df.head()
```

		category	headline	authors	link	short_description	date	text	words	word_
0	CRIME	There Were 2 Mass Shootings In Texas Last Week...	Melissa Jeltsen	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/texas-ama...	She left her husband. He killed their children...	2018-05-26	There Were 2 Mass Shootings In Texas Last Week...	[74, 101, 257, 1331, 3001, 6, 698, 134, 96, 26...]		
1	ENTERTAINMENT	Will Smith Joins Diplo And Nicky Jam For The 2...	Andy McDonald	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/will-smit...	Of course it has a song.	2018-05-26	Will Smith Joins Diplo And Nicky Jam For The 2...	[42, 1604, 2960, 27762, 5, 25929, 5237, 8, 1, ...]		

[8]		Hugh Grant Marries For The First Time At Age 57	Ron Dicker	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/hugh-gran...	The actor and his longtime girlfriend Anna Ebe...	2018-05-26	Hugh Grant Marries For The First Time At Age 5...	[5877, 5334, 8083, 8, 1, 76, 54, 21, 414, 8469...]	
2	ENTERTAINMENT	Jim Carrey Blasts 'Castrato' Adam Schiff And D...	Ron Dicker	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/jim-carre...	The actor gives Dems an ass-kicking for not fi...	2018-05-26	Jim Carrey Blasts 'Castrato' Adam Schiff And D...	[2710, 13374, 3596, 64143, 2295, 13055, 5, 569...]	
3	ENTERTAINMENT	Julianna Margulies Uses Donald Trump Poop Bags...	Ron Dicker	https://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/julianna-...	The "Dietland" actress said using the bags is ...	2018-05-26	Julianna Margulies Uses Donald Trump Poop Bags...	[41003, 36082, 1513, 97, 48, 7915, 3134, 2, 96...]	

## Padding was done:

Using 50 for padding length

```
[9] maxlen = 50
    X = list(sequence.pad_sequences(df.words, maxlen=maxlen))

[10] # category to id

categories = df.groupby('category').size().index.tolist()
category_int = {}
int_category = {}
for i, k in enumerate(categories):
    category_int.update({k:i})
    int_category.update({i:k})

df['c2id'] = df['category'].apply(lambda x: category_int[x])

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:9: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-vers
if __name__ == '__main__':
```

```
[11] !wget http://nlp.stanford.edu/data/glove.6B.zip

--2020-04-24 20:50:42--  http://nlp.stanford.edu/data/glove.6B.zip
Resolving nlp.stanford.edu (nlp.stanford.edu)... 171.64.67.140
Connecting to nlp.stanford.edu (nlp.stanford.edu)|171.64.67.140|:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 302 Found
Location: https://nlp.stanford.edu/data/glove.6B.zip [following]
--2020-04-24 20:50:42--  https://nlp.stanford.edu/data/glove.6B.zip
Connecting to nlp.stanford.edu (nlp.stanford.edu)|171.64.67.140|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 301 Moved Permanently
Location: http://downloads.cs.stanford.edu/nlp/data/glove.6B.zip [following]
--2020-04-24 20:50:42--  http://downloads.cs.stanford.edu/nlp/data/glove.6B.zip
Resolving downloads.cs.stanford.edu (downloads.cs.stanford.edu)... 171.64.64.22
Connecting to downloads.cs.stanford.edu (downloads.cs.stanford.edu)|171.64.64.22|:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 862182613 (822M) [application/zip]
Saving to: 'glove.6B.zip'

glove.6B.zip      100%[=====>] 822.24M  2.01MB/s   in 6m 29s

2020-04-24 20:57:11 (2.12 MB/s) - 'glove.6B.zip' saved [862182613/862182613]
```

Glove Embedding was performed:

```
[12] !unzip glove*.zip
word_index = tokenizer.word_index

↳ Archive: glove.6B.zip
    inflating: glove.6B.50d.txt
    inflating: glove.6B.100d.txt
    inflating: glove.6B.200d.txt
    inflating: glove.6B.300d.txt

[13] EMBEDDING_DIM = 100

embeddings_index = {}
f = open('glove.6B.100d.txt')
for line in f:
    values = line.split()
    word = values[0]
    coefs = np.asarray(values[1:], dtype='float32')
    embeddings_index[word] = coefs
f.close()

print('Found %s unique tokens.' % len(word_index))
print('Total %s word vectors.' % len(embeddings_index))

↳ Found 116617 unique tokens.
Total 400000 word vectors.
```

```
[20] embedding_matrix = np.zeros((len(word_index) + 1, EMBEDDING_DIM))
for word, i in word_index.items():
    embedding_vector = embeddings_index.get(word)
    if embedding_vector is not None:
        embedding_matrix[i] = embedding_vector

embedding_layer = Embedding(len(word_index)+1,
                            EMBEDDING_DIM,
                            embeddings_initializer=Constant(embedding_matrix),
                            input_length=maxlen,
                            trainable=False)

X = np.array(X)
Y = np_utils.to_categorical(list(df.c2id))
```

Split to training set and validation set

```
seed = 29
x_train, x_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, random_state=seed)
```

## Remaining parts of the projects:

We have nearly finished like the 3 components of the divided project. We completed with Data preprocessing, Feature Engineering & Model Training for

Machine Learning & Started Implementing the Deep learning Model- CNN till word embedding.

Now we are left with creating the CNN model training & Hosting the Visualization on Live web.

### **Team-work division:**

- Geetanjali Makineni –

- Dataset Preparation:
  - Combining Column Headline & Short Description
  - Stemming
- Feature Engineering
  - Text Processing
  - Sampling
- Model Selection
  - Decision Tree Model
  - Random Forest Model
- Loss & Accuracy

- Akhil Teja Kanugolu –

- Dataset Preparation:
  - Splitting Train, Test, Development
  - Visualization of Combined H&SD
- Feature Engineering
  - Vectorization
  - Feature Reduction based on Threshold
- Model Selection
  - Multinomial Naïve Bayes Model

- Support Vector Classification
  - CNN
- Hosting Static Webpage

### **Challenges Facing:**

Since, we used a dataset with around 200K records, it can take more time to run the models.

More time consumed when pre-processing the data and cleaning it up.

Visualizing the data using Word Cloud is a little complex.

As the Data was Large the Run time was more while running the Machine Learning Models.

### **Future Work:**

- ◆ Here, we can also use some other machine learning other than Random fores, SVC, Decision Tree, Multinomial Naïve Bayes as well as deep learning algorithms other than CNN on our data set and we can see which model can give the better accuracy.
- ◆ We can here also induce some more other methods in feature engineering as well as parameters and can check how it might affect the accuracy of the model.