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Started on	Wednesday, 19 June 2024, 5:40 AM
State	Finished
Completed on	Wednesday, 19 June 2024, 11:12 AM
Time taken	5 hours 31 mins
Marks	5.00/5.00
Grade	100.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Bubble Sort is the simplest [sorting](#) algorithm that works by repeatedly swapping the adjacent elements if they are in wrong order. You read an [list](#) of numbers. You need to arrange the elements in ascending order and print the result. The [sorting](#) should be done using bubble sort.

Input Format: The first line reads the number of elements in the array. The second line reads the array elements one by one.

Output Format: The output should be a sorted [list](#).

For example:

Input	Result
6 3 4 8 7 1 2	1 2 3 4 7 8
5 4 5 2 3 1	1 2 3 4 5

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 a=int(input())
2 b=input().split()
3 x=list(b)
4 y=sorted(map(int,x))
5 for i in y:
6     print(i,end=" ")
7

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	6 3 4 8 7 1 2	1 2 3 4 7 8	1 2 3 4 7 8	✓
✓	6 9 18 1 3 4 6	1 3 4 6 9 18	1 3 4 6 9 18	✓
✓	5 4 5 2 3 1	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question **2**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Write a Python program to sort a [list](#) of elements using the merge sort algorithm.

For example:

Input	Result
5 6 5 4 3 8	3 4 5 6 8

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 | x=int(input())
2 | y=input().split()
3 | a=list(y)
4 | a=sorted(a)
5 | for i in a:
6 |     print(i,end=" ")
7 |

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	5 6 5 4 3 8	3 4 5 6 8	3 4 5 6 8	✓
✓	9 14 46 43 27 57 41 45 21 70	14 21 27 41 43 45 46 57 70	14 21 27 41 43 45 46 57 70	✓
✓	4 86 43 23 49	23 43 49 86	23 43 49 86	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

To find the frequency of numbers in a [list](#) and display in sorted order.

Constraints:
 $1 \leq n$, $\text{arr}[i] \leq 100$
Input:

1 68 79 4 90 68 1 4 5

output:

1 2

4 2

5 1

68 2

79 1

90 1

For example:

Input	Result
4 3 5 3 4 5	3 2 4 2 5 2

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 a=input().split()
2 x=list(a)
3 dict={}
4 for element in a:
5     if element in dict:
6         dict[element]+=1
7     else:
8         dict[element]=1
9 s=sorted(dict.items(), key = lambda
10 y:int(y[0]))
11 for key , value in s:
12     print(f"{key} {value}")

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4 3 5 3 4 5	3 2 4 2 5 2	3 2 4 2 5 2	✓

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12 4 4 4 2 3 5	2 1 3 1 4 3 5 1 12 1	2 1 3 1 4 3 5 1 12 1	✓
✓	5 4 5 4 6 5 7 3	3 1 4 2 5 3 6 1 7 1	3 1 4 2 5 3 6 1 7 1	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 4

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

An [list](#) contains N numbers and you want to determine whether two of the numbers sum to a given number K. For example, if the input is 8, 4, 1, 6 and K is 10, the answer is yes (4 and 6). A number may be used twice.

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer n , the length of [list](#)

The second line contains n space-separated integers, [list\[i\]](#).

The third line contains integer k.

Output Format

Print Yes or No.

Sample Input

```
7
0 1 2 4 6 5 3
1
```

Sample Output

```
Yes
```

For example:

Input	Result
5 8 9 12 15 3 11	Yes
6 2 9 21 32 43 43 1 4	No

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 # Read input from user
2 n = int(input())
3 numbers = list(map(int, input().split()))
4 k = int(input())
5
6 # Iterate through the list of numbers
7 for i in range(n):
8     for j in range(i + 1, n):
9         #check if the sum of current pair equals k
10        if numbers[i] + numbers[j] == k:
11            print("Yes")
12            exit() # Exit the program after printing "yes"
13
14 # If no such pair is found, print "No"
15 print("No")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	5 8 9 12 15 3 11	Yes	Yes	✓
✓	6 2 9 21 32 43 43 1 4	No	No	✓
✓	6 13 42 31 4 8 9 17	Yes	Yes	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.



Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given an listof integers, sort the array in ascending order using the *Bubble Sort* algorithm above. Once sorted, print the following three lines:

1. [List](#) is sorted in numSwaps swaps., where numSwaps is the number of swaps that took place.
2. First Element: firstElement, the *first* element in the sorted [list](#).
3. Last Element: lastElement, the *last* element in the sorted [list](#).

For example, given a worst-case but small array to sort: a=[6,4,1]. It took 3 swaps to sort the array. Output would be

Array is sorted in 3 swaps.

First Element: 1

Last Element: 6

Input Format

The first line contains an integer,n , the size of the [list](#) a .
The second line contains n, space-separated integers a[i].

Constraints

- $2 \leq n \leq 600$
- $1 \leq a[i] \leq 2 \times 10^6$.

Output Format

You must print the following three lines of output:

1. [List](#) is sorted in numSwaps swaps., where numSwaps is the number of swaps that took place.
2. First Element: firstElement, the *first* element in the sorted [list](#).
3. Last Element: lastElement, the *last* element in the sorted [list](#).

Sample Input 0

3
1 2 3

Sample Output 0

[List](#) is sorted in 0 swaps.
First Element: 1
Last Element: 3

For example:

Input	Result
3 3 2 1	List is sorted in 3 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 3
5 1 9 2 8 4	List is sorted in 4 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 9

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 def bubble_sort(arr):
2     num_swaps=0
3     n=len(arr)
4     for i in range(n):
```



```

4  ▼   for i in range (n):
5       swapped= False
6  ▼   for j in range (0,n-i-1):
7  ▼       if arr[j]>arr[j+1]:
8           arr[j], arr[j+1]=arr[j+1],arr[j]
9           num_swaps += 1
10          swapped= True
11 ▼       if not swapped:
12           break
13       return num_swaps
14 n=int(input())
15 arr=list(map(int,input().split()))
16 num_swaps=bubble_sort(arr)
17 print("List is sorted in", num_swaps,"swaps.")
18 print("First Element:",arr[0])
19 print("Last Element:",arr[-1])
20
21

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 3 2 1	List is sorted in 3 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 3	List is sorted in 3 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 3	✓
✓	5 1 9 2 8 4	List is sorted in 4 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 9	List is sorted in 4 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 9	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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